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CONDITIONS.

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POETRY.

WOMAN.

From an Address to the Ladies of Great Britain in the second number of "The Council of Ten."

For, e'er from my boyhood, was my mind
A willing slave to woman's witchery;
On her I lov'd to look, severe, or kind,
As the young eagle gazes on the sky,
Drinking the sun-beams with delighted eye;
And all beside seem'd as a shrivell'd scroll,
While her strong spells came o'er me,
Brooding o'er me,
Like some eternal night-mare of the soul,
Which I could ne'er remove, and wish'd
Not to controul.
To lie on some fond bosom, that could bear
A wounded spirit's waywardness,—the wreck
Of wild consuming passions, and long care,
E'en this to find some being, who would
check
My vain remorse, and ever smiling, deck
With roscate tinge, my life's remaining day;
Imbibe her voice, and hang upon her neck,—
Is all I ask of Heaven, ere yet my clay
Is moulder'd to the dull congenial earth
away!

Some say, thou art a vain and fickle thing,
Changeful and fitful as th' autumnal breeze,
Still, as thou soarest wild on wanton wing,
Laughing at steadfast faith and tranquil ease,
As all to dull for polish'd times like these!
Some say, that in thy smiles, and in thy tears,
Dwells treachery,—that thine heart alone
can please
Wealth, pomp, or toys, that suit but infant
years;
Or proud, ambitious hopes, to rise above
thy peers.
They say the fond heart can repose on none,
Or will be pierced by thorns of sharp deceit;
For of created women breathes not one
Whose honeyed promise is not false as
sweet:
From the gay sylph, who skims with fairy
feet,
Light as a shadow, o'er the figur'd floor,
To her, who must reluctantly retreat,
Some dowager of beauty, queen no more,
Who sees her daughter, high as she has
reign'd before.

Alas! in these detracting tongues will say,
Spite, envy, rancor, are most uncontroll'd;
Thy love of luxury, thy lust of sway,
Force thee to fondly clasp what thou
shouldst hold.
In scorn and utter loathing—damning gold,
Thy hate of e'en deformity disarms,
And woman's heart is barded, bought and
sold.
And wither'd age can bribe into its arms,
Shapes mocking sculpture's skill, proud
prostituted charms,
Ah! that it has been thus addrest—dark
traits,
Yet true, at times thy votaries must hear
Of giddy faithfulness, and art that veils
Its frauds in guise of tenderest love sincere;
And flattery grateful to thy foolish ear,
And frivolous weakness—yet, when thou
hast smil'd,
Man all for his spleen, unsays his sneer,
And, sooth'd a moment, like a forward child,
Hangs on thy lip again, too gladly recon-
ciled.
Deceit is felt, as hearts now withering
Have felt too keenly, and have known to well,
Yet scarce thy treacheries are design'd, but
spring
Half heedlessly; till spread they round
them hell,
And raise hot stifes not e'en thyself canst
quell;
And, wishing to please all, thou painest long
The heart against which thine own could
never rebel;
Less from avow'd premeditated wrong,
Than that thy meteor love gleams fugitive
as strong.

SELECT SENTENCES.

Popularity.—I cannot say Cicero, see why people are ashamed to acknowledge a passion for popularity.—The love of popularity is the love of being beloved.

Pray what were you made for? (says the Emperor Aurelius) for your pleasures? common sense will not bear so scandalous an answer.

If sensuality were pleasure, beasts are happier than men. Pleasures unduly taken enervate the soul, make fools of the wise, and cowards of the brave. A libertine life is not a life of liberty.

It is not the place that maketh the person, but the person that maketh the place honorable.

Men must have public minds, as well as salaries; or else they serve private ends at the public cost. It was Roman virtue that raised the Roman glory.

Every vice and folly has a train of secret and necessary punishment linked to it.

Of all the diversions of life, there is none so proper to fill up its empty space, as the reading of useful and entertaining authors; and with that, the conversation of a well chosen friend.

A man of letters never knows the plague of idleness; when the company of his friends fail him, he finds a remedy in reading, or in composition.

Ingratitude is a crime so shameful, that there was never a man found who would own himself guilty of it.

The ungrateful are neither fit to serve God, their country, nor themselves.

He that promotes gratitude pleads the cause both of God and man; for without it we can neither be sociable nor religious.

No man is wise or safe but he that is honest.

Fidelity and truth are the foundation of justice. As to be perfectly just is an attribute of the divine nature, to be so to the utmost of our ability is the glory of man.

No fruit has a more precise marked period of maturity than love; if neglected to be gathered at that time, it will certainly fall to the ground and die away.

Religion in a magistrate strengthens his authority, because it procures veneration, and gains respect to it; and in all the affairs of this world so much reputation is indeed so much power.

Titles of honor confined on such as have no personal merit, are at best but the royal stamp set upon base metal.

Under every evil, patience is not only necessary but useful: it is necessary, because the laws of nature have made it a duty, and to murmur against natural events is to affront Providence; it is useful because it renders our sufferings light, shorter, and less dangerous.

It is fancy, not the reason of things, that makes life so uneasy to us. It is not the place nor the condition, but the mind alone that makes any body happy or miserable.

Those who have a true relish for conversation enjoy themselves in a communication of each other's excellencies; and not in a triumph over their imperfections.

LOVE.

