

# WASHINGTON WHIG.

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## THE WASHINGTON WHIG

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From the Albany Argus.

### TRIBUTE TO PATRIOTISM.

We now have it in our power to present to our readers the addresses of his excellency Governor Tompkins to General Mooers and Brown, on the occasion of presenting them, in the Capitol, with the swords voted them by the Legislature, as a token of gratitude for their meritorious services, and the replies of those distinguished citizens. There were present at this interesting ceremony most of the members of the Legislature, and a vast concourse of ladies and gentlemen of the city. Preliminary to the presenting the swords, his excellency the governor addressed the audience as follows:

*Fellow Citizens!*—The senate and assembly of this state have directed me to communicate their approbation of the conduct and services of officers who distinguished themselves in the late war, and to present to them memorials of public approbation and gratitude.

I avail myself of this occasion to discharge, in part, the trust your representatives have confided to me.

In entering upon the performance of this interesting duty, the occasion impressively requires a fervent acknowledgment of gratitude to the Great Arbiter of nations, for having inspired so many patriots and heroes to devote their services and their lives to the cause of freedom, and for having crowned our efforts in two successive struggles for independence with signal success.

*Address to Major-General Mooers, of the New York Militia.*

SIR.—The senate and assembly of this state, penetrated with a high sense of your services through the course of the late war, have requested me to present to you a sword. Although your revolutionary sacrifices and merits are preserved in the recollections of your countrymen, yet the more immediate inducement to this distinguishing mark of public approbation, was your eminently brave conduct at Plattsburgh, in the campaign of 1814. One prominent object of the enemy in that campaign, was to penetrate with his northern army the waters of Lake Champlain, and by a simultaneous attack on the city of New-York, form a junction through the Hudson, and thus sever the communication between the states.—Situating as we then were, no event would have been so fatal to the union and independence of the country as success in his enterprise. When we reflect with what confidence his northern army advanced, and on the vast superiority of his land and naval forces, we are astonished that he was not crowned with an immediate and easy victory. A severe but triumphant contest terminated in the conquest of his whole fleet. His land troops also were driven by a small corps of regulars and an inconsiderable body New-York militia and Vermont volunteers, to a precipitate retreat. The deeds of Commodore Macdonough and his gallant comrades have crowned them with imperishable renown; and the conduct of our land force, both in resisting the assaults on the enemy and in annoying him in his flight, reflected the highest honor on the officers and soldiers. The estimable advantages to this state and to the nation of that glorious victory, are duly estimated, and the names of those commanders who co-operated in achieving it will live long in the recollection of a magnanimous and grateful people.

Accept, sir, this trophy, awarded by your fellow citizens as an acknowledgment of the meritorious and distinguished part you took on that occasion, and, with the sword, receive an assurance of my most respectful regard.

*Answer of Major-General Mooers.*

SIR—I am deeply impressed on this occasion, and wish not to disguise my sensations of gratitude to the constituted authorities of this state, for the honor they con-

ferred on me, and sensibly feel my inability to express to your excellency suitable acknowledgments.

In early youth I entered into the revolutionary war, at the close of which I retired to be banks of the Champlain, where the achievements to which your excellency refers took place. I have passed through different grades of office in the militia to the rank I now hold. The duties enjoined on me by law, and the orders of your excellency, the rights and liberties of my country, conspired together to rouse me into more than common energy on the occasion to which your excellency has particularly referred. I called my division into service, and co-operated with the regular troops to repel the invading foe. That my conduct, and that of my companions in arms, should be so favorably noticed by your excellency and the honorable the senate and assembly, with an unanimity peculiarly gratifying, excited a sensibility that I have no words to express.

I accept this token of respect, sir, and the gratifying expressions of approbation with which your excellency has accompanied the same, with unfeigned thanks, as well to the honorable the legislature, for the partial notice of my humble endeavors, as to your excellency, for the manner of communicating it, and for the continued confidence you, sir, reposed in me. And may the honor be ascribed to that invisible Being that governs the ways of men and of nations.

Your excellency's constant parental attention to the means of securing our exposed frontier, and your public and distinguished services, have not only entitled you, sir, to mine, but to the applause and gratitude of the whole country.

*Address to Major-General Brown.*

SIR—The representatives of the people of the state of New-York have made me the organ to communicate their approbation of the conduct and services of the Niagara army, and to present to you, its distinguished chief, a tribute of public gratitude for the meritorious services rendered by you in the late war.

The important incidents, sir, of your military life, have crowded on each other in rapid succession, but they have been numerous and brilliant.

At the commencement of the war you entered the field an officer of the militia of this state, and in that capacity led the fearless corps which so gallantly repulsed the combined attack on Sacket's Harbor. Although New-York mourns the loss of many of her bravest sons, who in that conflict nobly fell, yet the victory obtained was invaluable to the country and crowned all those who earned it with unfading wreaths.

The skill, bravery and conduct which you there displayed, evinced such exalted qualities as to induce your immediate elevation to a high rank in the army.

Your public career, from the acceptance of that flattering homage, to the period of your investment with the chief and responsible command of the celebrated army of Niagara, is marked by zeal, military genius and patriotic devotion. The unequalled exploits of 1814, will be subjects of admiration to the remotest generations; and your name will forever retain an effulgent lustre in the galaxy of brave men who shared with you the toils and the honors of that campaign.

The first great victory which immortalized the banks of Niagara was gained at Chippawa, when Europe's best appointed troops were vanquished in open combat by inferior numbers of inexperienced but unconquerable freemen.—Triumphs of equal lustre succeeded each other until the final discomfiture of the adverse army by the sortie from Erie.

For this last action, which for profound skill and masterly execution, has never been surpassed, a grateful country has awarded to you and your generous companions in the achievement the palm of glory.

But in glancing at the feats that have emblazoned the reputation of that gallant army, the memorable battle of Niagara, by its peculiar radiance, forcibly attracts the eye and demands the most particular attention. Amidst a host of terrors heightened by the gloominess of night and the cascade's roar, the American soldiery, animated by you, undauntedly rushed on the foe and bore down the columns of the firmest veterans.

Well may we be proud of such countrymen! so venerated and embalmed are the memories of those who fell; so esteemed

and beloved the characters of the survivors; so impressive and inspiring the uniting and moral effects of their heroic devotion, that should a hostile force again approach our shores, millions of blades will leap from their scabbards and gleam defiance on the foe.

To that theatre of glory will the artists of future times repair, and ponder on the most picturesque and grand exhibitions of nature, and the noblest subjects of history for the pencil.

*The bard will there*

Consecrate, in his immortal strain,  
"Brave patriot souls in righteous battle slain."

There will he catch the sublimest themes to rouse the human passions.—Borne by the powers of fancy, he will blend the majesty of the surrounding scenes with the contemplation of the deeds of those valiant men who signalized themselves on the waves and bank of Erie.—Who overthrew embattled legions on Chippawa's memorable plain, and who, with the battle's blaze, vaulted Niagara's canopy with a splendid midnight rainbow, till his wrapt imagination will burst forth in an epic torrent, impetuous as the foaming rapid—resounding as the cataract's thunder.

