

**Laws of the United States.**

BY AUTHORITY.  
[PUBLIC ACTS.]

**AN ACT** to extend the time limited for the settlement of private land claims in the Territory of Florida.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the time limited for the settlement of private land claims in the Territory of Florida, by an act of the Seventeenth Congress, entitled "An act amending, and supplementary to, the Act for ascertaining claims and titles to land in the Territory of Florida, and to provide for the survey and disposal of the public lands in Florida, be, and the same is hereby, extended and enlarged, until the first day of January next, when the commissioners for ascertaining claims and titles to the lands aforesaid shall make a return of their proceedings to the Secretary of the Treasury, to be laid before Congress.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the claimant or claimants shall not be required to produce, in evidence, a deaignment of title from the original grantee or patentee, but the exhibition of the original title papers, agreeably to the fourth section of an act, passed the eighth of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-two, entitled "An act for ascertaining claims and titles to lands within the Territory of Florida" with the deed or devise, to the claimant, and the office abstract or abstracts of the intermediate conveyances for the last ten years preceding the surrender of Florida to the United States; and, where they cannot be produced, their absence being satisfactorily accounted for, shall be sufficient evidence of the right of the claimant or claimants to the land so claimed as against the United States: *Provided,* The claim be defined in quantity, and the amount does not exceed the quantity limited in the second section of the act which this is intended to extend: *And Provided,* The conditions required by the laws and ordinances of the Spanish government, and the treaty between Spain and the United States, shall have been complied with.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That no person shall be taken and deemed to be an actual settler, within the provisions of the "Act amending, and supplementary to, an act for ascertaining claims and titles to land in the Territory of Florida," passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, unless such person, or those under whom he claims title, shall have been in the cultivation, or occupation, of the land, at and before the period of the cessation.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That so much of the act of which this is an amendment, as authorizes the Secretary of said commissioners to demand and receive from the claimants ten cents per hundred words for recording titles to land, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That the former Secretaries, of those who may now be Secretaries, to the said Boards of Commissioners, who shall have received their salary of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, from the Treasury of the United States, which is, by law, declared to be their full compensation, shall be, and they are hereby, required to pay over, respectively, to the commissioners, conformably with the provisions of the original law, all such fees as have been demanded, and received by them, which shall be appropriated to defray the expenses of the Commission.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted,* That so much of the acts of which this is amendatory, as makes void all claims not filed before the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and it shall be lawful for claims to be filed any time previous to the first day of September next; but all and every claim not filed by that time, shall be held and deemed void and of none effect.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted,* That each of the Commissioners heretofore appointed, or who may hereafter be appointed, who has performed, and shall hereafter perform, the duties assigned him, shall receive, from the first Monday in February until the first day of January next, at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum, in full compensation for his services.

Washington, Feb. 28, 1824.

Approved: JAMES MONROE.

**Insolvents' Bonds,  
Apprentices' Indentures,  
For Sale at this Office.**

**RELIGIOUS.**

FROM JEBB'S SERMONS.

*The manner in which a clergyman should preach the word of God.*

His address should be simple, affectionate, and grave; his matter solid, his method clear; his expressions chaste and select, neither soaring to a false sublime, nor sinking to a mean familiarity. He should speak so plainly, that the most ignorant may understand; so seriously, that the most careless may feel; so rationally, that the most fastidious may have no room to cavil; and yet, so spiritually, that the most pious may be provided with the bread of life. It is not enough that his flock be taught to know what is true, and exhorted to practise what is right. The heart must be addressed, and the affections must be awakened, or no effectual progress will be made. For all performances unprofitable, unless affection interpose, to give vitality to the one, and sterling value to the other. To preach thus, it may be imagined, requires a rare assemblage of qualifications. And, indeed, it would be so, were any thing but Christianity the subject. But the word of God, gives its devoted student a power, which no natural talent, no secular study, no familiarity with the masters of human eloquence, ever did, or ever could confer. He, that with a well-prepared heart, and rightly harmonized affections, drinks in the divine wisdom of our Lord's discourses, will almost infallibly attain a ready, unlabored fluency of religious sentiment, which can hardly fail to awaken, to convince, to animate to influence his hearers. And, if he wish to enliven his discourse with irreproachable beauties, both of thought and diction, he can enlist, in the service of evangelical truth, the sublimity of Isaiah, the pathetic tenderness of Jeremiah, the deep-toned energy of Job, and the varied excellencies of the sweet Psalmist of Israel. Nor, be it deemed enthusiasm to say, that fervent prayer will make a more impressive preacher than all the rules of rhetoric; and that he, who speaks what he doth know, and testifies what he doth feel, as in the presence of his gracious God, will win more souls to heaven, than if he wielded at will, the eloquence of men and angels.

**DEFERED SUMMARY.**

The receipts into the Treasury of the American Bible Society during the month of January, amounted to \$2084; during the same period 3366 bibles and testaments, valued at \$1793, were issued.

*A new Step in Dancing.*—A Providence paper announces the departure from that city of a Mr. Montaes, who professes to be a dancing master. It appears that he opened a dancing school at Providence, was well patronized, received his pay in advance, borrowed about twenty dollars of his scholars, contracted other debts to the amount of \$200, then "slipp'd his cable," and danced off, to the tune of "over the hills and far away," leaving his scholars to take such "steps" as they thought proper, with regard to the "French leave" he had taken of them; and his musicians to "whistle for their pay."

The leading "Republican" paper of Connecticut avers that at least ninetenths of the "Republicans" of that State are inimical to Mr. Crawford at a candidate for the office of President.

The Legislature of the State of Maine has adjourned, after doing itself imperishable honor by *Abolishing Imprisonment for Debt*—that barbarous relic of the early Roman Law.

*Strength of parties.*—The Albany Daily Advertiser of Tuesday states, that measures have been taken to ascertain the strength of parties in the Legislature of this state relative to the Presidential question, and that the result is as follows:

Assembly—Adams, 51—Crawford 45—Clay, 15—Calthoun, 11—Jackson, 6—Total, 128.

Senate—Adams, 10—Crawford, 16—Calthoun, 3—Clay, 3—Total, 32.

As between Mr. Adams and Mr. Crawford, should the friends of the other candidates abandon the idea of success, it is estimated that Adams will have 82, and Crawford 78—total, 160.

**SALE OF LAND.**

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at

**PUBLIC VENDUE,**

At the Inn of John A. Moore, in Newport, on

*Saturday the 1st day of May next,* Between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon, the following described lots and pieces of land, late the property of William Chard, esq. deceased, viz.

No. 1. A lot of Banked Meadow, containing 13 acres, 3 rods and 7 perches, in Fairfield township, adjoining Francis Akely and others.

No. 2. A tract of 50 acres, more or less, in the Bear Swamp, adjoining James Diamant and others.

No. 3. A tract of 18 acres of Bush-land, in Grubby Neck, in Downe township, adjoining Benjamin Corier and others.

No. 4. A tract of 67½ acres of Bush-land, in Downe, adjoining Norton O. Laurence and others.

No. 5. A tract of 33 acres, Upland and Marsh, near Newport, adjoining Benjamin Williams and others.

No. 6. The undivided half part of two Houses and lots, containing 11½ acres, in Fairfield township, adjoining Daniel Burt and others.

No. 7. A lot of 15½ acres of Banked Meadow, in Fairfield, adjoining Zachens Joslin and others.

No. 8. A tract of about 160 acres, more or less, of Salt Marsh, at the Long Islands, adjoining Ephraim Smith and others.

Together with all the lands of the deceased, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to satisfy the debts and expenses.

Conditions and a better description at sale.

ELIZABETH SMITH,  
formerly Taylor, *Executrix.*  
EDMUND SHEPPARD,  
Newport, March 6. 167 ts

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphans' court of the county of Cape May, will be sold at

**PUBLIC VENDUE,**

*On Tuesday the 20th day of April next,*

At three o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the inn occupied at present by Lavy Foster, a Plantation containing seventy acres, more or less, situate in the Middle Township of Cape May aforesaid, about a mile and a half from the court-house, and adjoining lands of Joseph Ludlam and others. On said premises is a good frame Dwelling House and barn—about 20 acres of arable land, the residue in thrifty growing timber. Any person wishing to purchase, may call on the subscriber, who will shew the property.

