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LAWS OF THE UNION. BY AUTHORITY.

-::-::-JAMES MONROE, President of the United States of America,

To all whom it may concern.

Satisfactory evidence having been exhihited to me, that Jonathan Swift is an pointed Consul of His Most Faithful Ma jesty the King of the United Kingdom of Portugal, Brazil, and Algarves, for the District of Columbia, I do hereby recognise him as such, and declare him free to exercise and enjoy such functions, pow ers, and privileges, as are allowed to Con suls of the most favored nations in the U.

In testimony whereof, I have caused these letters to be made patent, and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand, at the city of America the forty third.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

JAMES MONROE,

President of the United States of America, To all whom it may concern:

Satisfactory evidence having been exhibited to me, that Anthony D. Duff, is an pointed Consul of His Most Faithful Ma sesty, the King of the United Kingdom of Portugal, Brazil, and Algarves, for the State of New-York, and for East Jersey, I do hereby recognize him as such, and declare him free to exercise and enjoy such functions, powers, and privileges, as are allowed to Consuls of the most favored nations in the United States.

In testimony whereof, I have caused these letters to be made patent, and the seal of the United States to be ereunto affixed.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the se-cond day of March, A. D. [L. s.] 1819, and of the Independence of the United States of America the forty-third.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

AN ACT for the relief of Harold Smyth. BE it enacted by the Senate and House Representatives of the United States of merica in Congress assembled, That the oper accounting officers of the Treasu-Bepartment be, and they are hereby;

H. CLAY. Speaker of the House of Representatives JAS. BARBOTIR,
President of the Senate pro tempore. March 2, 1819—Approved.

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of Daniel Moss. Re it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Imerica in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorised and directed to issue to Daniel Moss, of the city of New York, a military Warrant for one hundred acres of land, for fevolutionary services, in lieu of a war-faut alledged to have been issued to said Moss in one thousand eight hundred and

seven, and to have been lost. H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate pro tempore. March 3, 1819—Approved.

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of B. and P. Jourdan brothers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House Representatives of the United States of merica in Congress assembled, That the toper accounting officers of the Treasury epartment be, and they are hereby, au horised to settle and adjust the accounts B. and P. Jourdan, brothers, of the State of Louisiana, not exceeding in mount the sum of twenty-eight thousand

dollars; and that the same be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasu-

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS. BARBOUR,

President of the Senate pro tempore.

March 8, 1819—Approved

JAMES MONROE:

N ACT for the selief of George M. Brook and Edmund P. Kennedy. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the oper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, arid they are hereby, authorised to audit and settle the respective accounts of Lieutenant Colonel George M. Brook and Captain Edmund P. Kennedy, in such manner, and upon

Such terms, as may be reasonable and just.

H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives,

JAS. BARBOUR,

President of the Senatt pro tempore.

March 3, 1819.—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT confirming the claim of Alexander Macomb to a tract of land in the territory of Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That Alexander Macomb, of the territory of Michigan, be, and he hereby is, confirmed in his right and claim to a tract of land, being an island, situated in the mouth of Detroit river, known by the name' of Stoney Island, which was formerly occupied and improved for the benefit of the heirs of William Macomb, deceased, under whom the said Alexander Macomb now claims title; and upon a regular plat and survey of the said island being returned irito the office of the Commissioner of the Washington, the second day of into the office of the Commissioner of the March, A. D. 1819, and of the General Land Office, a patent shall be independence of the U. States granted for the aforesaid island or tract of land: Provided, that the confirmation and grant, to Alexander Macomb, hereby made and directed, shall not prejudice the legal claim (if such there be) of any other person to the same tract of land.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate pro tempore. March 2, 1819.—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of Phobe Stuart. Be it enacted by two Sonato and House of Representatives of the United States of Imerica in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place on the pension list, Phoebe Stuart, widow of James Stuart, deceased. under the provisions of an act passed the sixteenth day of April; one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, making provisions for the widows and orphans of the militia who had died in the service of the United States.

H. CLAY, tates. H. CLAI,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
March 3, 1819—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of John Rice Jones. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives & the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby authorized to audit arid settle, on equitable principles, the account-of John Rice Jones, for services rendered, and expenses in curred, as an interpreter and translator of tbe French language, to the board of corn. missioners, appointed for inquiring into the validity of claims to land in the disauthorised to audit and settle the accounts trict of Kaskaskia, and the amount found of Harold Smyth, late a captain by brevet to be due un such settlement: shall be paid to the army of the United States, and to him out of any money in the Treasury marter master at Fort McHenry, upon the rot otherwise appropriated: Provided, principles of equity add justice.

hundred and eighty-one dollars;
H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Scante, pro tempore.
March 3, 1819—Approved,
JARIES MONHOE.

AN ACT in behalf of the Connecticut Asylum for teaching the deaf and dumb.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be granted to the Connecticut Asylum, for the education and instruction of deaf and dumb persons, a township of land, or a tract of land equal thereto, to bo located under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in tracts of not less than four entire sections each, in any of the unlocated lands of the United States. tó which the Indian title has been extin guished; which land shall be and forever remain to the use of said Asylum, for the education and instruction of deaf and dumb persons, or if said Asylum sliall sell raid land, which they are authorized to do, the money arising from such sale shall be and emain forever to the same use.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
JAS BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
March 3, 1819,—Approved,
JAMES MONROE. AN ACT in addition to an act, supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for the relief of Tho-mas Wilson."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the parment be, and they are hereby, autho-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That [the] Secretary of War be; and he is hereby authorized and empowered to revise, adjust, and settle the accounts and claims or Thomas Wilson, arising under his contracts entered into with the Depart. nient of War, dated third and fourth of August, one thousand eight hundred and three; that all the powers vested in the accounting officers of the War Department by an act of Congress for the relief of Tho-mas Wilson, passed on the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to the accounting officers of the Treasury Department, by the act supplementary thereto, passed on the twenty eighth of March, one thousand eight hun-

vested in the Secretary of War. H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives

JAS. BARBOUR,

President of the Senate pro tempore March 3d, 1819,—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of Aquila Giles. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of d merica, in Congress assembled, That, the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorised and directed to settle the claim of Aquilla Giles, on account of a warrant issued by It. Lincoln, dated December twenty-eighth, seventeen hundred and eighty-two, and attested by Joseph Charleton, expressing on its face to have issued for the balance of his pay as a major for that-year, for five hundred dollars, add the amount which may be found due sliall be paid to the said Aquilla Giles out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise ap propriated: Provided, That any sum or sums of money which he thay stand char-ged on the books of the Treasury be first deducted out of said amount.

dred and fourteen, be; and are hereby,

H. CLAY. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tempore March 3, 1819.—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT extending the term of half-pay pen sions to the widows and children of certain officers, seamen and marines, who died in the

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where provision has been made by law for five years half pay to the widows and Children of officers, seamen, and marines, who were killed in battle, or died of wounds received in battle, or who died in the naval service of the United States, during the late war, the said provision shall be continued tor the additional term of five years, to commence at the end of the first term of tive gears, in each case, respectively, making the provision equal to ten years half-pay, which shall be paid in the nianner and out of the fund heretofore designated by law; and the said pensions shall also cease for the reasons mentioned in the said law.
H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tempore March 3, 1819:—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of Robert' M'Calla and Matthew H. Jouett.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House

of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Tliat the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the accouns H. Jouett, late paymaster to the twenty-eighth regiment of infantry, upon the prin-ciples of equity and justice: *Provided*, That it shall appear that the said Robert M'Cal la and Matthew H. Jouett have not been guilty of any misconduct or default in failing to render their accounts for settlement.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, pro tempore. March 3, 1819.—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of Henry Bateman. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a patent shall be granted to Henry Bateman for the north-east quarter of section thirty, of township four south, and range six east, of the second principal meredian, in the Jeffersonville district, on the final settlement .certificate which has been returned to the General Land office, for the payment of the principal of the purchase mo-

ney on' the said quarter section of land.
H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS. BARBOUR, President of the Senate, pro tempore March 3, 1819,—Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT for the relief of Rees Hill.

accounting officers of the Treasury De-

rised and directed to settlethe account of Rees Hill, fate a colonel of militia, in the service of the United States, for moneys advanced by him to defray the necessary expences of the troop under his command, while in service as aforesaid, in such many ner as may appear to them to be just and equitable, reimbursing to him any sums he may have paid as interest on moneys loaned, to make the advances aforesaid.

Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, pro tempore
March 3, 1819.—ApployMES MONROE.

N ACT to provide for the due execution of the laws of the United States, within the state of

Be it enacted by the Senate and house of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the laws of the United States, which are not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within the said-state of Illinois, as elsewhere within the United

Sec. 2 And be it further enacted, That the said state sliall be one district, and be called the Illinois district.' And a district court shall be held therein, to consist of one judge, who shall reside in the said district, and be called a district judge. He shall hold, at the seat of government of the said state, two sessions annually, on the first Mondays in May and December and shall, in all things; have and exercise ne same jurisdiction and powers, which were by law given to the judge of the Keu-tucky district, under an act, entitled "An act to establish the judicial courts of the United States." He shal, appoint a clerk or the said district, who shall reside and keep the records of the court, at the place of holding the 'same, and shall receive; for the services performed by him, the same lees to which the clerk of the Kentucky district is entitled for similar services:,,

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the judge of the said district court, the annual compensation of one thousand dollars, to commence from the date of his appointment; to be paid quarter yearly, at the treasury of the Unied States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enncted, That there shall be appointed in, the said district, a person learned in the law: to act as attorney for the United States, who shall, in addition to his stated fees, be paid: by the United States, two hundred dollars, as a full compensation for all extra

Sec. 5. And be it farther enacted; Tha marshall be appointed for the said dis trict, wlio shall perform the same duties. be subject to the same regulations. and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees as are prescribed to marshals in other districts; and shall, moreover, be entitled to the sum of two hundred dollars annually,

a compensation for all extra services.
H. CLAP, Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAMES BARBOUR President of the Senate, pro tempore

March 3. 11819.—Approved.

JAMES MONROE. 'AN ACT for the relief of Hannah Ring and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and house & Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the act providing forcertain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United states, in the revolutionary war, passed the eighteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, shall be construed to authorise the Secretary of War to place on the pension' hat Jonathan Ring, a soldier in the revolutionary, war, now insane, of the Hannah Ring, his wife, Juring his insanity, shall be sufficient for the pension allowed by the said act.