Oft will the genius of America unfurl the roll of her heroes, and; pointing to the nates of those who fur her so freely poured out their blood, will exclaim, with conscious pride,

"These are my greatest ornaments."

*Long as*

"The banner of freedom continues to wave  
O'er the land of tire tree and the home of the brave."

will she mourn the intrepid Spencer, the valorous Wood, the heroic Gibson, the patriotic Davis, the courageous Swift, and the other sainted warriors whose spirits sunk to rest on the consecrated banks of Niagara.

Receive, sir, this token of the confidence and gratitude of your fellow citizens. It will always be amongst my most grateful recollections, that in the most trying scenes of my public life, it has been my greatest blessing to have enjoyed yours, and the friendship, confidence and support of many of your martial companions; and I express not more my own than the feelings of my constituents, in wishing, that the residue of your life may be as useful and honorable as the past, and that its close may be the commencement of celestial repose.

*Answer to Major General Brown.*

SIR—You will perceive how difficult it is for me to express my high sense of the obligations I feel to this great state, for the honor conferred upon me by voting me this sword; and to your excellency, not only for the friendly zeal manifested on this occasion, but for having first ordered me upon command; and for the undeviating support which I have always received from you during the most trying periods. The sentiments which such conduct has impressed upon me, will cheer the gloomiest moments of my life, and be the last to leave me when life itself is departing. The moral power created during the late war, by the elevated counsels which prevailed in this capital, extended to every American. It was felt upon the Niagara, and the soldiers who had the good fortune to act upon that splendid theatre, had associated with their proudest recollections the name of New York.

The praise your excellency has been pleased to confer on the troops I have had the honor to command is just; they have always endeavoured to do their duty; and to me it affords the highest of all enjoyments to see that their country awards to them its meed of approbation. It was a passport to glory to be united to such men; the gallant spirit of those who made arms

their profession, and of those who, under the most appalling circumstances, voluntarily assumed the dangers and privations of military life, has reflected a lustre on their leader far beyond his own humble merit.

As I hold your good opinion in high estimation, the favorable view that you have been pleased to take of my conduct is grateful to me—but I must recollect that your excellency measures my military character by the scale of friendship; I always remembered that the government of my country subjected itself to great responsibility in assigning to me the office of a General, so in turn, I believed it to be an incumbent duty not to shrink from any responsibility imposed upon me. To this sentiment, aided by the distinguished men with

whom I have had the happiness to be associated, and the undoubting confidence which I have always viewed the unequalled qualities of an American soldier, is a military fortune, whatever it may have been, under God, to be ascribed.

New-York, March 5.

*Buenos Ayres.*—Mr. J. L. Childs, supercargo of the *Lady Mary Pelham*, arrived on Saturday last, informs, that in consequence of the fears entertained of an attack from the Portuguese, who were the blockading Monte Video, a deputation from that place had been sent to Buenos Ayres proposing to put that province under the protection of the United Provinces, and to solicit aid from the Buenos Ayrean government in resisting the attacks of what they styled the common enemy. Mr. C. however contradicts the report, received by the way of Boston, that the government of Buenos Ayres were to declare war against the Portuguese, and the general opinion was that they would not unite with the Monte Videans in the war against the Brazil government.

At the time Mr. C. left Monte Video (December 22) every article of the produce of the country was very high. There had been some skirmishing in the interior, between the troops of Artigas and the Portuguese; the result was however unimportant, the latter had possession of Maldonado, which they made their head quarters.

*Latest from the Isle of France.*—Captain Delano, of the brig *Cannon*, arrived at this port yesterday from the Isle of France states that the fire at Port Louis, in September, destroyed fourteen hundred and eighty-two houses, and much other property. The total loss was estimated at more than ten millions of dollars.—Most of the men of property were reduced to indigence by this calamity. It was the intention of the government to rebuild the place and lease the tenements to the merchants on favourable conditions; and to afford them every facility to recommence business for the best advantage. The port was to remain open 18 months, if sanctioned by the government of England.

*Revival of Religion.*—In the North Parish of Brookfield, (Mass.) there is an extensive Revival of Religion. Between 80 and 100 are under serious impressions, and between 30 and 40 are hopefully converted. Appearances in the south and west parishes are also favorable.

Extract of a Letter from a gentleman in Benson to the publishers of the *Middlebury Standard*, dated Jan. 1817.

"Dear Sir—With pleasure I inform you of the present remarkable outpourings of God's Spirit in the towns I have visited I am informed the revival first commenced in Benson, in Sept. last. It still continues—its progress has been gradual. The number of hopeful subjects of the work is nearly 150. Fairhaven next partook of the spiritual blessing. The progress was astonishingly rapid at first—the present number of the subjects of grace is perhaps 80; since which time I learn that revivals have become general in Westhaven, Castleton, Hubbardton, Ira, Rutland, Poulney and Middletown.—Many other towns in the vicinity present favorable appearances. In Castleton, the progress has been truly astonishing—old and young, rich and poor, high and low, have been made the trophies of redeeming grace. It is about two months since it commenced. The number of converts is calculated to be above 150. Hubbardton claims about 80.—From the other towns I have heard nothing particular. Westhaven, a place of God's visitation, claims the attention of the christian public. A church has been formed there of late, but they still remain without a leader—they earnestly desire a faithful pastor to administer to their spiritual necessities and break to them the bread of life. They are sheep without a shepherd. The work has, as far as I have learned, been remarkably still, fear of future punishment, or the anxiety for happiness hereafter, does not seem to have been the leading ideas in the convicted mind. But a sense of ingratitude to God has been an universal trait in the meditation of the awakened sinner. Thus much sir, I will say, that it is a day of great rejoicing with the friends of Zion. Although the earth mourneth, yet may the saints rejoice with exceeding joy.

# DIRECT TAX OF 1815.

Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT the Direct Tax of the United States for 1815, on the following described property, situate in this State, having remained unpaid one year from the time of the notification of the collector, in whose District the said property is, that the Tax had become due and payable - The same or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said Tax, and thereon with in addition of 20 per cent. will be sold at public sale at the City Tavern, Trenton, and county of Hunterdon, on the 14th day of May, 1817, at 10 o'clock A. M.

SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF  
**ESSEX.**

Names of Taxable Persons.	Description of Property.			Amount Payable
	No. of Lots.	No. of Acres.	No. of Feet.	