Conditions made known on the day of sale, by

Nathaniel Holmes, *Ex'r.*  
Feb. 12—21 165 4t

**SALT MARSH.**

The subscriber has for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, a tract of Salt Marsh, lying on Delaware Bay and Cedar Creek, comprising what is known by the name of Ben Davis, Point.

Also, two-thirds of a large DWELLING HOUSE, near the Cedarville tavern, with the whole of four acres of land adjoining—a part of the house is now occupied by the Cedarville Lodge.

**WOOD LAND,**

On the road from Cedarville to Millville, adjoining William M'Chesney.

Sixteen acres of Bear Swamp in the township of Downe.

Twelve acres of Woodland near Fairton.

Four acres of do. near the above.

A small Lot, opposite the wharf, called the Public Wharf, in Fairton.

LUCIUS Q. C. ELMER,  
Bridgeton, March 6. 167 4t

Also for sale, an excellent HORSE.

**Adjournment.**

The remainder of the land of John Carns, which was to have been sold this day, is further adjourned to Tuesday the 23d day of March next between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M. at the Hotel of Smith Bowen in Bridgeton, to be sold by

Wm. R. FRENCH late Sheriff.  
February 24. 166

**J. FITHIAN,**

**CABINET MAKER,**

Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand, at his Shop, adjoining the bridge, a variety of *Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads, &c. &c.*

Which, together with every other article in his line of business, he will furnish, made of the best materials, in a workmanlike manner, and at reasonable prices.

A quantity of Maple and Poplar Bedstead stuff is wanted immediately.

Bridgeton, Feb. 28. 166 3t

**NOTICE.**

All persons whose accounts remain unsettled with the late firm of BACON & TOMLINSON, are hereby notified that unless settlement be made on or before the twenty-fifth day of March next all such accounts will then be placed in the hands of a Justice for collection.

SMITH BACON.

Feb. 12—14 164 t

**Dissolution of Partnership.**

The Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, trading under the firm of John and James Ward, is dissolved by mutual consent.

All those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment, and those having demands to present them duly authenticated, to John Ward and Daniel Ward, at the old stand, who are authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

John Ward.  
James Ward.

Leesburgh,  
Cumberland county, Feb. 10.

P. S. In consequence of Daniel Ward having purchased James Ward's part of the stock on hand, the business in future will be conducted under the firm John and Daniel Ward, at the old stand, where they invite the customers of the former firm to give them a call.

165 t

**NOTICE.**

**For Sale or to Rent,**

That valuable LOT of LAND, opposite Mrs. M'Cloug's Inn, containing about FIFTEEN ACRES, whereon is a good two story HOUSE, with a good Kitchen attached to it; also, a one-story House; also a large BARN, built of the best materials, 36 by 40 feet. Payment will be made easy, and possession given on the 25th of March next. For terms apply to

JAMES DIVERTY.

Dennis Creek, Nov. 10—15 151 t

**NOTICE**

Is hereby given, that ISAAC COOPER and SAMUEL L. COOPER, of the township of Lower Penns Neck, Salem county, have this day made an assignment of all their Estate, real and personal, to the subscriber in trust, for the benefit of their creditors—and their said creditors are hereby notified to make their claims under oath or affirmation, as the law directs. All persons indebted to the said Isaac and Samuel L. Cooper, are requested to make immediate payment!

BENJAMIN GRISCOM,

Assignee.

Jan. 24, 1824. 161—2m.

**NOTICE.**

All persons indebted to the Estate of Thomas Woodruff, dec. late of Bridgeton, are requested to come forward to the subscribers and settle their accounts, and those who have demands against the Estate to exhibit them for settlement, without delay.

DANIEL M. WOODRUFF, &  
DAN SIMKINS,

Adm'rs.  
Feb. 4—7 1824 163 6t

**Timber For Sale.**

Will be sold by the subscriber, the timber standing on about

500 Acres of Land,

Situated about 2½ miles from Dennis Creek Landing, and known by the name of the Mount Pleasant property. The timber is Pine and Oak, and fully ripe. It contains among it a considerable quantity of Saw Timber. The payments will be made easy to the purchaser, and from two to three years given to cut and carry it off.

Richard Thompson, jun.

Cape May Court House,  
Dec. 20. 156 3m

**FOR SALE,**

A FARM, situated in Upper Deerfield, joining the mill and land of H. Sneathen, esq. containing

**160 ACRES,**

60 of which are prime Timber Land; the residue Arable, and some Meadow well fenced with cedar. The Buildings are good, having undergone repairs lately, a stream of water runs through the whole farm.

The terms are, one-half of the purchase money on the delivery of the deed, the rest on mortgage at the interest of 4 per cent. Apply to

LOUIS MAILLARD, agent  
for Fred. Gebhard, esq. of N. York.  
Feb. 14 164 6t

**SHERIFF'S SALES.**

By virtue of a Writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Cumberland Pleas to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on

*Tuesday the 20th day of April next,*

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the court-house in Bridge-own, A tract of land situate on the East side of Maurice River, near Port Elizabeth, joining lands now or late belonging to John Spence, Nathaniel Bazby, William Spence, and others, said to contain 142 acres, be the same more or less.

Seized as the property of Eli Stratton, taken in execution at the suit of Alexander Shires, Catherine Clark and Jacob Clark, adm's of John Clark, deceased, and to be sold by

TIMOTHY BEMER, former Sheriff.  
Feb. 10. 168

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public Vendue, on

*Wednesday the 14th day of April next,*

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Inn now kept by John Kinsey, in Port Elizabeth,

A certain tract of land situate and lying in the township of Maurice River, in the county of Cumberland, being a tract conveyed by William Griffith, esq. and Abby his wife, to Benjamin B. Cooper, in fee by indenture of bargain and sale, dated the 26th day of August A. D. 1811, containing

**2093 Acres,**

Be the same more or less, and is the same tract of land which the said Benjamin B. Cooper and wife conveyed unto Eli Stratton, in fee, &c.

Seized as the property of Eli Stratton and wife, Benjamin B. Cooper and others, defendants, taken in execution at the suit of Susan Abbott and Joseph Abbott, complainants and to be sold by

JOHN LANNING, jun. Sheriff.  
Feb. 12—March 13. 158

**Adjournment.**

The sale of the lands of Samuel Jenkins, which was to have been sold this day is adjourned to Tuesday the 6th day of April next, at the Hotel of Richard Jarman in Bridgeton, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, former Sheriff.  
March 9. 168

Will be sold at

**PUBLIC VENDUE.**

*On Monday the 22d instant,*

At the house of Richard Jarman in Bridgeton, between the hours of 12 and 5 in the afternoon, a lot of Land, situate on the road leading from Bridgeton to Bowentown, adjoining lands of the heirs of Jacob Shall and others, and contains fourteen acres and thirty square perches; late the property of the Rev. Jonathan Freeman, deceased, and will be sold by

MARGARET C. FREEMAN,  
Administratrix.

N. B. Conditions made known at the time of sale.

March 13. 168 2t

**FOR SALE,**

A handsome good GIG, with two sets of HARNESS; one, of the first quality, plated and new; the other is second quality, and in good order.

Likewise, a *One Horse WAGON*, with Harness, in good repair. They will be sold on reasonable terms, and on credit, if required.

JAMES CLARK.

Fairton, March 13. 168 4t

**NOTICE.**

All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN DENNELSBECK, deceased, late of Bridgeton, on vendue account or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment and save cost; likewise, all those having demands against said estate are requested to present them; duly attested, to

DANIEL L. BURT,  
one of the administrators.

Fairton, March 13. 168 6t

## FOREIGN.

From the New York Evening Post, March 10.

The regular and fast sailing packet ship *Columbia*, capt. Rogers, belonging to the old line, arrived here this morning in the short passage of twenty one days from Liverpool, by which we have received our regular files of the London Courier, Morning Chronicle, and Times, from the 7th to the evening of the 14th February, inclusive; also Liverpool papers of the 16th, Price Currents of the 14th, and Dublin papers of the 11th of the same month—being twenty five days later than hitherto received.