Sec. 2. And beit further enacted, That the said act shall be also construed to authorise the Secretary of War to place on the pension list John Frink, 3 soldier in the revolutionary war, now insaue, of the first of May, eighteen hundred and eight teen, and that the receipt of Luther Frink his son, shall be sufficient for the pension

allowed by the said act,
Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That the act shall be also construed to authorise the Secretary of War to place on the pension list Abraham Edwards, a mariner in the revolutionary War, now insane, of the first of July, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and the receipt of Joseph Edwards, his sen, shall [be] sufficient for the pension allowed by this act.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said act shall also be construed to authorise the secretary of War, to place on the pension list. Thomas, Lucas, a soldier, in the revolutionary war, now insane of the fourteenth of January, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and that the receipt of the wife of the said Thomas Lucas, or his guardian, shall be sufficient for the pension

allowed by the said act.

H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Represetatives.

JAS, BARBOUR,

President of the Senate, pro tempore.

March 3. 6819—Approved,

JAMES MONROE

AN ACT supplementary to the act entitled "Ar act to authorise" and empower the Presid of and Managers of the Washington Turnpike

Company of the state of Maryland, when organized to extend and make their turnpike road to or from Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, through the said District to the line thereof."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled that the law of the state Maryland, entitled A supplement to an act entitled an act to incorporate a company to make a tempike road for the line of the District of Collumbia, where it crosses, the post raid-leading from Georgetewn to Frederictium, through Montgomery and Frederick couties, to Fredericktown," passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight teen, be, and the same is herby, declared to be in full force within the District of

H. CLAY,
speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the Senate, prempore.
March 3. 1819—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT to enforce those provisions of the act entitled "An act to incorporate the subscri-bers to the Bank of the United States," which relate to the right of voting for directors, and for other purposes:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That in all elections of directors of the Bank of the United here, for to be held, under and by virtue of the "Act to incorheld, under and by virtue of the "Act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States," whenever any person shall offer to the judges of such election more than thirty votea in the whole, including those offered an his own right, and those offered by him as attorney, proxy, or agent, for any others, the said judges of the elections, or any one of them, are hereby authorized and required to administer to the said person, so offering to vote, the following oath or affirmation, viz.

I, —, do solemnly swear, (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I have no interest, directly or indirectly, in the shares upon which I shall vote at this election, as attorney for others, that those shares are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, truly and in good faith, owned by the

those shares are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, truly and in good faith, owned by the persons in whose names they now stand; and that, in voting at this election, I shall mot in any manner violate the first fundamental article of the "Act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States." And the said-judges of elections, or any one of them, shall be authorized and empowered, in their discretion, or at the instance of any stockledge of the back to the instance of any stockholder of the bank, to administer ?he said oath or affirmation to any

person offering to vote at any such election.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That my person shall be entitled to vote at any such election, son shall be entitled to vote at any such election, as attorney, proxy, or agent, for any other pesson, copartnership, or body politic, without a power for that purpose being duly executed in the presence of a witness, and filed in the paner, and on which power shall be endorsed the only or affirmation of the person, or one of the copartners, or of the head, or some one of the officers of the body politic granting such account. of the body politic granting such powers in the words following: "I, _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am (or that the copartnership consisting of nightly and, are, or that the corporation known by the name of ______ is, as the case may be truly the name of is, as the case may be) truly and in good faith, the owner (or owners, as they case may be) of the shares in the capital stock of the Bank of the United States, specified in the within power of attorney, and of no other shares, that no other person has any interest in the said shares, directly or indirectly, except as stated in the said power, and that no other power has been given to any person, which is now, in force the said power; and that no other power that been given to any person, which is now in force; to vote for me (or for the coparificrably aforce; aid, or for the body politic aforesaid, as the case may be) at any election of directors of the said bank;" which oath on affirmation may be taken, before a notary public, judge, or justice of the peace, and shall be certified by him.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That if the fudges of any election of directors, to be held as aforesaid, shall permit any person to give more than thirty votes in the whole, at any such election, without the said person's having taken the

tion, without the said person's having taken the aforesaid oath or affirmation, or shall suffer any. person whatsoever to vote as attorney, agent, or proxy, for any other person, or for any copart-nership, or body politic, without a power for of Robert McCalla, late a major in the service of the United States, and Matthew Hannah Ring his wife Iuring his ways aforesaid such of the said infrastructure. aforesaid; such of the said judges as shall consent thereto shall severally be deemed guilty of sent thereto shall severally be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on due conviction thereof, shall be subject to a fine-not exceeding two, thousand uollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, at the discretion of the court before which such conviction shall be had. And is any person shall wilfully and absolutely swear or affirm falsely, in taking any oath or affirmation, prescribed by this act, such person, so offending, shall, upon due conviction thereof, be subject to the pains and penalties which are, by law prescribed for the punishment of wilful and corrupt

perjury.
Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any, Sec. 4. And be at Junear entered, which person shall, directly or indirectly, give any sum or sums of money, or any other bribe, present, or reward, or any promise, contract, obligation, or sums of money, or any other prine; present, or reward, or any promise, contract, obligations or security, for the payment or delivery of any money, present, or reward, or any things of the procure the opinion, vote, or interest, of the President of the Bank of the United States or either of the directors thereof, or the president. or a director of either of the branches of the said bank, in any election, question, matter, or thing, which shall come before the said president and directors for decision, in relation to the interest and management of the business of the said banks. management of the business of the said banks, and shall be thereof convicted, such person or persons, so giving, promising, contracting, or securing to be given, paid, or delivered, any sum, or sums of money, present, reward, or other bribe, as aforesaid, and the president or appear of who shall, in any wise, accept or receive the same, on conviction thereof, shall be fired and imprisoned at the discretion of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of trust or profit under the said corporation, and shall, also, for ever, be disqualified to hold any office of honour, trust, or profit, under the Un-

shari, and, no ever, be unsquanted to horize the Unoffice of honour, trust, or profit, under the Unted States. H. CLAY,
Speaker of the H. se of Representatives,
JAS. BARBOUR,
President of the S-nate, pro tempore. President of discount of the March 3, 1819—Approved, J. MES MCC.

Foreign News.

LONDON, December 24.

The hopes long entertained of acquining an intimate knowledge of the interior of Africa, are likely to be soon realized. A very intelligent and enterprising gentleman named Bodeck, unappalled by the densers and difficulties of the sound of palled by the danger and difficulties of the un dertaking, and the failure of many adventurers to penetrate into the heart of that continent, has recently returned to England, after having overcome these difficulties, and successfully explored the kingdom of the Ashantees, in which he resided for six months. During the first halt of this interval he was incarcerated in a dungeon, and expected hourly to be put to death. The and expected hourly to be put to death. The King of the Ashantees was greatly interested by this stranger, and had him often brought from his cell to the palace, for the purpose of inquiring from whence he came, and the purpose of his visit. These interviews always took place in the dead of the night, and upon one early occasion his majesty met Mr. Bodeck half-way in the dark. After repeated conversation his majesty become quite satisfied with respect to the intentions of the stranger, who will be rated, and for the last three months of his stay he resided at the Court, and was treated with great kindness. Among the curious and valuable articles brought home by Mr. Bodeck, is a Geographical History of the Ashantee Kingdom in the native language, and an account of the travels and death of Mungo Park. He represents the King of the Ashantee as a most able and intelligent man. His obseras a most able and intelligent man. His observations and questions, which were incessant, displayed strong matural discriment and intelligence, and he was particularly anxious in his inquiries respecting the policy of the European governments.

LONDON, Jan. 23.

The Paris papers of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday last were received this morning; being all that were due. They country affords, and who are most likely to morning; being all that were due. They country affords, and who are most likely to communicate another royal death, that of the Queen Mother of Spain, Maria Their is intimated that measures in favour of resa, consort of Charles IV. and the mother of Ferdinand VIIth. Her Majesty and as too well digested, and powerfully expired on the 2nd inst. This double calamity, the loss of a wife and a parent, within so short a period of each other, will be severely felt by the King of Spain.
No public business of any importance

has been transacted in either of the French Chambers. The funds have maintained a

steady price at 68f. Yesterday we received the Paris papers to the 22d inst, the contents of which are not important. The Chamber of Deputies have been engaged only in discussing some arrangements respecting the mode of receiving Petitions, and in appointing a Deputation to attend the explatory service, which was performed at St. Dennis on Thursday last, for the late King of France.

London, Dec. 27. The metropolis was on Tuesday enveloped in a fog, the most dense that has been witnessed for several years. The darkness in the early part of the day was not so very great as to be attended with extraordinary inconvenience; but it gradually increased, and about four o'clock it became impossible to discern an object at the distance of a few paces. The carriages and wagons moving along the streets were not discernible from the flag-ways, and pas-sengers on the latter derived very little aid transine lights in the windows, or in the lamps, assumest of the shops, from fear of accidents were shut, and several of the latter were extinguished by the fog; even those which did burn afforded but a very feeble twinkling light, not visible until a near approach. The coachmen alighted from their boxes to lead the horses; and the link-boys were in great numbers to of-fer their assistance, but with every possible care and precaution the passengers both on foot and in carriages, seldom succeeded in making their way without mistakes, and horses and carriages frequent-ly deviated from the street to the flag-ways to the immiffent danger of the passengers. The noises made by the people in the streets, were frightful; some shricking from terror when surprised by the sudden approach of a horse or a carriage, and others calling out to their fellow travellers to warn them of their danger, or anxious-ly inquiring their way. In many cases the company deserted their carriages, which remained stationary, the coachmen not knowing where they were. Various sums, from half a crown to ten shillings, were obtained by link boys for conducting

Very late from England.

by this unwelcome visitor.

nished with fire, were filled and darkened

Nonrock, March 10.
Arrived in Hampton Roads yesterday forenoon, the fast sailing ship Virginia.
Captain Fisher, in S7 days from Liverpool. To the usual politicattention of Capt. F. we are indebted for Liverpool papers to the 27th, and Loudon to the 25th of January, being nearly a month in advance of former dates; having received them, however, at a late hour last night, our extracts from them are, for the present, necessarily limited.

The Parliament commenced its session

on the 21st of January.

The papers announce the death of the Queen of Wirtemburg, and Mana Theresa of Parma, consort of Charles IV. of Spain

and mother of Ferdinand VII.

A Liverpool paper says, "It was expected that the Speech from the Throne would have been spoken by the Regent in necession; but, on account of its being necessary to revert to the death of the Queen and to other family alamities, his Roya Highness preferred tur, ing that duty over to commission, and to remain himself in private at Brighton.

The famous Mr. Hunt has again come upon the stage. He lately appeared at a popular meeting at Manchester, and was received with great eclat. In the evening cause of some and us proceedings.

The preliminary proceedings in the charge brought against several persons accused of a plot, tending to place on the throne of France, the son of Napoleon, and to give the regency to her Majesty the Empress Maria Louisa, are terminated; two of them are to be set at liberty, the others are to be tried.

(From the Public Ledger, of Dec.30.)