James Bayles	1	14		5 74
Erskines Beatty	1	1-4		5 74
George Brown & others	1	35 by 100		34
Brick Manufacturing company	1	2		34
John Coddington, guardian of the heirs of Asher Coddington	1	38		4 59
William Decamp	2	31		2 87
Alexander Dunn	1	1		4 2
Stephen Decamp	1	12		1 21
John Donalson	1	1-4		12
John Frazee	1	1-2		69
Jacobs & Wilson	1	1-2		23
Representatives of Simeon Marsh, dec.	1	1		1 38
Henry Moore, jr.	1	2 1-2		1 15
Representatives of Simeon Marsh, dec. son of John	1	1-2		92
Simeon B. Marsh	1	10		1 15
Lewis Prall	1	5 1-2		80
James Stansbury	1	7		80
Henry Shotwell	2	5		92
Jehuel Ferrill	1	20		1 72
John L. Vanbleek	1	1-4		1 15
Joseph Wood	1	23		2 53
Aaron Decamp	1	1		2 70
Purdy & Co.	1	1-4		80
Mrs. Sargeant, in care of Daniel Cochran	1	3		78
Moses Badgeley	1	3 1-2		3 92
Moses Miller	1	40		2 76
Robert H. Murray	1	7		98
William Parrot	1	5		12
Nathan Buckman	1	5		12
Aaron Squier	1	22		1 72
Jonathan Walker	1	1-2		17
Stephen Cooper	1	20		46
Abraham Bell	5	7 1-2		3 22
Mary Morton	1	64		1 35
James Vanduyane	1	69		1 69
Cornelius Vanduyane	1	86		86
John Vanhoughton	1	10		86
James Lee	1	32		1 30
Henry H. Jacobus	1	6		42
David Bedford	1	6		71
Caleb Tuttle	1	9 1-2		6 40
Jeremiah Buskirk	1	30		1 30
Sophia Vanbuser	1	3		1 4
Catharine Brower	1	40 by 100		52
David Demarest	1	3		1 21
Heirs of F. Closson, dec.	1	190 by 120		19 14
Continued	1	53-4		6 89
Romco Tuers, in possession of J. Wynem	1	40 by 100		86
Simeon Vanhouson	1	6 4		6 4
Mr. Howell	1	4		1 4

**BERGEN.**

Andrew Anderson	1	50 by 100		2 38
Edward Blackford	1			3 37
Doct. Cooper	1	25 by 100		2 38
William Durand	1	50 by 25		3 37
John Griffith	1	4 75		4 75
Henry Jackson	1	10		1 90
Jacob Keve	7			2 36
Mr. Parrot	2	24 by 20 } 30 by 100 }		1 55
William Rodgers	1	53		3 89
Henry Davis	1	4		4 63
Thomas Davis	1	37		4 70
Charles Davis	1	34		4 46
Ralph Freeman	1			63
David Hunt	1	2		1 6
John Serman	1	8		68
David Longworth	1	4		3 16
Lancing & Elemendof	1	7		6 32
I. Miffin	1	36		4 55
John I. Stewart	1	4		1 58
William Sandford	1	5		1 6
Adrian Vanhouton	1			3 47
Joseph Tuttle	1	2		1 6
Belden Bert	1			47
W. Colvert & B. Bradner	1	51		29
Samuel Dunn	3	35		1 84
William Rawley	1	50		29
Heirs of Ab. Staat, dec.	1	30		12
Joseph Sharp	1	100		48
John Sears	1	200		4 80
Stephen Fox	1	5		43
David Fox	1	10		52
Charity Fox	1	4		34
John Parker	1	1		34

**MORRIS.**

Samuel Harris	1	80		11 5
Thomas Martin	1	40		8 98
Moses N. Combs	1	73		40
Mathias Denman	2	130 45 by 30		11 64
Abraham Hunt	1	70		3 48
John Holmes	2	3-4 30 by 14		1 24
James Voorhees	1	100		2 76
Jacob Viel	1	41		41
Jonas Wade	1	12		94
Joseph Cary	1	1-2		52
Daniel Dean	1	31		67
Insley Douglass	1	20		27
Moses Hatfield	1	20		45
Nemimah Hand	1	7		49
Caleb Meeker	1	5		11

Stiles Scudder	1	1		1
Peter Roy	1	20		44
John Ross	1	7		17
Ezra Williams	1	4		33
William Brown	1	30		82
Elias Bonnell	1	8		55
Aaron Ball, jr.	1	4		33
Gilbert Edwards	1	10		33
Sarah Grommon	1	20		55
Moses Green	1	10		37
Lewis Johnson	1	12		33
Caleb Ross	1	15		55
Joshua Simpson	1	7		22
Joseph Simpson	1	5		28
Lydia Williamson	1	100		2 76
Jonas Wade	1			33
Dean Willeans	1			

**SUSSEX.**

Andrew Bell	1	1500		11 24
Robert Morris	1	1000		7 56
Daniel Benedict	1	40		50
Thomas Benedict	1	40		50
Abraham Clark	1	27		1 64
Isaac Carpenter	1	100		76
Jonathan Clark	1	40		5 4
Amos Hyte	1	38		76
Ebenezer Mead	1	150		5 4
David Ambly	20	16		6 48
Aaron Ogden	6	8		3 78
William Smith	3	78		21 90
J. Mount & J. Huree	11	34		11 34
Richard Morris (heirs)	1	1500		76
John Myers	1	20		2 52
Roger Howell	1	69		3 2
Moses Tuttle	1	400		1 1
Robert Hayes	1	200		2 52
Jopes Roe	1	150		3 97
Richard Wittaker	2	180		25
Joseph Wilcox	1	13		9 8
Robert Livingston	1	100		1 15
John Bowlby	1	70		53
William Shotwell	1	50		1 26
Jeremy Atchley	1	50		3 78
Conrad Davis, jr.	1	50		1 23
Enoch Morgan	1	17		15 12
John Shearlock	1	12		2 83
Frederick Snyder	1	50		

**SOMERSET.**

Robert G. Creas	1			3 72
John Boice Major	1			1 40
Richard M. Bucklew	1			1 30
Joseph Bullmen	1	3		37
Jehha Baldwin, guardian for S. Forge	1	23		97
Jacques Catteyau	1	48 by 10		1 11
Isaac Campbell	6	53		6 53
Jonas Clark	1	20		1 15
Noah Clark	1	15		35
Isaac Clark	1	20		43
Peter Clark	1	45		1 91
Richard Clark (heirs)	1	4		15
Richard F. Coryell	1	19		86
William Davis	2	23		74
Stephen Dady	1	17		1 37
Lambert Decamp	1	19		67
David Decamp	1	19		77
Simeon Dunn	1	50		1 91
Reuben Freeman	1	100 by 212		4 64
Jeremiah Field	2	22		2 53
Jeremiah B. Field	1	20		1 27
Jeremiah T. Field	1	20		1 23
George Farmer	2	27		96
George Farmer	1	20		60
Henry Hagaman	1	3		1 30
William Hance	2	3		78
Isaac Hance	1	138		2 32
Lewis Harris	1	75		1 43
Jesse Hager	1	50		1 91
George Holley	1	13		48
Wm. Laddell	1	25		37
John Lathan	1	8		5
Nathan Lacy	1	6		29
John Latson	1	13		35
James Matthews	1			9 65
do agent for G. Caster	1	90,		1 39
Daniel Moore	1	8		54
Joseph Nevius	1	80		77
Wm. Post	1			1 22
Abraham Post	1			3 72
John Pool	1			2 87
Presorvc Riggs	1	50		1 98
John Radley	1	14		34
John Smock	1	6		8 91
Henry Smock	1	10		89
Abraham Smith	1	23		19
Miles Smith	1	23		96
David Still	1	47		2 49
Thompson Stili	1	20		1 72
Jacob Teneyck	1	10		55
Ann Vandoren	1	59		3 31
Morris Vankirk	1	8		36
Aaron Vandeventer	1	10		48
Mesenes Warn	2	35-100 } 80-120 }		2 4
Hezekiah S. Woodruff	1	45		1 45
Casper Wack	1	86		1 86
John Creter	1	50		2 92
James Clark	1	20		20
Wm. Phillips	1	48		3 3