When a man arrives at a certain age, he becomes sensible of a peculiar sympathy and tenderness towards the other sex; the charms of beauty engage his attention, and call forth new and softer dispositions than he has yet felt. The many amiable qualities exhibited by a fair outside, or by the mild affluence of female manners, which the prejudiced spectator, without much reasoning, supposes those to include, with several other articles, both natural and accidental, point his view and affection to a particular object; and, of course, contract that general rambling regard, which was lost and useless among the undistinguished crowd; into a peculiar and permanent attachment to one woman, which ordinarily terminates in the most important, venerable, and delightful connection in life.

The union of the sexes is the end of love. This union is perfectly agreeable to the design of nature; it must therefore be perfectly innocent, and the affection itself is not to be suppressed. If your heart be naturally tender, endeavor not to render it insensible; but let your tenderness be fix'd upon such objects as will not obstruct you in a virtuous course, or rather love only such as will assist you to pursue it.—Your tender affection will not be less gratified for making such a choice; nay, you can never enjoy true satisfaction from love that is not thus directed; there can be no friendship without love. The union of two lovers, without virtuous dispositions, is not love; it is an odious association, by which they become partners in vice, and accomplish in each others crimes.

Love being the sympathetic bond of two minds; it is in the qualities of the mind that we must search for this sympathy; and here the first and principal, and by which we are to judge of all others, is the love of virtue; for there can be no present more fatal than a heart that is a stranger to virtuous sentiments, since this cannot be accepted without risking our own innocence.—In an union so strict as that of lovers, sentiments and habits are communicated imperceptibly; and we are too well informed, by experience, that the bad are more easily caught than the good. The disorders of the mind are much more contagious than those of the body; its spots infect and defile all those who are so imprudent as to touch or approach too near.

No solid happiness can be reasonably expected from this passion, except you love with delicacy a person worthy of your tenderest affection. Without this condition you will infallibly be unhappy, either by the inconstancy of the person beloved, or by your own; and then you will find, by experience, that what you thought was love was not really so; for love is always constant, yours was nothing more than a conformity of taste for pleasure.

This generous passion, when it is perfectly sincere, will never excite us to the commission of any fault; which may wound either our conscience or our honor. We need, therefore, be in no pain for the morals of the love, since the tender passion has a tendency to improve and exalt every virtue. It renders the heart less fierce, the temper more pliable, humane, and generous. The lover is accustomed to bend his will to that of the dear object of his affection; and, by this means, he has the happiness of contracting the habit of commanding, controlling, and even suppressing his desires; and conforming his taste and inclinations to places, times and circumstances. But it is quite otherwise when a person is hurried away by those impulses of a wanton appetite, which gross feeders confound with love.

Infidel Wit repelled.—A gay young spark, of a deistical turn, travelling in a stage coach, forced his sentiments on the company, by attempting to ridicule the scriptures—and among other topics made himself merry with the story of David and Goliath, strongly urging the impossibility of a youth like David being able to throw a stone with sufficient force to sink into the giant's forehead. On this he appealed to the company; and in particular at a grave gentleman of the denomination called Quakers, who sat silent in one corner of the carriage. "Indeed, friend," replied he, "I do not think it at all impossible, if the Philistine's head was as soft as thine."

ANECDOTES.

A gentleman, residing at a delightful village a few miles from town, was lately wedded to a dumb lady. At a visit he was paying to some of his friends soon after, there were a number of married ladies present, who rallied him on the occasion. He replied—"It has ever been my opinion, ladies, that one of the greatest sweets of matrimony is a quiet and tranquil life; whether your husbands enjoy this rare felicity, I presume not to say." Wonderful to relate, the remark of the gentleman silenced his fair auditors for the whole evening.—*Statesman.*

Love has eyes.—The Westchester Herald states, that a villain of the name of Wm. Rosler, was detected in robbing the store of Michael Marks, by a young lady and gentleman, who, as the term goes, were keeping company in the house directly opposite to the scene of burglary. While they were prolonging their midnight virgins, indulging in waking dreams of nuptial felicity, they saw the villain enter the store through the window, and when he was cleverly in, young Damon stepped across the road; made all fast, and gave the alarm, which resulted in the easy apprehension of Rosler. The paragraph cautions all robbers to beware of attempting depredations between the hours of ten on Sunday evening, and day-break on Monday morning, which is—"the witching time of night" with village lovers.—Fortunate would we be, if we had guards equally wakeful in the infected district.—*Statesman.*

A young gentleman having occasion to ask a lady for the snuffers across the table, addressed her in the following empathetic and enamoured strain:—*Most beautiful, accomplished, and charming lady, will your ladyship, by an unmerited and undeserved condescension of your infinite goodness, please to extend to your most obsequious, devoted, and very humble servant,*

that pair of ignipotent digests, that I may exasperate the excrescences of this nocturnal cylindrical luminary, in order that the refulgent brightness of its resplendent brilliancy may dazzle the vision of our ocular optics more potently."

A French Bishop, in high repute for sanctity, was once charged five hundred livres at an inn, for his lodging and entertainment for a single night. When he objected to the exorbitance of the charge the landlord replied, that it was, on the contrary, a great deal too low; for as his Reverence had the character of a saint, people either begged or stole every thing in his apartment for relics, as long as there was a single article left.

