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No. 214.

TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS

MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1819.

THE WILL

IS PUBLISHED Gvery Monday, at Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per Annum, Payable in Advance.

No subscription will be received for a shorter period than six months, and unless orders are period than six time, to discontinue, an intention a continue will be implied. No subscriber is considered at liberty to with

No subscriber is considered at Therry to with day his name, whilst in arrears. Advertisements will be inserted at the usual

JAMES MONROE,

President of the United States of America, To all and singular to whom these presents shall come, greeting:

Whereas a treaty between the United States of America and the Wyandot tribe of Indians, was made and concluded, at St. Mary's, in the state of Ohio, on the twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by commissioners on the part of the said United States, and certain chiefs and warriors of the said tribe, which treaty is in the words following, to wit:

Articles of a treaty made and concluded, at St ricles of a treaty made and concluded, at St.
Mary's, in the state of Ohio, between Lewis
Cass, Commissioner of the United States,
thereto specially authorized by the President
of the United States, and the chiefs and warriors of the wy and tribe of Indians.

Art. 1. The Wyandot tribe of Indians bereby cede to the United States all the right reserved to them in two tracts of land, in the territory of Michigan, one inclading the village of Brownstown, and the other the village called Maguagua. formerly in the possession of the Wyandot tribe of Indians, containing in the whole not more than five thousand acres of land; which two tracts of land were reserved for the use of the said Wyandot tribe of Inof certain Alabama and Wyandot In-

Art. 2. In consideration of the presedlians, sections numbered twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, thirly-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, twenty-seven, and that part of section numbered and containing four thousand nine hundred and ninety-six acres; and the said tract of land shall be reserved for the use scendants, and be secured to them in the same manner, and on the same terms and funditions, as is provided in relation to the Alabama Ludians, by the first section of tept that the said Wyandot Indians, and their descendants, shall hold the said land so long as they or their descendants shall

In testimony whereof the said Lewis Cass, commissioner as aforesaid, and Lord one thousand eight hundred and

LEWIS CASS. Ronesass, or Honas,

Haunsiaugh, or Boyer, Ronaess, or Racer, Ronioness, or Joseph, Scoutash. Dunquod, or Half King, Aronue, or Cherokee Boy, Faruntile, or Between the Logs, In presence of R. A. Forsyth, jun. Secretary to the commis-

sioners. John Johnston, Indian Agent, B. F. Stickney, S. I. A. W. W. Walker, Interpreter,

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, James Monroe, President of the United States of America, having seen and con-sidered the said treaty, have, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, accepted, ratified, and confirmed, the same, and every clause and article thereof.

In testimony whereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, having first signed the same with my hand. Done at the city of Washington, this seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and in the forty third year of American Independ

JAMES MONROE. By the President,

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

JAMES MONROE, President of the United States of America To all and singular to whom these presents shall come, greeting:

WHEREAS a Treaty of friendship, cession, and limits, between the United said telle or nation, the person or persons but I am certain it was a made up plo States of America and the Quapaw tribe so offending shall be tried, and, if found It is a shameful and adjustical trick?

or nation of Indians, was concluded and signed, at St. Louis, on the twenty-fourth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, by commissioners on the part of the said United States, and certain chiefs and warriors of the said tribe or nation, on the part and in behalf of the said tribe; which treaty is in the words following to wit:

A treaty of friendship, cession, and limits, made and entered into, this twenty-fourth day of August, eighteen hun-dred and eighteen, by, and between, William Ciark and Auguste Chouteau, Commissioners on the part and behalf of the United States, of the one part, and the undersigned, chiefs and warriors of the Quapaw tribe or nation, on the part and behalf of their said tribe or nation, of the other part.

Art. 1. The : undersigned chiefs and varriors, for themselves and their said tribe or nation, do hereby acknowledge themselves to be under the protection of the United States.

Art. 2. The undersigned chiefs and warriors, for themselves and their said tribe or nation, do hereby, for, and in consideration of, the promises and stipulations hereinafter named, cede and relinquish to the United States, forever, all the lands within the following boundaries, viz: Beginning'to the mouth of the Arkansaw river; thence, extending up the Arkansaw, to the Canadian fork, and up the Canadian Fork to its source; thence south, to Big Red river, and down the 'middle of that river, to the Big Raft; thence, a direct line, so as to strike the Mississippi river, thirty leagues in a straight line, below the mouth of Arkansaw; together with all their claims to land east of Mississippi, and north of the Arkansaw river, included within the coloured lines 1, 2, and 3, on the above map, with the exception and reservation following, that is to say: the tract of country bounded as follows: Bedians, and their descendants, for the term | giuning at a point on the Arkansaw river, of fifty years, agreeably to the provisions opposite the present post of Arkansaw of the act of Congress, passed February 28, and running thence, a due southwest 1809, and entitled "An act for the relief course, to the Washita river; thence, up that river, to the Saline fork; and up the Saline fork to a point, from whence a due north course would strike the Arkansaw ing cession, the United States will re-nerve, for the use of the said Wyandot In-lians, sections numbered twenty-three, place of beginning: which said tract of and, last above designated and reserved, shall be surveyed and marked off, at the expense of the United States, as soon as twenty-two, which contains eight acres, the same can be done with convenience, and lies on the south side of the river Hu. and shall not be sold or disposed of, by too, being in the fourth township, south of the said Quapaw tribe or nation, to any in-the base line, in the ninth range east of the dividual whatever, nor to any state or na-first meridian, in the territory of Michigan, ted States first had and obtained.

Art. 3. It is agreed, between the Uni-ted States and the said tribe or nation, of the said Wyandot Indians, and their de- | that the individuals of the said tribe or nation shall be at liberty to hunt within the territory by them ceded to the United States, without hindrance or molestation; so long as they demean themselves peaceahe before meutioned act of Congress, ex- bly, and offer no injury or annoyance to any of the citizens of the United States, and until the United States may think proper to assign the same, or any portion hereof, as hunting grounds to other friend-

ly Indians.
Art: 4. No citizen of the United States, the chiefs and warriors of the said or any other person, shall be permitted to Wyandot tribe of Indians, have here settle on any of the lands hereby allotted unto set their hands, at St. Mary's, to, and reserved for, the said Quapaw tribe unto set their habit, and it is twentieth or nation, to live and hunt on; yet it is exday of September, in the year of our pressly understood and agreed on, by, and Lord one thousand eight hundred and between, the parties aforesaid; that at all times, the citizens of the United States shall have the right to travel and pass freely, without toll or exaction, through the Quapaw reservation, by such roads or

routes as now are, or may be established: Art. 5. In consideration of the cession and stipulations aforesaid, the United States do hereby promise and bind themselves to pay and deliver to the said Quapaw tribe or nation, immediately, upon the execution of this treaty; goods and mer chandise to the value of four thousand dol lars and to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to them; yearly, and every year, goods and merchandise to the value of one thousand dollars, to be estimated in the city or place, in the United States, where the same are procured or purchas-

Art. 6. Lest the friendship which now exists between the United States and the said tribe or nation, should be interrunted by the misconduct of individuals, it is hereby agreed, that for injuries done by individuals, no private revenge or retaliation shall take place; but; instead thereof, com-plaints shall be made by the party injured, to the other; by the tribe or nation aforesaid, to the governor, superintendent of Indian affairs, or some other person authorised and appointed for that purpose; and by the governor, superintendent, or other person atthorised, to the chiefs of the said tribe or nation. And it shall be the duty of the said tribe or nation, upon complaint being made, as aforesaid, to deliver up the person or persons, against whom the complaint is made, to the end that he or they may be punished, agreeably to the laws of the state or territory where the offence may have been committed; and, in like manner, if any robbery, violence, or murder, shall be committed in any Indian or Indians, belonging to the

guilty, punished in like manner as if the injury had been done to a white man. And it is further agreed, that the chiefs of the said tribe or nation shall, to the utmost of their power, exert themselves to recover horses, or other property, which may be stolen from any citizen or citizens of the United States, by any individual or individuals of the said tribe or nation; and the property so recovered, shall be ferthwith delivered to the governor, superintendent, or other person authorised to receive the same, that it may be restored to the proper owner. And in cases where the exer tions of the chiefs shall be ineffectual in recovering the property stolen, as afore-said, if sufficient proof can be obtained that such property was actually stolen by an Indian or Indians, belonging to the said tribe or nation, a sum, equal to the value of the property which has been stolen, may be deducted, by the United States, from the annuity of said tribe or nation. And the United States hereby guaranty to the individuals of the said tribe or nation, a full indemnification for any horse or horses, or other property, which may be taken from them by any of their citizens: Provided, me property so stolen cannot be recovered, and that sufficient proof is produced that it was actually stolen by a citizen or citizens of the United States.

Art. 7. This treaty shall take effect, and be obligatory on the contracting par-ties, as soon as the same shall have been ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

WM. CLARK. AUG. CHOUTEAU.

Krakaton, or the Dry Man, Hradapaa, or the Eagles's Bill, Mahraka, or Buck Wheat, Honkadagni, Wagonkedatton, Hradaskamonmimi, or the Pipe Bird, Patongdi, or the approaching Summer, Tehonka, or the Tame Buffaloe, Hamoumini, or the Night Walker, Washingteteton, or Mocking Bird's Bill, Tataousa, or the Whistling Wind,

Done at St. Louis, in the presence of R. Wash, Secretary to the Commission, R. Paul, Col. M. M. C. I.

n. Ruland, Sub. Agent, &c.
R. Graham, Indian Agent,
M. Lewis Clark,
J. T. Honore, Indian Interpreter,

Joseph Bonne, Interpreter, Julius Pescay, Stephen Julian, U. S. Indian Interpreter,

James Loper, William P. Clark, Now, therefore, he it known, that I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United

States of America, having seen and con-

sidered the said treaty, have, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, accepted, ratified, and confirmed, the same, and every clause and article thereof. In testimony whereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be

hereunto affixed, having first signed the same with my hand. Done at the city of Washington, this fifth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the forty-third; JAMES MONROE.

By the President.
JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

VINCENNES. July 17 On Wednesday of last week came on at Palestine, Crawford county, Illinois, before the Hon. I. C. Brown one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Illinois. the trial of three Delaware Indians, viz, Killbuck, Captain Thomas and Big Panther, for the murder of Mr. M'Call in March last. The prosecution was conducted by G. R. C. Sullivan, Esq. who opened the cause in a very feeling and well delivered speech to the Jury; and the defence was most ably maintained by John Daniel of Princeton, in a manner which did great credit to those gentlemen. The Jury retired on Friday evening, and in about two hours returned with a verdict of Guilty against all three.—A motion in arrest of judgment was made by the defendants counsel, which was sustained by the court; and the Grand Jury not having been discharged, a new bill was found against Killbuck alone, who was tried again on Saturday, found Guilty, and sentenced to be hung on Wednesday of this week .- They also presented Thomas and Panther, but their counsel having made a mution to continue the trial of these two until a regular term of the court, it was sustained.