**HUNTERDON.**

Gershom Craft (Estate)	1	3-4		99
John Mount	1	50 by 120		37
Price Brewer	1			1 23
Greswold Giles	1	5 3-4		43
Absalom Hart	1	10		65
Major Mershon	1	75		6 96
Ezekiel Smith	1	20		2 60
John Servis	1	50		4 64
Asa Hall	1	1		30
Edward Pierce	1	6		30
John Schooly	1	6		2 30
Daniel Antony	1	52		2 33
Thomas Force, jr.	1	45		98
Lawrence Hann	1	25		70
Wm. Hazlet	1	30		1 49
David Miller	1	9		67
Andrew Miller	1	200		3 72
Henry Miller	1	100		7 43
Jacob Petce	1	74		2 60
John Hunt	1	30		1 95
Wm. McCulloch, esq.	1	163		12 47
John Rodenback	1	4		47
Abraham Woollever	1	47		1 75
Peter Wyckoff	1	20		93
Daniel Williamson	1	14		52
Peter Woollever	1	17		63
Cornelius Wyckoff	1	17		65

**MIDDLESEX.**

Richard Addis	1	2		23
James Ayers	1	6		28

John Allar	1	50		3 66
Garret Beakman	1	15		70
Isaac Bennet	1	7		33
Abraham Beckman	1	8		56
Isaac Brokaw	1	6		70
Henry Born or Bunn	1	124		6 34
Richard Beaty	1	20		1 2
Isaac Brown	1	30		51
Harman Cotelyou	1	30		56
Henry Cotelyou	1	60		4 18
Wm. Cotelyou	1	7		65
Isaac Coole	1	10		58
Peter Cotelyou	1	43		2 79
John Cox	1			32
John Corlius	1			2 90
H. Deneville	1			45
John Degraw	1	6 3-4		1 21
John H. Disborough	1	14		1 30
Margaret Dunlap	1			4 41
Sarah Dunn	1	30		3 14
Elbert Pumont	1	6		28
Frederick Davis	1	12		84
Henry Desbrow	1	3		35
Henry Drake	2	231		7 34
Jaines Drake (estate)	1	230		10 68
Amos Freeman	1	10		5 12
Toschin Fourt	1	10		93
David Fine	1	5		46
Garrit Garreston	1	8		85
Garrit R. Garreston	1	3		65
Reun Garreston	1	3		28
Garres Garreston	1	3		24
Joachim Gulick	1	6		42
Alexander L. Glass	1			58
Charles Gilmore	1			1 12
Abraham Hoff	1	160		2 97
Susan Harris	1			63
Heck Hartough	1	42		1 95
Christopher Hoagland	1	11		77
John Johnson	1	25		1 44
Joseph Kirtsbridge	1	3		65
John Remp (heirs of)	1	10		24
John Kearney	1	500		6 50
John Kearney	1	50		25 53
Widow Lalor	1	105		2 33
Thomas Latham	1			1 86
E. S. Lazarus	1			1 49
Benjamin Laforge	1	6		35
Carey Ludlow (heirs of)	2			1 5
Andrew M. Cullough	1	33		1 30
James Moser	1			1 55
ditto	1			1 81
James Milvan	1			1 5
John Mann	1			1 40
David Nevius	1	3		14
Samuel Nuelson	1	5		6
Peter S. Nevius	1	24		2 23
Marsh Noe	1	66		8 36
Benjamin Ogden	1			35
Joseph Patterson	1			

Casper Shaver	1	17	23
Wm. Hollinghead	1	500	5 31
Samuel Jones	1	69	76
Jesse Richardson	1	135	1 70
Daniel Heisler	1	130	1 73
John Reeve	1	20	3 94
Jacob Stanger	1	70 perches	3 19
John Stratton	1	100	1 59
Wm. Smith	1	75	60
Mary Vaughn	1	1	27

**CAPE-MAY.**

Abraham Yates	1	1	23
Jon'n. Schellenger	1	1	19
Daniel Baker	1	100	1 80
John Gaskins	1	29	1 30
Shangar Hewett, jr.	1	243	3 44
Myers Missick	1	32	91
Jesse Somers	1	100	53
James Somers	1	100	53

Collector's Office, Feb. 20, 1817.

**NATHAN PRICE, Collector,**  
Designated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

N. B. The amount of Taxes due as stated in the preceding table, with the addition of 20 per cent. transmitted to the subscriber at the Post-Office at Ringoes, in current money of the United States, or in the paper of such banks as redeem their notes with specie will be received, if forwarded any time before the day of sale, and receipts duly returned to each person so paying.

March 3—8w

**PUBLIC VENDUE.**

Will be exposed to Public Sale

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th inst.

At the residence of Francis E. Brewster, at Quinton's Bridge, in the county of Salem, New-Jersey, all the REAL and MOVEABLE ESTATE, late of the said F. E. Brewster, viz:

**Household Furniture.**

One Mahogany Sideboard, two Mahogany Elliptic Dining Tables, Card ditto, three large gilt framed Mirrors, silver and silver-plated Ware and China, Carpeting, Bureaus, Beds, Bedding and Bedsteads, Chairs, Shovels and Tongs, one Open Stove, and kitchen furniture generally.

**Store Goods.**

Bedticking, Cloths, Coating, Cambric, Domestic, India, shirting and fancy Muslins, men's women's and children's fine and coarse shoes cotton and silk shawls and handkerchiefs, checks, plate and chintz calicoes, cassimeres, hosiery, bombazetts, ready made coats, surtouts, and great coats, vests, trousers and roundabouts, gingham, dimities and flannels, fur and wool hats, carpenter's squares and rules, hatchets, hammers, augurs and gimblets, scythes, sickles, waggon boxes, hoes, shovels, spades, knives and forks, tea and table spoons, shears, scissors, razors and penknives, bridles, collars, bellows, brushes, tin and cooper ware, flax, feathers, corn, and other baskets, Liverpool and Lustre ware, plates, cups and saucers, pitchers, bowls, demijohns, and glass ware, and a considerable quantity of arthen ware; vinegar, tea, coffee, molasses, sugar, copperas, ginger, alspice, pepper, rice and spirits turpentine, counter flour, and large scales and weights, measures, funnels, and scoops, Jamaica spirits, country and Holland gin, peach and French brandy, Anniseed, and a complete stock of standing casks, 2 or 3000 pounds pickled pork and hams.