### SOUTH AMERICA.

By this conveyance we have received the gratifying intelligence, that the Spanish government, influenced by the representation of Great Britain, and by the decided tone of the President's Message, had agreed to abandon all hostile designs on South America, which, it was expected, would speedily lead to the recognition by Ferdinand of the independence of these countries.—We have given an article on this subject from the London Morning Chronicle of the 11th of February, the facts stated in which are substantially admitted by the other journalists.—The topic was slightly alluded to in the king's speech at opening of the British Parliament, and afterwards noticed by the Earl of Liverpool in the house of Peers, and by Mr. Canning in the house of Commons. At this time ministers had not received the intelligence from Madrid announced in the Chronicle, and, therefore, could only mention the fact that communication had been made to the government of Spain, to which an early answer was expected. The Marquis of Lansdown, at the same time, informed the house of Lords that a communication of great importance might be expected from the Consuls sent out in November to South America, and that when all the papers could be prepared, and he was not prevented by some proceedings on the part of his Majesty's ministers, he should, early in March, bring a motion before the House relative to the recognition of the Independence of the government of South America. A similar motion was given by Sir James Mackintosh in the house of Commons, on the 13th February.—Referring to both these notices, the Courier of the 14th (the latest paper received) has the following remarks: "We think it extremely probable that they will both be brought forward, because it is not likely that Spain will precipitately acknowledge the independence of her colonies; and there is no reason to suppose, from what was said by Mr. Secretary Canning in the Commons, and the Earl of Liverpool in the Lords, that this country will do so. On our part, indeed, the question of a formal recognition resolves itself merely into one of time: the principle is decided; but when that formal recognition will actually take place, will depend altogether upon the circumstances of these countries, as was declared in his Majesty's speech, and upon what the interests of England may appear to require. Certainly, however, we do not anticipate that Ministers will be able to make any such decisive communication to Parliament within the next fortnight or three weeks, as will supersede whatever reasons may at present satisfy the Marquis of Lansdown and Sir James Mackintosh of the expediency of bringing forward their respective motions."

### GREAT BRITAIN.

The Imperial Parliament was opened by commission on the 3d of February, the King being unable to attend in person. The speech read on this occasion is very general as to foreign relations; the assurances given were of a pacific nature, and the best understanding subsisted with the continental powers; the declaration, already made by ministers, that though the parent state had a right to reduce her former colonies, yet that no third power would be suffered to interfere for that purpose, is adhered to. Great Britain and Ireland is declared to be in a prosperous condition, both as relates to her commerce, her manufactures and her agriculture; and moderation is recommended on the West India controversy respecting slavery. The Address was moved in the house of Lords by earl Somers, and in the house of Commons by Mr. Hill. Both were carried without any division. Except what took place respecting South America, nothing of importance had

occurred in Parliament down to the 14th February.

Despatches had been received from Tun's, announcing that the Dey, after a very short parley, had given up the Greeks and other christians, who had been placed in confinement.

Accounts from the Gold Coast of the 18th December, state that the King of the Ashantees had caused a sergeant in one of the negro corps to be put to death, and that an armed force had been despatched to punish this and other outrages of that monarch.

Sir Thomas Maitland, Governor of the Ionian Islands, died suddenly at Malta by apoplexy, on the 17th Jan. In consequence of his decease the British government determined to separate the governments of Malta and of the Ionian Islands, which were conjointly held by the late Sir Thomas. The former is to be given to the Marquis of Hastings, with a salary of 6000*l.* a year; the latter to Sir Frederick Adam, with one of 4000*l.* per annum. The command of the forces in the Mediterranean will not be included, as heretofore, in the government of Malta.

It appears, by an estimate laid on the table of the house of Commons, that the number of seamen to be raised for the present year will be 29,000, including 9000 royal marines. This will be an increase of the naval service of between 3 and 4000 men.—The extended commercial relations (says the Courier) which may be expected in South America, and the necessity, occasioned by what has taken place in our West India colonies, of augmenting our force in the Leeward Islands, are the only causes for this increase.

It is rumoured, in certain quarters, (says the Irish Times) that the Marquis Wellesley will shortly retire from the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland; and the Duke of Rockingham is spoken as his successor. The office of Receiver General, in the different Revenue departments in Ireland, is to be dispensed with, and all remittance made to the Bank of Ireland.

Lord Byron and the honourable Leicester Stanhope were recently at Zante, on a visit to Sir Frederick Stovin, the Governor. These intrepid patriots and travellers were then most sanguine in their hopes for the ultimate success of the cause of the Greeks.

An association was about to be formed at Edinburgh, to protect the liberal press when arbitrarily prosecuted.

A letter from Paris states, that the Court of Assize had acquitted Madame Chauvet, accused of being an accomplice in a plot against the Government, in carrying letters from a party of refugees in London to their friends in Paris: The only thing curious in the trial was the examination of General La Fayette as a witness, who protested against being called Marquis—a title which he had deposited on the bureau of the Constituent Assembly.

From the Morning Chronicle, Feb. 11.

It will no doubt be highly consolatory to the public to know that the affairs of South America are fast approaching to a settlement, and that the independence of that interesting portion of the globe is on the eve of being, on the most secure basis, recognised. We say on the most secure basis—because we have every reason to believe that the plans about to be adopted in Europe are of such a nature, as not only to remove from the new States all apprehension of external danger; but also to afford their respective governments considerable, although indirect, aid in the grand work of consolidation—a service we ourselves consider infinitely more important than the mere ceremony of a formal recognition in the diplomatic way, and without which, the good effects of the latter might possibly be lost.

On the highest possible authority we now proceed to state, that the overtures and propositions respecting the recognition of South America, to which Mr. Canning alluded the other night in the House, were made by Great Britain direct to Spain, and in terms so strong and explicit, that they were properly attended to the moment they reached Madrid. In consequence, the Duke San Carlos, at present the ambassador of Spain at the Court of France, was appointed to a special mission to London, and the necessary credits and funds for carrying into effect this special mission had been forwarded to him from Madrid when the last accounts came away. The choice of the individual may also in some measure be consid-

ered favorable to the issue of the important trust confided to him. The Duke de San Carlos is a native of South America, and, although at the time he was the ambassador of a despot king, and resided in the British metropolis, he labored hard to counteract the independence of his native land, and often resorted to means both impolitic and unjustifiable; we hope he has learnt some liberality in the school of adversity in which he has since been placed, and that the pledges he gave when the revolution broke out in 1820, were not insincere. No man can be more sensible than he is of the folly of further sacrifice on the part of Spain for the attainment of all object long since placed beyond her reach, and as the basis on which he is now to act is already agreed on, and all the preliminary negotiations over, we have every reason to anticipate a speedy and successful issue.

From the New York Mercantile Advertiser, March 11.

### Latest from Europe.

The steam boat *Fulton*, arrived last evening from Providence, with the Boston papers of Tuesday morning, which announce the arrival on the preceding evening of the ship *Emerald*, Fox, from Liverpool, in the unprecedented passage of sixteen days, bringing papers to the 21st Feb. inclusive.

Mr. Canning says there never was a time when they had better assurances, nor when so many great points were agitated—and England must show she is able and ready for war.

It is said in a letter from Paris, dated evening of Feb. 14, that a consultation of Physicians had declared the state of the king of France to be dangerous, and that it was improbable he could outlive the month of March.

The Paris Moniteur of Feb. 16, announced officially that the King of Spain, at the solicitation of France, had signed a decree granting a liberty of free trade with South America to all nations, on the footing of an equality of duties. A convention had also been signed regulating the occupation of Spain by the French troops.

Success still crowned the efforts of the Greeks.—They had effected a landing in the island of Mytilene; and the Turks would be obliged to evacuate it; and it was said the Turks had left Patras. The Greeks are triumphant in the island of Negropont.

The Consuls of Smyrna required assurances from the Greeks that they would not molest that place, but they declined giving them.

A Turkish squadron, destined to protect Smyrna, has been destroyed in a storm.

Persia had refused to ratify the treaty with Turkey.

A dreadful storm did great damage at Stockholm, on the night of Jan. 13.

Letters from Madrid state that the whole province of Gallacia, was in a state of insurrection, and that two insurrections had taken place near Cadiz.