Panther and Thomas made their escape on Saturday evening—and we have since understood that Killbuck has also escaped; whether through the negligence or design of those placed to guard them, is yet to be determined. We have fur-further understood that Killbuck will be demanded of the tribe through the proper

authority.
The following is a copy of a letter from Palestine, dated 18th instanto to a gentleman

in this place: ... I am sorry to relate that lost night Killbuck was let loose by the Guard—I have not seen the sheriff yet, but I am certain it was a made up plot.—

Sheriff's Sales.

Byru the of three writs of fieri facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on Tuesday, the 24th day of August next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cum berland, at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridge

A Lot of Land,

Situate n the township of Deerfield, said to con tain one hundred and twenty-seven acres—Also A LOT OF BUSH LAND, eighteen acres; joint John Johnston, twenty-five acres joins Daniel Riley, twenty-four acres of Salt Marsh in Sayre's Neck, five acres of Bush Land near the Jentrey place, four acres joins Dayton Riley, fifteen acres place, four acres joins Dayson Riley, fifteen acres (Cedar Swamp on Lebanon Branch, joins Joel Smith, six acres Cedar Swamp joins Pavid Dare, a moiety of 15 acres of Cedar Swamp joins Smith and Wood, Joshua Reeve and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Philip Dare, and taken in execution at the suit of Ebenezer Elmer and others, and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, SIEVIE.

At the same time and place, A Lot of Meadow Land;

situate in the township of Downe, said to contain fifteen acres, more or less, joins lands of Nathaniel Lore, No. 2, eight acres of Bearswamp, joins Nathan Newcomb, No. 3, twenty-one acres of Salt. Marsh, on the westerly side of Dividing Creek, joins Nathaniel Lore jun. No. 4, thirty acres of marsh in Nantuxet, joins Edward More, No. 5, nine acres of Bush Land, on the easterly side of Narrow Lane road; joins Joshua L. Howell; No. 6, twelve hundred and fifty-two acres of salt Marsh, on the westerly side of O'er & Ocon salt Marsh, on the westerly side of O'er & Ocon Creek, joins, Jerediah Shaw, together with all the lands of the defendant. Seized as the properthe state of the defendant. Selzed as the proper-ty of Dickinson Moore, and taken in execution at the sait of Deborah Moore and Joseph and Collin Cooper, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

PV. Virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on Tursday, the twenty second day of July next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the lun of Philip Souder in Bridgetin.

A Lot of Land,

With the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Maurice River, said to contain one hundred and twenty acres more or less; joins lands of Robert Bell, and others, with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Harmon Kruice; and taken in execution at the suit of William Cochrane, and to be sold by suit of William Cochrane, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

The sale of the above land is further adjourned until Saturday, the 18th day of September next.

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. August 23, 1819-ts.

At the same time and place. A Lot of Woodland;

Situate in the township of Fairfield, said to contain one hundred and twenty-five acres more or less; joins lands of Norton O. Lawrence, and others, together with all the lands of the defendant. Seized as the property of Jeremiah S. Nixon, and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Thompson, Esq. and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS; Sheriff.
June 21, 1819—4t

The sale of the above land is further ad ourned until Saturday the 18th day of

September next. DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff August 25, 1819—ts

Sheriff's Sales.

BY Virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at Pub-lic Vendue, on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of September, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Comberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgetoni

A Lot of Land,

with the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Greenwich; also a lot situate in the township of Hopewell; also, a house and lot, store house and wharf, situate in the township of store nouse and trial of the fiven at the time of sale. Seized as the property of James the time of sale. Seized as the property of James Jones, and taken execution at the suit of Powell Garrison; and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place.

A House and Lot.

situate in the township of Downe, the lot con-tains half an acre, more or less; joins lands of Major Henderson and others. Seized as the pro-perty of John H. Bennett; and taken in execuperty of John H. Bennett; and taken in execu-tion at the suit of Joseph Cooper and Collin Cooper; assignees; &c. and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. August 9, 1819—4t

Domestic Attachment.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a writ of attachment, issued out of the inferior court of Common Pleas, holden at Bridgeton, in and for the county of Cumberland, at the suit of William R. Fitbian, against the rights and credits, monies and effects, goods and chattels, lands and tenements of John Newkirk, an absconding debtor, in a pleas of trespass on the case for three hundred and fifty dollars, returnable to June term last, has been returned by the Sheriff of said county, "attached as per inventory annexed."

Ehen'r Sector. Clk.

Eben'r Seeley, Clk. Elias P. Seeler, Att'y Pitff. Bridgeton, dune 21st, 1819—2m

PER ANNUM.

LOURSUANT to an order of the orphand court, of the county of Cumberland, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, on the premises, on Saturday, the 21st day of August next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

MOTICE.

A House and Lot of Land,

situate in the township of Downe, on the pact leading from Maurice Town to Dividing Creek, formerly occupied by Isaac Morris, near Jure, mish Blizard's. The lot contains about seventeen. Also, a

Lot of Woodland,

said to contain about fourteen acres, near the said house and lot—It being the property of Jonathan Morris and John Morris, minors Conditions at sale, by LEWIS SHELHORN, August 9, 1819.—4w Guardian.

CHEAP GOODS:

FÓR ; CASH:

THE subscribers are now opening, and offer for sale, a very large and beautiful assortment of Goods, among which are the following

Superfine cloths, of various colours Double and single milled cassimere, do Vest patterns, assorted,
Velvets and cords,
Russia Drilling,
do. Sheeting
Blue and yellow Nankeens,

Cambric, jackanett, and mul mul musling plain and figured, British and imitation book muslins,

do. do. do. figured, Plain and figured Leno, Silk Shawls, assorted, Cotton do. do. Men & women's stockings, assorted. do. do. gloves. Bandanna and Madras hkisi Bombazettes, various colours,

Dimities, cambric Linen, Callooes, and curtains; do. Pint: Buff, lilack, GINGHAMS and Cambric Carlile, Domestic, do.

do. stripes,
do. do. twilled,
do. Muslins,
Apron and other Checks,
Bed Ticking & Table Diapers,
Cotton ware and filling. Cotton warp and filling, Umbrellas and parasols,

Black and coloured sinshaws; do. do. Mautua, do. Saltin, Actificial flowers; Ribbons, &c. &. &

GROCERIES.

Real, pure Cogniac Brandy, do. do: Holland Gin, do. do. Jamaica Spirits, do. do. Madeira Wine, Country Gin, Common Rum; Common Brandy and Lisbon Wing

Molasses, Coffee, Sugar and Rice, Raistns, spice, pepper and cinnamid Imperial. Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Teas; Bohea Starch, Ginger, and Madder,

Cotton and Indigo, Coarse and fine salt. Mackarel, No. 1, 2, and 3 SHAD, No. 1. Rhode Island Cheese, Wheat and Rye Flour, Pork and Hams, Powler, Shot, &c. &c. &c.

HARDWARE:

Knives and Forks Ped and Pocket Knives, & Scissors Chissels and Augers, Platie Irons,
Hand and Pannel Saws,
Trowels, files & Butt Hinges, assorted,
Screws and Sprigs,
Hob naits and spacrow bills, Brass knob door Locks, Norfolk and thumb Latelles, Stock Liveks, Horse do. Pad do. Trunk, drawer and Chest Locks, Pots, kettles, frying pans, &c. Magon Boxes, assorted. English and country Steel Straw knives and Coffee Mills, Pod Augers, Gig and Chair whips, &c. &c. &c. Together with a complete assortment

China, Glass and Queensware: &c. All which will be sold CHEAP for CASE, or bartered for bountry produce.

Stratton & Buck. Bridgeton August 9, 1819. N. B. Tavern keepers will be supplied with the best Liquors on very moderate

NOTICE:

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber of Vendue account, and otherwise, are requested to make immediate paymen; and those have no demands against him, to resent their accounts for settlement.

OH: DUFFIELD Administrator of John Butter 19, 1819—25.

The fifth letter of an American travel her is highly inferesting. We think our fair readers will be very much delighted with the "Story of Machiwita." We can vouch for its authenticity.

Letters from an American Traveller, now on Tour to the Missouri, &c.

Ottaicas of Lake Huron-Story of Ma hiwita. The Indian tribes resort to the post of Mackinaw, from the adjacent country to exchange their petries, their corn, and their fish, for trinkets, blankets. clothes, braver traps, rifles, and ammunition. The day before our arrival, a fleet of 70 cannes, containing each about ten persons had left the beach for Drummond's Island. This was a matter of regret, betion in our enquiries as to the character and

manners of the northwest Indians. On Monday, and the day before our de parture, upwards of 20 cances had returned. We immediately descended the beach to welcome our red brethren. As soon as their bert canoes touch the beach, the grew, generally composed of two families, spring out. The oldest man traces a circle on the shore of four or five yards in diame fer; and while the women and children are bus ly engaged in spreading the skins and mats as a flooring, and arranging the corn baskets, cooking utensils, fire arms, and a few boxes containing their clothing, as seats, the men place the poles and paddles of their canne in the circumference of the circle, bring their tops together and fasten them with bark strings. Close wove mats are then ingeniously lapped over these poles, completely sheltering the inhabitants of this portable wigwam from the storm, while a hole is left in the centre for air and smoke. From actual observation, found that a habitation was erected, and two families, composed of 10 or 12 persons completely housed in ten minutes from the of embarkation. What a lesson for civilized man?

build houses for our residence, that require 30,000 days labour; the materials are brought hundreds and thousands o miles; and vessels are chartered to traverse the Atlantic and the Indian ocean, before it is furnished to our liking. We lock up half a million days labour in the funds, and when we lounge down Wall street to receive our enormous dividend, we complain of fatigue and wretchedness. If we wish to go a journey of a few days, we demand a month's preparation. If our families require a temporary residence in the counthey, we are compelled to hold a host of

draymen in requisition:

I frequently sat on the deck of our boat. and before the hour hand of my watch're volved the quarter circle, a whole tribe of Ottawas floated their light backs on the lake, with their all on board, leaving every dare behind, and "the wide world before them where to choose." It has been obserthat there is something inimitably subline in seeing the wild Arab mount his steed, and gallop over his native deserts but it conveys a sensation of a more pleas ing nature, to withess whole families leaving the shores of these lakes to seek new abodes, with the consciousness of their own wealth and ability to be happy.