Private letters from Spain repeat the ru mors which we noticed several weeks ago, of an application having been actually made by the deposed Monarch, Charles IV. to the Sovereigns at Aix-la-Chappelle, for their assistance in the recovery of his Throne. They add, that he had authorized his friends to signify, that if he should be able to resume the Crown, he would immediately put an end to the war, calculated to bring misery and ruin upon the country without any chance of accomplishing the purpose in view, and he had signified his positive intention to acknowledge the independence of the revolted colonies, and, by amicable negociations, to secure as early as possible a commercial intercource with them, and indeed, to render it exclusively in favour of Old Spain, in return for so great a boon. The deposed King, it is futher said, had declared, that the Prince of Peace, as he was styled, shall never pol lute the soil of Spain any more; that he will yield to the enlightened spirit of the times, in removing every obstacle to the happiness of the people, and the improvement of the Government, according to the Counsels of the wisest Statesmen that the country affords, and who are most likely to supported, for Ferdinand to be able to resist them.

IRUN, (Spain) Jan. S.
The couriers between Madrid and Cadiz are escorted by strong detachments of cavalry, posted at different distances in La Mancha, and on the route across La Sierra-Morena. Travellers proceeding to or arriving from Andalusia, are compelled to unite in caravans in the difficult passages; these caravans are escorted by small detachments of cavalry. The armed bands have retired into the passes of the montains, and seldom come out; however, one of their bands had the audacity to advance as far as the canon of Val de Pegnas.

Latest from France.

Boston, March 12. Paris papers as late as the 21st are received by the above arrival, but we have had time to look over only a few of them up to the 16th.

The London dates in the papers we have seen are to Jan. 11. ..

There have been a great number of failures in England, France, &c. and much anxiety has produced; but the French stocks have risen to 67 a 68, 10, and the British stocks are a little better.

Reinforcements continue to be obtained in England for the Spanish Patriots and expedited often. They seem to be destinagainst New Grenada.

The London Courier mentions letters from Madrid, announcing that Morillo has been recalled, and that the great expedition would sail from Cadiz the end of April, and carry out 15,000 troops?but a French paper says that no such intelligence has reached Paris.

The Queen of Wirtemberg, sister to the Emperor of Russia, died Jan. 9.

Gen. Desolle is now the French minister for foreign affairs. Gen. Excelmans has received permission to return to Prance.

An ambassador from the Nabob of Bed-nore, has arrived in England.

A late writer, mentioning the death of circumnavigator, Bougainville, who died at the age of 86, relates what this officer said in the hearing of his aid-decamp, Levis, when, at. Ticonderoga, he in the action, was knocked down by a ball, and when an officer had said to Levis, a carriage through a single street. In the poor B. is killed we must bury him to-more tow with the rest. B. as he rose, replied. scarcely visible to the audience; and even you are quite cool about it; but you are private houses, though close and well fur not bury me this time!', The incident gave him an interest in the country, and before he left Canada, he had purposed to cross' the American continent to the Paci-fic ocean; but the war prevented. An enthusiasm, awakened by the slighest incident, is capable of sublime effect. What a journal would Bougainville have given us Blessed be the enthusiasm that blesses and exalts the human race .- Essex. Reg.

> Typhus Fever.—A London paper states that Dr. Smith obtained from Parliament five thousane pounds for the following recipe for the cure of the Typhus Fe six drachms of powdered nitre, 6 do. of oil of vitriol; mix them in a tea cup by adding to the nitre one drachm of the oil at a time. The cup to be placed during the preparation on a hot hearth, or plate of heated iron, and the mixture stirred with a tobacco pipe. The cup to be placed in different parts of the sick room.

> Smyrna, (Del.) February 25. Longevity.—Departed this life on the 19th of Feb. Flora Ferguson, (negro) aged one hundred and thirty years: this woman was born in Guinea, where she remained until she was upwards of 60 years of age. at which time she was kidnapped and brought to America, where she has been 70 years. On the morning of her death, she ate a hearty breakfast, and went to bed and remained until dinner, when the family went to awake her, behold she was dead.

The report of Marshal Gronchy having with papers from Brussels to the 21st inst. Jan. 9.

THE WHIC.

BRIDGETON, MARCH 22, 1819.

The Cumberland Bible Society Will hold their Annual Meeting in the Church of Deerfield on Tuesday, the 6th of April next, at 2 o'clock P. M. when a Sermon will be delivered by the Secretary, or Mr. Osborn.—After which the Annual Report will be read before the Society, and the Managers chosen for the next year. It is contemplated to alter the Constitution so as to have fifteen Managers instead of nine. The present Managers are notified to meet at 10 o'clock at the Church on the day aforesaid.

JONATHAN FREEMAN, Sec'ry. Bridgeton, March 22, 1819.

FOR THE WASHINGTON WHIG

There is no greater enemy to the regular gra dation of mental improvement, than indelence Malignant fortune, or the opposition of envy and ignorance, may conspire to prevent the develope ment of genius, and crush the hopes of the as piring spirit; yet, like smothered flame, it wil only emit a brighter lustre.

Much has been said upon the obstacles which oppose a career of glory, but there are none so powerful, none so permanent, as a spirit of inde lence. It may be termed a disease of the mind for like those of the body it preys upon its faculties, undermines its strength, and finally consigns it to the tomb of oblivion. Indolence is one of those Circean spells, which enchains every faculty, and palsies every exertion. Its lowing letter: electric touch weakens the vigour of intellect, and deadens the ardour of emulation, leaving us torpid, inanimate, and insensible. An idle man is a most unenviable object. He can accuse no one for his condition, and there are none who can console him upon its probable termination. He is like a miser, surrounded by treasures, which he is unable, or unwilling to enjoy, starving in the midst of an abundance, to which he will not have recourse. This habit commence with our childhood, "grows with our growth, and strengthens with our strength," acquiring new force by indulgence, until it becomes impossible to surmount or eradicate. Its dawning is first evinced by reluctance to undergo corpo real labor. From thence it invades the mind until the mere act of thinking becomes tiresome When a man has fallen thus far, little hope can be entertained for his recovery. When reflection becomes burdensome, he has no stimulus to exertion. The pleasures of retrospection cannot soothe, the voice of censure cannot excite, for upon the past, the present, or the future, there is scarcely bestowed a thought. His ideas are contracted within the mere circles of his actions, whose sphere each day contributes to diminish. "Were you to ask me," says a celebrated writer, "what is an inherent vice of human nature, I should not answer, Pride, Ambition, or Avaricebut Idleness." It is indeed a curse which the fall of our first parents has entailed upon us, and which will continue to descend upon our posterity, an obstacle to the progress of learning and virtue, and a bar to the expansion of human intellect. Were we to calculate the time which is expended in absolute indolence, the sum would astonish us. Hour-after hour is suffered to elapse in culpable inactivity, without an idea how many of the sands of life are thus wasting, and how few yet remain to be improved .-While it is astonishing to what a degree of lassitude and lethargy the human mind may sink,it is equally surprising, and far more interesting, to observe to what a point the opposite extreme may be carried. To those duly appreciating the value of time, each moment is precious, and each as it revolves, bears with it some mark of application and improvement. It was by attention to those particles which form so great a portion of our existence, that Bacon, Locke, Newton and Franklin attained their celebrity. None who have attained a niche in the Temple of Fame, did it without exertion. Pope was self-instructed; Casar was an economist of time, and Washington was a model of industry. I have often admired that passage in the life of H. K. to thy White, which describes his application as being White, which describes his application as being so great, as not only to induce him to forego (Signed)

Respectful Friend,

Respectful Friend,

JOSEPH LANCASTER. most of the amusements of his age, but like a second Granier, to abstain from his meals, lest they should encroach upon his studies. It is true, he fell a martyr to his thirst for knowledge, but he carried it too far: yet it were better to perish in such a cause than to slumber out an unprofitable existence But without injuring our health, we may improve our time; without sacrificing any innocent and allowable recreation. we may lay up a fund of intelligence for our de. clining years. There is a time for all things. and we should not permit the trifling amusements of youth to interfere with the acquirement of knowledge or obstruct our progress to honou and reputation.

[From the Trenton True American.] New-Jersey Banks.

The following Statement, which we copy from the Treasurer's accounts' exhibits the amount of Banking Capital in this state, and of the tax paid thereon to Govern-

and or and the fo		
ment:		
시민가 맛있었게 그렇	Capitals.	Am't. of taxes.
Newark bank,	\$300,000	\$1,500.00
Camden, do.	500,000	8,000 00
Trenton, do.	214,000	1,073 00
N. Brunswick, do.	163,450	817 25
Cumberland, do.	50,000	250 00
Newark State, do.	200,000	1,000 00
Farmers' State, do.	100,000	500 00
Trenton State, do.	92,400	452 00
N. Brunswickado. d		700 CO
E. Town State, do.	99,000	499 88
Morris State, do.	100,000	500 00
Patterson State, do.	120,000	600 00
	\$2,180,565	\$10,902 83

A weekly paper, entitled "The Star in the West, or Masonic Chronicle," has been commenced at New-York, by T. W.

National Intelligencer) has been referred to in the late negociations with Spain. From that Map it appears, that the whole lomain of the United States, extending from the Pacific Ocean, is about equal to two million two hundred and fifty six thousand, nine hundred and fifty five square miles: of which that part lying East of the Mississippi, and including the Floridas, is equal to nine hundred and forty two thousand one hundred and thirty square miles. If the whole domain were as populous as Connecticut at the last Census, (1810) it would contain a population of one hundred and thirty-five millions, four hundred and seventeen thousand three hundred persons: and, if as populous as Italy now is, the number would be five hundred and one million, forty-four thousand and ten! Give but the imagination play, and there is no limit to the grandeur we may anticipate for our country. Nay, if arithmetic be true, a very few brief years will find this the most powerful nation on the globe. We have only to wish that it may be as enlightened as it is powerfui.

Joseph Lancaster.

After this enlightened and excellent philanthropist had delivered his two lecures in Congress Hall, Mr. Bassett, of Virginia, moved to admit him on the floor of the House during its sittings; which motion was unanimously agreed to, and Mr. Lancaster informed of it, who feelingly acknowledged the compliment in the fol-

"To Burwell Bassett, a Representative from Virginia.

HONORED FRIEND. "How shall I express the feeling gratitude of an overflowing heart, when I perused thy speech and the vote of the House of Representatives yesterday respecting myself. I had no notion that my motives to action-my humble services, in a great and righteous cause, would have been so highly honored and appreciated. I received it with feelings deep as they will be lasting-When duty calls me to arduous exertion, it will be a stimulus to activity, a light on my path to cheer me on my way. I hail it as a mercy from Heaven granting me a most honorable introduction to a great nation —a new call to duty; a powerful passport to usefulness. But there is one point of view in which it is to me a consolation-a joy-an honor, beyond all price, both in the thing done, as well as the time and manner of doing it.