**Distillery.**

One thousand gallons first quality apple jack, four stills and caps, with pewter worms, of the capacity of from 5 to 600 gallons, four condensing tubs, of an unusual size, four cider presses, one iron nut mill, and one hundred and fifty hogheads, pipes and barrels;—it is confidently believed that these works are equal, if not superior, to any in West Jersey.

From fifty to seventy-five Cords Oak and Maple Wood, a quantity of inch and half price Pine Boards and Cedar Rails, one Gig and Harness, one Cart, one Cow and two horses.

**Lands.**

No. 1.—One LOT, containing three-fourths of an acre, on which the aforesaid Distillery is situated, at Quinton's Bridge, well calculated either for a Distillery or a Building Lot; possessing complete water advantages for the former, and commanding an elegant prospect of the Creek and Village for the latter.

No. 2.—One LOT, five acres, with a comfortable Dwelling House and an excellent well of water thereon, lying near the village of Quinton's Bridge.

No. 3.—One LOT, containing somewhat more than half an acre, with an excellent two story Frame Dwelling House and Kitchen, completely finished, Stable, and good Pump of Water thereon, pleasantly situated in the elegant and thriving village of Port Elizabeth.—(This Lot will be sold on the premises the 27th day of March.)

The sales will commence at 9 o'clock in the morning, and continue from day to day until all the property is sold.

Conditions Cash, upon delivery of the goods.

**JOHN TUFT, } Assignees**  
**STACY LLOYD, }**  
Quinton's Bridge, March 5—2t

**WASHINGTON WHIG.**

BRIDGETOWN, MARCH 10, 1817.

**MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.**

DIED, at Millyville, on Monday, 24th ult. EDWIN FERRIS, aged about six years, son of Abram B. Ferris, of that place. The circumstances of the fatal catastrophe are these:—On Saturday evening previous, the deceased was amusing himself in the street, near where some horses were feeding, and on approaching nigh to one of them, was kicked on the forehead; the violence of the blow fractured the cranium in such manner as not to admit of relief by a surgical operation. He was a lad of a remarkably active mind.

Our life is ever on the wing,  
And death is ever nigh,  
The moment when our lives begin,  
We all begin to die.

**DISTRESSING INCIDENT.**

On Tuesday morning last, the house of James McDevitt, in Front below South street, Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire; and, shocking to relate, five children were consumed with the building.

At a meeting on the 4th inst. at Harrisburg, of the Delegates chosen by the respective counties of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of nominating a suitable person for the office of Governor, WILLIAM FINDLAY received ninety-nine votes, and N. B. BOILEAU, fourteen. JOSEPH HEISTER is the candidate agreed on by the opposition party at Carlisle. Mr. Findlay, we think, will undoubtedly be elected.

M. PETERSON, the Minister of Denmark to the United States, arrived at Washington on Tuesday, the 24th inst. Major General Scott arrived at the same place on the Thursday following.

Internal Improvement.—The Legislature of the state of Indiana have incorporated a company to open a canal on the Indiana side of the Great Rapids of the Ohio. The advantages which must accrue from this canal are said to be of considerable magnitude, not only to the commercial portion of the community, but the erection of water-works will consequently be facilitated, which would involve in their completion many and incalculable benefits to that infant state.

**CONGRESSIONAL.**

Extract of a letter to the Editor.

Washington, March 1.

"Never was industry more busy than have been congress since the postponement of Mr. Williams's resolution for the repeal of the internal taxes. A very great lumber of bills have been acted upon, and not a few passed; notwithstanding which, so vast was the accumulation of business on the Speaker's table, that many subjects either have been or will be laid over for want of time. Had congress two or three weeks longer to run, the time would be very important. This, however, is not the case; a dissolution is at hand, and all that can be expected is to give the finishing stroke to those bills already nearly matured into laws. A great number of bills for the relief of private individuals, have been attended to, particularly these reported by the committees of claims, on the public lands, of cotmmerce and manufacture, &c. Of those of a more public nature, I will only mention a few. The following have passed the house:

A bill for the redemption of the public debt—(establishing the sinking fund.)

A bill repealing all laws authorizing loans or the issue of treasury notes.

A bill for the prompt settlement of public accounts—(re-moulding the accountants of the treasury.)

A bill setting apart four townships in the Mississippi Territory, and granting an extended credit thereon, to a company of French emigrants, who wish to purchase with the view of introducing the cultivation of the vine and olive. Passed by the Senate.

A bill erecting the western part of the Mississippi Territory into an independent state.

A bill franking all letters to and from James Madison.

**GLEANINGS AND LUCUBRATIONS.**

**No. XXX.**

**On Disinterested Benevolence.**

"Every habit is good that helps to lead us off from self; that tends to make us forego our own gratifications in order to promote the interest and happiness of others."

"Heaven and hell are not more distant than the benevolent spirit of the Gospel and the malignant spirit of party. The most impious wars ever made were called holy wars. He who hates another man for not being a Christian, is himself not a Christian. Christianity breathes love, and peace, and good will to men." Lord Lyttleton.

"The inspired volume is fraught with rational doctrines, equitable precepts, and immaculate rule of conduct. Fanciful accommodations, distorted passages, false translations, and forced analogies, have been the despicable means employed to debase the Christian doctrine. A calm and impartial investigation of the word of God raises in our minds conceptions worthy of the perfections of deity, suitable to the circumstances of mankind, and adapted to purity and exalt our nature." Evans.

As a particular profession of Christians lay peculiar, and perhaps in some instances a fanciful stress, on disinterested benevo-

lence, some well disposed persons, of other sects, appear to take umbrage at the term, and deny the whole doctrine as unfounded; we have thought it might not be unprofitable to be a little more prolix on the subject than was at first intended.

The want of holiness, and the lave of sin, constitutes the depravity of man. Now a careful observation of the workings of human nature will teach us that selfishness is the root of many sins, not to say of all sin. Covetousness, ambition, envy, revenge, and the love of pleasure, are altogether selfish affections of the soul. The reluctance which the hypocrite, and the man of the world, feel to conform to the law of God, arises from their not finding any gratification or pleasure in the duties which it requires. Their benevolence centres in themselves. Their good will to sensitive nature is bounded by their own capacity for enjoyment. Eut the soul who is filled with the love of God, extends his benevolence to all sensitive, and especially intellectual beings, and esteems them in proportion to their usefulness in the production of happiness, or the excellency of their attributes and properties.

If by disinterestedness is meant a total disregard to self, it is unnatural and cannot enter into the views of a good man.—It has pleased our beneficent Creator to inseparably connect our interest and our duty. Under his government, every man by a careful and persevering attention to his duty, will most effectually promote his own interest and happiness. The term disinterested benevolence, must therefore, as many passages of scripture; and phrases in common use, be somewhat restricted by a sound understanding, when applied to a finite being. When predicated of mankind, it imports such a sacrifice of self-love as may divest them of prejudice, and dispose them to estimate all beings according to their intrinsic merit. To love the Lord, as the greatest and best of beings, with all the heart, and to love their neighbours as themselves—and to do unto others as they would that others should do unto them:—Thereby referring to that principle implanted in their nature of regard to their own interest and happiness, as the measure of their good will to all other beings.