To be happy perhaps is to be unefully active, with the power of occasional de laxation; and if the Indian, in the pursui of the deer and the Buffalo, is happyon much question the principle that will got trespass im ground given him by inhail tance and original occupation, because the wants of civilization sequire more land; to collivate for the gratification of his avari

tious neighbours. The noble figure of most of the Indians. was a theme of constant praise, among al the passengers, The superior dignity of the men, the mild and intelligent faces of many of the women, t would have made an interesting study be a Lavater; but, what made the most lively impression in us all was the beauty, health, and uncompany, vacity of the children. No sooner are the papooses" weaned from the migther's breast than you see them running about & throwing stones on the beach; paddling a canoe or salkning on the dayes: shooting at a mark or wrestling on the shore. You have often remarked, that the same of human unserved flappings could be counted, in a people of family by reading the countenances of their children. In this is a true criferion, and I am not disposed to doubt it; the Indian, removed his from white man's influence and example, who dispenses alike with his lessons of morality and his permicrous annuities, is as happy es the great mass of enlightened and civi-lized man. Yet; there are exceptions; and each you will find in the neighbourhood of white men. Aftermedeiving their annuities, you can trace them in, dronken riots and heastly nakedness, from Oneida to Detroit. The Onondagas, who have rigidly secluded themselves from white man's contamination, area glorious example to the contrary: (19, 10, 1) The condition of the Indian tribes may

certainly he amelforated; and at may be done by encouraging and prompting them to industry. Articles of domestic manufacture, such as clothes, blankets, mechanrectools and farming utersils, should constitute the medium of exchange, for their coru, peltries, &c. We have abundant proofs of their ingenuity and capacity, & eir sphere of usefulness should be larged and encouraged, by giving substantral rewards to the objects of their indus-

† Political economists say truly, that the rela T Political recommists say truly, that the relative value of gold and slively must be estimated by the standard of Tabour, of which money is only the representative. If labour is at one dellar for day, and if a man's property consists of a louge or an state worth 30,000 thy shour.

**Mp. a sclation of residung at Mackinuw, has lately married a full blooded in the married a full blooded in the state was the best of wives, and he never loved a woman before.

try. Measures of this nature are dictated by philanthropy, sound policy, and a ju-dicious economy. The Indians possess the secret of the most brilliant vegetable dyes; they would give us our flooring mats, our walking canes, fishing apparatus, &c .-What a libel on our country, that Spanish dollars should be transported to India for the first, and that gold should be shipped to England for the latter, whilst our ests and prairies, furnish the raw materi; als, and the ingenuity and industry of the Apprigines might be exercised for the benefit of all.

I cannot close this subject without giving you the story of Machiwita, a young chief of the Ottawas, who came on board, with many of his tribe to see the great canoe. When the family of this chief landed on the beach, they had attracted our particular attention.—Michiwita's father and uncle were chiefs of some distinction. Their wigwam was comfortable and well were composed of better materials than the generality of their nation. The father was a man of dignified deportment and manners; the mother had every mark and trace of having once been beautiful; and Machiwita's younger brothers and sisters were truly handsoms in form and feature. He himself was not more than twenty-one years of age: his figure was somewhat lifted above the medium size of mankind; his limbs might have formed a living model for the young Apollo; his nose was Grecian, and there was a voluptuousness in his eye, blended with the ease and softness of his features, which gave him more of the character of the Asiatic than the Roman. In his dress, he mixed the Grecian with the Circassian; his sandals were of the doe skin, embroidered with variegated quills of porcapine; his leggins and mantle were of blue cloth, of the hest British wool; his vest was decorated with his name, engraved on a silver crescent. The sides of his face were painted with the most delicate colors; in the figure of a beautiful, shell, corresponding to the expansion and outline of is check. On his head, he wore a turban of the finest chintz, that gracefully wound round his forehead, whilst the ends trun-med with gold, and entwined with his bair, hung in careless folds on his shoul-

You see, though Machiwita was not a dandy of the first blood, yet he was an adept in the fleco ations of the toilet. All the respectable inhabitants of Mackinaw, with the chiefs of various tribes, were no vited on board, to take an excursion round the Island and in the Michigan lake, but the attraction of all other objects was lost in the superior beauty of the untutored savage. We had on board many handsome females, but Mrs. - echipsed them all, and Machiwita's heart was smitten; for the first time he felt the force of white hended. woman's charms. It was flattering to woman's vanity; and the princess of the cavern was a woman. She was determined to requite his love, by an emblem of affec tion. She took a ring from her finger, and, with her fair hand, placed it on the chief's. will not say that the gentlemen felt mortilied or that the ladies experienced any nagrin, in witnessing the all powerful in flucture of brauty: but when Machiwita turned to the chiefs of his nation, and exressed his happiness in his native tongue; they laughed with him, but it was the grin of vexation and jealousy. Machiwita was told by the interpreter, that the ring was a token of affection, and that he must keep it forever, as a tender recollection of the donor. On understanding this, he addressed the lady as follows:

to Machiwita a ring, which, he is told, is the emblem of love—Your beauty, like the to Machiwifa a ring, which he is told, is the parton to determine as to obtain the certificate will apply the following morning to wild rose; charms his eye; but your kind-Messrs. S. & M. Allens Lucky Office, 122 ness touches his heart—He gives his heart. Broadway, by whom the tickets will be deliverto you; it is yours forever.

"Machiwita is happy in this wooderful canoe; it burns with the fire from the sun; it is moved by the great fishes of the deep; isted there, that the troops at Cadiz, collected and the spirit of Maniton guides it through the lake; but it is not this that makes him happy; it is because you are here, ane he

can see you smile, and hear you speak.

"Machiwita would leave his mother and sisters, his wigwam, and his cance von t vour country towar have given him, until he goes to the land of spirits-Nothing will make him par with it-Yes, there is one thing; Machiwita will give you back the ring; but give him, in return, what alone is more valua ble-give him yourself."

Such was the speech of the chief, as translated to us, by the Indian interpre-

ter, before a numerous company.

But was doomed to suffer the pangs of separation. The signal gun gave notice for the cannes to come along side, and take the inhabitants and Indians ashore; and the handsome savage forgot his vows, sprung into his canoe, and has-

tened to join his family, of For a moment, I confess, I was seized with the contagion of the softer feelings, and as Machiwita's bark vanished from our sight. I could not help exclaim to my self: Adieu, Machiwital we shall never meet again! Thy form and face has convinced us, that there is mixed in thy nature the courage of the warrior, and the
blandishments of the lover! The peaceful
disposition of thy nation has cast thee in
the mould of pleasure—Hada at the course of hastening the completion of these
research warriors, and the
se wise.

Fricklin Gaz. the mould of pleasure—Under other cir-cumstances, and in other times, thou mighest have been the Ponliac or Tecum-

From an old Journal of Lace more with under than Gold — One ounce of fine Planders threaten with in London for the translation of the community of the communit

THE WILL.

BRIDGETON, AUGUST 23, 1819.

The Weather .- We have expen rial change in the weather, in this district, within three weeks. Previously, it was extremely dry nd warm, but since that period the ground has peen relieved by frequent and copious showers, companied by the most vivid lightning On the 9th inst. it fell to our lot to record the fatal efects of one gale. On the 15th inst. we experienced another, more severe, in some respects, than the former, although less dreadful in its conse quences. The following is a list of the sufferers, by the late gale, in this town and vicinity. The house of Jacob Hann, sen, near what is called the Old Saw Mill, was struck by the lightning and considerably injured; the farm-house of Mr. Smith Bowen was also much injured, as well as built, their clothing and domestic utensils that of Mr. Henry Rocap, residing by the margin of Cohansey, some little distance below the town. Of the last-mentioned place, a part of the weather-boards were forced off, and nearly all the glass in the house broken. Some of the poplar trees in front of Jacob Shull's residence, were likewise injured.

The prospect of the farmer, in this part of lersey, until lately, was exceedingly gloomy, but the late heavy rains have, in a great measure, dispelled the gloom, and we trust we shall have the pleasure of announcing, in the fall, a good crop of the most important articles of life; viz. corn, potatoes, &c.

SUMMARY.

Upper Canda The legislature of this pro vince have passed an act, repealing a part of the laws recently in force imposing duties on goods wares, and merchandise imported into that pro ince from the United States, and making further regulations for trade between that province and the United States by land and inland naviga-

Wonderful Escape On the 26th of July, the ouse of Mr. John Hunt, at Scoreham, Vt. was injured by lightning. The electrical fluid struck a young lady who was in the upper part of the house-melted a string of gold beads which she had around her neck, and running down her bo dy, burnt her stocking and shoe, and set the lining of her shoe on fire. In consequence of this shock she remained perfectly senseless for ten hours, when, it is stated, she recovered.

Counterfeits. Some days since, a pedlar callng himself Lindsay, was detected at Bushwick L. I. in passing base dollars. He was examined and induced to disclose his accomplices in New York. A communication was made to a justice in the city, who had four of these villains appre

Masonic.-The General Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons for the United States will hold their Septennial Meeting at Tammany-Hall, in the city of New York; on Thursday, the 9th day of September next.

Drinking Wager .- A man by the name Castongue, lately wagered at Montreal; that he could drink six half pints of rum immediately one after another; which he did, and expired in an hour after.

Curious method to obtain un audience. In an ad vertisement for the New York Theatre is the following paragraph:

"Previous to the farce a fiellon will second from the stage and remain suspended over the pit on Asignal given behind the curtain by striking the gune thrice." Twenty certificates for slares in the 2d Literature Lot cry, will fly from the balliony to different parts of the house; and ed on demand

Spanish Expedition .- Advices from Gibraltar as late as the 9th of July, state, that a report exfor the famous, and long talked of expedition absolutely refuse to embark, and have suid to General O'Donnell they prefer remaining in Spain; and will not go.

Indian Wars.—It is reported, that an Indian ar is brewing between the Cherokees and the rising sun. He will keep the ring you Osages; that Hostilities have actually commended, and that the former are the aggressors.

Mediterranean Squadron.-The U. S. vessels of war Franklin, Guerriere, Erie and Spark, were at Gibraltur on the 9th of July, awaiting rders from America:

Napoleon Bonaparte - By the arrival of the ship Phonix at Philadelphia from Canton, inteligence as late as the 7th of July has been received from St. Helena; at which time Bonaparte was said to be in good health.

Emigration -It is said, that attempts are making in England to direct the current of emigra tion from North America to the Cape of Good Hope.

We understand from credible authority, that orders have been issued by the navy department, to double the number of workmen engaged in various ports in building ships of the line, for the purpose of hastening the completion of these vessels. Whotever may be the cause of these vessels.

A-GOLD MEDAL was yesterday morning present ed by Col. Thomas Sergeant, and to the Governor at the Mansion House, to Captain Elliot; of the mighest have been the Pontiac or Tecum— United States navy, as a testimonial on the high sense which the Commonwealth of Peinsylvania one; and the daring enterprise of the other; with the British squadron on Lake Erics on the life high in the wiles of a Lavelice and the force and the daring enterprise of the other; with the British squadron on Lake Erics on the 10th of September, 1813. The medal for Commo-dore Perry has been ready for some time that his absence on the public service delays its presen-

dation. Reed, of the Hener, passed through this city yesterday morning, on his return from Washington to join his slip, which we presume, will sail immediately on his reaching New York.