Curious Typographical Error.—The celebrated printer, Henri Etienne, son of Robert, (both known in the learned world by the name of Stephanus,) once engaged in the printing of a splendid quarto Missal: The great number of subscribers seemed likely to make ample compensation for the heavy expense required by the undertaking. After the sheets had been corrected with the utmost care, the work was painted off, splendidly bound, and delivered to the subscribers. It would be impossible to describe the astonishment of the learned printer, when one copy after another, was returned to him, till all were sent back. He required the reason of this extraordinary circumstance, and was informed, that in one place the compositor had put *Le pretre otera sa culotte*, (Here the Priest will take off his breeches,) instead of *Calotte*, (small black cap,) and the error escaped the correctors of the press. In vain did the poor printer offer to make a cancel; the subscribers, who were almost all ecclesiastics, positively refused to take the work on any terms. This unfortunate affair is said to have been the first and chief cause of the derangement which afterwards caused Henri Etienne to be confined in the Lunatic Hospital at Lyons, where he died in 1698. There is a copy of the Missal with this unlucky error, in the Royal Library at Paris.

Bonaparte's Opinion respecting the Conquest of Turkey.—In the course of a few years Russia will have Constantinople, the greatest part of Turkey, & all Greece. This I hold to be as certain, as if it had already taken place.—Almost all the cajoling and flattering which Alexander practised towards me, was to gain my consent to effect this object. I would not consent, foreseeing that the equilibrium of Europe would be destroyed. In the natural course of things, in a few years Turkey must fall to Russia. The greatest part of her population Greeks, who you may say are Russians. The powers it would injure, and who could oppose it, are England, France, Prussia, and Austria. Now, as to Austria, it will be very easy for Russia to engage her assistance, by giving her Servia, and other provinces bordering upon the Austrian dominions, reaching near to Constantinople. The only hypothesis that France and England may ever be allied with sincerity will be in order to prevent this. But even this alliance, would not avail France, England, and Prussia united cannot prevent it. Russia and Austria can at any time effect it.—*A Voice from St. Helena.*

Killing the Devil.—A little fellow in Westery, R. I. came home and told his pa, that he had seen the devil in the woods while he was going for the cows. His father told him to take the gun and go after him, and promised him a quarter of a dollar if he killed him. The boy went, and found the object he sought in a tree—fired at—and brought it down; it proved to be neither old Nick nor his cousin Beelzebub—but a Panther weighing one hundred and forty pounds.

American Antiquities.—In Belmont county, Ohio, about half a mile from the river Ohio, one of the ancient mounds has recently been opened and penetrated. This mound 40 feet in diameter at the base, 15 feet high, and flat at the top, bearing upon it large trees, with marks of a succession of growths which had decayed. The fifth stratum in this mound consisted of several layers of human bones, laid transversely, in a great mass of decayed matter five or six inches thick. These bones, when exposed to the air, would moulder away (although they seemed solid when taken up), the toe and finger nails were nearly entire; the hair, long, fine, and of a dark brown colour, and by letting the dirt dry, and brushing it off, it would bear to be combed and straightened out. Under the bones were flint-stone spear heads, suitable

to be inserted into the end of a long pole, and some pieces of iron two or three feet long, a kind of cut and thrust sword in their make, their handles were ornamented with rings or ferules of silver and lead, on which were the representations of terrapins and birds; and had also various triangular, rectangular, circular and elliptical figures, made with great mathematical exactness.

An unlucky Bull.—An Irish gentleman was in company with a beautiful young lady, to whom he was paying his addresses; when, on giving a shudder, she made use of the common expression, that "some one was walking over her grave." Pat, anxious for every opportunity of paying a compliment to his mistress, exclaimed—"By the powers, Madam, but I wish I was the happy man."

Judicial Plesantry.—A lawyer, now deceased, a celebrated wag, was pleading before a Scotch Judge, with whom he was on most intimate terms. Happening to have a client, a female, defender in an action, of the name of Tickle, he commenced his speech in the following humorous strain:—"Tickle, my client the defender, my Lord." The auditors, amused with the oddity of the speech, were almost driven into hysterics of laughter, by the Judge replying—"Tickle her yourself, Harry; you're as able to do it as I."

Richard Stockton, Junr. Esq. formerly of Trenton, has been appointed judge of the first judicial district in Mississippi, by the Governor of that state.

War among the Printers!—The editors of the Paradise Hornet and Lancaster Free Press, run foul of each other, week before last, and had a battle. The latter has commenced a suit against the former for assault and battery.

Query!—What is it that makes every body sick but those who swallow it?

Cheap Paint.—Take of skimmed milk 2 quarts, fresh slacked lime 6 ounces and a half, linseed or nut oil 4 ounces, common whiting 3 pounds; put the lime into a stone-ware vessel, and pour upon it sufficient quantity of milk to make a mixture resembling thin cream, then add the oil a little at a time carefully stirring it to make it mix thoroughly; the remainder of the milk is then to be added, and last of all the whiting is to be crumbled, and spread upon the surface of the fluid in which it gradually sinks; at this period it must be well stirred in, and the paint is fit for use.

It is to be applied by a brush in the usual manner, and in a few hours will become perfectly dry; another coating may then be added, in the same manner as the former, and thus the work is completed.

This paint is said to possess great solidity, and a slight elasticity, which enables it to bear rubbing with a coarse woollen cloth, without being in the least degree injured. It has no smell. It is not blackened by any vapours, and does not injure the health.

For out door work, a much greater degree of solidity is given to the paint by increasing the proportion of lime to eight ounces and a half, of the oil to six ounces, and adding two ounces of white Burgundy pitch—the pitch is to be melted by a gentle heat in the oil, and then added to the smooth mixture of milk and lime.