But that exercise of the mind, which in the ecstasy of excitement, from what one sees, hears, and feels, induces the soul to appropriate the benevolence of God in the redemption of mankind to himself; and to shout forth his praise from a sense or internal feeling of sins forgiven, and a title to the mansions of the blessed, does not altogether correspond with the genuine operations of the spirit of truth. To love God merely because we entertain an opinion that he loves us, and has freely pardoned all our sins, is of too selfish and vain a kind to be denominated divine love. Are there no attributes in the character of God, and the Saviour, which demand our sincere love, admiration and delight, independent of his beneficence to us in particular?—Surely, there are; and for these we ought to adore him, should we be finally deprived of all the benefits of his goodness.

The opinion that saving faith consists in a knowledge of sins forgiven, judging from analogy, must be dangerous and deceptive. Faith consists in believing that Jesus Christ is the true Messiah, and Saviour of men, and that the holy scriptures are the word of God. But this faith being alone is dead, is ineffectual to salvation. I may have the strongest persuasion, knowledge if you please, that Christ died for me, and has communicated of his love to my soul, and yet be destitute of saving knowledge. Love to God as a being of infinite purity, and the righteous governor of the world, is a necessary concomitant of saving faith. The devils believe and tremble; but they do not love. The soul that is habitually exercised with holy and benevolent affections, although insensible of his interest in the merits of the Saviour, is a real Christian. Indeed a belief that Christ died for, and has redeemed me, is no part of saving faith. That rests on higher ground. It leads directly to the exercise of our intellectual faculties in exploring, admiring, and celebrating the perfections of Deity as exhibited in the works of Creation, Providence and Redemption, and to acts of benevolence to all his creatures.

Let us not be understood as contending against the assurance of faith, as unattainable in this life. We mean to say no such thing. Every man ought to be aspiring after such holy affections, and such a complete conformity to the law of God in all his thoughts words and actions, as to entitle him, with due humility, to appropriate the blessings of redemption to himself.—But we do sag, and we go no further, that a persuasion formed under a heated imagination, that God for Christ's sake has freely pardoned all my sins, is no certain evidence of my being regenerated by his spirit. The operations of the spirit ought to be tried by the word of God, for false spirits are in the world. "By their fruits ye shall know them." It appears from scripture, that the humble doubting christ-

tian is in the safest state. In order that the spirit of a man may witness with the spirit of God that they are his, it must be purified from selfish and ended with benevolent affections, to be exercised in all his intercourse with God and his fellow men.

Perfection in disinterested benevolence is not attainable in this life; but the nearer any person approaches to it, the nearer he becomes assimilated to the perfect in the kingdom above. When divested of all those instruments of sin with which the best are incumbered in this state of trial, and which may be necessary to a probationary being, all selfish affections will be erased, and all the faculties employe in contemplating the glories of the Deity, which will form the basis of that eternal felicity which awaits the righteous when this mortal shall put on immortality.

But we recommend disinterested benevolence not only as preparatory to a state of happiness hereafter; but as essential to the character of a good citizen. No action can be esteemed virtuous and useful which is performed with selfish views. The true patriot, the just judge, the upright citizen, decides and acts for the general good, without any further regard to himself than as involved in the welfare of the community. The consequence of such disinterested conduct to society, if universal, would be prodigious. It would put an end to all contention about property. The offices of attorneys, sheriffs and constables, would be for ever closed. Every member of the community would be as sedulous to pay his debts as to receive his dues; and divested of prejudice, would perceive that withholding from a man his just demand, was as real, although not so aggravated, a transgression of the eighth commandment, as taking from him his goods. Wars would no more prevail to harrass and distress the nations. Private quarrels, backbitings, and contentions about trifling and unimportant matters, would no more perplex and alienate friends and neighbours. The professors of Christianity uniting in the belief that a sovereign God rules the world in primeval rectitude, and is corrupt and unholy—that the Messiah shed his blood for their restoration—and that in a future state rewards await the righteous, and punishment will be inflicted on the wicked—would no more contend with virulence about the varied and trifling modifications of these important truths, nor respecting modes and ceremonies of worship. All would unite in forwarding each other in the paths of truth and righteousness.

Such an improved state of society may appear visionary to the apprehension of some people. While mean souls can form no conception of that heroism which noble minds achieve; wicked ones will not comprehend that disinterested virtue which the purified finds easily attainable. Is not a state of peace, order and happiness desirable? And what hinders their universal prevalence? Let the selfish and irascible passions be expelled from the human breast, then charity and benevolence will assume their place in the garnished room, and the present habitation of men be changed into the Paradise of God. In the beautiful and highly figured language of inspiration, springs would then rise in the desert, and rivers be opened in the thirsty land. Judgment would then dwell in the wilderness, and righteousness remain in the fruitful field. The desert would rejoice and blossom as the rose.

Thus much we have thought necessary to say on the first cause of the decay of morals. We mean not to offend. To elicit truth and promote charity is our only aim. And with the pious Watts, we would

"Seize on truth, where'er 'tis found,  
Among our friends—among our foes,  
On Christian or on Heathen ground;  
The flower's divine where'er it grows;  
Neglect the prickles, and assume the rose."

M.

The Bank of Delaware, the Farmers' Bank and its branches, the Commercial Bank at Smyrna and Milford, have resumed Specie payments.

**Notice is Hereby Given,**

THAT FRANCIS E BREWSTER, of Quinton's Bridge, Salem County, New Jersey, did, on the fifth day of March, 1817, execute unto the subscribers an assignment of all his Estate and effects whatsoever, in trust for the benefit of such of his creditors who shall within sixty days execute unto the said Francis E. Brewster a full and entire release; and that we have appointed the said Francis E. Brewster to settle up and close the business of his late concern, under our direction. All persons who are indebted are particularly requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them to JOHN TUFT, No. 8, north Front street, Philadelphia, with whom a copy of the assignment and release are left for signatures.

John Tuft, } Assignees.  
Stacy Lloyd, }

March 10—2m

**POETRY.**

[From the American Daily Advertiser.]

**THE CRUCIFIXION.**

"The love of Christ, which passeth knowledge."

O SCENE of Wonders! long foretold  
By gifted Seer, hi days of old!  
Stretch'd on the cross, His limbs are nail'd;  
With thorny crown His head is veil'd;  
Strip'd—and insulted—scourg'd—and mock'd;  
With every human feeling shock'd—  
Meekly the Sufferer bore His woes,  
Deeper than e'er to mortal throes  
Were known, conceiv'd, or shall be giv'n,  
That man might find the path to heav'n,  
By flaming sword no more denied!  
Eternal Justice satisfied!  
O price inestimable, paid!  
O vine Affection!—there array'd!