ALBANT, August 10. The storm of Saturday evening, which was so trilly terrific in its appearance in this city, was not without its fatal consequences in many parts nof without its fatal consequences in many pays of the country. Three buildings were seen on fire at one time during the storn—and we have since learned, that a barn belonging to the late. Mr. Lawrence Van Dyck, at Kinderhook, was at on fire by the lightning and burnt; another belonging to a Mr. Sutherland, at Chatham, a third belonging to Mr. Jonathan Sherrill, at Greenville, and a fourth belonging to Mr. Jeongton of Westerloo. They were all full of grain and hay. of Westerloo. They were all full of grain and hay, and the loss of their respective owners is very

serious.

In this city, the lightning struck the house of John N. Quackenbush, Esq. in the fifth ward, and that of Mr. Sprague, innkeeper in the 4th ward; but did little or no damage to either.-I wart, but the men who were sitting in front of Mr. Sprague's house, but they were not materially injured, and soon recovered. At Stillwater, Mr. Noadiah Moody was killed while walking in the street with another person, who was also knocked down, and remained senseless for some time. for some time. alle Mary 3 to 8 8

Jonathan Russell and family, late minister to Sweden, have arrived in Boston, in the ship Cor-delia, from Gibraltar.

From the New Haven Herald, August 10.

Moble Act.—As the Huntress Packer, (capt. Beecher,) was returning from New York, last week, a child of Mr. Hoyle, by some unlucky accident, fell overboard. The wind blew fresh, and the unhappy parents beheld in agony their only son on the brink of eternity, without one ray of lone statche could be rescued. In this ray of hope that he could be rescued. In this distressing moment, while the vessel was passing rapidly through the water, the helmsman, Jo rapidly through the water, the helmsman, Joseph Stevens, sprang from the quarter deck, committing himself to the waves, with the hobble resolution of saving the infant or perishing in the attempt. He seized the child as it was sinkings and held him above water to convince the wretched parents that he was still alive. The packet by this time had left them about half a mile, and was with much difficulty rounded to. Capt. Beecher immediately manned his boat and pushed to their assistance. Just as his boat and pushed to their assistance. Just as he reached them, poor Joe's strength was ex-hausted, and he sunk, leaving the child to its fate. Captain Beecher, with great presence of mind, as he seized the child with one hand plunged the other under water up to the arm pit, and luckily succeeded in rusing the sailor Both Joe and the child were apparently dead.
After rolling them in salt, however, and apply-Anset, Printing them in sait, however, and apply-ing all the restoratives which are usually em-ployed on such occasions, they both revived, and we are happy to state are doing well. The rich may boast of their charity; and princes of their noblity, but never did any rich man perform a more disinterested act of henevalence any prince achieve a more honorable one, than did this poor sailor, in restoring to the arms of their parents their only child, by snatching it in the grasp of death, at the risk of his own

†Mr Hoyle, is recently from Nottingham

National Character.

An incident that occurred on board the Franklin 74, while com. Stewart was receiving a visit from the emperor of Austria and king of Naples, is calculated to have a pleasing effect on our national character abroad as the chamberlain of the empress fell down the main hatch-way and broke his leg-he was immediately attended to by the surgeom of the ship, Dr. Salter, and every thing was done that science and kill could do for the unfortunate Austrian. The next day," says the author of a communication on this subject in the Natimal Messenger, "the emperor sent Dr. Salter a purse containing one hundred doubloons, (fifteen hundred dollars) which however, was promptly returned by that gentleman, with a note stating his reasons for so doing, which were, simply, that " he was an American officer, and had done no thing but his dury." The astonishment of the emperor at this unlooked for return. was excessive; but he could not but openly express his admiration of the independence of character displayed by the American surgeon. His courtiers, however, were thunderstruck—To return the present of an Emperor! Santa Maria! and 100 doublooms too! - And they held up their hands in admiration of an act which they had never heard of before, and which they felt they could not imitate."

Dr. Salter is a gentleman, and doubtless would not barter the feelings of a man upon an occasion like this, for 100 doublooms and to relieve himself of being thought too delicate on the subject, it is probable that he plead, the provision in our constitution which forbids the acceptance of a present by an officer of the United States, from any king, prince or foreign state.

The affair is most aptly fitted to shew these princes and their courts a trait of character in the American people, highly honorable to our institutions and habits of thinking-a pride of virtue and self-respect superior to any thing that kings can confer, and which they never can take away: Niles Register.

Missouri Expedition.

From the Missouri Enquirer, July 7.

Milittiry Expedition to the Upper Missouri - The sixth regiment of infantry feit Belle Fontaine ou Sunday, the 4th inst. in the steam boats Expedition, Johnson, and Jefferson; and a number of keel boats and barges, furnished with sails, wheels, and oars.

The officers of the 6th attached to this expedition, are— Col. Atkinson, Lieuts. Wetmore Lt. Col. Snelling, Staniford, Maj. Humphreys, Brevet Maj. Foster, Clark, Wilcox, Ellison, Captains Reed, Bliss, Brevet Maj. Ketchum, an Keler, Bedel, Cante Hamilton; M'Illvain, Boardman; Brown. Haile, Mansfield, Palmer, Durand, Givin Sibler Brevel May Livingston,

Surgeon Moners Sungennie Mare Nichbi: The officers of the Kine who have pre-ceded the sixth invarity many the since ex-

Col. Chambers. Lt. Col. Morgan, Adjt. Pentland, Quarter Master Faliner, Captalne Martin, Magee, Riley,

Capt. Gray, Lieuts. Fields, Kavanadel Sant Land Keith.

Col. Atkinson commands the expedi tion.

Gen. Jessup accompanies if, to forward all the operations which depend upon the Quarter Master General's department.

Capt. T. F. Smith, of the rifle, goes up as Assistant Adjutant General.

Lieut. Talcott, of the Engineers. Major O'Fallon, U. S. agent to the In. dians on the Misssouri, had preceded in the Western Engineer, but it is understood that his duties are equally connected with the success of both expeditions.

A multitude of paragraphs in different newspaners, have assigned to Col. James Johnson, of Kentucky, a place of undefined and vague importance in this expedition. He in fact goes out with it, and we have taken some pains to ascertain the exact nature of his functions. We learn that he has contracted with the government to transport troops, provisions and munitions of war; that he has chosen steamboats for the transport vessels; and that the ferms of the contract are sufficiently advantage. ous to have induced any other citizen to have done the same without drawing upon his patriotic fund.

No doubt is entertained upon the capacity of the expedition to reach the Council Bluffs in the month of August. The whole will winter there, and will erect a permanent work, to be garrisoned by the 6th. On the opening of the Spring, the Riffe will proceed to the Mandan Villages.

Some doubt is entertained upon the sugcess of two of the steam boats; but it is believed that measures have been 'taken to prevent the loss from having any effect upon the progress of the expedition.

Thus the public have at length the satisfaction to see fairly embarked this inferesting expedition, on the success of which depends the accomplishment of such mighty objects for the American people-the transfer of the fur trade from the English to the Americans—the extinction of British influence among American Indies, and the american and the ameri -and the opening a direct intercouse with India by the Columbia and Missouri riv

The officers attached to the expedition are young men of the growth of the last war, distinguished for their professional character and gentlemanly depostments and animated with all the zeal for the success of the enterprise which the interest of the country, and the honor of the administ tration which planned it, could require at their hands.

From the National Intelligencer, August 16.

THE CAPITOL. We are glad to find, by a visit to the capitol, that the apartments destined for the senate and house of representatives will be ready for their reception at the opening of the ensuing session of congress, The Senate chamber, the north wing, appears to be the nearest to completion, and will be a more splendid apartment than the one in which that hody formerly sate! The representatives' hall, in the south wing, though the form is changed, per haps disadvantageously, but necessarily from oval to semicircular, will at least equal in magnificence the former hall. It will possess over the old room, some great advantages, of embellishment as well as convenience. The beautiful large pil-lars, of variegated Potomac marble, in this hall, and the smaller ones of the same material in that of the senate, cannot fail of being generally admired. The colossal statue of Liberty, raised aloft over the speaker's chair, is a fine object, but would appear to a greater advantage had it an ampler space for its display. The galleries in both rooms, but particularly in the senate chamber, are more conveniently disposed than the old one. The toute ensem-

At length, too the centre building be gins to rise from the ground. The ample foundation and subterranean vaults, commenced last season, bave been very substantially completed. The western wall is already rising towards the second story, and the eastern or front wall is some feet above the ground. It is supposed, that, before the winter sets in, the huilding will have reached somewhere about half its height If congress continue to look with a favourable eye on this great national work, it is hoped the end of the next season will find the exterior walls prepared to receive the lofty dome they are destined to support; and that two more years will suffice for the completion of the capi-

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ble of both halls and the arrangements of

offices, committee rooms, &c. it is suppose

ed, will have been greatly improved by

their re-edification.

Printing in Palestine - It is well known that the Archbishop of Jerusalem has been some time in England, soliciting subscriptions to establish a Printing-house on Moent Libanus, between Syria and Palestine, for the diffusion of the Christian Scriptures in the Syriac language. He has, we learn, been eminently successful, having beenpatronised by Lord Telenmourn, Mr. Witherforder, and many of the British clergy, though on his arrival it was reported, that he was an impostor. He has visited the great Universities in England, where he was strictly examined in all the Eastern Languages, and Mr. LEE, Professor of Arabic, has certified to his astonish. ing acquaintance with the Oriental litera. ture preserved in the Bodlean library. Mr. CLYMER, the American mechanic, has presented the Archbishop with one of his payent printing presses; and he has received presents of several founts of types.

Chausston, Aller st 10: It becomes our painful dute to state that the Yellow Fever has me to state that in this city. In fade its appearance . uoing this, we concein are performing a duty to humaniry, and to the public in general, to whom we pledged ourselves to report the first case that occurred. We have been guarded in not exciting unnecessary alarm; and have, therefore, made this statement on the authority of the Board of Health of this city, as well as with the approbation of the respectable medical gentlemen who attended a stranger that died this morning, and who also are in attendance on two others who are now affected.

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We take this opportunity earnestly to recommend to strangers an immediate removal to Sullivan's Island, as a place of perfect safety; and to our fellow citizens. generally, to have their houses and enclo-suress well cleaned and ventilated.

Patriot.

A Newport paper of the 14th inst. me A Newport paper of the 14th met. mentions, that major Albert and lieut. Winchel, of the U. S. Topographical engineers, have completed their survey of that Island, and are now engaged in surveying the Island of Jamestown, and other islands in that vicinity.