I have left in my own country a venerable and beloved Father, a pious old man of seventy-five. I am his youngest son—the joy of his life, the consolation of his old age. On parting he wept over me with tears of joy-he gave me up freely, he said, without a sorrowful accent: "Go, my dear son, God will bless thee-I rejoice that thou art going to be a blessing to the children of another nation. The good will of Him that dwelt in the bush be with thee." This honored parent I am not likely to see any more, short of that mansion which he loooks to as his own -an inheritance with the saints in light -a city that hath habitations, where God wipes all tears from his people's faces, and gives them joy unutterable without endwithout alloy.

But the good wishes and the God of my father is with me, and the news of this honorable act of thine will reach him-will cheer his aged heart-will make his tears of joy to flow—will consule perhaps his dy ing hours, and tune another song of praise for mercies past, which shall rise to the footstool of omnipotence as grateful incense, and bring down from thence the blessings of Heaven on thy head.

While the heart of the writer beats, thy name and gratitude will be the same word, mean the same thing in my mind May he who first loved little children -called them and blessed them, remem ber thy kindness to me as their friend, and reward with his love thy goodness

P. S 'I am rather over-done, but to be in the House at 10 o'clock or near, for a short 'time.

Washington, 1st Month, 27th, 1819.

The anecdote, which is so neatly' versified by a Baltimore Editor, actually occurred with Mr. CLAY and Mr. LANCAS-TER:

When slim Speaker CLAY. looking up at his CHAIR,

Saw that very fat man, Joseph LANCASTER, there, He said, while with pleasure the pun thro' him thrilied, "Sir, I never before saw that Chair so well filled."

The Teacher, well pleased, to reply was not slow:

For witty, the serious, was dignified Joe: He mildly remarked, in the same dunning way, He who filled the chair best was no better than Clay."

General Brown.-Nineteen years ago General Brown, with a wallet on his back containing twelve or thirteen day's provisions, journeyed into the woods, swung his axe, and felled the first log that ever was cut in Brownsville for the erection of a human habitation. The log hut is still standing. We will suppose, that while he was thus employed in felling the tree, some unseen spirit had whispered in his ear, that he should, at the revolution of nineteen years from that period become a Major General of the United States the subject of oratorial panegyrick-the theme for the American muse—Would he not have been worse than idly credulous, if he should have placed any confidence in the prophecy? Yet all this and more have pened to this hardy adventurer, without

The Prospect.-Mellish's Map, (says the | the intervention of a miracle, - These are some among many of the blessings guar-ranteed by our republican form of government. It affords an opportunity for the developement and display of native talent; and presents almost a sure prognostic that we have heroes, patriots, and statesmen, reserved for whatever crisis may befalus in the common allotment of nations; that the strength of nerve will be augmented in proportion to the superincum bent weight. - When the cloud lowers in our hemisphere, fraught with thunder and tempest, and every heart is dismayed in the solemn and ominous pauses between the peals-it suddenly opens, and discovers to our view our guardian angel, radiant in his glory, who rides upon the whirl-wind down the horizon, and leaves our firmament beautiful, luminous, and se-rene.—Journal of the Times.

> St. Stephens, (Ala.) Feb. 15.
> We learn by a traveller, that about forty miles above this place, near the river, a most tremendous hurricane has been experienced, taking its direction from southwest to northeast, and about 400 yards wide; destroying in its progress almost every thing in its way, blowing up the stoutest trees by the roots, and carrying immense limbs high in the air to a considerable distance. In its course some Choctaw Indians were encamped, one of whom was crushed to death in a most horrid manner.

[From the Federal Republican.] ANECDOTE.

The following is a fact, within our own observation. It is one, of a nature to lower the selfsufficiency of man, and to elevate the other creasufficiency of man, and to elevate the other creatures of the earth, to some participation in his dignity. Such anecdotes ought to be remembered and collected. There are lundreds on the same subject—all tending to show a wonderful attachment of dogs to small children. It is even a fact, confirmed by much observation, that that attachment diminishes with the helplessness of the child. We know of dogs that have successions. attachment diminishes with the helplessness of the child. We know of dogs that have successively transferred their affection, from one child to another, through a large family; always adhering, in foul weather and in fair, to the youngest—sleeping by it—playing with it—and guarding it for ever, with something more than a brute consciousness of its helpless dependance. These anecdotes are delightful to people of all ages and conditions—ald and young the simple. ages and conditions—old and young, the simple and the wise; and volumes might be produced, were they collected in season, of anecdotes, each almost miraculous in itself, but mutually confirming and establishing each other. But they are generally passed over, or only talked about in a limited circle, and when recorded, have lost all that circumstantial character, which stamps idelify upon a story.

fidelity upon a story.

The fact is as follows:—During the late cerca The fact is as follows:—During the late ceres monies, in honour of General Jackson, an unfortunate little girl, incapable of taking care of itself, got among the crowd and was separated from the servant that attended it. Inquiry was made, in all directions, but to no purpose. The day passed off, night came, and no tidings were heard of it. At length it happened that two gentlemen, whose walk had led them some distance from the city, between one and two o'clock that night, were furiously attacked by two dogs. The animals seemed to be neither vitious, nor mischievous, but exhibited a certain whining. mischievous, but exhibited a certain whining, anxious manner, that is known to be peculiar to themselves, when they would excite you to follow them. One of the gentlemen proposed to examine into the cause of this, but the other refused for some time, thinking it too romantic, or fused for some time, thinking it too romantic or childish, to hunt for an adventure, on such a slight invitation. But the other persisted: they followed the dogs, and were conducted to a sort of duagmire, where the little girl was found nearly sufficated and completely exhausted, with her struggling and crying. Thus was she saved by the providential agency of two dogs.

How many such events as this take place in families—but to be forestlen! It is unpardone.

families—but to be forgotten! It is unpardona-ble. They are humble lessons, it is true, but they are worth all the homilies that ever were written. What a volume might be made, if every well attested fact of this nature was preserved one with which the Christian and Philanthropist would be fortified, and the unbeliever—the cold, phlegmatic philosopher, who dares not feel, and

phlegmatic philosopher, who dares not feel, and therefore camot reason—would be confounded. This knowledge, that the very animals—the wolves of the forest (for dogs are little better than wolves, domesticated) should be tamed into such subjection; quickened with such intelligence; rendered so useful, and so affectionate, made to be our best protectors in peril; the guardians and play fellows of our children given to minister in the insecutivals archivers of heaving. -should be a panoply of adamant to the good man, and must be confusion to the wicked. A collection of such anecdotes, would be, though humble, one to which we might appeal, in ho-nesty and simplicity, with more confidence, than nost sublime speculations on morality would be an armory whence, even the weak and the foolish, might draw invincibility—weapons which must overthrow the strong holds of fallacy, though defended by the mightiest en-

It is, indeed, delightful to dwell on such the s, indeed, designful to dwell on such themes. The "half reasoning elephant," and the sagacjous dog, may well provoke a smile, when we lifer the profound distinctions repea-ed, which are known, so universally, to exist be-tween the reason of man, and the instinct of the

The " Republican Chronicle," of New-York, a Clintonian paper, has been discontinued; and " The American," devoted to Democratic principles, but at varience with all the parties in that state, is about to be

Singular.-The countries room of Messrs Loussat and Curcier, of Philadelphia, was robbed of \$225, which was forcibly taken from the desk. After a lapse of 11 days, the sum of S196 was returned to then through the Post-Office in a blank envelope-a proof that there is some honor among thieves.

James Brown is elected a Senator in Congress, from the state of Louisiana for ix years, from and after the third day of March next.

John C. Spencer, esq. has declined being a candidate for Senator in the place of Mr. King; and we shall not be surprised if the latter is re-elected

There are three Americans, in the present British parliament, and all Bostoni ans: Sir Isaac Coffin, Gen. Sheaffe, and John S. Copley, Esq.

Fire in Petersburg.

Petersburg Va. March 8. It is now seven o'clock, and we have just returned from witnessing a most ter rific scene. Nearly the whole of that ping of Petersburg called Blandford, is consumed by fire! The flame commenced about half past three o'clock, on the margin of the river. The wind blowing from N. W. with considerable violence, no effort could stay its progress, and in three hours time the whole of the buildings on Main street, beginning at the Causeway, and running parallel with the river 800 yards (suppose 70,) were destroyed; among the two were houses, with 80 hhds. tobacco, and the Masonic Hall.

A gang of robbers who had committed many neprecations, were lately traced out and taken prisoners near Charleston S. C. by a party of citizens. It consisted of five men and two women, who are all in jail, to await their trial.

Cincinnati Ohio, Feh. 23.
The steam boat Perseverance sailed from this place on Saturday last for Pitts-burg.—We understand she carried off five hundred thousand dollars in specie destin-ed for the mother Bank at Philadelphia.

Commerce of the Potomac .- There was inspected by the Inspector of Georgetown on Friday last, 4, 500 barrels of flour; and it was supposed there yet remained on the wharves, and in the boats, 10,000 barrels. This quantity had come down the river in two days, and great quantities more are on the way. The price at which considerable part of this flour has been sold is six and three eights of a dollar per barrel .- Nct. Intel.

On Thursday afternoon last, about five o'clock four of the convicts cofined in the prison of Philadelphia, made their escape by means of excavating the earth from ander the foundation, and working up through the pavement.

A Providence paper remarks, that so great is the amount of American claims up-on Spain for commercial spoliations, under the late treaty, that the five millions ap-propriated will not pay 25 per cent of it.

It is rumored, says the New York Columbian, that one of the banks of New York has received \$50,000 of counterfeit money, and that another has discovered a deficit of about \$100,000.

One of the firm of Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co. engravers, in Philadelphia, has recently been invited over to England, to assist in engraving plates for the bank of England.

Extraordinary Liberality.—Moses Brown, Esq. of Newburyport, some time ago gave ten thousand dollars to the Theological Seminary at Andover, and has lately presented 25,000 more to the same

institution.

A great Shoat.—Mr. Judah Wright, of Deerfield, Mass. fattened and killed a shoat, 19 months old, which weighed 640

A motion for calling a convention to revise the Constitution of New-York, has been negatived in the Assembly of that state, by a majority of five votes.

The electioneering campaign has opened with vigor in several of the eastern states. and in New-York. We presume the result will be everywhere favorable to the Republicans.

From the New Yor Evening Post.

To prevent unnecessary trouble, we now inform all parties and sections of parties, that we cannot hereafter publish their notices calling election metings, resolves passed at their meetings, or nominations, without first being paid for their insertion the customary price as an advertisement

Dandyısm Extraordinary.