Cheap Flour or a dear Jack Ass.—Yesterday, the proprietor of a flat bottom boat, lying at our landing, exchanged eighty-five barrels of good fresh flour for a Jack Ass, said to be nearly 20 years of age—the same flour has been retailed at \$5, and offered by the quantity at \$4.50; which last price makes the long eared creature come to \$382.50 purchase money; we will not pretend to say who had the best bargain; nevertheless, we cannot help thinking that the present master of GRIZZLE, may, with great propriety, call him my dear Jack!!

Baton Rogue Gazette.

A gentleman's breakfast.—Two transient gentlemen got up early in New Haven, a few mornings ago, and pilfered some small articles—were taken up, tried, convicted, tied up and whipped at the post, all before breakfast—quick work!

Emporium.

A simple countryman lately went in to a shop in Mansfield, to look at some almanacks. On being told the price he exclaimed, "They're very dear!" "Yes" was the reply, "and they'll be dearer too next year." This so staggered poor Johnny, that he exclaimed, "I'll have three before they do rise!" and thus ceremonially that number he actually purchased and paid for.

FOREIGN.

From the New-York American Sept 25.
European Intelligence.

By the arrival of the regular packet ship *Amity*, Maxwell, in 38 days from Liverpool, we have received our regular files of English papers, containing London dates to the 14th and Liverpool to the 16th of August inclusive, from which we are enabled to subjoin the following summary:

GREAT BRITAIN.

The most interesting article of intelligence furnished by this arrival is the death of the Marquis of Londonderry, (Castlereagh) who has been for several years past the prime minister of Great Britain. He died by his own hand on the 12th of Aug. from wounds inflicted by a penknife.

It is a singular fact in the history of the English ministry, that Pitt and Fox severally died after short illnesses. Per- cival by the hand of an assassin, and Lord Londonderry by his own.

Sir Samuel Romilly and Mr. Whitbread, two leading members of the opposition, also destroyed their own lives.

The Emperor Napoleon, the Duke of Wellington and Lord Londonderry were all born in 1769. The latter has left no issue, and will be succeeded in his titles and estates by his brother, Lord Stewart, English ambassador at the Court of Vienna. Lord Londonderry's political life occupies a space of about 27 years. The sudden death of the Marquis had the effect to lower the funds half per cent. the day the event was made known.

It is believed in the best informed political circles that Sir Charles Stuart will succeed Lord Londonderry, as Foreign secretary. But it is stated that Lord Liverpool intends to make it a *sine qua non*, that Mr. Canning shall have the management of the House of Commons.

The king of England embarked for Scotland on the 10th of August, and was expected to land in Scotland on the 14th.

The London Gazette of Tuesday the 6th inst. informs us that the Lord Chamberlain has appointed the Hon. Wm. Pole Tilney Long Wellesley gentleman usher daily waiter to his majesty. Thus, after extravagantly squandering his wife's immense fortune, he may return from his covert in France without fear of arrest by his creditors. A worthy application of the royal patronage!

The king has conferred the order of the garter on Frederick VI. king of Denmark.

On the 10th of August, the Hercules steam-boat on her passage from Greenock to Campbelltown, ran foul of a boat filled with poor people from the Highlands, their way to the southern districts to labor during harvest. Out of 45 persons, 5 only escaped, and one of them has since died.

A meeting has been held at Edinburgh, and was well attended, to afford relief to the suffering Greeks, and the Dutch Journals announce that subscriptions for the relief of the Irish continue to be received by the church wardens of Amsterdam.



From the New York Mercantile Advertiser Oct. 2.

Latest from Europe.

The fast sailing ship *Cincinnati*, Capt. Champlin, arrived below last evening from London. Some of the passengers reached town at a late hour, by whom we are favored with London papers of the 19th and 20th of August. They left the Downs on the 21st. The new ship *London* had arrived out in 20 days from this port.

The papers are barren of intelligence interesting to the American reader, being principally filled with the ceremonies of the King's visit to Scotland and the arrangements for the funeral of the Marquis of Londonderry.

A new mutiny is stated to have occurred among the Janissaries at Constantinople, at the close of the feast of Ramadan. Five regiments joined in the riot, and ranged through the city, pillaging the houses of the Greeks and Franks, and massacring Mussulmen suspected of not belonging to their party.

The greatest excesses were committed on the Jews. All the Christian women they could discover, were dragged to the Bazar, and sold as slaves—the baths were broken open, and the females violated. The plan of the rebels was to gain possession of the grand vizier's palace, and afterwards proceed to the seraglio. The vizier was at length compelled to engage the Asiatic troops encamped at Bujukdere. With these he attacked and defeated the Janissaries. More than 200 were killed in the streets, and some thousands have since been executed. Some thousands of the less guilty were embarked for the coast of Asia—and the prisoners and ships in the harbor were yet filled with prisoners awaiting their sentence.

A French paper says the English Ambassador at the Court of Persia, had demanded his passports, and left that residence.

The king arrived at Edinburgh on the 17th Aug. His stay in Scotland was said to be limited to 32 days; his reception does not appear to have been so enthusiastic as he met with in Ireland.

The intelligence of the death of Lord Londonderry was communicated to the king after his arrival at Edinburgh, and was received with the strongest emotions.

FROM THE DANUBE, Aug. 4.