It is noticed, in some of the papers, that t Hornet is about to return to Spain, and some importaince is attached to the fact. That the Hor importaine is attached to the fact. I not the hor-not may be ry despatched to Mr. Porsyth, is like-ly, because, she brought despatched from him, but from the moment of her arrival, we have heard that she was not to return very soon—so that her intended departure proves nothing but that her destination has not been changed.—Nat

In the British House of Commons the 28th of Gen. Boyd was a native of the United States, had commander of the corps in the service of the Nizam. After some debate the motion was carried.

By the arrival at New York, of the ship Hec tor, Gillender, was received London papers to the 23d and Liverpool to the 25th of June. It is stated from Rome that Lucien Bonaparte had recently applied to the government for permission to send his eldest son to his brother Joseph in America, and that Mr. Bussell, the American minister in Sweden, was to arrange the young flised, at the same time idvising Lucien to apply to the allied powers:—The propensity to emprate to America from the continent of Europe increases. Several thousands it is stated are pre-paring to embark from the kingdom of Wirten-burg. On the 18th of June the king's messenger left London with despatches for Naples. A vo-lent shock of an earthquake was felt at Cornets on the 27th of May, and all along the whole coast if the Mediterranean, which damaged several ghiffees, Two very destructive fires, one at the willage of Kuchel, in the vicinity of Presburg. the other at Gresen, in the province of Posen, broke out the latter part of the month of May and destroyed property to a large amount, becreases. Several thousands it is stated are pre and destroyed property to a large mount of May and destroyed property to a large mount, besides many lives. At the former place 116 house, and 52 hards and a number of cattle were confirmed; and at the latter 235 houses were destined.

Laws of New-Jersey.

During the last session the Legislature mpilation and revision of the laws of his start;" and by this act empowered JOHN FRELINGHUYSEN. DAAID HOMP fox, junt Thomas I Kinney, esquires wemploy some fit person to a ake the said ampilation. We understand this commitbe have accordingly employed Judge RENNINGTON; who will proceed imme-diately to the execution of the arduous and inpoctant trust .- The Committee have we presume, discharged this part of their duty to general satisfaction, as a more thit person? could not, probably, have been selected .- True Ame.

London, June 29.

Letters from Cadiz were received by this the captains refused to comply.

In this port has recently been witnessed squezed on board a small vessel of from id a cask; they each of them paid in advance 150 florins; there will probably be a teaches Flushing.

Swful Sudden Death .- Died lately, on of nitre is for a child one year old, he plan(ation of Mr. B -- s, in South Ca-plina a negro wench, (a field hand) while gind, a neglower of the ing a hill of corn, aged 45. The friends, who attended to lay her out, and lashed round her the handle of a fryg pan, which she had substituted in lieu a CORSET, well secured by pieces of ope, which was, no doubt the cause of her

The Grand Jury of Charleston, (S.C.) have Resented as a grievance the law, requiring una-mity as necessary to a verdict, instead of a bare hajority, which they recommend as a substitute.

dray the best head in the world.

Middlebury, (Ver.) July 21. Remarkable Occurrence .- On the night of the 15th instant, a piece of land of up wards of two acres, on the western bank of Otter Creek, in Weybridge, instantane-ously caved away and sunk about 20 feet from its former level: The ground, except few feet of the surface, was composed, to a depth not ascertained, of blue clay, the turned up in a manner similar to cakes of ice, when stopped in an overflowed stream There were, on the ground, a dwelling house and potter's shop, which were overturned and dashed to pieces, and the fur-niture entirely destroyed. The frightened inhabitants, luckily warned of their danger by the cracking of the house for a few minutes before the convulsion, had just made their escape. The walls and contents of the cellar sunk between the fragments of clay, and the garden, orchard &c. with trees buried to their tops, exhibit a melancholy scepe of ruin. The bed of the river; which was clay, and more than twenty feet deep in that place, was raised by the concussion, so as to stop the water for 7 or 8 hours, when it cut a new channel. The novelty of the event has attracted thousands of spectators to view its aw fu! ruins.

Important Discovery.

Pyroligheous Acid. Extract of a letter from M. C. G. at Paris.

A discovery of the greatest importance engages at this moment the attention of the Physicians, the Chemists and the govern-ment. A person of the name of Manage has discovered that the pyroligneous acid obtained by the distillation of wood, has June, Mr. Wilberforce moved that a sum of not gless than 60000, be granted to his Majesty for the purpose of remunerating General Boyd. Mr. Wilberforce prefaced his motion by stating that wilberforce prefaced his motion by stating that moments into this acid, even slightly emtion and putrelaction of animal substances. moments into this acid, even slightly emmeanly life rendered great service to the cause pyreumatic to preserve this nightly emforts as you may desire. Cutlets, kidneys, liver, total period of affairs there. He was at that time rabbits, which were prepared as far keep rabbits, which were prepared as far back as the month of July last, are now as fresh as if they had been just procured from the market. I have seen carcases on the ground with their feet, occasioned washed three weeks ago with pyroligneous acid, in which there is yet no sign of detthe matter.—He returned quite pale and composition. Patrefaction not only stops, trightened, telling his master that one of but it even retrogades. Jakes exhaling in their horses had beat up part of the pavefection, cease to do so, as soon as you pour into them the purifying acid. You body. The officer finding they were in may judge how many important applicagation, medicine, un wholesome manufactories, will derive incalculable advantages from it. This explains why meat, merely dried in a stove, does not keep, while that which is smoked becomes unalterable. We have here an explanation of the theory of tear start from her eyes; yet neither his bams, of the beef of Hamburg, of smoked entreaties nor his threats could prevail on tongues; sausages, red herrings, or wood her to explain; his servant joined in besmoked to preserve it from worms, &c. &c.

Medicinal.

Medicus, in the New York Daily Ad vertiser, offers the following as a certain cure for the Cholera Morbas:

Take a soft cork, and burn it thorough ly in the fire—when it ceases to blaze, mix it up on a plate with a little milk and water, or any thing more agreeahissed. An act making provision for a hie to the palate, and repeat the dose till the disorder ceases; which it commonly does in the second or third administration of the remedy, the acridity of the stomach is immediately corrected, and the effect mstantaneous.

> From the Philadelphia American Daily Advertiser.

MR. Pourson.-You may be instru mental in saving the lives of some suffering infants, by publishing the following

Cure for the Cholera Morbus. Take a small handful of the leaves of either Peppermint or Spearmint, rather more than half as much of the leaves of lous, and they now insist on the British with warm brandy, and change the herbs hips being stripped before they proceed to every evening—it must not be lest off until the patient is quite recovered. The above will render the stomath retentive; then give them every morning one or two small A Hamburg paper gives as to the total tea spoonfuls of the syrup of rhubard, and of the army and navy of the Russian em- in the latter part of the afternoon, about 8 pire, 868,000 men, of which number 75,000 drops of sweet spirits of nitre, every hour for S hours in succession. By continuing the above for a few days, more or less, according as the child might seem to require a most dreadful outrage to humanity; it, the writer has had the satisfaction of from 550 to 400 individuals have been seeing a great many children perfectly it, the writer has had the satisfaction of destored, and never knew it to fail. But they must not eat or drink any thing that 200 to 300 tons; commanded by a Prus they must not eat or drink any thing that san captain which has set sail for the color is the least sour; such as unripe fruits, new diesthey are literally packed like herring choese, or any thing that is hard of digestion, ripe blackberries are very good, or if they should wish old cheese, fresh butter, estilence on board the ship before it a little sweet ham, or eggs, either boiles or fryed, they may be indulged with safety The quantity of rhubard and sweet spirits

SILLERTON THE MISER.

Mr. Gorden, founder of the hospital that goes by his name in the city of Aberdeen was perhaps one of the greatest misers that ever appeared in any country; and from his extreme attachment to riches, is still spoken of by the name of Sillerton. This eccentric being was a well informed man, The Graud Jury of Charleston, (S.C.) have the law, requiring management is a grievance the law, requiring management is a grievance the law, requiring management is a cobler-lived immensionly, which they recommend as a substitute. The use of a candle is a grievance the law, requiring management is a cobler-lived immensionly, which they recommend as a substitute. The use of a candle is a stitistatorily, but give me leave to tell you that your conduct towards your family, is thought by some to be rather arbitrary, and had divergit to be, there are your three sons, Tom. Dick and Harry, tolling, every day from morn till night on the favorite amusement. The use of a fire lies city to learn trades and the fine arts; at the ex-

the extreme rigours of winter. As a sub-stitute for this necessary element, he kept in his gnrret a hamper, or cieel full of stones, which he carried about the room on his back, until he was sufficiently warm. A pennyworth of buttermille in summer generally served to moisten all his foud for eight days. One Monday, opper strata of which were broken and whilst Sillerton was from home, a half turned up in a manner similar to cakes of starved rat got at his precious bowl, and made a greedy repart, (such a delicious banquet seldom fell to his lot in this miserable abode of famine.) but having over eaten itself, it tumbled into the bowl, and, like Gray's immortal Tabby; met its desafter the melancholy accident had happened, ran to his bowl, found it half empty, and the expiring robber drenched in the costly The enraged miser seized the rat by the head with one hand, whilst with the other he squeezed the milk the into bowl from the shoulders to its tail, saying, "D-n ye, ye shant get off with that!" and then making the ill fated animal dis gorge what he half drank, thus preserved a scanty supply for his porridge, during the remainder of the week!! This wretch ed character at last died of a surfeit, after dining at the house of a friend."

Telescope.

Remarkable Adventure.

On the road from Metz to Treves, there s on the frontiers of France an unfrequented inn, which stands alone. A French officer travelling on horseback that way in 1786, accompanied by one servant only, had occasion to stop for some time. His servant led his horse into the stable The officer was conducted into a room meanwhile. On the servant's return from the stable, they were remarking to each other the wild looks of the innxeeper, and the general disorder which appeared in every part of the house. While they were making many conjectures on the subject, they heard a strange noise in the stable. The horses could not be kept quiet, and their repeated neighings and striking out ment and discovered the hand of a dead tions may be made of this process. Navi- and his servant vowed to assist him to the last drop of his blood.

By and by the servant maid came into the chamber to lay the cloth. The officer put some questions to her, to which she made no answer, but he could observe the secching her, when she made signs that they should not edt any of the victual which were to be put on the table. A minute after, the innkeeper entered wit! the supper, which he placed on the table, inviting the strangers to partake; but they excused themselves on different pretences The host became importunate, and the remained obstinate; on which he left the room, and returned accompanied by three men of an aspect as terrific as his own who gave them to understand that the must eat. The officer and his faithful ser vant made no other answer than by blow ing out the brains of the two assassins who were nearest them; the two others took to their heels immediately; the conque rors pursued them out of the inn, and at ter barricading the doors, they returned to the room, where they sat up until day. keeping their fire arms loadedin case of an assault. Phis precaution was necessary as about the middle of the night they heard the voices of several persons, who endeavored to break open the doors. On this they went to the place of attack. The villains had effected a breach, through which the most hardy of them attempted Tansey, mix them and put them in a soft to enter, but was immediately despatched; Letters from Cadiz were received by Tansey, mix them and put them in a soft to enter, but was immediately despatched; the post of vesterday, stating that several thin flannel bag, large enough to cover the the others, more sautious, took some time stomach and bowels; quilt the bag through to consider, during which the officer and the stomach and bowels; quilt the bag through to consider, during which the officer and the saluted them with repeated herbs from falling to one place which would be very oppressive and injurious, after the capture of the capture purchase of the rotton Russian ships has the stomach and binwels, about blood heat; flight. After this the travellers remained made the Cadiz committee extremely cau- wet the bag several times through the day unmolested for the rest of the night; by break of day they mounted their horses and took a by road. As soon as they arrived at Treves, they gave an account of the whole affair, and the remainder of the

villains were secured.