A few days ago a meeting took place in the neighbourhood of this pool) between a scafaring gentleman and a well known "dandy," in consequence of some difference that occurred at one of the public places of amusement. The ground was measured, and every preliminary proceeding adjusted, but when the dandy, on taking his "awful stand," doffed a large box coat which he had previ-ously worn, a highly ludicrous scene followed; the friend of the navai gentleman, perceiving his antagonist in amazonian armour, and so compact and tightly laced about the body observed, he could not consistently with the delicacy of his situation (however exquisite the dandy might appear) admit of an exchange of fire, un-less he took off his stays, and appeared like a man, so as to give his friend a fair chance. This the dandy and his second peremptorily refused, the latter exclaiming "Podigious!"—the former "Monstrous! it's to-to-tally impossible, pin my honour: I must keep up appearances, and may as soon be out of the world as out of the fashion!" The son of Neptune, who was the whole time convulsed with laughter, cried out " d-n the thing let him set ap his bobstays and rigging as taul as he pleases, I'll hall him: though the lubber's not a fathom broad of me now, I can scarce ly see more above his waterlee than the goosewings of his head sail." The business we are happy to say ended without blood shed by the two dandies walking off "tip-toe;" with the utmost sang froid, anid shouts of laughter .- Liv. pap.

> IMPROMPTU. I've heard, "nine Tailors make a man," And if Report's no railer, Eve also heard (deny who can) Ten Dandies muks a Tailor.

[From the Milledgeville Reflector.] THE BACHELOR'S SOLILOQUY. A. PARODY.

ir must be so. Hymen thou reasonest well!— Else why this anxious wish, this warm desire; This longing after happier being? Or whence this secret dread; this inward horror Of living an old bachelor? Why shrinks my sou Back on herself, and startles at celibacy? Tis my noble nature stirs within me; Tis heaven itself shews the want of something, And points out matrimony to me.

Matrimony! thou pleasing dreadful thought!

Through what variety of untried scenes.

Of happiness or misery must I pass?

The wide, the unbounded prospect lies before me But shadows, clouds and darkness rest upon it.

Thus gives me pause. If there be passions still dormant

In my breast, (and that there is I see in others Or I've an unfinished soul) their exercise Must give pleasure-for to this end were the

given.
Rut how! are nuptial joys for others made—
And did he, who gave me life, destine me thus
To live alone? It cannot be: my fate's my own, And I will mend it.—Thus am I doubly arm'd, Convinc'd that what I see is true in others, And resolution fis'd to marry, I see in full array my curse and blessing, Bane or antidote, both are before me.

This would destroy the little life I have: But this informs me it shall be doubled. The pair, secur'd in link'd affection, smile At the toils of life and all its varied cares Though friends should false become, and healt

Decay, and beauty sink in years, Their love shall flourish in perpetual bliss, Unchang'd amidst the war of passions. The wreck of fortune, and the crush of wealth.

Sheriff's Sale.

Py virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 24th day of March inst. between the books of 12 and 5 clock in the afternoon of said day, in the coun. of Cumberland, at the house of Dickinson Moore in the township of Downe, such as Beds hind Bedding, Desk, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glass, Carpel, Shovel and Tongs, Andirous, &c. Also 1 Horse, Sulky and Harness, two Cows, together with all the personal property of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Dickinson Moore; and taken in execution at the suit of sundry plaintiffs and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

WM. R. FITHIAN, Con-DANIEL WOODRUFF, Stables. March 22, 1819.

Sheriff's Sale.

PY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, to me di rected, issued out of Court of Chancery, of the state of New-Jersey, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday, the 18th day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberand, at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton, all that

Seized as the property of John Jarman and Jeremiah Buck defendants, and taken into execu-tion at the suit of Daniel L. Miller. James Kinsey and John Cooper, complainants, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. March 15 -2m

Proposals

For Publishing by Subscription,

HORÆ POETICÆ

OR,

The Transint Murmurs of a Solitary Lyre. Consisting of

POEMS AND SONGS,

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH.

BY JOHN BURTT.

Exough for me, if, to some feeling breast,
My lines a secret sympathy impart,
And as their pleasing influence flows confess'd, A sigh of soft reflection heave the heart.

CONDITIONS.

I. The work will be sent to press, as soon as a number of subscribers, competent to meet the expence of publishing, shall be procu-

red.

If. It shall be printed on good paper, with a handsome type, and will form a neat minature volume of 144 pages.

III. Booksellers, and others, shall be entitled to one copy for every six subscribers they procure; provided, that they collect and forward the subscriptions.

ward the subscriptions.

IV. The work will be delivered to subscribers in boards, price 75 cents, to be paid on de-livery.

ADDRESS TO THE PUBLIC. DEREMEMBER to have read, when a boy, of EMEMBER TO have read, when a boy, of a Happer, who played so long, and so frequently, to the walls of an empty room, and who listened with such raptures to the replies of their echoes to his harp, that he was, ultimately, persuaded of his transcendent merit, and adopted the laudality of their some early approximation of their some early approximation. of his transcendent merit, and adopted the lauda-ble resolution of taking some early opportunity to astonish the world with his harmony, when, in-stead of the dull responses of unfurnished walls, he should receive the applauses of markind, Ac-cording to this wise resolution, he attended a feast, which occurred in the neighbourhood very feast, which occurred in the neighbourhood very opportunity for the execution of his plan; where he hoped to suspend the importunities of every he hoped to suspend the importunities of every appetite, and the gratifications of every sense, hearing, of course, excepted. He already anticipated the profound silence of costacy, during his performance, and the reiterated bursts of admiration, which would greet him at every pause.

But what was his indescribable confusion, when But what was his indescribable confusion, when his harp, no longer accompanied by the riendly echoes, sounded feebly and harshly, and, instead of extorting the plaudits, drew upon him the contempt and abuse of the whole assembly! The poor, disappointed Harper retired to his denuded walls, under the vexatious conviction,—that no one is disposed to listen to our performances, appreciate their beauties, and excuse their defects, with the same complacent attention, which we exercise towards them ourselves.

In many things I resemble the unfortunate

In many things I resemble the unfortunate Harper. My lyre was strung in solitude, and its voice has been in secret. Pleused, myself, its voice has been in secret. Pleased, myself, with some of its notes, I hope, unaffectedly, that they will contribute to the pleasure of others, and without thinking, them entitled to loud applause, or capable of exciting admiration, I am willing to believe, that they may awake, sometimes, the sympathies of virtuous sensibility, and soothe the sorrows of the wounded heart. It is not improbable that I may experience the fate of the Harper; but with this difference in my favour,—that not having anticipated a reception quite so brilliant, my disappointment cannot be quite so brilliant, my disappointment cannot be equally severe.

The pieces, which compose this volume, are

enerally short. Leisure was my muse: her visi tations were brief, and I sang as she inspired. On this account, I was led to form a design of composing some piece of considerable length, which, like a Highland Chieftain in the midst of his clan, should stand at the liead, and give its name to the rest. I commenced, accordingly, and wrote some hundred lines, when a simple question, made me throw aside the quill, and form a new determination. Reflecting on the labour and the skill, requisite to the completion of a lengthy poem, I could not help asking myself, if any body would be at the trouble of reading my effu-sions when finished?—I dust not—could not answer. Without a friend, on whose judgment and impartiality I could rely, I determined to appeal to the public, and to stay myself upon its approbation, or how in acquiescence to its censure. If it approve, I may then be encouraged to proceed with my projected poem: if it treat me with disapprobation or neglect, I shall then be taught the impropriety of endeavouring, with a feeble hand, to wake the murmitrs of the lyre. It will be readily noticed, by a glance at the

following pages, that America is not the land of the Author's birth, although it has, latterly, be-come that of his adoption. Born and educated in the neighbourhood of the spot, which has been immortalized by the birth of Burns, he learned, at an early age, to lisp that gifted poet's numbers; and his young heart beat responsive to the hope of becoming, at some future period, a rival to his fame. But the bitter winter of adverrival to his tame. But the flutter of the whiter of a deci-sity destroyed the flattering illusion; and the disci-pline of experience has chastened his vanity, and convinced him of his weakness.

It is difficult, however, to shake off the effects of

It is difficult, however, to shake off the effects of early impressions; and people, who are acquainted with their powerful influence, will not be at a less to account for my temerity, in appearing before the Public, and confiding to its suffrage, a decision of the question;—whether I may be allowed to step forward, and claim the humble distinction of a rustic Bard, or content myself in walking with the many, who plod along the beaten track of life, without ever forming a wish to extend their influence beyond the little limits of their narrow path, and without ever indulging of their narrow path, and without ever indulging the hope, that their name may survive the grass which shall wither on their grave? From the Tract of Land,

Situate in the township of Fairfield, county of Cumberland, state of New Jersey, which by deed of partition between John Jarman and John Adorcock, dated 21st March 1814, was allouted to said John Jarman, and is bounded by Cchansey creek, lands of David Clark; land late John Latings, and by the tract of land allotted by said leed At partition unto said George Adcock, suby said deed of partition recorded in the Clerk's of deeds, page 543, will more fully appear—to gether with all and singular the ways, waters, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders, whatsoever thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders in the said complainants, the principal and interest in the said complainants, the principal and interest in the said decree.

Seized as/the property of John Jarman and Jeremiah Buck defendants, and taken into execute the state of the contributing the eyes of others, and shall probably discover many of the secret foldings of self-love, which conceal from me my own defects; I shall either be taught, to confine my exertions to a narrower circle, and lower my ambition to an humbler path, than the circuit of my readers, in the prosecution of such means as, I hope, will enable me to repay their favour, with the interest of more important and laborious attempts, and bolder flights in the regions of pleasure and utility. If the present essays are found to be spiritless and vapid, they will meet the circuit of partition for rendering me, in any degree, capable of contributing to the innocent entire the property of John Jarman and John Advinced to the grass of the property of John Jarman and John Advinced to the grass of the county of the county of the property of John Jarman and John Advinced to the grass of the county of the grass which sall derive that knowledge of myself, which self-partiality does not allow my the fic gree, capable of contributing to the innocent en-ioyments of my fellow-men, if it condemn, I shall breathe one sigh oyer the records of my folly, and bid the Lyre farewell forever. If the Critic condescend to lay his chastening

the critic condescend to lay his chastering hand upon these pages, and candidly point out their faults; he will confer a favour. At the same time, may remark, for the sake af softening his seven to, that the author has not the good for tune to be a classical scholar. To me, this is not theme of ignorant exultation, but on the contrary, a frequent subject of the most poignant regret. In the intervals of industrious toil, I have always turned a wistful eye towards the garden of knowledge. I inhaled, from afar, the fragrappe of its hearn and admired the heavy. fragrance of its bloom, and admired the beaut: of its prodoctions, although I could not wreather myself with a garland of its blossoms, or regald myself with the deliciousness of its fruits. This will account to the Critic for many imperfect tions; and mill probably tend.—not to suspend the exercise,—but to relax the vigour of his cas-tigations. Let him not think that I am suing for unreasonable indulgence, or cringing for un-warrantable favour. I do not desire it. I have no occasion for it. I was born in the cabin of toil, and educated in the school of industry. Iam possessed of health: and, therefore, I am independent. I am an author from choice, not from necessity: and whether my performances meet with favour, or be consigned to oblivion, I shall view them as the peasant does the flower-plat in the Corner of his garden. If the flowers flourish they contribute to the number of his innocent gratifications; if they die, he can live without

· Having few short pieces beside me, that have ot, in some way or other, been already befori the public, I can scarcely say that I have selected the following specimen. Such as it is, however, subjoin it, for the satisfaction of those, who ay wish to see something of the manner of author, before they sobscribe for his works.