The patient victim bows His head,  
His followers' earthly hopes had fled,  
And mock'ry spent its force in vain;  
None heard the "Jewish King" complain;  
Then darkness brooded o'er the earth!  
Appalled stood the sons of mirth.

But was this all that Faith display'd?  
For this the "Son of Man" betray'd?  
For this, from realms of glory came  
To bear a malefactor's shame!  
By Faith anointed, turn your eyes!  
Behold an awful vision rise!  
For there, at best Redeemer's feet,  
In posture low—a station meet,  
Bends white-robd Man! her pure gaze  
With patience long had watch'd the rays  
That faintly play'd from distant light,  
While darkness reign'd—of soul the night!  
And nations grop'd—in blindness led—  
Ere yet this day its lustre shed.  
But now with higher rapture burns,  
As to the Cross, her eyes she turns.

Rear'd in deep gloom, it tower'd on high!  
She marks the expiring Sufferer's cry;  
"Forsaken by His God" above!  
Hid from His eyes—the beams of love!  
The long expected hour she hail'd;  
By Seer foretold—in vision veil'd;  
Heard him the awful words proclaim  
"Tis finish'd"—and Salvation came!"  
Then shock the earth—the sea—the main;  
And Temple's veil was rent in twain!

Amidst the shock, firm, Mercy stands;  
And silent clasps her spotless hands;  
Rapt in ecstatic holy gaze  
On scene sublime such Love displays;  
Beholds immortal purchase made—  
For sins of dreadful tissue, paid.  
Then by that mighty scheme was wrought  
All that prophetic lore had taught,  
Nor longer was her part delay'd—  
To heaven above, a way was made!

With pointed spear, they pierc'd His side,  
And gushing, flow'd the crimson tide;  
Then came the moment nor in vain!  
The pen which at her feet had lain  
Caught from the wing of holy Dove,  
Erewhile, descending from above,  
She instant seiz'd! dipp'd in the blood  
Purer than e'er from mortal flow'd—  
O! for that rapture then was felt!  
With angel smiles of Peace she knelt—  
Circling her head were rays of gold!  
The Heavenly Charter then unroll'd,  
In love and goodness unconfid'd—  
And wrote—A PARDON FOR MANKIND!

THEOPHILUS.

**VALUABLE PROPERTY.**

THE following property, situate in Millville Township, Cumberland county, New-Jersey, is offered for sale on reasonable terms.

No. 1. A Tract of Land, containing 900 acres, situate on the west side of Maurice River, and bounded thereby on the east two miles and a half, and on the west by the Bridgetown and Beaver Dam roads. It lies opposite the iron works of Smith and Wood, and possesses the advantage of a water power equal to any in West Jersey. About fifty acres of it are cleared and improved—the residue is woodland.

No. 2. The "Herring Hole Landing," wharf, house, and seven acres of ground, lying between the Millville furnace and Glass Works.

No. 3. The equal undivided moiety of 15 acres of town lots, situated between No. 2, and the Glass Works, fronting on the river.

No. 4. A Tract of 3000 acres of Wood land, extending from half a mile to five miles from the town of Millville. To accommodate purchasers, No. 1, and 4 will be sold entire or in smaller tracts.

No. 5. A Tract of 200 Acres of Woodland of the best quality, situate in the township of Alloway's-Creek, Salem county, within four miles of a good landing.

No. 6. 100,000 Acres of Land in M'Kean county, Pennsylvania, which will be exchanged for land in New-Jersey.—The quality of this land may be ascertained from Ezekiel Foster or Thomas Smith, of Millville, who have seen it.

A clear and indisputable title will be given.

Joseph M'Ilvaine.

Burlington, Feb. 22d, 1816—M. 4. tf

**NOTICE.**

WILL be Sold, at Public Sale, on Saturday the 5th day of April next, at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgetown, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

**A HOUSE AND LOT,**

Situate on the west side of Cohansy Creek, near the ship yard, adjoining Moses Harris. The Lot contains about half an acre—attached as the property of Eden M' Seely, and to be sold by

DAVID LUPTON, }  
JOHN BUCK, } Auditors,  
DAN SIMKINS, }

March 3—ts

**EMPLOYMENT.**

WILL be given to eight or ten teams to carry 1000 cords of wood, for which generous wages will be allowed.—Apply to the subscriber at Port Elizabeth.

Thomas Lee.

August 26, 1816—tf.

**One Hundred Dollrs REWARD.**

WAS broken open on the night of the 21st inst. the Store of the subscribers in Millville, and a variety of goods taken from thence—amongst which were, Calicoes, Velvets, Cords, Cassinets, Blue Stockinets, Broad Cloth, Shawls, &c. Whoever takes up the perpetrator, and secures the Goods, shall be entitled to the above reward—or FIFTY DOLLARS for the Thief or Goods.

Gideon Seall, jr. & Co.

January 27—5t

**NOTICE.**

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of the County of Cumberland, of September Term 1816, will be sold at public vendue, at the Inn of James M'Clong, in Millville, on Tuesday, the 25th day of March next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M. all the

**REAL ESTATE**

Of Mary Williams, daughter of Mary Williams, late Mary Campbell, deceased, situate in the Township of Maurice River.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, Guardian.

February 10, 1817—4t

**Sale of Real Estate.**

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of the County of Cumberland, of the term of November 1816, will be sold at public vendue, on Saturday, the 15th March next, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon, on the premises.

**A House arid Lot of Land,**

situate in the village of Port Elizabeth, opposite to the Methodist Episcopal Church, containing about one quarter of an acre, more or less. The House is a Two Story Frame, with necessary out buildings, late the property of Abraham Preetket, deceased. Conditions at sale.

JOHN DONNELLY, Admr.

February 10—5t.

**FOR SALE,**

The New and completely Rigged SLOOP **SINE QUANON,** BURTHEN 53 14-95 tons, will carry from thirty to thirty-five Cords of Wood, and draws six feet and a half water.

For terms, apply to

G. SCULL, jun. & Co.

Millville Glass Works, Jan. 20, 1817—7t

**For Sale; or to Rent, THE HOUSE, LOT AND SHOP,**

At Sugar Hill, near Cedarville, where the Subscriber now lives.

It would be a good stand for a Store—the Shop is suitable for the business. Possession will be given on the 25th day of March next.—For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, on the premises.

Also, to Rent,

**A HOUSE AND LOT,**

At Cedarville, opposite the Tavern.—The House is two story, with a Cellar under it.

Robert Alderman.

Sugar Hill, Feb. 17—4t

**FOR SALE, AT PUBLIC VENDUE, ON THE PREMISES,**

ON THURSDAY, the 20th March next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon,

**A PLANTATION,**

SITUATE in Pittsgrove, Salem County, adjoining lands of Joseph Cook, Enos Fithian, Pole Tavern, and others, said to contain eighty-six Acres, about two-thirds cleared, of which a part may be converted into good Meadow, sufficient for the Plantation; the remainder WOODLAND, of the first quality. On the premises, are a good two story FRAME HOUSE, a well of excellent water, and some Fruit Trees. The whole under cedar fence. It will be sold together, or in Lots, as it may best suit purchasers. Any person wishing to view the property, will be shown by applying to JOSEPH ATKINSON, on the premises.