DIALOGUE, BET WEEN EARMER CARELESS AND HIS NEIGHBOUR THEIFTY.

Careless.—I am come a sorrowing neighbour Thrifty, as good old Dr. Franklin said, because I am come borrowing; our Storekeeper Tradewell, has called on me for a swinging balance, the half of which I have not got, will you help me out this time, and tell me how you manage to keep out of the fellow's debt.

Thrifty—As to your first request, ne ghbour, it gives me pleasure that it happens to be in my, power to serve you, but as to t. e second, I would much rather that you would excuse me.

Careless—I cannot for it puzzles me so much seeing my farm quite equal to yours, my stock and crops as good, and my children as able and

willing to help me.

Thrifiy—You sell all your wool and all your flax in the raw state.

Cureless—So I do; because my wife shid daugh-

ters tell me, that we can buy goods of Tradewell cheaper than we can make them.

Thirly—I consider it my duty to enjoin upon my family to spin and weiwe every pound of flax and worl that I can raise, and when my write or daughters want finery and other nick nacks from Tradewell's they carry a piece of homespun and make an exchange, with him, and by this means make shift to keep out of his books

never indulged himself in, even during pense of the sweat of the brow, of the rest of

pense of the sweat of the brow, of the rest of your family.

Thuffy—True, my sons Alexander, Georgand Frederick, all have a mechanical turn, and I need not tell you neighbour that not one of them was fit for a farmer. Alexander you know was disabled by the limb of a tree falling upon his leg, which left him with a stiff knee. George was always but feeble, and Frederick protested in the limb of a farmer to I sent them to the against being a farmer; so I sent them to the city to get trades, at some expense to us in the first place, but when they once have good trades, I trust they will be able and willing to remunerate us; at any rate I conceive it to be my duty to provide for all my children, as I had the means put in my hand by the bounty of a benign Providence.

NOTICE:

In this is to inform those, who are indebted for subscription to the Washington Whig, that a list of such as reside in Mitwille, is put into the hands of Jeremiah Striaton, esq.—A list of those who reside in Farfield, is put into the hands of Jones Westcott, esq.—A list of those who reside in Downe, is, put into the hands of John Mintosh, esq.—And, a list of those who reside in Maurice River, is put into the hands of Rendal Marshall, esq. who are respectively authorised to receive and give receipts for the several demands.

These measures have been taken to accommodate the subscribers—and it is hoped, every one will speedily discharge his account:

will speedily discharge his account:
DANIEL ELMER, Assignce.
August 21, 1819.

Sheriff's Sale:

DY Virtue of sundry writs of f. fa. to me differented, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Salem county, will be exposed to sale, at public vendue, on Saturday the 25th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the house of James Sherron, in Salem;

Three Tracts of Land,

n Upper Pana's Neck, two adjoining lands o Isaac C. Jones and others; one said to contain 40, and the other 70 acres, more or less—the third is WOODLAND,

adjoining lands of William Holmes and others and is said to contain 30 acres more or less. Seized as the property of Nicholas Justin, and taken in execution at the suit of Matthew Gill and others, and to be sold by S. MILLER, Sheriff.

August 23.-4t

Coroner's Sale.

BY virture of a writ of fieri facias, to me di Preted, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, on Thursday, the 30th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P.M. at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton;

A House and Lot,

situate in the township of Morris River, and vil age of Leesburgh: the lot contains half an acre more or less; together with all he lands of the defendant .- Seized as the property of Lexande M'Donald, and taken in execution at the suit of Dan Simkins. Administrator to James M'Kee,

dec'd. and to be sold by
DAVID SHEPPARD, Coroner.
August 23.—40

Sheriff's Sales.

n the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in

A Lot of Land,

with the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Maurice River, said to contain one numbered acres, more less, joins lands of John chambers and others, together with all the lands The defendant.—Seized as the property of Daniel Chambers, and taken in execution at the 1 t of Samuel Bishop and Thomas Lee, Esq. & o be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

Three Lots of Land,

situate in the township of Maurice River, and et as the property of Nathaniel Lore, and taken village of Dorchester, a better description will be given at the time of sale. Also at the same John & Thomas Sheppard, and the Pre-indentity time and place, the wirde of the defendant's Directors and Company of the Cumberland Bank, personal property. Seized as the property of and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

August 9, 1819. the suit of John Chambers, and to be sold by

fixty acres, more or less, of which 32 acres are woodland, 45 acres are banked meadow, chiefly in herd and timothy of superior quality; on the premises is a two story-frame house 26 feet by 18, in good repair and completely finished, wit a kitchen adjoining: Also, two barns and other out buildings; a quantity of Apple trees, chiefly grafted; the whole under good cedar fence. Selection at the property of John Heward, and taken in execution at the suit of Henry Preus, assignee,

&c. and to be sold by.

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

... A Lot of Land,

with the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Maurice River; said to contain 25 acres more or less; joins lands of John Tomlin & others. Seized as the property of Abraham Peterson, and taken in execution at the suit of Michael March 1867.

chael M Credy, and to be sold by
DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.
August 9, 1819.—4t

Sheriff's Sale.

DY Virtue of sundry Writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the tenth day of August next, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the inn of Philip Souder, in Bridgeton;

A Lot of Timber Land,

situate in the township of Downes said to contain seventy-five acres more or less; joins lands for-merly owned by Wesley Budd, together with all the lands of the defendant. Seized as the prop the tands of the detendant, Seized as the property of William Purkins, a d taken in-execution at the suit of William Tomlinson, John Budd, and William Qavis, and to be sold by

DAN SLMKINS, Sheriff.

July 5, 1819—ts

The above sale is adjourned until Tues

day, the 7th day of September next.

August 16.

arth, arragional Sheriff's Sale.

P V Virtue of sundry Writs of First Fac as, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the length day of A gust next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder in Reideston Souder in Bridgeton,

A Lot of Land,

situate in the township of Downe, said to con-tain thirty acres, more or less; joins lands of Jonathan Sockwell; sixty acres joins lands of Daniel Blizard; sixteen acres of sait marsh, joins the former lot together with all the lands of the efendant; Seized as the property of David Shell; and taken in execution at the suit of William, D. Barrett, and Edmud Shenpard and to he self-Barrett, and Edmund Sheppard, and to be sold

DAN SIMKIN', Sheriff.

The above sale is adjourned until Tuesday, the 7th day of September next. -August 16.

Sheriff's Sales

Py Virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed will be exposed to sale; alphblic vendue, on Tuesilas the Twenty eighth day of Septembernest, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day 3 rite, coursely of Cumberland, at the inn of Pacing Souder; in Bringeton, the following described.

Lots of Land,

ist, A TRACT OF WOODLAND, in the town. 1st, A TRACT OF WOODLAND, in the townships of Millville and Fairfield, containing 3153 acres, of Penn. Tract. 2d, 1389, sicres, of WOODLAND, in the township of Maurice River, commonly known by the name of the Abbot Tract. 3d, 185 acres of CEDAR'SWAMP, in the township 5d, 185 acres of the situate in said township, 5th, 50 acres of land situate in said township, 5th, 50 acres of land situate in said township, 5th, 50 acres of land situate in said township, 7th,

A House and Lot:

in Port Elizabeth. 8th, a house and let. Mill-ville. 9th, the undivided one third part of 968 acres of WOODLAND, situate on the west of Manaway Branch and Black Water. 10th, the on-divided one third part of 2281 cres of WOOD. LAND, situate on said waters. 14th, the undivided one third part of a tract of Land, Ningh, is within the county of Cumberland, in the whale 1358 acres. Itlh, the same of another tract, the ate as aforesaid, containing in the whole 9788 acres, the two last tracts situate near the waters of Maurice River, and called Mulaga branches, known by the name of the Pork Bridge Mills Tract. 13th, the undivided third part of all that part of 1953 ucres of WOODLAND, which is sitpart of 193 ucres of WOODLAND, which is structed in Cumberland county, known by the name of the survey, together with all the hinds of the defendant, Sevedas the property of Benjamin B. Cooper, and taken in execution at the suit of Gideon Scull, Jun. and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

The following described . * LOTS OF LAND

situate in the townships of Maurice hiver and bee dell. No. 1, twenty-six acres, jons lands of spendah Chambers, No. 2, fifty acres, No. 3, thirty one acre, near Leesburgh, No. 4, one acre, joins lands, formerly owned by James on Kee. Sheriff's Sales.

De Virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, tormed by James of Keen No. 5, thirteen ac es, joins lands of John Alberton.

Define directed, will be exposed to sale, at public cudue, on Tuesday, the seventh day of Septembler next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock Erixon. No. 8, two acres, joins lands of Samuel ber next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock Erixon. No. 9, three acres, joins lands of John at the afternoon of said day, in the cognity of Cumberland, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in all the lands of the defendant. A better descrip-tion, will be given at the time of Sale. Seized as the property of James Lee, and taken in execuseph and Collin Cooper, and to be sold by

DAN SI KINS, Sheriff

At the same time and place,

A FARM,

situate in the township of Downer and to consituate up the township or Lownege at to con-tain one fundred and fifty scres may or less, on which stands three Dwelling Houses, one now which stands thee Overling Houses, one now occupied as an Lin or Tavern, also, as fore house and wherf, also two hundred acres of salt marsh, near Turkey Point, also twenty acres of woodland, with all the lands of the defendant.—Seiz-

At the same time and place, A FARM.

A FARM.

containing one hundred seres more or less; situate in the township of Hopewell, three miles srom Bridgeton, containing one bundred and toon at the suit of John Elkinton, and to be sold

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. Bridgeton, Aug. 16th, 1819-50

At the same time and place, A House and Lot.

At the same time and alone.

At the same time, and place,

A Small Farm, in the township of Hopewell, joins lands of Thomas Long and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of John Moore, jun. and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Dare, and Henry Hityard, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place, A Lot of Woodland,

ituate in the township of Downe, containing five acres more or less, joins lands of Johns. Bower. Also fifteen acres of salt marsh joins. Bower. Also fifteen acres of salt marsh joins, lanus of Jonathar Hand, with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Clark-Henderson, and taken in execution at the suit of William Tomlinson, and to be sold by DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time and place, -.