Mary look'd sae cauld on me.

Brow on, rude tempest! wildly rave, And dash aloft the foaming wave; And dash aloft the foaming wave;
Come rapid with tumultuous sweep,
And spread thy terrors o'er the deep;
Thy head in cloudy darkness roll,—
Dark as the gloom which wraps my soul;—
For nought but gloom can pleasure gi'e
Since Mary look'd sae cauld on me.

I hear the bending forest groan;-I hear the hollow caverns moan;-I see the angry vapours fly, In scatter'd fragments o'er the sky; I see the moon, thro, parting clouds, Look wanly on the bending woods.— Cauld, cauld and cheerless is her e'e,— And Mary look'd as cauld on me

A comprehensive Glossary of all the Scotch words will be subjoined to the

March 22, 1819.-tf

Subscriptions to the above work will be received at this office.

Proposals

For Publishing a Periodical Work, in Bridgeto

CHRISTIAN REPERTORY

CONTAINING. DOCTRINAL AND PRACTICAL TRACTS Original and Selected.

Biblical Comments and Criticisms: Bio graphical Sketches; Religious Intelligence, Domestic and Foreign; Occasional Reviews; Reports of Sunday Schools; Bible, Missionary and Tract Societies, Moral and Religious Anecdotes; Obituary Notices,

Poetical Compositions. Conducted by A SOCIETY OF CLERGYMEN. Under the Superintendance of the REV. J. FREEMAN.

THIS work will contain the Theological senti-ments of the reformation; but will chiefly be de-voted to the dissemination of religious intelligence through West Jersey. Such a publication has long been wanted in this portion of the state. For near two centuries, the Christian Church has been praying. 'Thy kingdom come.' But in her efforts to enlarge the bounds of that kingdom, and multiply the triumphs of the cross, she has been lamentably deficient. Roused at length From her slumbers, a noble excitement to promote the Redeemer's cause pervades her whole body. She now prays and acts. She has organized a vast number of Bible and Missionary Societies—estanumber of Bible and Missionary Societies—esta-blished thousands of Sunlay Schools, and Tract Societies, which are in full activity to make the whole world from the infant to the hoary head, acquainted with the sacred volume, and the plan of salvation which it reveals. She has esta-blished a number of Theological Seminaries to furnish the harvest with able labourers—she has translated the Bible into more than half a hun-dred languages and dillects—she is sending Mis dred languages and dialects—she is sending Missionaries of the cross to the East and West, to the North and South—She has set up thousands of

dry bones.
In these movements we perceive the time, the set time to favour Zion' approaching. Shejbegins to 'look' forth as the morning, fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with

monthly concerts of prayer, which me unlocking the treasures of Heaven and drawing down co-

pious showers of divine grace upon the valleys of

the times.

CONDITIONS

. THE CHRISTIAN REPERTOR: will be printed in large octavo form, on fine paper, with a new

type.

I. It will contain nearly 800 pages, and be published in numbers on the first and third Saturday in every month.

of \$3 25, if three hundred subscribers be obstained; and \$3 00 a year if the number of sobscribers amount to four hundred, which will be made known on the publication of the first number!

V. One half of the subscription money must be paid on the delivery of the first number, and the other half on the delivery of the seventh. V. If a sufficient number of subscribers be ob-

tained, the first number may be expected on the first of June next. Bridgeton, March 9, 1819. On account of some suggestions made to the

subscriber in relation to the above proposed work, it is now explicitly stated, that no controversy will be admitted into the CHRISTIAN RE-PERTORY. One great object of the work will be to communicate religious intelligence, impartially from all denominations of christians. The whol christian church is now in activity, promoting the cause of the Redeemer. These exertions and their success in every christian denomination will

their success in every christian denomination will find a place in the Repertory.

The doctrines published, will invariably be those which are denominated the doctrines of grace. In regard to these doctrines, there is some difference of sentiment;—the different sentiments with the arguments to support them, will be clearly and impartially stated, and left to the judgment of the subscribers, without any con-troversy. Those doctrines, however, are but few in number. Several ministers, in high standing, have engaged to contribute to this work! and no pains will be spared to make it a useful work to christians of every name.

* Subscriptions will be received at the office of the Whio, and the different stores in Bridgeton.

JONATHAN FREEMAN.

NOTICE.

THE remainder of the Real Estate of Stephen Willis, will be offered at public sale on fourth day, the 24th instant, on the premises, consist ng of a Store House and Lot, now occupied by Thomas Lee, esq. an excellent stand for business and the Dwelling House and Lot now occupied by Stephen Willis, all in the village of Port-Eliza-beth. Possession to be given the 25th instant. Also, the moveable property of the said Stephen Willis, consisting of Household Goods and Kitchen Furniture, a Library of assorted books, one horse, &c. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given and conditions made known by

Samuel Silvers, Isaac Townsend, Assignees. Daniel Carrall, 6th of 3mo. (March) 1819-2t.

THE FAMOUS HORSE THE

WILL be let to Mares this season, at the stable of the Subscribers, at Dennis Creek, in the county of Cape May, at the rate of 5 dollars the season, 8 dollars to ensure a foal, and 2 dollars the single leap—If the money is paid by the 1st day of August, 4 dollars will be accepted as new for the season pay for the season.

KENTUCKY, is a jet black rising 10 years old,

full 15½ hands high, strong made, of great bone and sinew, moves elegantly, and comes well re-commended as a sure follgetter.—The fulsome adulation which is commonly bestowed on the Pedigree of Horses, is here totally omitted, although we can boast of as noble a line of ances try as the best of them—we are willing to res try as the best of them—we are willing to rest his merits, on his performance as a foalgetter, and on the turf (for a few sluiners if it was lawful). He will commence on the first day of April at the stable aforesaid, and be removed, to Cold Spring. and Fort Elizabeth, alternately as occasion ma

Seth Hand. James M. Clong. Denzis Creek, March 9, 1819.

Jumberland Orphans' Court,

SPECIAL TERM, MARCH 3d, 1818.

SPECIAL TERM, MARCH 3d, 1818.

JPON application of Arthur Linvil and H pe his wife, Guardians of Hannah Y Tyler, his wife, Guardians of Hannah Y Tyler, hing forth to his Court that the personal este of their ward is exhausted in her supported maintenance, and praying a decree of this out authorizing them to sell the whole of the eatlestate of the said Hannah Y Tyler, situate of the county of Cumberland aforesaid, for her wither support and maintenance, &c.

It is therefore ordered, That all persons interested in the lands, tenements, and real estate of aid minor, do appear before the Judges of this Court on Wednesday, the 28th of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and shew cause if any they have, why the whole of the real estate of the said Hannah Y. Tyler, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, should not be sold for her support and maintenance, &c.

By the court,

T. Elmer, Clk.

March 9, 1819—6wg

March 9, 1819-6w9

Adjourned Sales

Sheriff's Sales.

PY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, to me discreted, will be exposed to sale, at Public Yendue, on Tuesday the sixteenth day of February next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in Reidgeton. Bridgeton,

A Lot, of Land,

With the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Greenwich, said to contain eighteen acres more or less, joins lands of Joseph Miller, together with all the lands of the defendants.—Seized as the property of Stephen Balley, and Henry Parker, and taken in execution at the suit of Enoch Bocn, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

A Lot of Land,

Situate in the township of Greenwich, said to contain four acres more on less; together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Levin Bond, and taken in execution at the suit of Enoch Boon, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

January 12th, 1819—3t

One leading object of the Repertory is to make thown more extensively, through this part of the State, these pleasing, these joyful 'signs of the Lands of Stephen Bailey. Henry Parker, and Levin Bond, are adjourned until Tuesday, the 13th day of April next, at the the State, these pleasing, these joyful 'signs of the timet.'

Sheriff's Sales.

DY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Thursday the twe styninth day of April next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton. der, in Bridgeton;

A Small Farm,

Situate in the township of Deerfield, said to con-Sittuae in the township of Deerfield, said to contain sixty agres, more or less, joins, land of John Griner and others, together with all the tands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Poter Griner, and taken in execution at the suit of Jeremiah Buck, and to be sold by.

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

March 22, 1819.

At the same time, and place, A Lot of Land,

with the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Maurice River, said to contain one hundred acres more or less, joins lands of Thomas Henderson and James Riggins and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of James Allison, and taken in execution at the suit of Joshua Brick, and to be sold by be sold bý

March 22, 1819. DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same place,

A Small Farm,

Situate in the township of Decifield, said to contain one hundred acres more or less, joins lands of Enoch Fithian and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Zenan Loder, and taken in execution at the suit of George Souder, and William Biven, jun. and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

JOHN STREEN Laster, Green and Green and Green are the suit of George Souder, and William Biven, jun. and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

JOHN SIBLEY, Late Sheriff. THE Sale of the Lands of Zenas Loder, is fur-idjourned until Tuesday the 13th of April, next

At the same time and place, A Lot of Cedar Swamp,

Situate in the township of Deerfield, said to onsituate in the township of Deet in a sands of Ma-tain fifteen acres, more or less, joins lands of Ma-son Mulford and others: Also, five Acres of son Mulford and others: Also, five. Acres of BUSH LAND, joins lands of David O. Frazier, with all other lands of the defendant.—Seized at the property of Philip Dare; and taken in execution at the suit of Enoch Boon and Jeremiah J. Foster, and to be sold by.

The sale of the Land of Philip Dare, is further adjourned until Tuesday the 13th day of April next.

Cumberland Pleas. WM. R. FITHIAN,

Assignee of Andrew Miller, On attachment. vs. Reuben Harris.