Capt. Cochran, after a two years' survey, has discovered a passage between the continents of Asia and America—There being a continuous channel between the continents, though frequently blocked up with ice during great part of the winter.

Extract of a letter of a late date from a republican Spaniard in Mexico.—"If the English and the United States do not take part in the independence of this part of South America, and give a tone to these demoralized people, I believe that the tyrants of Europe will gain their infamous end; for here is neither army nor order in any thing, and it is impossible there should be, where subordination is not known, and where liberty is considered a total disregard for all authority and contempt for all law."

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### SENATE.

March 10.—The bill appropriating 125,000 dollars annually, for four years, for the purchase of cannon, bombs and howits, for the fortifications of the United States, was passed, and sent to the other house.

March 11.—Mr. Van Beuren, from the committee on the judiciary, reported two bills; one of which provides, that no law of any of the states shall be rendered invalid, without the concurrence of at least five judges of the supreme court; their opinions to be separately expressed.—The other bill provides, that there shall be two terms of the supreme

court, held, annually, in the city of Washington; that the United States shall be divided into ten circuit districts; the judges of the supreme court to be relieved from the duty of attending the circuit courts; those courts to be held by the present district judges. They were passed to a second reading.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

March 10.—Mr. Hamilton, from the military committee, reported a bill concerning the distribution of arms to the militia, which was twice read and committed.

March 12.—A bill from the senate, for the gradual supply of cannon, &c. for the fortifications; was twice read, and referred to the committee on military affairs.

From the Louisville, (S.S.) Public Advertiser, Feb. 23.

Combination of Indians.—The Missouri Intelligencer of the 5th inst. (printed at Franklin.) contains the following important information:

"We are indebted to the politeness of a friend at fort Osage, for the following information, direct from Arkansas, which is from an authentic source.

"Major Cummings, the commandant at Fort Smith, has demanded of the Osage chiefs, those who committed the late murders in that quarter. The chiefs are willing to surrender them, but cannot enforce obedience, as the murderers refuse to be given up, and are protected by a majority of the nation. The commandant has given them until the 16th of January to consider it; at the expiration of which time, unless they should be given up, an attempt will be made to take them by force. They threaten resistance, and say that if such an attempt should be made, they will compel the mission families to supply them with provisions, and the traders to furnish them all their guns and ammunition. The Osages are divided into several bands, one of which, the Chienias, did the mischief. The others did not hold themselves in any manner accountable for the depredations of that band, and will in all probability, in case of necessity, assist the traders in their vicinity."

A letter of late date from a respectable source, on the Arkansas, states that the Osages, Cherokees, Kickapoos and Delawares met at Chouteau's trading house, and joined in a great dance. Mr. Auguste Chouteau stated that this savoured very much of a combination of those nations against the whites. Such a thing would be very dangerous to the frontier settlements of the Arkansas and Missouri, and require a considerable force to quell it. The Union missionary family were much alarmed, and the Harmony family do not consider themselves out of danger.

The settlers upon the Arkansas, are raising volunteers, and have already organized one company. If it should be necessary, we have no doubt that *Boon's Lick* could furnish a few riflemen of bold hearts & correct aim.

### From the National Journal.

Maryland.—The wild & thoughtless assertion of the Baltimore Morning Chronicle, that a large majority of the Legislature of this State were in favour of Gen. Jackson for the Presidency, induced some of the friends of Mr. Adams to take the trouble of ascertaining the sense of the Legislature, by direct inquiries of the members themselves—the result of which is given in the Baltimore Patriot of the 3d inst. It confirms what we have repeatedly stated, from our own knowledge of the members of the Legislature, that at least fifty of the ninety-five are the decided advocates of Mr. Adams, and that the remaining forty-five are variously divided among the other four candidates. The people of the State are even more united upon Mr. Adams than the Legislature, and as the Electors are chosen by them, in districts, the result will in all probability give to Mr. Adams the whole eleven votes.

Virginia.—The opposition of the Caucus nomination in this State, is already beginning to assume a form and substance. In Fredericksburg, Falmouth and their vicinities, a meeting of the friends of Mr. Adams is called for to-morrow, "to take into consideration the most eligible mode of forming a ticket for that gentleman," and their example will no doubt be speedily followed in other parts of the State. The moment it becomes known to the people of Virginia, that

New York will, under no circumstances, redeem the pledge given by Mr. Van Buren, it will be seen, that we have truly predicted the course which they will pursue. They will, to a man, declare for John Quincy Adams the candidate of the people.

## THE WHIG

### BRIDGETON,

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1824.

### TO CORRESPONDENTS.

\* \* M. E. is unavoidably postponed till next week. A Communication from Cedarville has been received, but in consequence of the Editor's absence, is not inserted.

To Wood-Dealers.—It has been the practice for a series of years among the wood-corders on the public wharfs in the city of Philadelphia to charge 14 cents wharfage on every cord of wood sold. It is not perhaps generally known that there is an ordinance allowing only 8 cents to be charged. We are informed that the seller pays the 6 cents in his own wrong, which is a tax imposed on him by unjust corders, and that if they will present their bills to the corders for any number of years past, and demand restitution, by a late city law they are obliged to refund the money, which in some instances they have actually done. To those who have dealt to a considerable extent as maag in this town have done, the aggregate amount would be worth receiving—much more so to correct abuses and prevent impositions in future.—The cordage is by law paid to the corporation of the city, who, to prevent abuses, have fixed a salary as compensation for the corder who is appointed.

The editor of the Fredonian need be under no apprehension that we are going to abandon our favourite candidate Mr. Adams—neither need he fear his being withdrawn from the list. We have objections to the others which we doubt much will not easily be removed. Our partiality for Mr. Adams is not either slightly or recently formed. We will here say that at a future time we will speak more at large—at present, besides our belief that we are nothing too late to perform our part, we have not time to say much on the subject. We will say that Mr. Adams has a sweeping majority in West Jersey in his favour, notwithstanding little has been said for him.

It appears that the editor of the Salem Messenger, in accordance with nearly all the editors of the New Jersey papers, gives a decided preference to Mr. Adams for the Presidency. The people of Trenton and perhaps of every place where the report of the meeting of the friends of Jackson in Salem was published, are doubtless impressed with a belief that the friends of this gentleman are numerous. We do not exactly know his strength there, but judging from the number who attended the meeting, we should suppose he will hardly muster very strong. We are informed by a very respectable gentleman from that place that but a few attended.—Perhaps, if we are correctly informed, the numerous meeting might have been composed of the following; namely, a President, Secretary, one person to make motions for the adoption of resolutions, addresses, &c. a fourth to second them, and a fifth to give a casting vote. If de are misinformed we should be glad to have the matter put to rights, and our friend of the Messenger who was no doubt present, can remove at once the difficulty, dissipate our doubts whether any meeting excepting such as we have stated, was held, and leave a fair impression on the minds of the public respecting Mr. Jackson's true standing in that place in order that his friends may not be deceived by a false appearance, or misled by the supposition that any efficient support will be given him.

The last True American says, "In New Jersey, tho' much has been published against Mr. Adams, and little in his favor, we do not believe public sentiment has undergone any material change; but consider him as

still by far the most popular candidate, in this State."

To these remarks we will add, that in our opinion, if the people are left to their spontaneous choice, if no attempt is made by circumvention or intrigue, to interfere between them and their wishes, Mr. Adams will be as well supported in this as in any state in the Union, not excepting his own. In this county we believe there is an overwhelming majority for him.

**Notice to Pensioners.**—We are requested to state, for the information of the pensioners of the U. S. that, as congress has made the necessary appropriation, funds are in readiness for paying them. All, therefore, who are on the pension list, may now apply to the respective agents in the states where they reside, for their semi-annual stipends.—*Nat. In.*

#### New York March 15.

We learn from D. S. Craig, esq., American consul at Panama, who arrived in the schr. Quito, from Champs, that just before he left Panama; a French frigate arrived there from Lima, and informed that Bolivar was at the head of an army of 15,000 men, and intended soon to attack the royalists. Mr Craig heard of no battle having been fought; the report, therefore, by the way of Valparaiso, of the total defeat of the patriots, must be incorrect. We have Panama Gazettes to the 18th January, which do not furnish any political news.

From the N. Y. Coni. Advertiser, March 17.