A Lot of Land,

with the improvements thereon, situate in the township of Dowie, containing fortywares more or less, joins lands of the heirs of Gideon Heaton, deceased—Serzed as the property of Rodbert Lake, and stakes in execution at the suit of Richard Robbins, and to be sold by DAM SIMMENS, Shariff.

Bloomfield M'Ilvaine,

REDUC ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF THE LAW,

native state, with a hope of meriting by fidelity and attention the confidence they may place in

Dwelling and Office at No. 74, South 6th Street. Philadelphia, Sep. 28th, 1818---tf

In Chancery, New-Jersey. MAY 22, 1819.

Between HENNY SHEPPAND, Complainant, and
James L. Chawford,

JEHEMIAH BAMFORD,

On bill to foreclose, Edd May 22, 1819. BENJAMIN F. BAKER,

Defendants, Tappearing to the Court that process of sub poens to appear, answer, &c. hath issued against the defendants in this cause, and that against the defendarts in this cause, and that James L. Crawford, the Mortgagor, Benjamin F. Baker and Jeremiah Baraford, the above Defendants, have not caused their appearance to be entered, as according to the rules of this Court the same ought to have been done, in case such process had been duly served, and it also appearing to the satisfaction of the Chancellor that all the said defendants reside out of this state, and could not upon due enquiry be found within the six months from the date of this order, and in case they shall fail so to do, the complainant's said bill shall be taken as confessed against them or either of them so failing to appear, plead, an swer or demur, and thereupon such decree shall be not as the Chancellor shall think equitable and fig. ... And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published within twenty days from this date, in a newspaper printed and published at Bridgeton, in this state, called the "Washington Wing," for the snace of six weeks, once in to Whig," for the space of six weeks, once in each week successively, and also in a newspaper printed and published in Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, for the space of four weeks successively, once in each week at least.

Isaac H. Williamson, C.

A true copy, WM. HYER, Clk.

June 7, 1819 -- 6w

In Chancery, New-Jersey.

Between John Hannon, Complainant, And SAMUEL NICHOLS, Zichanian Nichols, EPHRAIM CARLL, WILLIAM WOODREFF, And

On Bill, &c. July 14th, 1819.

JACOB MILLER, Defendants. T eppearing to the Court that process of Sub-poens to appear, &c. hath issued against the above defendants, and that the said Zachariah

Nichols has not caused his appearance to be entered, as according to the rules of this Court, the same ought to have been entered, in case stuch process had been duly served; and it also appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of this Court, that the said Zachariah Nichols, is out of this state. These said Zachariah Nichols, is out of this state. Upon opening the matter this day to-the Court, by Daniel Elmer, Solicitor and of Counsel with the Complainant, the Chancellor doth order and direct, the said Zachariah Nichols to appear, plead, answer or demur to the Com-plainant's bill of Complaint in this cause, on or before the next stated term of this Court; and in case he shall fail so to do, the Complainant's bill shall be taken, pro confesso, against the said Zachariah Nichols, and thereupon such decree shall be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published within twenty days after the date of this order in the Washington White is a suggested and published. Washington Whig, a newspaper printed and published at Bridgeton, in the County of Cumberland in this state, for the space of six weeks successively, once at least in each week. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published. ished within twenty days after the date of this order, in a newspaper printed in the city of Philadelphia, for the space of four weeks successively, once at least in each week.

Isaac H. Williamson, C.

A true copy,
WM. HYER, Clk.

July 26, 1819-6w

NOTICE.

VILUAM SCHULTZ, has assigned to me, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, his books of actount, and all debts, and sums of money dite and owing to him:—Those persons indebted to him, are desired to discharge their respective accounts immediately

DANIEL ELMER, Assignee. Bridgeton, July 26, 1819

NOTICE.

Court, of the county of Cumberland, will be sold on the twenty-fifth day of September, 1819, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M. o said day, at the Inn of Richard Jarman, on Lau-rel Hill,

, A House and Lot.

Of three acres, be the same more or less, adjoining lands of Dan Bowen, sen John Davis, and others, and to be sold by

Dayton Riley, Ex'r. To the Estate of Juliana Reeves, Dec. Bridgeton, July 26, 1819.4t

NOTICE.

PY Virtue of an order of the orphan's court of the county of Cumberland, will be exposed at public vendue, at the Inn of David Reed, in Millville, on Saturday the 28th day of August next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, in the ofference. the afternoon,

A Lot of Land.

stuate in the township of Millville aforesaid, containing about twenty acres, ten of which are cleared, and in good fence; late the property of John Brandenburgh, dec'd. Conditions at sale, JEREMIAH STRATTON,

Millville, July 5, 1819—4t

Salem County, Sheriff's Sales.

Sheriff's Sale.

In the City of Philadelphia, respectfully offers his professional services to his friends in his chancery of New-Jersey, will be exposed to sale at Public Vendue, on Saturday the 9th day of the confidence they may place in October 1987. October next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the house of Michael Hackett, in the town of Salem, all

Lot and Tavern House.

situate in the township of Pittsgrove, in the county of Salem, adjoining lands of John Loper, Andrew Newkirk and others, supposed to contain one acre, more or less. Taken in execution as the property of Ency Sithens, at the suit of Jesse Sithens, and to be said by Salley. Sithens, and to be sold by S. MILLER August 9, 1819 .- 2m

Sheriff's Sale.

DY Virtue of a writ of fi. fa. to me directed issued out of the high Court of Chancery of New Jersey, will be exposed to sale at Public Vendue, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of October next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock the afternoon of said day, at the house of Michael Hackett, in the town of Salem, all that

Tract of Land and Plantation,

Situate in the township of Upper Alloway's Creek, in the county of Salem, adjoining lands of Enoch Gibbs, and others, containing eighty-four acres and ninety square roods, be the same more or less.—Taken in execution as the pro-perty of the heirs of William Davis, deceased and to be sold by

S. MILLER, Sheriff. August 9, 1819.-2m

Sheriff's Sales.

PY Virtue of a Writ of fi. fa. to me directed, issued out of the Inferior Court of Salem county, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Saturday the 11th day of September next, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the house of Michael Hackett, in Salem, four pieces or

Lots of Land,

In Pittsgrove, one adjoining lands of Matthias Richman, and others, and is said to contain 120 acres—another adjoining lands of John Sutton and others, and is said to contain 52 acres—another distributed of the said to contain 52 acres other adjoining lands of Isaac Johnson and other and is said to contain 4 acres, and the other, adjoining lands of Daniel Richman, and is said to contain 11 acres more or less.—Seized as the property of James Jones, and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Langley, and sold by S. MILLER, Sheriff.

At the same time and place,

A Tract of Land,

Situate in Pittstown, adjoining lands of Samuel Langley and others and said to contain 100 acres more or less.—Seized as the property of William Dukason, and taken in execut on at the suit of

John Pim, and others, and sold by
S. MILLER, Sheriff.
August 9, 1819—1m

By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the third of March, 1815, entitled "An act to provide for the ascertaining and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the Creek Indians, and for other purposes, the President of the United States is authorised to Cause the lands acquired by the soil treats to be Cause the lands acquired by the said treaty to be effered, when surveyed.

Therefore I, JAMES MONROE, President of the

United States, do hereby declare and make bly to law) of certain lands in shall be held at Huntsville, in said territory, as

On the first Monday in July next, for the sale of townships 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, west...9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 in range 1, east...9, 11, 12 and 14, in range 2, east...12 and 13, in range 3, east...11, 12 and 13 in range

ranges 4 and 5, west.
On the first Monday in November, for the sale

By the President:

JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office. Printers of newspapers who are authorised to publish the Laws of the United States, will in sert the above once a week till the 1st of January

April 12, 1819---t1stjan.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber, residing in the City of Phila delphia, will undertake any professional business entrusted to his care in the city and its vicinity.—Merchants and others who have money o collect, &c. where a suit is or is not necessar will find it their interest to employ him, as his charges will be moderate, and his attention assiduous. Letters, post paid, will be attended to, and the most respectable references given.

JACOB D. WHEELER.

Attorney at Law, No. 32, south Fifth street, Philadelphia. April 5, 1819--6m.

NOTICE

TS. HEREBY GIVEN, that I have applied to the Inferior Court of Common Pleas of the County of Cape May, for the benefit of of the Insolvent Laws of the State of New Jersey, and the Court have appointed the 18th day of September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at the Court House in Middle township, to hear what can be alledged for or against my liberation from confinement as an insolvent debtor.

SETH HAND.

August 9, 1819.

Take Notice.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public for their past favors, and hope by assiduity to business to merit a continuance of their patronage. He also informs his custom ers that he constantly keeps on hand, an assort mentof

Shoes,

of different descriptions, morocco as well as leather, he also has on hand a general assortment of soal and upper leather skins, &c. The subscriber invites those who have accounts unsettled, to call and settle the san

Robert Alderman. Cedarville, May 17, 1819 .-- tf.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he list purchased the one half part of a New Double Carding Machine of John E. Jeffers, which is now in complete operation at the Mill of Richman and Stull, Pittsgrove, where he intends carding wool at the customary prices. All those favour-ing him with their custom, will find it very much to their interest, as the card is one of the first quality, and calculated to card wool of all de scription in the first rate manner.

Daniel Richman.

Centreville, (formerly Dayton's Bridge) }
Jun 7, 1819---tf

Sheriff's Sale.

BY Virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, issued out of the Court of Chancery of the state of New-Jersey, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the 5th of October next, between the hours of 12 and 5 clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Hotel, in Bridgeton, in the courty of Cumber land, a certain

Tract of Land,

Situate, lying and being in the county of Cum be land, in the state of New Jersey, beginning at Tuckahoë river, at a corner of lands laid of to the heirs of Clement Hall; thence by said land south seventy three degrees west two hundred and twenty chains to a corner in Scout's line, & also a corner to said Hall; thence along said Scott's line south eleven degrees west one hun dred chains to a corner in said line, also corner to land belonging to the heirs of John Black-wood, Esq. deceased; thence by their land, north eighty seven degrees east one hundred and thirty-five chains to a corner; thence north three de ty-five chains to a corner; thence north three de-gress, west about forty-eight chains to a corner, thence north eighty-seven degrees east, eighty-eight chains and twenty links to Tuckahoe river aforesaid; thence along the said river the several courses thereof to the place of beginning, concourses thereof to the place of leginning con-taining two thousand two bundred and forty acres of land be the same more or less (except-ing so much thereof of the said MILL TRACT of fifty acres, as may lay within the aforesaid of fifty acres, as may lay within the aforesaid bounds, and also excepting and reserving out of the said described tract of land, three hundred acres which Joseph Jones, sold and conveyed to John Hill and Ichabod Compton.)