The conditions will be made known on the day of sale, by the Trustees of the Baptist Congregation of Pittsgrove. An indisputable title, and immediate possession will be given.

February 17—3t

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JACOB MILLER, late of the township of Hopewell, in the county of Cumberland, deceased, are requested to make payment, and those having any demands against said estate to present them for examination, to

William Elmer, Admr.

Feb. 24.—4t

**Sheriff's Sale.**

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, on Monday, the 24th day of March next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in Bridgetown, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel,

**A Tract of Land,**

Situate in the township of Millville, adjoining land of John Youngs and others, said to contain sixty-five acres, more or less, together with all other Land of said defendant in the county of Cumberland.

Seized as the property of Jacob Hoover, and taken in execution at the suit of John Wishart and John Youngs, assignees, &c. and to be sold by

JOHN SIBLEY, late Sheriff.

February 24th.—1m

**TO RENT,**

**A HOUSE AND LOT,**

On Fancy Hill, near Mr. Buck's Mill.—For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, on the premises.

Holmes Parvin.

February 24—4t

**CUMBERLAND BANK,**

February 18, 1817.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Fifth Instalment of Five Dollars, on each share of the Capital Stock of this Institution, will be required to be paid at the Banking-House at Bridgetown, on or before Friday, the 4th day of April next.

By order of the Board of Directors,

G. Road, Cashier.

Feb. 24. tA4

**LOST,**

ON the evening of the 30th January, at the inn of James M'Clong, Millville, (supposed to have been taken from the bar in mistake) the following articles, tied up in a Madras handkerchief, viz. A Blue Bombazette Frock, 1 pair of Morocco Shoes, 1 pair of Stockings, several women's handkerchiefs, and about 3 yards of Irish Linen. Whoever has found said bundle, and will leave it with BOWWIE & SHANNON, Bridgetown, or JAMES M'CLONG, Millville, shall receive the thanks of the subscriber.

Robert Newell.

February 24. 3t

**Sheriff's Sale.**

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday, the second day of April next, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon of said day, in Bridgetown, in the county of Cumberland, at the inn of Philip Souder,

**A tract of land,**

Situate in the township of Deerfield, adjoining land of Jonathan Fithian and others, said to contain one hundred acres, more or less, together with all other land of said defendant in said county. Seized as the property of Zenos Loder, and taken in execution at the suit of Isaac Mulford, and to be sold by

JOHN SIBLEY, late Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

**A tract of land,**

Situate in the township of Dewas, adjoining land of Thomas Blizard and others, said to contain forty acres, more or less, together with all other land of said defendant. Seized as the property of David Shull, and taken in execution at the suit of William Tomlinson and William Davis, and to be sold by

JOHN SIBLEY, late Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

**A Tract of Land,**

Situate in the township of Deerfield, adjoining land of Edward Lummis, and others, said to contain one hundred acres, more or less; together with all other lands of said defendant in the county of Cumberland.—Seized as the property of Philip Dare, and taken in execution at the suit of Jeremiah Buck for the use of Josiah Seely, and to be sold by

JOHN SIBLEY, late Sheriff.

March 2—4t

**FOUND,**

ON Thursday morning, the 20th February, in Bowentown, a small RED MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, containing some money and sundry papers. The owner, by proving property, can have the book on application to

Henry Smalley.

Bowentown, March 3—3t

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons indebted to the estate of STEPHEN PAULLIN, deceased, for goods purchased at vendue, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having demands to present them for payment

Susannah Paullin, Adm'x.

February 24. 3t\*

**Notice is hereby given,**

THAT we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Cumberland, New-Jersey, and that they have appointed the fourteenth day of April, at the Court-House in Bridgetown, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to hear what can be alleged for and against our liberation from confinement as insolvent debtors.

Ogden Dannels.

William E. Maul.

Eli Sharp,

Joseph Fithian,

James Loper, jr.

Bridgetown, Feb. 24.—4t

[BY AUTHORITY.]

**LAWS OF THE UNION.**

**AN ACT.**

To extend the provisions of the act to authorize certain officers and other persons to administer oaths, approved May the 3d, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the chairman of any standing committee, either of the House of Representatives or of the Senate of the U. States, shall be empowered to administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses in any case under their examination; and any person who shall be guilty of perjury before such committee, shall be liable to the pains, penalties, and disabilities prescribed for the punishment for the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives

JOHN GAILLARD,

President of the Senate, pro tempore.

February 8, 1817—APPROVED,

JAMES MADISON.

**AN ACT,**

To repeal, after the close of the present session of Congress, the act entitled "An Act to change the mode of Compensation to the members of the Senate and House of Representatives and the Delegates from the Territories," passed the nineteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That from and after the close of the present session of Congress, the act entitled "an act to change the mode of compensation to the members of the senate and house of representatives and the delegates from territories," passed the nineteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive any act or acts or parts of acts repealed or suspended by the act hereby repealed.

H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN GAILLARD,

President of the Senate, pro tempore.

February 6, 1817—APPROVED,

JAMES MADISON.

**Five Dollars Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber an Apprentice named JAMES MULICA—eighteen years old, about five feet high, light complexion, light sandy hair—Had on when he went away, a brown roundabout jacket, wool hat, and a duck and trowsers of linen. It is likely he has gone towards Salem. Whoever will take up said boy and secure him in Bridgetown Gaol, or bring him to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward.

Ezekiel Abraham.

N. B. The subscriber lives in the township of Millville, in the county of Cumberland and State of New Jersey.

March 10—3t

**FOR SALE,**

**A NEW SLOOP,**

Built of the best materials. She will carry from 35 to 40 Cords of Wood. The above vessel is now finished for launching, which will be done as soon as convenient.

For terms, apply to the subscribers;

James Watson,

Wm. Curll, and

Israel Stratton.

Millville, March 10—3t

**NOTICE.**

THE Co-partnership of WATSON, CURLL & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to call upon William Curll, and settle their accounts with as little delay as possible.

James Watson,

Wm. Curll,

Israel Stratton.

The business in future will be carried on at the Old Stand, by Israel Stratton.

Millville, March 3. 10—3t

**Sheriff's Sales.**

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Saturday, the fifth day of April next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in Milville, in the county of Cumberland, at the inn of James M'Clong,

**A tract of Land,**

Situate in the township of Milville, adjoining land of John Tice and others, said to contain one hundred and eighteen acres, more or less, together with all other land of said defendant in the county of Cumberland. Seized as the property of Alfred Williams, and taken in execution at the suit of Jeffrey Clark, and to be sold by

JOHN SIBLEY, late Sheriff.

March 3—4t

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons indebted to CURTIS EDWARDS, are requested to make immediate payment to

Daniel Parvin, Att'y.

February 24.—5t

**BLANKS**

**FOR SALE**

At the Office of the Whig