#### LATE FROM PERU.

We yesterday received a regular file of Buenos Ayres papers to the 6th of January. In those papers we find a confirmation of the defeat of the Patriot army, under the command of Gen. Santa Cruz. A letter was received in the city yesterday, from an American gentleman at Valparaiso, dated Nov. 30th, in which the writer states "that the second Lima expedition to Alto Peru, under St. Cruz, Sucre, Miller, &c. have again been defeated. St. Cruz was completely defeated at La Paz, by Valdez, without the latter ever firing a gun, and only saved about 1200 out of 4500 men. In consequence of this disaster, Sucre retired from Arica with his division, about 3500 men, and took shipping for Pisco and Callao, where they have arrived.— We have a report that La Serna has declared Peru independent.

The Convention between Gen. Laguna commander of the Brazilian forces, and the Portuguese troops in Monte Viedo, was held on the 19th of Nov. and agreed on a suspension of hostilities, as well as the free commerce of Monte Viedo, both by land or sea.

*Extract from a letter, dated Lima, November 10.*

"The shameful dispersion of the army under General Santa Cruz, has placed Lima in a very critical condition, and has greatly disconcerted the plans of the Patriots."

#### SANTIAGO DE CHILI, Dec. 5.

It is reported from good authority, that the Spanish Generals have resolved to declare Peru independent of Spain. If such is the case they have abandoned their cause, and now the question is which party shall take the ascendancy. Bolivar never will permit that the policy of this party should predominate, nor should he allow it, for if the independence of Peru should be accomplished in this manner, it may continue its trade with Spain, and by this means subject itself to an independency totally opposed to the welfare and interest of the province.

#### SUMMARY.

**Boston March 10.**—A most daring attempt was made yesterday at sunrise, by some of the convicts at the state prison to escape. They rushed upon one of the officers and threatened his life, in order to get the keys which he had in his possession. In this, however, they were unsuccessful. Two or three of the prisoners who went to their work when they were ordered by the officers, were severely beaten, and some of them dangerously wounded by the mutineers, but upon the appearance of major Wainwright with the marines under his command, order was restored without any other injury.

**New York.**—The legislature of New York have refused to give the choice of electors for president and vice president to the people.

A special court of Oyer and Terminer was to have been held in New York on the 15th inst. for the trial of Johnson, charged with murder.

The hon. Ambrose Spencer was sworn into the office of mayor of Albany, by Mr Recorder Howe, on the 10th inst.

**Fire.**—The extensive establishment for ship building at Manhattan Island, (New York) together with some valuable vessels, and much timber and lumber were destroyed by fire last Sunday. So rapid were the flames, that one of the fire engines was caught by them and burnt. Loss, \$25,000. It is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary.

The editor of the Boston Courier was tried at the municipal court of that city, on Thursday, for an alleged libel on the Russian consul, found guilty on a part of the indictment, & sentenced to thirty days imprisonment in the common jail, and to pay costs of prosecution.

**Pirates.**—Two pirates, named Arana and Belham, have been executed at Jamaica; both persisted in the declaration of their innocence.

**"Killing no murder"**—Since the commencement of the 11th century, England and France have been at war 266 years, and the total loss of men is estimated at 26,000,000!

We understand by the Boston Patriot that general Hull has written a history of his campaign at Detroit, which is to be published in numbers in the Centinel.

**Quick sailing.**—In 1777, (over 46 years ago,) a Boston brig landed an American passenger in Havre, in fourteen days after leaving long-wharf.—*Match this. Bost. Cent.*

#### MARRIED,

In Philadelphia on Monday the 8th inst. by the Rev. Thomas Burch, Mr Ephraim Bishop of this town, to Mrs Rachel Sheppara, of the former place.

#### Obituary Register.

#### DIED,

In this town, on Saturday last Mr. ABNER STEPPARD, in the 74th year of his age.

In Deerfield, on Sunday last, Mr. JOHN WOOD, a soldier of the revolution, aged about 80 years.

On the 11th inst. in Fairfield township, of a consumption, Mr ROBERT MONTGOMERY, sen.

Near Dividing Creek, on the 10th inst. Mrs LUCINA PIERSON, wife of John Pierson, leaving a family of small children.

On the 15th inst. ANN, wife of Samuel Tomlinson sen. at an advanced age. Mrs. Tomlinson was for several years a member of the Methodist church, and maintained a good standing in the society. Her disease was of the chronic class, and was attended with much debility, which as is common in such cases, induced at times, much depression of mind, and perhaps doubts concerning her spiritual state. But the approach of death, which was hastened in consequence of her having caught the measles, evinced that it was but the temptations of the adversary of God and man; for, so far as she could make it known, she was resigned to die, and even desired to depart and be with Christ, which is far better. On the 17th a sermon was preached on the occasion, by the Rev. Jacob Moore, P. E. from Heb. iv. 9. and her remains were followed by her relatives and neighbours to the Methodist burying ground, where they were deposited to rest in hope till the morning of the resurrection.

At Tuckahoe, on the 11th inst. Mrs HANNAH SWAIN, wife of the Rev. Nathan Swain. Mrs. Swain arose in the morning in good health, breakfasted with her family, stepped out of the door into a small out-house adjoining, and fell dead in an instant. She had been upwards of thirty years a respectable member of the Methodist church; was a woman of plain manners, and unquestionable piety, and possessed of a sound mind. Her remains were interred in the Methodist burying ground in the above place on the 13th, attended by the largest number of friend and acquaintance, it was said, that had ever been seen in that place on such an

occasion. A very impressive discourse was delivered by the Rev. John Wishart from those words of our Lord, "Be ye also ready, for in such an hour as ye think not the Son of man cometh."

#### Prices Current at Bridgeton.

Corrected Weekly for the Week.

Wheat, per bushel.	\$1 20 to 1 25
Rye, do	62 1/2 to 75
Corn, do	35 to 40
Oats, do	25 to 28
Onions, do	62 1/2 to 75
Potatoes, do	35 to 37 1/2
Dry Apples do	75
do Peaches do pared	1 75 to 2 00
do do do unpared	1 50 to 1 75
Beans, do	75 to 1 00
Wheat Flour, per cwt.	3 25 to 3 75
Rye do.	2 00 to 2 25
Butter, per pound.	12 1/2 to 15
Lard, do	10
Lams, do	10
Pork, per hundred	4 50 to 5 00
Wool, per pound.	35 to 37 1/2
Leathers: do	40 to 44
Candles, do	12 1/2
Tallow, do	10
Apple Jack, per gallon.	40 to 50
Hickory Wood, per cord.	4 00 to 4 50
Dak dry, do	3 00
do green. do	2 50 to 2 75

#### The Cumberland Bible Society.

Will hold their annual meeting, this year, in the Presbyterian church at Fairfield, on Tuesday the 6th of April next. The managers are to meet at 10 o'clock A. M. and the public exercises to commence at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

EDEN ELMER, Secretary.

March 20. 169

#### Agricultural Notice.

A meeting of the Board of Managers of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society, will be held at the hotel now kept by Smith Bowen, on Tuesday the 6th of April next at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the President.

EPHRAIM BUCK, Sec'y.

March 19th 1824. At 169

#### SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Sale, at Public Vendue, on

Saturday the 24th day of April next,

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cape May, at the Court House in said county, All that lot or small tract of land, with tile appurtenances, where Obed Cresse now lives, 26 acres more or less, situate near Goschen, in the Middle Township, joining lands of Elizabeth Tomlin and others.

Seized as the property of Obed Cresse, taken in execution at the suit of John Hance, assignee of William Learning, and to be sold by

SPICER HUGHES, Sheriff.

Feb. 20 169

ALSO,

At the same time and place,

All that lot or small farm with the appurtenances,

At the time and place aforesaid,

The lands and tenements of Enos Corson, jun. viz.

1st. A tract of land with the appurtenances, situate in the Upper Township, joining lands of Seth Corson and others, 60 acres more or less.

2d. The right of the said Enos, in and to the premises where he now lives, joining lands of Thomas Gandy and others, with the residue of the lands of the defendant in said county.

Seized as the property of Enos Corson jun. taken in execution at the suit of Joshua Swain, esq. and to be sold by

SPICER HUGHES, Sheriff.