The East and West appear at present equally to engage the attention of the European Cabinets. At the same time that a courier arrived at Vienna with great news from Madrid, the post from Constantinople and Bucharest arrived, and is said to have brought despatches from Count Lutzuw, which are supposed to be of great importance, because the profoundest secrecy is observed in the Foreign Office respecting their contents. If any credit can be given to the reports in circulation, the breaking out of a new revolution at Constantinople has been prevented with great difficulty; but the state affairs is so very critical, that if the news of such a revolution should come, it would not be unexpected, or cause any surprise.

Wuremburg Correspondent, Aug. 9.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 10.

Accounts from Warsaw say that the Emperor of Russia is expected there by the 15th of Aug. His Majesty will then go to Vienna, where he will stop but a few days, and then proceed directly to Italy, where he will pass three months. It appears that his Majesty will make the longest stay at Rome and Naples.

PARIS, Aug. 15.

On the 26th of July the King of Naples issued a decree for re-organizing the Neapolitan armies which were disbanded on the invasion of the Austrians in 1821.

Private letters announce a revolt of the negroes in the Isle of France, and add, that orders had been despatched for drafting some regiments from India for that island.

Courier Francais.

A German paper states, that a person of consideration attached to one of the embassies at Constantinople, has written to a commercial house at Odessa, that after an extraordinary council of all the Grandees of the Ottoman Empire, the Reis Effendi had delivered to the English and Austrian Ministers a Note of high importance, the contents of which are supposed to be of a nature calculated to put an end to the uncertainty which has long prevailed respecting the affairs of the East.

THE WHIG.

BRIDGETON,

MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1822

We have received a small parcel of MARSHALL'S Powders for the *Fever & Ague*. The price of each paper is 25 cents. The beneficial effects of this Medicines is too well known to require any additional recommendation on our part. They seldom fail to produce the desired effect—and that effect will be permanent with any common share of prudence on the part of the patient.

The Yellow Fever in New-York, we regret to state, continues to rage. There were 55 cases reported in the week ending on the 28th ult. On the first inst. no new cases were reported, but accounts inform us that not more than 2,000 remain where 70,000 had resided.

We have received a letter from Edmund Sheppard, Esq. Post-master at Newport, requesting us to correct an error which was published in our last, respecting his being "removed from office," and the appointment of John A. Moore in his place, & also informing us that such removal has not taken place. We cheerfully comply with his request, but at the same time, in duty to ourselves, and for Dr. Sheppard's information, we have to state, that the notice of appointment and removal we published was handed us by a gentleman who makes himself responsible for the truth of what he gave us for publication, and persists in affirming that what he has stated is the fact.

We find by the Philadelphia papers that the renowned Joel B. Sutherland is on nomination for Congress, in place of William Milnor; Esq. resigned. We have always entertained the opinion that in moments of undue party-excitement men will be voted into office whom a great majority of the public are convinced possess neither dignity to confer respect on their constituents, nor talents, nor political integrity to honor the state to which they are advanced. We are unacquainted with the party from which this gentleman expects his support, but we cannot believe that the republicans of Southwark, the district in which he resides, will give him their suffrages. When he confidentially informed

his friend that he was "a man of principle according to his interest," when he had the shameless effrontery to avow such sentiments which no party, having any regard to honor and virtue, would dare to acknowledge, we considered it as a matter of course that no political denomination would be willing to identify him with themselves, but rather avoid him as one who would disgrace any party. But such is the perversity of human nature, that the most open and flagrant abuse of public confidence, and the most shameful and degrading conduct, will not separate between some men and their political idol, when that idol never makes one move towards his own advancement but by intrigue and faction—not one that is open and honorable.—Such men, however, are permitted to get into office that those who vote for, may be disgraced by them; they get up only to sink the lower, and when they descend, their fall is like that of Lucifer—"never to rise again."

We are happy to observe that at a meeting of the republicans in Southwark, several resolutions were passed in opposition to Mr. Sutherland, which did honor to those who formed them.

When meritless and unworthy aspirants after distinction make a noise, it is something like the efforts of a dog at a door, that

"With desperate din
Scrapes, scratches, howls and barks—till he gets in."

And there is no better way to escape their yelping than by applying the lash, and sending them to their kennel. In the present instance this has been ingeniously performed by a correspondent of the *Union*, who published the following Ticket for the consideration of his friends, and the lovers of variety
E. J.

CONGRESS.

Joel B. Sutherland.

(In place of Wm. Minor, resigned.)

CONGRESS.

(1st Congressional District, two years)

Joel B. Sutherland.

SHERIFF.

Doctor Joel B. Sutherland.

ASSEMBLY.

Doctor Joel B. Sutherland.

Captain Joel B. Sutherland.

Colonel Joel B. Sutherland.

Joel B. Sutherland, Esq.

Joel B. Sutherland, President of the Board of Commissioners of Southwark.

Joel B. Sutherland, late of the Assembly.

Hon. Joel B. Sutherland.

The above Ticket is earnestly recommended to those who approve of the republican principle of rotation in office, and to all men of principle in proportion to their interest.

The Prince Regent of Brazil has issued a decree in which he has virtually declared war against the Mother Country in case any attempt is made to land military forces in that kingdom; but at the same time holds out assurances of friendship in a commercial point of view. Should soldiers be sent there they are not on any condition permitted to land, but if they do so without permission, are to be treated as enemies in a state of war. In case they remain on board the vessels in which they came, they shall be provisioned for a return voyage and sent home. Whether an open rupture and formal declaration of war will take place between the two countries depends much on the course of policy which the Portuguese cortes will adopt. If they take up a conciliating disposition towards them the breach may be healed, but if otherwise, final and complete separation will be the result.