10 be sold at Public Vendue, by the subscrit De sold at Public Vendne, by the subscripters, Auditors appointed by the Court in the above case, at the HOTEL, in Bridgeton, on FRIDAY, the 30th day of April next, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock P. M. all the right of the said Reuben Harris to 50 acres of Cleared Land; about 15 acres of Woodland, and about 12 acres of Salt March, situate in Painfall Learns acres of Salt Marsh, situate in Fairfald township—joining lands of the heirs of Jeremiah Harris, dec. and others.—The salt marsh is situate in Sayre's Neck, near Mill Point—Will be sold for cash, and a good title made, by

Abijah Harris,) David Lupton, { Auditors. James Hood,

BLANKS FOR SALE

At the Office of the Whig.

Sheriff's Sale.

PX Virtue of a writ of Fien Facias to me di-rected, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue on Tuesday, the thirtieth day of March next, where the kours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day in the county of Cumberland, atthe Inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton,

A Tract of Land,

Situate in the t Waship of Millville, said to contain one hundred and fifty acres more or less poins lans of John Adkinson, and others, together with all the lands of the defendant Sel-2 as the property of Uriah Garrion, and taken in execution at the suit of Jeremiah Stratton, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. to be sold by March 2d, 1819.

By the President of the Unted States.

Wereas, by an act of Congress, passed on the 17th of February, 1818, entitled "an act making provision for the estab-ishment of additional Land Offices in the territory of Missouri," the President of the United States is authorised to direct the public lands which have been survey ed in the said territory, to be offered for

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales or the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the territorry of Missouri, shall be held in Franklin, in said territo-

On the first Monday in January next for the sale of

Townships No. 45 to 52 in-clusive sid fract 1 town. ship 53 48 to 52 and 2

21 22 On the first Monday in March next, for

fne sale of Townships 48 to 55 inclusive, in ranges 14 & 25 48 to 50 26 & 27 On the first Monday in May next, for

the sale of Townships 51 to 54 inclusive, in ranges -11 & 21

excepting the lands which have been, or may he, reserved by law, for the support of schools, and for other purposes.

Each sale shall continue open as long as may be necessary to offer the lands for sale and no longer, and the lands shall be offered in regular numerical order.

Given under my hand, at the City Washington, this 17th day of July one thousand eight hundred a nd eigh teen.

JAMES MONROE. By the President: Josiah Meigs,

Commissioner of the General Land Office Printers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, will punlish the above once a week till the first of May next and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment. July 27, 1818-tM

Map of the above Lands may be had (newclous to the sales) at the General Land See, and at the Land Offices in the Missouri territory. The Map is now engraving for JOHN GARDINER,

Casef Clerk in the General Land Office

By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, by an act of congress, passed on the 17th of February, 1818, entitled "an act making provision for the establishment of additional Land Offices." in the Territory of Missouri," the president of the United States is authorised to direct the public lands which have been surveyed in the said territory, to be offered for sale:

Therefore, I JAMES MONROE, president of the Unifed States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the Missouri territory, shall be held as fatlows, viz. At St. Louis, in the said territory, on the first Monday in August, October, December, February and April next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of St. Louis. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale, commencing with the most eastern ranges west of the fifth orineipal meridian line, and proceed-

At he seat of justice for Howard County, in the said Ferritory, on the first Monday in September and November next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of Howard County. Thirty town-ships shall be offered at each sale: The first to be in a square form, and to include the seat of justice of said county, as nearly in the centre as the situation of the surveys will admit, and the second immediately east of the first, and in the same form; excepting from sale in each district, the lands which have been or may be reserved by law for other purposes.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President.

JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office

Printers of Newspapers who are authorised to publish the Laws of the United States, will insert the above once week till April next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

NOTICE. Wood Cutters and Carters WANTED.

Apply to John Compton, Dividing Ceek, or Ichabud Compton, Maurice Town.

November 50, 1818.

- For Sale, or Rent.

The following described property, viz.

No. 1. A large and commodious Store House No. 1. A large and commodous store Hosel and Wharf, situate on Laurel Hill, an excellent stand for the Lumber business, draft of water at the wharf commodly 7 feet.

No. 2. A LOT adjoining the Store Lot, on which are two dwelling Houses, suited for small

families.

No. 3. A HOUSE and LOT, now occupied by Smith Bacon adjoining the lot where John Rose resides; the house is two stories high with an excellent well of water at the door.

on Wilen with the total of the land of 24 acres, part of which is fit for cutting; the land bounds on land of John Wood and others, dis-

tant about 3 miles from Bridgeton.

No. 7: A LOT of 17 acres of very handsome
Bush Land of 18 years growth, will cut from
8 to 10 cords per acre; joins lands of Joel
Smith, distant three and an half miles from

Bridgeton.

No. 8. A LOT of handsome growing Bush Land, a part of which is fit for cutting, distant four miles from Briegeton, containing 45 acres; bounding on land of Jonathan Fithian and

No. 9. A LOT of 8 acres of Bush Land, in Rus sel's Neck, with the saw timber standing

No. 10. A LOT of Bush Land lying on the Ruckshutum road, distant from Bridgeton two miles; contains 5 acres.
No. 11. One hundred acres of Timber Land, si

tuate in Broad Neck, will cut from 8 to 10 cords per acre, distant from market 8 miles. No. 12. A 60 acre Lot of Pine and Oak Saw Timber, distance from market 7 miles.

No. 13: A Lot of Cedar Swamp, of 8 acres, leying in a branch of Manumuskin, stands thick on the ground, and has been growing 20 years, distant from Bridgeton 17 miles.

A further description of the above property

will be given by applying to

Ebenezer Seeley, Who is prepared to give an undisputed title-

CHEAP GOODS.

payments made easy. Bridgeton, Feb. 16, 1819.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has just received, in addition to his for mer Stock, a very complete and extensive assortment of

Goods, Wares & Merchandize

ALL which he offers for sale at his Store in Bridgeton, on the lowest and most reasonable terms:—Among many other articles, he has

Superfine, Middling and \ Cloths. Low price Casimeres, assorted Colours, and prices, from \$1 to \$3 00 per yard. Flannels, from 25, to 75 Cents per yard. Fine Black, Brown, Crimson, Scarlet, Bomba-Plumb, Green, Zetts. Olive and Ladies Fine Black & Lead Coloured Worsted Hose. Black, Drab & Lead Coloured 8-4 Waterloo Shawls, 8-4 Silk do. Cotton Shawls, Coarse & Fancy Muslins. Groceries, Liquors, Queens-ware, Hollow-ware, Cutlery—Coarse and Fine Salt, Glass by the Box, Quart Bottles by the dozen. Wheat, Rye & Buck-wheat

Flour, &c. &c. &c. All kinds of Country Produce, together with Cash will be taken in exchange—or the usual credit if required.

Thomas Woodruff. December 29th, 1818.

Sheriff's Sale.

Py Virtue of a Writ of Fieri, Facias to me di-receted, issued out of the Court of Chancery the state of New Jersey, will be exposed to of the state of New Jersey, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tucsday, the twenty eth day of April, next, at the Inn of Philip Sou-der, in Bridgeton, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that

Piece of Land

Situate in township of Millville, in the county of Cumberland, and state of New Jersey, bounded as follows. Begining at a Stone in the middle of the public road from Millville to Malaga, and in the road from Maul's Bridge, which crosses the same corner of Jonathan Coney's land, thence along said road north five degrees, east ninety two perches to a stone, thence south eighty five de-grees east ninety two rols, thence south five de-grees west, one hundred and eighty four rods, grees west, one hundred and eighty four rods, thence north, eighty five degrees west, ninety two rods to the middle of the said public road, thence north five, degrees, east ninety two perches to the beginning, contaming one hundred acresmore or less. Seized as the property of Jeremiah J. Foster, and Jonathan Coney, defendants, and taken in execution at the suit of Marmaduke Wood, James B. Caldwell, Nathan Cooper, complainants, and to be sold by

Dan Simkins, Sheriff. February 16, 1819-2m

Notice is hereby Given.

WHAT we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the Coun ty of Cumberland, and they have appointed the afiernoon, at the Court-House in Bridgeton, to hear what can be alledged for or against our li-beration from confinement as insolvent debtors.

Edward Davis, George Baracliff.

Cumberland Jail, Feb. 23d, 1819-4t

Adjourned Sales.

Sheriff's Sales.

P Virtue of two Writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the tweety third day of February next, between the hours of 12 and 5 clock in the afternoon of said day, in the coun of Cumberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in

A Lot of Land.

Rose resides; the house is two stories high, with an excellent well of water at the door.

No. 4. Seventy Acres of improved LAND, laying within the town plot of Bridgeton, all of which is in small fields and in good Cedar fence.

No. 5. Fifty acres of young growing BUSH of Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain twelve
and others.—Also A LOT, situate in the township of Hopewell said to contain twelve
ship of Hopewell said to contain twelve
and others.—Also A LOT, situate in the township of Hopewell said to contain twelve
ship of Hopewell said to contain twelve
ship of Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain twelve
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ship of Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain twelve
ship of Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain twelve
ship the Hopewell said to contain the township of Hopewell said to contain the

by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff
THE sale of the above property is adjourned
until Tuesday the 23d day of March.
At the same time and place,

A House and Lot,

A House and Lot,
situate in the township of Fairfield; Lot contains
two Acres more or less; joins lands of Michael
Swing, together with all the lands of the defendant—Seized as the property of Augustus Noyes,
and taken in execution at the suit of William R.
Fithian, and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

THE sale of the above property is adjourned
until Tuesday the 23d day of March.

At the same time and place,

A House and Lot,

situate in the township of Downes; Lot contains half an Acre more or less. joins Maj. Hender son and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of John H Bennett, and then in execution at the suit of Joseph Cooper and Collin Cooper, Assignees, &c and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.
January 19, 1819
THE 8010 of

THE sale of the above property is adjourned until Tuesday the 23d day of March.

Sheriff's Sale.

By Virtue of sundry Writs of Fieri Facias to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the 23d day of February next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the coun ty of Cumberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder in Bridgeton,

A House and Lot.

Situate in the the township of Deerfield. Lot con tains half an lacre more or less; joins lands of John Rose and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Jercmiah J. Foster, arid taken in execution at the suit of William M'Cormick and Hannah Parker and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

Feb 2d 1810

THE sale of the above property is adjourned until Tuesday the 23d day of March, at the

Sheriff's Sale.

PY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be exposed to saie, at public vencue, on Tuesday, the 30th day of March next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton,

A Small Farm,

Situate in the township of Hopewell, said to con tain forty acres, more or less; joins lands of John Dorton and others, together with all the lands of the defendant. Seized as the property David Platts, and taken in execution at the suit of Moses Veal, and to be sold by

Dan Simkins, Sheriff. Feb. 23, 1819-4t.