Feb. 20. 169

ALSO,

On Monday the 26th of April next

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the inn of Hannah Ford, at Cold Spring, in the Lower township,

The House and Lot where Thomas Neal now lives, with the appurtenances, 2 acres more or less, situate at Fishing Creek, in the Lower Township.

Seized as the property of the aforesaid Thomas Neal, taken in execution at the suit of Richard Edmunds, and to be sold by

SPICER HUGHES, Sheriff.

Feb. 20. 169

#### Six Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Saturday the 6th inst. an apprentice boy by the name of Joseph Norton, about eighteen years of age; dark complexion and hair: had on when he went away a fur hat, grey domestic round-about and blue cloth pantaloons, all nearly new.

Whoever will take up said Apprentice and return him to the subscriber, living near Leesburgh, shall receive the above reward, but no charges; All persons are forbid harbouring or employing him at their peril.

JAMES RIGGINS.

March 13—20. 169 At

#### Cumberland Orphans' Court.

February Term, 1824.

Upon application of Daniel M. Woodruff and Dan Sirkins, administrators of Thomas Woodruff; decedent; Sally C. M'Geer, administratrix of Hugh M'Geer, deceased; James Davis, administrator of David Davis, decedent, to limit and appoint a time within which the creditors of said decedents shall bring in their respective debts, claims and demands.

It is ordered by the court, that the administrators of Thomas Woodruff and Hugh M'Geer, give notice to the creditors of said decedents, to bring in their respective claims on or before the first day of March, 1825, and that the administrators of David Davis, deceased, bring in their respective claims, duly attested, on or before the first day of September next, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in this county for two months, and publishing the same in one of the newspapers of this state the like space of time, and any creditor neglecting to exhibit his or her demand within the time so limited, such notice being given, shall be forever barred his or her action therefor against said administrators.

By the court.

T. ELMER, Clerk.

March 20. 169 2m

#### Cumberland orphans' court.

February Term, 1824.

Elizabeth Dare and Richard L. Wood, adm's of John Dare, dec. having exhibited to this court, duly attested accounts, by which it appears that the personal estate of said decedent is insufficient to pay the just debts and expenses, and setting forth that said decedent died seized of real estate, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the court in the premises:

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in the lands, tenements and real estate of said decedent, do appear before the judges of the orphans' court at Bridgeton, on Monday of June term next, at two o'clock P. M. and show cause, if any they have, why the whole of the real estate of said decedent, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, should not be sold to satisfy the just debts and expenses, &c.

By the court.

T. ELMER, Clerk.

March 20.

#### Commissioners' Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans Court of the County of Cumberland will be exposed at

#### PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the inn now kept by John Kimsey, in Port Elizabeth, on Seventh day, The 22d day of May next,

At two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the remainder of the Lands and real estate of Levin Chance dec. viz.

No. 1. The equal undivided two-fifth parts of one-half of the Saw-mill, with the appurtenances, known by the name of Chance's mill, situate in the township of Maurice River, in the county of Cumberland.

No. 2. The equal undivided two-fifth parts of the plantation, adjoining the above, on the south side thereof containing one hundred and fifty acres more or less. It being property that could not be divided without great prejudice to the owners—and will be sold for cash.

ISAAC TOWNSEND,

HOSEA RANKINS,

JOHN ALBERTSON.

Commissioners.

3d mo. 15. 169 2m

#### Adjournment.

The land of Daniel R. Moore, which was to have been sold this day, is adjourned to Tuesday the 13th day of April next, at the hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to be sold by

W. M. R. FITZIAN late Sheriff.

March 16. 169

#### Adjournment.

The lands of Daniel Blissard, that was to have been sold this day, is adjourned to Tuesday the eleventh day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton, to be sold by

W. M. R. FITZIAN, Sheriff.

March 16. 169

#### Taken up adrift,

On the 12th inst. at the mouth of Maurice River, a

#### Shallop's Boat.

The owner may have it again by proving property and paying charges.

DENNA JONES.

Leesburg, March 15. 169q

#### Common & Judgment Bonds,

Executions, Summons, Attorneys' Blanks, &c.

For Sale at this office.

#### STACKHOUSE'S

#### Complete Body of Divinity,

PROPOSALS,

JOHN CLARKE—BRIDGETON, WEST A. JERSEY,

For publishing by subscription,

Stackhouse's Complete Body of Speculative and Practical Divinity.

ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC.

The work now offered to the public in America have long been familiar. It is well known, so generally admired, so universally sought, and so highly appreciated, that no particular recommendation in its favour has been accepted, preferring rather to depend on its established fame and intrinsic merits for success than to attach to our prospectus the best written eulogium which the brightest genius in our country could produce. STACKHOUSE, as an ingenious compiler, as a man of learning and research, and as a profound Theologian, ranked in his own day among those who gained the highest literary eminence—the lapse of time has contributed exceedingly to increase his well earned celebrity. DIVINITY which is now proposed to be published, was originally compiled for the Episcopal Church of England. It first emanated from the Press in the early part of the eighteenth century. Since then, it has stood its ground and sustained a reputation beyond which cotemporary writers never did, and subsequent writers never have been able to pass. Several editions of it have been circulated in Great Britain, but it has never yet been published in the United States. Various compilations of systematic Theology have been repeatedly committed to the American Press, each of which has been adapted to the standard of faith of the respective denominations for whom it was published.— This work is professedly written on the *Armenian Scheme*; but notwithstanding this, its high character has caused it to be an object of anxious inquiry by every class of christians. It has heretofore been in the hands of few in the United States except Divines, and for these it has generally been imported by order, and at great expense. The reason why it has never been re-printed in the United States is obvious. In matters of faith, monopolies have been sought with no less avidity, (perhaps not improperly,) than in the mart of the merchant; and those denominations of Christians whose pretensions have not been supported by a widely extended and numerous fraternity have seen compelled to coalesce, and reciprocate favours in the Book-market, in order to obtain from the publishers of books throughout our country that kind of spiritual nutriment which would enable them to grow up in the faith and opinions which they delighted to cherish as the foundation of their future hopes.— Where this advantage was not presented the student in divinity was compelled to wade through *Tomes* of ancient authors in the dead languages to satisfy his inquiries; or to collect those systems of opinions which are laid down by theologians—as founded on, or deduced from the sacred records—from an endless variety of writers, many of whose sentiments they viewed both as absurd and inconsistent.

The design of the publisher in offering an edition of STACKHOUSE'S *Body of Speculative and Practical Divinity* to the public is two-fold; namely, for their good and his own. While he wishes to supply a demand for it which seems now to be particularly called for, he is desirous to obtain a subscription which will defray the expense, and compensate him for his labour. More than this is not expected—any other reason than this would not be the truth, and he hopes the public will appreciate his candour in this avowal. He believes the work eminently calculated to do good. Truth, and whatever tends to elucidate end confirm it, are, in the present age, objects of research & inquiry.— In this work, all the leading doctrines of the Holy Scriptures are amply discussed and explained. To the pious layman it will supercede the necessity of a great variety of works in divinity which he may be desirous to possess, but which he may not have the means to procure. By purchasing this work true economy may be consulted, as the necessity of procuring many fugitive works which obtrude themselves on the public will be obviated. There are a number of respectable and pious classes of Christians and christian ministers throughout our country, who will doubtless avail themselves of the opportunity now offered to obtain it upon reasonable terms by encouraging an American edition. If the Author's style he will only say, that it is plain, but nervous, bold and eloquent.— The work in general evinces the profound scholar and the pious Christian—but he does not wish to incur the charge of exaggerated commendation; such an imputation, he presumes, will not be offered by those who have read the work with impartial attention, and Rom those who have not given it a perusal it would be premature.

It is earnestly requested that the names of subscribers be forwarded to the publisher as soon as possible.

It will be printed in the best manner, with neat type, sized on superfine wove paper, extra

It will be published in three volumes, octavo, each averaging 550 pages; or in monthly numbers of about 138 pages each.

The price will be seven dollars and fifty cents, in boards, or in numbers, the latter covered in the usual manner of periodical works; and eight dollars, handsomely bound and lettered. [This is half the European price, and it is in a more portable size.]