An arrival at Boston, bringing accounts from England one day later than those received by the *Amity*, has furnished nothing of importance in addition to what has already been given to the public. Considerable interest appears to be manifest in London upon the subject of who will supply the vacancy that is occasioned in the ministry by the death of the Marquis of Londonderry. It is not yet known who will fill that important office.

The king of Spain has consented to comply with the wishes of the people by nominating a new ministry, friends to the constitution. The Spanish nation appears to be highly indignant against the French government on account of the *sanitary cordon*, and the "infamous" conduct of the French rulers, as they call it, who by their military preparations gave to that *cordon* the appearance of an invading army. The Spanish government is now well aware that the French *cordon* of health was nothing more than an army prepared on the frontiers to act in concert with the insurgents of Catalonia, and the national guards, who lately attempted to put down the constitution, carry off the king, and proclaim him absolute. The vigorous efforts of the national militia having defeated their project and changed the aspect of affairs, they are now strengthening themselves, and preparing for the worst. It is supposed that the first act of the new ministry will be to call an extraordinary meeting of the Cortes.—Reports prevail on the continent that the Austrians and Prussians were prepared to march to the frontier of France, to aid in putting down the Spanish constitution. The approaching con-

gress of sovereigns, it is supposed will take the affairs of Italy and Spain into consideration, and confer such blessings on them as they may think needful.

Among the various accounts that have been received, it is evident that though the governments of Europe hold out the idea that peace will be preserved, yet their movements and the activity observable among them in forming encampments, in raising troops, and in endeavoring to contravene each other's operation by intrigue arising from jealousy and distrust, would lead us to suppose that they possessed any think but a pacific disposition towards each other, and that they only wanted a fair pretext for commencing hostilities. These political excitements are certainly increasing. They are not confined to one or two nations, but in a more or less degree to the whole continent. Thus situated there appears to be no mediator, as it is chiefly the *Holy Alliance* against Freedom on the continent, and interest, on the part of England, against the whole.

NOMINATIONS

For Members of the Legislative Council, General Assembly, Sheriff, and Coroners, for the County of Cumberland,—made at the Court House, September 2, 1822.

COUNCIL.

Jonathan Dollas, John Sibley, Esq.* James D. Westcott, Nathan Leake, Ebenezer Elmer,* James Clark*, Daniel Elmer, Isaac Townsend, Joshua Brick*, William B. Ewing*, John Holmes*, Ebenezer Seeley, John M'Intosh.

General Assembly.

Joshua Brick*, Elias P. Seeley, Lucius Q. C. Elmer, Daniel Parvin, James Clark*, Daniel Carrall*, John Mayhew, Jeremiah Stratton*, Dan Simkins*, Moses Bateman, William B. Ewing, Clark Henderson, Henry Howell*, George Souder*, Nathan Leake, Timothy Elmer*, Amos Westcott*, Israel Stratton, Jacob Shull, John Trenchard, jun.* John Buck*, James Compton, Thomas Lee*, Isaac Townsend, Daniel C. Pierson*, Enos F. Randolph*, Joseph Buck*, David Lupton*, John Sibley*, Isaac Whitecar, John M'Intosh, Edmund Sheppard*, John Ogden, jr.* John Chat-ten.

Sheriff.

Daniel M. Woodruff, John Mayhew, George Souder, James B. Potter*, Azel Pierson*, Norton Harris*, John Lanning, jun. David Lupton, Matthias Burch, Moses Burt*, John Hann, jun.

Coroners.

Lorenzo F. Fidler*, David Read, David Reeves, Moses Burt*, Benjamin T. Diment, Joseph Dayton, Reuben Hunt, Stephen Lupton*, Clark Henderson, Enos Woodruff, Theophilus E. Harris, Preston Stratton, Joseph Golden, Robert Alderman, Henry Sucwell.

* Those marked thus decline.

Congressional Ticket.

George Cassidy,
Lewis Condit,
Samuel Swan,
George Holcombe,
James Mallock,
Daniel Garrison.

Messrs J. Clarke & Co.,

By publishing the following ticket for the consideration of the voters of the county of Cumberland, you will oblige
STOE CREEK.

COUNCIL—Ebenezer Seeley, Esq. ASSEMBLY—William B. Ewing, Moses Bateman, Israel Stratton. SHERIFF—Azel Pierson.* CORONERS—Robert Alderman, Stephen Lupton*, Lorenzo F. Fidler. September 19, 1822.

The following Ticket is recommended to the Electors of this county, for their support at the ensuing election. It is the result of a consultation between persons of several Townships, viz:

COUNCIL.

Ebenezer Seeley.

ASSEMBLY.

William B. Ewing,

Moses Bateman,

L. Q. C. Elmer.

SHERIFF.

Daniel M. Woodruff.

Messrs J. Clarke, & Co.,

The following Ticket we think would be a more suitable one than any before published, by giving it an insertion in your paper you will oblige,
MANEY VOTERS.

COUNCIL, Ebenezer Seeley, Esq.

ASSEMBLY, { Wm. B. Ewing,
L. Q. C. Elmer,
John Mayhew.