Cape May Orph ns' Court. TERM OF FEBRUARY, 1819.

Present-Elijah Townsend, Ephraim Hildreth, Cresse Townsend and others, es-

they have, why the real estate of which the said decedent died seized, should not be sold to pay of and discharge her debts.

From the minutes, JEHU TOWNSEND, Clerk. February 9, 1819.-2m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NEW STORE

THE Subscriber has commenced business on the West side of the Creek, near the Bridge, and offers for sale an extensive assortment of

Groceries, Dry Goods, Queens-Ware, Hard-Ware, &c. &c. Which he will dispose of either at wholesale of

retail, on the mos Daniel P. Stratton. December 22d, 1818--tf

Look out, Millers and Farmers.

NO RENT, and immediate possession given, a Viluable FARM, containing 256 Acres of Land, situate in the township of Downe, county of Cumberland, and state of New-Jersey, within one mile and a half of the navigation of Maurice River, on which is erected a Grist and Saw-Mill a two story Frame Dwelling-House and Barn, a young thriving Apple Orchard &c.—Any per-son inclining to rent, may be furnished with the implements of husbandry already on the place Inquire of Joseph Whitacar, corner of Water, and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia, or to the sub

January 12, 1818-tf.

For Sale or to Rent.

The following valuable described property No. 1. A House and five acre Lot, situ-ated at Port Elizabeth. The House is large, and well finished, with room suf-ficient for two families. The Lot is on the main road leading from Port Eliza beth to Millville and Budd's Works, and may be divided into several build ing lots. On the premises is a store, barn, and brick spring-house, ice-house, and other out buildings.

No. 2. A large two story House and Lot of ground, situated at Fairton, formerly the property of Dayton Newcomb.

No. 3. Two small houses and lots adjoin ing the above.

No. 4. A Brick House and Lot, contain ing about half an acre, situate in Bridge

ton, opposite the Methodist Meeting-No. 5. A Farm situate in Bridgeton, whereon David Mulford now resides;

late the property of Oliver Sayre, dec. If the above property is not sold by the first of March, it will then be rented.

ALSO,

To rent, a New Grist Mill, now in operation near Laurel Hill, together with a store-house on Laurel Hill, containing about 2000 dollars worth of goods, which will be sold at a low rate, or the subscriber will take a partner with approved recommendations to take charge of the store. This property is advantageously situated on account of the mill and lumber trade.-To any person disposed to purchase the whole or a part of the above property, the payments will be made easy.

Abraham Sayre.

Bridgeton, Jan. 5th, 1819-t1M French Burr Mill Stones. THE Subscriber offers for sale, 1 pair of French Burr Mill Stones, 4 feet 6 inches diameter. Likewise, 1 large master cog wheel 4‡ inches pitch, 64 cogs, with a number of Bolt ing heads, they are goo g, and offered for sale on account of the subscriber making an altera-tion in his Mill.

Richard Seeley. Stoe-Creek, March 2d, 1819-tf

Orchard and Herd GRASS SEED.

FOR SALE BY Stratton & Buck.

Feb. 23, 1819 tf

Six Cents Reward.

AN away from the subscriber, on the 17th inst. DAVID P. SMITH, an indented lad, about fourteen years of age, fair complexion, blue eyes, remarkably stout, moves slow, very impertinent; had on when he went away, a new wool hat, drab cloth sailor jacket, and trowsers of the same, much worn, dark swansdown vest, new-whoever will take up said apprentice and return him to his master shall receive the above reverd but no charges. I hereby forwarn all persons against harboring the said apprentice, as I am determined to put the law in force igainst the like offender

James Lummis. Deerfield, March 2d, 1819-3t

By James Clark, James D. Westcott, and John Mulford, Esquires, Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, of the County of Cumberland,

Notice is hereby given,

HAT on application to us by Daniel P. Stratton, who claims an undivided one half part of all that Lot of Landrstianae in Bridgeton, in the township of Hopewell, county of Cumberland aforesaic, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone set on the high ground and in the north line of David Sheppard's land, the north peak of the roof of the Presbyterian Meeting House bears south eighty four degrees west, the west peak of the roof of the Baptist Meeting House bears north fifty three degrees and a half east. quires, Judges.

WILLIAM CORGIE, administrator of Sophia Stimpson, deceased, having presented to this Court a just and true account of the estate, and of the debts of said deceased, whereby it appears that the personal estate of said deceased is insufficient to pay off her just debts; and the said administrator having also set forth to the links to a corner, thence north seventy degrees east, thence up said creek bounding on low water mark north twenty degrees east, seven perches and twenty two ministrator having also set forth to the links to a corner, thence north seventy degrees court that the said dec. died seized of real estate in the courty of Cape May, praying the aid of the court in the premises.

The Court orders that all persons interested in the real estate of said deceased, do appear before this Court on Monday the twenty-fourth day of May next, at ten o'clock in the morning, to shew cause if any grees west. two links to a corner, thence north seventy de-grees west, seven perches and ten links to a stone, thence south twenty degrees west seven perches and twenty two links to the beginning, containing, eighty hundredths, of an acre of land. We have nominated Jedediah Davis, Ebenezer Seeley and John S. Wood Commissioners, to di-yide the said lot or tract of land into two equal shares or parts, and unless prope objections are stated to us, at the Inn of Jarvis W. Brewster in Bridgeton, on the tenth day of May next, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the said Jedediah Davis, Ebenezer Seeley and John S. Wood will then be appointed Commissioners to make partition of the said land, pursuant to an act, entitled "an act for the more easy partition of lands, held by coparceners, joint tenants, and tenants in common," passed the eleventh day of November 1789.

Given under our hand, this twenty second day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

James Clark, James D. Westcott, John Mulford.

Bridgeton, March 2d. 1819-6w

Bloomfield M'Ilvaine, BEING ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF THE LAW.

the City of Philadelphia, respectfully offer. his professional services to his friend native state, with a hope of meriting by fidelity and attention the confidence they may place in

Dwelling and Office at No. 74, South Street. Philadelphia, Sep. 28th, 1818-tf

SHINGLES. THE Subscribers have for sale about 20,000 two feet Shingles.

STRAITON & BUCK February 2d, 1879;

By the President of the Unit. ed States.

WHEREAS, by an Act of Congress, passed on the third day of March, 1815, entitled "An Act to provide for the ascertaining and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the Treaty with the Creek Indians and for other purposes," the President of the United States is authorised to cause the lands acquired by the said Treaty to be offered for sale when survey-

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreably to law) of certain lands in the Alabama territory, shall be held as follows: viz.

At Cahaba, on the 3d Monday in March next, for the sale of

Town'p num'd 12 in ranges 18 19 20 17 & 18 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 20 10 11 16 17 18 19

20 At St. Stephens, on the second Monday in April next, for the sale of

Town'ps num'd 5 6 7 8 17 18 19 20 in range 4 17 18 19 20 17 18

7891011 7891011

At Cahaha on the first Monday in May next, for the sale of Fownship numbered 12 in ranges 9.10

10 & 11 except such lands as have been or may be reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes. The lands shall be of-fered for sale in regular and numerical order, commencing with the lowest number t of section, township and range, and con-

tinue three weeks and no longer. Given ur der my hand, at the city of Washington, the 24th of Novem-

ber, 1818. JAMES MONROE. By the President.

JOSIAH MEIGS. Commissioner of the General Land Office

A Family Book. THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, By A. FINLEY,

N. E. corner of Chesnut and Fourth Streets, Philadelphia, Price S1.

The Nurse's Guide; Or Family Assistant, and companion for the Sick Chamber;

CONTAINING Friendly Cautions to those who are in Health; with ample directions to Nurses, and others, who attend she Sick, Women in Childbed, &c.—By Robert Wallace Johnson, M. D. Second improved edition

ed edition.

Chapter 1. Of our persons. 2d. of our Dress 3d of our Diet in a State of Health, 4th. Direc-Sd of onr Diet in a State of Health, 4th. Directions to Nurses. 5th of Things to be oeserved relating to the Sick Chamber. 6th, concerning the Bed, and Shifting the Patient. 7th copious directions for preparing the various Diet for the Sick. 8th. of Administering Medicine—Preparations for Clysters, and of the Treatment of Scalds and burns. Appendix—containing additional instructions for the Nurses of Feyer Hospitals.

ALSO.

A series of Engravings, explaining the Course of the Nerves, with an address to Young Physicians on the Study of the Nerves—nine 4 to. plates, with copious explanations, By Charles, Bell, Surgeon. Price bound \$6.50.

An Atlas Classica, folio, coloured Maps, selected from Wilkinson's Classical Atlas for the use of Seminaries in the United States—bound

And, a third Improved Edition of Mayo's An.

ient Geography sacred and profane. \$1.50.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19, 1818. Either of the above Publications may be had on application at the office

of the Whig. Bridgeton, Dcember 7, 181

Cumberland Orphans: Court, FEBRUARY TERM, 1819.

DAYTON RILEY, executor of Juliana Reeves, deceased, and Jeremiah Stratton, esq. administrator of John Bradenburgh, deceased, have ministrator of John Bradenburgh, deceased, haring severally exhited to this Court, duly attested, a just and true account of the personal estates of said decedents, and also an account of the debts and credits, by which it appears that the personal estates of said decedents are insufficient to pay said debts, and the said applicants having severally set forth to this Court, that said decedents died severally seized of real estates; situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises.

It is therefore ordered, That all persons interested in the lands, tenements, and real estates of said decedents, do appear before the Judges of this Court on the 31st of Maynext, at two o'clock P. M. and shew cause, if any they have,

o'clock P. M. and shew cause, if any they have, why the whole of the real estates of said decedents, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid should not be sold, to satisfy the debts aid expenses which remain unpaid.

By the Court,
T. Elmer, Clk.

March 2, 1819-6w

Cumberland Orphan's Court,

FERRUARY TERM, 1819.

FERRUARY TERM, 1819.

FON application of Ebenezer Davis, exect, for of David Irelan, deceased, to limit a time within which the creditors of said deceased shall bring in their debts, claims and demands, or be forever barred from an action against him the said Ebenezer Davis, executor as aforesaid.

It is ordered by the Court, That the said exelector give public notice to the creditors of said deceased, to bring in their claims within one year from the fifteenth day of February inst. by setting up a copy of this order in five of the most public places in this courty, for the space of two months, and by publishing the same in most public places in this county, for the space of two months, and by publishing the same in one of the newspapers of this state for the like space of time, and any creditor neglecting to exhibit his demand within the time as limited, (such public notice being given) shall be forever barred his action therefor, against said executor.

He the Court By the Court,

T. Elmer, Clk.

March 2, 1819