Those who obtain eight subscribers, and become responsible, shall have a copy gratis, which copy shall be delivered in the same form as those ordered, or made equivalent thereunto in proportion for a greater or

All payments to be made when the work is delivered, whether in volumes or numbers—and all communications to be post-paid.

Agents to receive the work and deliver it to subscribers will be appointed in the principal cities and towns throughout the States, the names of whom will be made public.

It is earnestly requested that the names of subscribers be forwarded to the publisher as soon as possible.

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**Sheriff's Sales.**

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issue out of the court of Common Pleas the county of Cumberland, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on

**Tuesday the 23d day of March next,**

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton.

A lot of Cedar Swamp, situate on Manantico Branch, adjoining lands of Timothy Elmer and others, containing seven and a half acres more or less.

Seized as the property of John P. Dare, taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Dare, and to be sold by

JOHN LANING, jun. Sheriff. 165

ALSO

**At the same time and place,**

A Farm, with the improvements thereon, situate in Fairfield township, adjoining lands of William Westcott, Harris Ogden and others, containing thirty-two acres, more or less.

Seized as the property of Elijah Husted, taken in execution at the suit of William R. Pithian, administrator of the estate of William Conner, deceased, and to be sold by

JOHN LANING, jun. Sheriff. 165

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, on

**Saturday the 20th day of March next,**

Between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cape May at the house of Hannah Ford, at Cold Spring, in the Lower township, in the county aforesaid.

The one moiety or equal half part in quantity and quality, of the Plantation where John Taylor now lives, situate in the Lower township, adjoining lands of Stilwell Shaw and others, said to contain 175 acres, in the aggregate.

Seized as the property of the heirs of Eliza Taylor, deceased, taken in execution at the suit of the administrators of the estate of Christian Corson, deceased, and to be sold by

SERENA HUGHES, Sheriff. 165

Cold Spring, Jan 13 - Feb. 21.

**THE PULPIT,**

A Periodical work, published Weekly in London, and imported by

**S. POTTER & Co.**

Booksellers, Philadelphia, to whom all orders for the work may be forwarded. Terms, three dollars per annum.

Entered from the first No. of the Pulpit.

**To the Friends of Religion.**

The first No. is now presented to the public as a cheap weekly publication, which will be exclusively devoted to the best and most interesting of mankind. It is designed to be the vehicle, not of any particular class of religious opinions, but of such real information and practical instruction, as may be acceptable to all who acknowledge our common Redeemer.

"The Pulpit" will comprehend,

1. Reports of Sermons delivered in London during each week, accompanied occasionally with critical remarks.
2. Notices of new works in Theology, Morals and Ecclesiastical History.
3. Historical and descriptive accounts of Churches and classes.
4. Essays, Precepts, and Maxims.
5. Memorable and Anecdotes of eminent Christians.
6. Missionary reports.
7. Doing hours of great and good characters.
8. Exemplary and curious Epitaphs.
9. Gospel melodies; and, generally, everything that may be expected from a journal zealous to promote the interests of religion and piety.—The Editor.

N. v. 22. 152

Pursuant to a decree of the Orphans' court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at

**PUBLIC VENDUE,**

On **Thursday the 1st day of April next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.**

On the premises, a House and lot in the township of Fairfield, situate on the main road leading from Fairton to the Presbyterian Meeting House. The house is a frame building, and is at present occupied by the widow of John James Ogden, deceased. The lot contains one acre, more or less.

Conditions made known at the time of sale by

HENRY SHAW, Adm'r. 160 s

Jan 17.

W. B. S. S.

The subscriber has opened a Store in the Brick House formerly occupied by Mr. Ephraim Holmes,

**NEAR THE COURT HOUSE,**

Where he will carry on the

**Tailoring Business**

In all its branches.—He will also keep on hand

**Ready Made Clothing**

Of every description, together with a handsome assortment of

**PLAID CLOAKS**

Of the best quality—either ready made, or will be made by order for Ladies and gentlemen at the shortest notice.

Also, a good assortment of

**Shirts, Groceries, &c.**

which he will sell at the lowest prices for cash or produce.

**William Crooks.**

Bridgeton, Jan. 10. 159 ff

Received and for sale at this office,

**Dr. Miller's letters on Unitarianism,** a very valuable work.

**Tull's Husbandry,** a late and valuable work.

"Rodger's Biographical Dictionary of the Departed Heroes, Sages and Statesmen of America," just published; together with "The Religious Tradesman," "A Present for an Apprentice," "An Index to the Bible," "A Bridle for Devils," &c. &c.

**Cumberland Orphans' Court.**

November Term, 1823.

On application of Lewis Davis administrator of Elhanon Davis, deceased; Cooper Madden, administrator of William Maddon, deceased, to limit and appoint a time within which the creditors of said decedents shall bring in their respective debts, claims and demands:

It is ordered by the court, that the said administrators give notice to the creditors of said decedents to bring in their respective claims on or before the first day of December, 1824, by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in this county for two months, and for publishing the same in one of the newspapers of this state the like space of time, and any creditor neglecting to exhibit his or her demand within the time so limited, such notice being given, shall be forever barred his or her action therefor, against said administrators.

By the court

T. ELMER, Clerk.

Jan. 3. 158 2m

**Horne's Introduction to the Bible.**

E. Littell is about to publish by Subscription.

**AN INTRODUCTION TO THE**

**Critical Study and Knowledge**

**OF THE**

**HOLY SCRIPTURES,**

BY THOMAS HARTWELL HORNE, M. A.

It will be printed from the London edition of 1823, in four very large octavo volumes; it will contain numerous maps and Fac Similes of Biblical Manuscripts, and in short, every thing that is contained in that edition, and will be very neatly printed on good paper.

The first London edition of this work was published in 1818—the second in 1821—the third in 1822—the fourth in 1823. So great a sale of so large a work on such a subject, is the best evidence that can be offered of its value. There has yet been no American edition.

Vol. I. contains a critical inquiry into the genuineness, authenticity, uncorrupted preservation, and inspiration of the Holy Scriptures.

Vol. II. In two parts, treats, first on sacred criticism; including an historical and critical account of the original languages of Scripture, and of the cognate or kindred dialects; an account (with numerous fac similes) of the principal manuscripts of the Old and New Testaments, &c. &c. In the second part of the work, the history of the authorized English version of the Bible is particularly considered. The various readings, the quotations from the Old Testament in the New, the poetry of the Hebrews and harmonies of Scriptures, form a portion of this part.

Second Part. Of the interpretation of the Scriptures. Subsidiary means for ascertaining the sense of Scripture, viz.—Analogy of language; analogy of Scripture; scholia and glossaries; subject matter, context, scope, historical circumstances, and Christian writers.

These discussions are followed by the application of the preceding principles—to the historical interpretation of the sacred writings; the interpretation of the figurative language of Scripture; the spiritual interpretation of the Scriptures; the interpretation of prophecy, of types, of the doctrinal and moral parts of Scripture, of the promises, and the inferential and practical reading of the sacred writings.

Vol. III. contains an outline of the historical and physical geography of the Holy Land. The political and military affairs of the Jewish and other nations incidentally mentioned in the Scriptures. Sacred antiquities, of the Jews. The domestic antiquities, or the private life, manners, customs, amusements, &c. of the Jews and other nations incidentally mentioned in the Scriptures.

Vol. IV. is appropriated the analysis of Scripture.

Price \$12—Subscriptions received at the office of the Whig.—March 13.

**One Cent Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 10th inst. Charles Brimeshultz, an indentured boy to the farming business, aged nearly 16 years; he had on light drab coat, and linsley trousers. Whoever brings him back and delivers to me, shall receive the above reward, but no charge.

ADAM SHUTE, Greenwich, Feb. 13. 164 4tq

**NOTICE.**

John B. Miller, cabinet maker, of Bridgeton, did on the 27th day of August last, by deed of trust and assignment convey to us the subscribers, all his estate both real and personal, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors and others. Those indebted to the said John B. Miller on book account or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have demands against him are desired to exhibit them for examination.

Dan Simkins.

Timothy Elmer.

September 6.

All persons indebted to the estate of Stephen and Hannah Miller, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to

Dan Simkins, Adm'r.