SHERIFF, David Lupton.

FROM A SUBSCRIBER.

The following has also been offered to the public for their suffrages.

Council—James D. Westcott, Assembly—L. C. Elmer, Israel Stratton, John Mayhew, Sheriff—John Lanning, Jr.

Messrs J. Clarke, & Co.,

Please insert the following Ticket in your paper.

COUNCIL.

James D. Westcott.

ASSEMBLY.

John Mayhew,

Moses Bateman,

Lucius Q. C. Elmer.

SHERIFF.

George Souder.

The following was also handed to us for publication.

COUNCIL.

James D. Westcott.

ASSEMBLY.

William B. Ewing,

John Mayhew,

Lucius Q. C. Elmer.

SHERIFF.

Daniel M. Woodruff.

COMMUNICATION.

EDUCATION.

The Trustees of the *Laurel-Hill Academy* inform the inhabitants of Bridgeton, and its neighborhood, that their new building situated on Laurel-Hill, will be completed and open for the reception of pupils on the 28th instant.

The Academy, which is in a state of forwardness, is in dimensions something larger than the Bridgeton Academy, and will, it is believed, be finished in a style of excellence not exceeded by any in this county. Every exertion has been used to make it both comfortable and convenient, and its accommodations will be such as cannot fail to please.—The Trustees have engaged Mr. SAMUEL DOVERTY, to superintend this Academy as teacher. Under his direction they hope to secure ample patronage, as his experience & abilities are known and approved.

In this Academy the different branches of an English Education will be taught. The prices will be moderate, being from two to five and one half dollars, according to the advancement of the pupil.

STEPHEN LUPTON, GARRISON MAUL, WILLIAM NIEWKIRK, JOHN ROSE, ELIAS P. SEELEY.

October 7.

P. S. Mr. Doughty will commence his school on Monday the 14th inst. in a room adjoining Mr. Holdzkorn's Saddle Shop near the Laurel-Hill Tavern, where he will continue until the Academy is completed.

From the National Gazette.

The Style of Honor.

We find the following article among the Advertisements in the *Angus Chronicle*, of the 19th instant. This is called *posting*, we believe, and the art appears to have been done in this instance, with as little refinement as possible.

(COPY) GREENVILLE 5th Sept 1822.

Mr. George M' Duffie having virtually denied me the satisfaction demanded of him, and which he promised to give, I pronounce him an *equivocating scoundrel and base coward*.

WM. CUMMING.

This I affixed to the Court House in Greenville, where Mr. M' Duffie then was. One or two hours after—as he is never afraid of shedding his *ink*, and generally answers charges of cowardice by words—he placed under it a hand-bill in his own best style. This he will doubtless bring on for the inspection of the curious. Whether he does or not, I shall in a short time give the public an opportunity of seeing it, with such other documents as are necessary to show what manner of person Mr. George M' Duffie should be accounted.

WM. CUMMING.

The Counter-Posting.

I offered Col. Cumming the satisfaction due to a gentleman, when his estimation of the whole community he was disgraced and unworthy of notice. I appointed a day and place, and forewarned him that I would meet him on no other; he actually refused to meet me under false pretences, and claimed a delay to which he was not entitled. I am perfectly convinced that, from enquiries which no Gentleman would make, he ascertained my mode of shooting, and refused to meet me until he could obtain further time to practice. I have seen Col. Cumming on the ground of combat, bracing his cowardly nerves by artificial stimulants. I know him to be a coward, who has been driven only by desperation to the course he has pursued, and am satisfied that he will not meet any man unless he supposes he has a decided advantage in the combat. Signed, GEORGE M'DUFFIE.

Yellow Fever at New Orleans.
New Orleans papers of the 4th ult. arrived yesterday, in which we regret to find the following communication by the board of health, of the commencement of the yellow fever at that place. The number of burials on the 2d was eleven, all of whom died of fevers, but only two were denominated yellow fever.

Variety of all Sorts.

Governor Skinner is re-elected governor of Vermont without opposition, and governor Paris has been re-elected gov. of Maine by a large majority. — 552 dogs were killed in May, June and August last in pursuance of City ordinances, and to prevent the dreadful affliction of hydrophobia. — Three times the above number might have gone the same way and leave enough for all useful purposes. — The city of New Orleans continues healthy, and although the weather is warm, yet the air is mild and pleasant accompanied with frequent and refreshing showers of rain. — It is estimated that the revenue of the state of Pennsylvania this year will exceed the last by 80,000 dollars. — At the commencement of Yale College held lately, 77 young gentlemen took the degree of Bachelor, and 17 that of Master of Arts. — On the 21st inst. a mad dog ranged through the streets of Elizabethtown, E. N. J. It bit five persons and a great number of dogs and hogs. — A gentleman in England lately had a swarm of bees to live in his pocket. He had some scented herbs in it, and when they alighted on him they rolled into his pocket, from which they were hived without difficulty. — In Halifax county, Va. a bee tree was lately cut down, which had in its hollow 4 Racoons, 1 Fox squirrel, 4 gray squirrels, 3 flying squirrels, a scorpion, a hornets nest, and a screech owl. After this motly group had dispersed 5 gallons of honey were taken from the tree. — Mr. Forbes, of Georgia, has brought an action in the court of king's bench, in England, against Admiral Cochran, for carrying off 38 of his slaves during the late war, and has obtained a verdict for \$,800,000 damages. — In Allegany co. Md. John Cressip committed a wanton and unprovoked murder upon William Derwood, an inoffensive and respectable fishman, lately from Belfast, and made his escape from the officers of justice. A liberal reward is offered for the murderer. — In France the crops of wine promise this year to be Saugueoe, in general over the country it will be of a good quality. Wheat and other grain promises to be abundant. — The Wesleyan Chapel in Newark, has been robbed of a Bible, Hymn-book, and three pewter plates used in making collections. We hope the sacrilegious villain may be detected and brought to condign punishment. — John Lechler, who was tried in Lancaster, and found guilty of the murder of his wife and Mrs. Haag, is to be executed on Friday the 25th inst. The Sheriff has received his death warrant from the governor.