Seized as the property of Jacob Abbott, defendant, taken in execution at the suit of Thomas F. Learning, Complainant, and to be sold by JOHN SIBLEY, late Sheriff. August 2, 1819—2m.

NOTICE.

THE firm of BUCK & FITHIAN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to call at the DRUG STORE now occupied by Joel Fithian, jun, and settle their accounts immediately; those versons having demands against said firm, are requested to present them for settlement.

Ephraim Buck, Joel Fithian. Jr.

May 24, 1819—(f

THE business will be hereafter conducted by he subscriber, who intends to keep a general scortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS. OILS, DYE STUFFS, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO,

Bottled Porter, Ale & Cider. JOEL FITHIAN, Jun.

EPHRAIM BUCK, M.D. now resides in the house formerly eccupied by Doctor Edo Ogden, in East Water street, third house From the Drug Store. Having relinquished his concern in the Drug Store, he will have nothing to call his attention from his practice, and flatters himself that those persons who favour him with their patronage, will be satisfied with his endeavaure to deserve it. deserve it

TAKE NOTICE.

The partnership of BOWIE & SHAN-NON, is dissolved by mutual consent.

THOSE who have any demands against us, are desired to bring In their accounts for settlement, and those who are indebted to us either on Bonds, Notes or Book account, to make immediate payment to either of us.

Alexander Bowie, John Shannon.

Bridgeton, July 5th, 1819-tf

Sheriff's Sales.

P' virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Monday, the 5th day of July next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cum-berland, at the Inn of Philip Souder, in Bridge-

A Tract of Land,

With the improvements thereon,

Situate in the township of Millville, said to con tain two thousand acres, more or less; joins lands of Benjamin B. Cooper and others, together with all the lands of the defendant.... Seized as the property of John Sheldon, and taken in execution at the suit of George Cake, John Johnson, B. B. Cooper, and others, and to

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

The sale of the land of John Sheldon, is further adjourned until Monday, the S1st day of August next. August 9, 1819.

PRINTING, Neatly Executed at this Office.

NEW-JERSEY NAVIGATION LUTTERY.

By authority of the State of New-Jersey passed Feb. 1819.

TO BE DRAWN AT CAMDEN, OPPOSITE THE

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA. Tiekets, Halves, Quarters and Eighths,

FOR SALE AT I. JONES & CO'S

LOTTERY OFFICE,

CAMDEN, N. J. CCUEME

	SUHEME.	
1 Prize	of	\$20,000
2 "		10,000
4 86	er er er er er	5,000
59 "		3,000
6 "		2,000
25 "	rant film	1,000
20 "		500
40 "		200
60 86		100
220 "		20
7960 "		10

WITHOUT DEDUCTION. Not two Blanks to a Prize!!

Tickets, will be immediately attended to, and the earliest information given to those who nay favor them with their commands. correct check book will be kept of each

lays drawing, and Tickets examined gratis.

The sale of Tickets in the foregoing scheme has been unusually brisk:—It will, therefore, be the interest of adventurers to make early application, as Tickets will soon be raised

CLUBS supplied on easy and advantageous

I. JONES & CO. Camden, New-Jersey.

* Printers in the State of New Jersey are requested to discontinue the former advertisement, and insert the above till forbid, in their several papers, and forward a copy of each to I. Jones & Co. Camden, N. J. together with heir bills. Junk 28,1819-tf

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE BY ANTHONY FINLEY.

North-East corner of Chesnut and Fourth streets, Philadelphia.

ESSAY

HISTORY OF CIVIL SOCIETY.

ADAM FERGUSON, L. L.D. Professor of Moral Philosophy in the University of Edinburgh.

This Work will be comprised in one large two volume, and executed in a style suitable to its high reputation. It will be ready for delivery on the 12th of May next. The price, hand-somely bound, Three collars and Fifty Cents in boards, Three Dollars.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

Of the general Characteristics of Human Nature.

Section 1. Of the question relating to the

PART II. Of the History of Rude Nations.

Section I. Of the informations on this subject, which are derived from Antiquity.—II. Of Rude Nations prior to the Establishment of Property.—III. Of rude Nations, under the impressions of Property and Interest

PART III. Of the History of Policy and Arts.

Section I Of the Influences of Climate and as the stage can run every day in that week.

High time II. The History of Political Establish

Ellis Hand. Situation.-II. The History of Political Establishments.-III. OF National Objects in general, and Establishments and Manners relating to them ...IV. Of Population and Wealth:--- V. Of Nation Defence and Conquest.—VI. Of Civil Liberty
VII. Of the History of Arts.—VIII. Of the His tory of Literature.

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Of Consequences that result from the Advancement of Civil and Commercial

Section I. Of the Separation of Arts and Pro-ssions.—II. Of the Subordination consequent to be Separation of Arts & Professions.—111. Of the I lanners of Polished and Commercial Nations.

1. The same subject continued.

PART V. Of the Decline of Nations.

Section I. Of suppo ed National Eminence, and of the Vicissitudes of Human Affairs. -- II. Of the Temporary Efforts and Relaxations of the Na-tional Spirit.—III. Of Relaxations in the Nation al Spirit incident to Polished Nations .- IV. The same subject continued .-- V. Of National Waste

PART VI.

Of Corruption and Political Slavery.

Section I. Of corruption in general...II. Of Luxury...III. Of the Corruption incident to Po-lished Nations...IV. The same subject continued. -V. Of Corruption, as it tends to Political Slavery .-- VI. Of the Progress and Termination of Despotism.

Philadelphia, April 1, 1819. The above Work, is also for sale at the

ffice of the Ware.

BLANKS FOR SALE

At the Office of the Whig.

State of New-Jersey.

An Act concerning the Constitution of this State.

WHEREAS the meeting of the Legislature on the fourth Tuesday of October, annually, as prescribed in the constitution of this state, by as prescribed in the constitution of this state, a attended with much inconvenience and expense to the people. In particular as it occasions two sittings in order to fulfil in a satisfactory manner the duties of the Legislative department; and as no method is pointed out in the said constitution. as no method is pointed out in the said constilution, whereby the citizens of this state may
obtain amendments thereof, it seems to be the
duty of their representatives, where it appears
to them for the public good, to propose any
amendment, and prescribe the manner in which
the sense of the people may lawfully be taken on
the same, and it so appearing to the Legislature
in this case—Furnyour,
Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Council and Gene
ral Assembly of this State, and it is hereby enucted
by the authority of the same, That it be proposed
and it is hereby proposed, to the people of this
state to amend the constitution thereof, so that
the first meeting of the members of the Legisla-

state to amend the constitution thereof, so the the first meeting of the members of the Legislavive Council and General Assembly, after their annual election, shall be on the first Wednesday of January in every year, instead of the fourth Tuesday in October, and that the first meeting under said proposed amendment be-on the first Wednesday in January one thousand eight haif ared and twenty-one, and that all officers holding commissions under any Joint-Meeting appointment, whose office shall expire at the session of the Legislature in October preceding the annual meeting on the first Wednesday of January one preceding the first Wednesday in January in any preceding the first Wednesday in January in any year thereafter, shall continue in their several offices until the said annual meeting, and then Expire. Ana when any such officer is a salary officer, the Legislature may by law enact a rate.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted. That in order to obsense of the people on said proposed immendment, the several persons in this state qualified to vote for members of the Legislative Council and General Assembly in the several counties of this state, are hereby requested to express their opinion for or against the same, by inserting on their respective tickets, wherein is contained the names of members of Council and Assembly voted for, at the next annual election; the word "amend ent," or the words "no amendment" as they may think fit, which words may be printed or in hand-writing.

Sec, 3. And be it enacted, That the votes so given in regard to amendment or no amendment as aforesaid, shall be received and counted off by the officers of election in theseveral townships of this stake and returned to the cierks of the

of this stake, and returned to the cierks of the courts of common pleas of their respective coup. ties at the times and places, and in manner as reties at the times and places, and in manner's required by law in respect of members of Council,
and Assembly: And the said clerks respectively
shall make one general list of the same with the
number of votes, for and against, in proper columns, and date and sign the same, and make,
return of such list at the expense of the state,
to the Governor or person administering the government thereof, on the fourth Tuesday in Oclober next, ensuing at Trenton, which returns tober next ensuing, at Trenton, which returns so made, the Governor or person administering the government as aforesaid, shall, in the same week, lay before the Council, who shall cast up the same, and ascertain whether two thirds of the votes be in favor of the proposed amendment, and shall communicate the result without delay to the House of Assembly: and if it shall. appear that two thirds of the said votes are in favor of said proposed amendment, it shall there upon be deemed part of the constitution of this state, and the Governor or person administering the government, shall by his proclamation, make

the government, shall by his proclamation, make known the same to the people.

Sec. 4. And best enacted. That the Secretary of State shall cause a copy of this act to be published in all the public newspapers printed in this state, for the space of three months preceding the second Tuesday in October head twice in each month.

Passed February 9,1819.

A true Copy,

James 1 int. Sec. 11.

James Linn, Sec'ry,

Aug. 2, 1819—tam3m

Dividing Creek MAIL STAGE.

THE public will notice, that the subscriber has commenced running the MAIL STAGE, from Dividing Creeks by Newport; Cedaville & Fairton, to Bridgeton, twice a week. Start from the Inn of the subscriber every Tuesday and Saturday morning, precisely at 8 o'clock, and arrive at the Hotel in Bridgeton, about 11, and return back by the same route to Dividing Creeks in the afternoon of the same day.

Baggage will be carefully carried, and business entrusted to the driver, punctually attended to. THE public will notice, that the subscriber

The subscribe? has reduced the fare to the In a subscribe? has reduced the fare to the low rate of FIFTY CENTS the whole route (18 miles) and to way passengers in proportion.

N. B. Persons wishing a conveyance to Bridge tan, on the week of Court, can be accommodated.

Dividing Creek, May 24th, 1819-tf SHINGLES.

HE Subscribers have for sale about 20,000 two feet Shingles.

February 2d, 1819.

Treasury Department. Second Comptroller's Office, & March 25th, 1819. \

Whereas, by the act entitled "An act regulating the payments to invalid pensioners," passed the 3d of the present month, an affidavit of two surgeons or physicians, as to the continuance and rate of disability of the several applicants must accompany their respective applications for the first payment which shall fall due after the 4th of March next, and at the end of every two years thereafter: And whereas some misunderstanding may arise as to the time wnen the above mentioned act shall go into operation:

This is to notify all of whom it may co cern, that, by the construction given to the said act by the Second Comptroller of the Treasury, the before mentioned affidavits (agreeably to the form published by the hon, the Secretary of War, under date of 23d inst.) will be required to accompany the applications for all pensions to which they apply, falling due on the 4th day of

September next. RICHARD CUTTS, Second Comptrollers

Printers authorised to publish the Laws of the United States will insert the above once a week till the 1st of September next period given, to con No s draw b Adv rates.

PAID at th deliv

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