September 6. 141 ff

**SUBSCRIPTIONS**

Are received at this office for the following works, viz.

**The Museum of Foreign Science & Literature.**

This work is a selection of the best and most entertaining essays and pieces found in the European periodical publications which are received in this country. The price is six dollars a year. It appears monthly.

**Christian Advocate,**

Being a continuation of the Presbyterian Magazine. Edited by President Green, late of Nassau Hall College. Price two dollars and fifty cents, paid in advance. Monthly.

**The Wesleyan Repository.**

Published in Philadelphia by William Stockton. This is an interesting and cheap religious work, and we would strongly recommend it. The price is two dollars, paid in advance—monthly.

Woodward's stereotype edition of Scott's Family Bible. This edition will be published in 5 volumes, at five dollars each, and delivered as printed. To the first volume will be prefixed the life of the Author. Those who wish may have Butterworth's Concordance, with Dr. Scott's Six Scriptural Maps at the additional price of six dollars.

Stackhouse's Body of Divinity.

Medical Journal.

New Monthly Magazine.

Philadelphia Recorder, a weekly religious and miscellaneous newspaper.

Natural Theology, or evidences of the existence and attributes of the Deity.

Miscellaneous Magazine.

**Philadelphia, Milville, Port-Elizabeth AND Cape May, MAIL STAGES.**

The above line of stages will continue to run from Philadelphia to Port-Elizabeth twice in each week, leaving B. Reeve's Ferry, upper side of Market street, at sunrise on Wednesday and Saturday Mornings, breakfast at J. Dunham's in Woodbury, pass Glassborough, change horses at Frankville, pass Malega, Milville, and arrive at Port-Elizabeth at 5 o'clock P. M.—Returning, leave Port Elizabeth on Mondays and Thursdays at sunrise, during the summer season; and in the winter season at 5 o'clock, A. M. breakfast at Milville, and pass through the above places, and arrive at Camden at 5 o'clock, P. M.

N. B. The above Stage will pass Cumberland Furnace (formerly Budd's works) Wednesdays, and return the same way on Thursdays: Fare through, \$2 50.

L. CAKE, & Co.

Proprietors.

**Cape May Stage**

Will run once in each week between Port Elizabeth and William M'Cormick's, upper end of Cape May, leaving M'Cormick's on Wednesday mornings at 8 o'clock, passing Cumberland Glass Works, Aina Furnace, and arrive at Port Elizabeth at 5 o'clock, P. M.

Returning will leave Port Elizabeth at 7 o'clock, A. M. on Thursdays, pass the above places and arrive at M'Cormick's at 4 o'clock, P. M. Passengers from the city, having business at either of the furnaces above stated, or wishing to visit the sea shore, will start from B. Reeve's ferry on Wednesday mornings in the Port Elizabeth Stage.—Fare from the Port to M'Cormick's, one dollar.

All baggage at the risk of the owners.

SAMUEL ORUM,

Proprietor.

January 30. 162 ff

**John I. M'Chesney's GRAMMAR,**

Also his

**Introductory Lectures,**

For sale by

Potters & Woodruff.

April 12. 120

**Philadelphia Prices Current.**

Corrected Weekly.			
Bacon and Lard, per lb	\$0 6 to 8		
Beans, bushel	1 00	scarce	
Beef, mess, barrel	12	13	
Brick, run of Kiln, M.	6 50		
Butter, lump, Do. salt, insp.	10		
Candles, tallow dipt	21	22	
Coffee, W. I. fine gr.	21		
Do. 2d quality	24	21	
Do. Java	8	9	
Cheese, Feathers, American lb.	32	35	
Flax, clean	7	9	
Firewood, hickory cord	6 50	7 00	
Do. oak	4 75	5 00	
Do. pine	3 75	5 25	
Do. gunn logs	5	6 00	
Flour, wheat, barrel	2 50		
Do. rye	2 12		
Do. corn meal			
Glass, wind 8 by 10,	100 feet,	10	
Grain, wheat, bushel	1 15	1 20	
do. rye		45	50
do. corn		45	40
do. oats		32	33
do. bran double		15	
Hams, lb.	10	11	
Lard, lb.	0 9	0 10	
Lumber 1000 feet			
Boards, yel. pine, 1 to 2 inch	14 00	16	
do do heart, 1 inch	25	30	
do do white pine, panel	25	30	
do do common	17 50	22 50	
Scantling, pine 1000	15	20	
do heart do	25	30	
do sap do	14	scarce	
Lath, oak	8		
Oar, rafters	20	25	
Timber, pine do inch spruce	12	20	
do oak	22	25	
Shingles, cedar 3 ft.	17	21	
do cyp. 22 inch.	3 50	4	
Staves, pipe, w. o. 1200	60		
do lhd. do	35		
do do red oak	25		
do barrel, w. oak	23		
Headings, oak	38	60	
Hoops, shaved do rough	25		
Mackarel, barrel	4 25	6 62	
Molasses, sug. house gail.	0 42	0 45	
do West India	2 4	27	
Peas, bushel	75		
Pork, Jersey barrel	14 50	15 00	
Rice, new crop cwt.	4 50	4 00	
Shad, southern barrel	7 00	6 50	
Salt, fine bushel		55	
do ground			
Seed, clover, do herd grass	4 50	1	
do timothy	2 50	3 00	
Spirits, viz. Brandy, Peach 4th pf. gail.	75	80	
do Penn'a 1st pf.	50	60	
Gin, Philad dist do	37	40	
Rum, New England	36	33	
Whiskey, rye do apple	25	26	
Starch lb.	7	8	
Sugar, New Orleans cwt.	12 00	12 50	
do loaf lb	16	17	
do lump	13	14	
Tallow, country	8		
Tobacco, Virg. manu.	9	14	
do do caven.	27	32	
do do large	15		

**Bank Note Exchange.**

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	
U. S. Branch Bank Notes, par.	
Banks in New Hampshire, - 2	do.
Boston Banks, - 2	do.
Massachusetts Banks generally, - 2	do.
Rhode Island Banks do.	2 do.
Connecticut Banks do	par

**NEW YORK BANK NOTES.**

All the city Bank Notes, par.	
Albany Banks, - 1 p. c. dis.	
Troy Banks, - 1	do.
Mohawk Bank in Stenectady, - 1	do.
Lansingburg Bank, - 1	do.
Newburg Bank, - 1	do.
Newburg branch, at Ithica, - 1	do.
Orange county Bank, - 1	do.
Catskill Bank, - 1	do.
Bank of Columbia at Hudson, - 1	do.
Utica Bank, - 1	do.
Ontario Bank at Utica, - 1	do.

**NEW JERSEY NOTES.**

New Brunswick Bank, - 1	par.
State Bank at Trenton, - 1	do.
All others, - 1	par.

**PENNSYLVANIA NOTES.**

Philadelphia Notes, par	
Farmers Bank at Lancaster, - 1	par.
Lancaster Bank, Easton, do.	- par.
Germantown, Northampton, - 1	par.
Montgomery County, - 1	par.
Harrisburg, - 1	par.
Delaware county at Chester, - 1	par.
Chester county at West Chester, - 1	par.
Newhope Bridge Company, - 35	
Farmers Bank of Reading, - 1	
Susquehanna Bridge do.	1 1/2 dis
Farmers Bank of Bucks county, - 1	
York Bank, - 1 1/2	do.
Chambersburg, - 1	do.
Gettysburg, - 1	do.
Carlisle Bank, - 1	do.
Swatara at Harrisburg, - 1	do.
Pittsburg, - 1	do.
Greensburg, and Brownsville, - 5	do.

**DELAWARE NOTES.**

Bank of Del. at Wilmington, - 1/2	d.
Wilmington and Brandywine, - 1/2	par.
Commercial Bank of Delaware, - 1/2	par.
Branch of do. at Milford, - 1/2	par.
Farmers Bank of Delaware, - 25	par.
Laurel Bank, - 25	

**MARYLAND NOTES.**

Baltimore Banks, - 1/2	d.
Baltimore City Bank, - 1	dis.
Havre de Grace, - 1	do.
Elkton, - 1	do.
Annapolis, - 1	do.
Branches of do. - 1 1/2	do.
Hagerstown bank, - 1	do.