Died.

In this town, on the 3d inst. MARY ELIZABETH ESSEX, daughter of the late Dr. Thomas Fishian, of Swedesborough, in the 6th year of her age. — On the 4th inst. ELIZABETH, daughter of Mr. Jonathan Mulford, in the 17th year of her age. — At Greenwich, on the 20th ult. Mr. Henry Moland, in the 65th year of his age. — In the same place, on the 28th ult. BRADY HAINES, in her 91st year. — On the 20th of Sept. at his residence in the town of Salem County, NATHANIEL OGDEN, son of the late Col. James Ogden, of Fairmount, in the 24th year of his age. — It was a happy circumstance for the deceased that he could express, before his departure, an humble confidence of his acceptance with God, through faith in the atonement of Christ. His peace being made with God, he was enabled to die in the full assurance of a joyful resurrection, to eternal life. He remains were carried to Fairfield church burialment. — At Pittsgrove on the 29th ult. aged three years, the son of the Rev. George W. Ogden. The death of this child was occasioned by the passing of a pumpkin seed into his windpipe, which in his play he had taken into his mouth. From the 17th when the accident occurred, his death terminated a struggle, his sufferings were extreme. — The ambiguity of the symptoms, and the uncertainty of the real origin of the disorder, together with a speedy swelling of the glands of the throat, prevented the trial of an operation by incision. After death the fatal deposit was found closely crowded into the bronchial tube, so as to have prevented the exercise of that lobe of the lungs for many days. — Parents may be admonished by this event to guard their children against the practice of putting small hard substances into the mouth. Disasters of this kind are not infrequently, but always dangerous. In ordinary circumstances and where practicable relief is in a speedy extraction of the noxious body by an incision in the throat or windpipe below it.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE Subscribers having entered into Co-partnership, under the firm of **MERSEILLES & MCALLA**, in the Store, lately occupied by Thomas Woodruff, offer to the public a new and general assortment of **GOODS** consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, Queens-Ware, Medicines, &c. which they are disposed to sell at a small advance for **CASH**, or in exchange for, **Country Produce, Wood, Lumber, &c.**

and hope by their exertions and attention to business to receive a share of the public patronage.

H. R. Merseilles, A. M'Calla.
Bridgeton, October 4, 1822.

N. B.—H. R. Merseilles returns his sincere thanks to his friends and former Customers for past favours, and trusts he shall receive a continuance of their patronage as heretofore.

H. R. MERSEILLES

MEDICAL SOCIETY.

A stated Meeting of the **Cumberland District Medical Society** will be held at the Hotel in Bridgeton, on Tuesday the 29th inst. at 2 o'clock, P. M.

EPHRAIM BUCK, Secretary.
October 4, 1822. 93

MARSHALL'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Writ of fi. fa. issued out of the District Court of the United States, at the suit of the Post-Master General,

WILL BE SOLD AT

PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday, the 27th day of November next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock on said day, at the house of David Reed, Innkeeper, in Millville, Cumberland county—all the right, title and interest of Nathan Leake, to the following described property, to wit:—

- In the county of Gloucester.**
1. A tract of Land, sold by the Sheriff of said county as the property of Moses Crane, & purchased by Nathan Leake, containing about 400 Acres.
 2. One fourth part of a Saw-mill, situate on Scotland Branch, with every thing thereto belonging.
 3. A tract of Land containing about 25 acres, on Scotland Branch, surveyed to Moses Crane.

In Cumberland county.

1. A small Lot of half an acre, in the town of Millville.
2. A House and about 16 acres of land on Venantico creek, lately sold to John Mahew, Esq.
3. About 70 acres of land, late the property of Philip Souder. To be sold by

Lemuel Howell, Deputy Marshall, for Oliver W. Ogden, Esq.
Marshall of New-Jersey District
Sept. 25.—October 7. 93 4t

NOTICE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their former customers, and the public in general, that they have taken the large new

Fire-proof Store House, next to the Hotel in Bridgeton, and lately built by Dr. William Elmer; and are now trading under the firm of

POTTERS & WOODRUFF.

They return their sincere thanks to all their former friends and customers, & hope by their industry and attention to business to merit a continuance of their favors.

They have now on hand, and offer for Sale, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,—HARDWARE, Cutlery, Queensware, Hollow-ware, Looking-Glasses, Bar-Iron, Crockery and country Steel, &c. &c.

In addition to the above they have received **A fresh supply of Goods, suited to the season,** particularly those kinds of fancy articles, at this season of the year generally in demand.

Cash, Country Produce, Cord Wood and Lumber of all kinds, taken in exchange.
J. B. Potter, R. B. Potter, Thos. Woodruff.
Bridgeton, July 13. 81

Cape May Orphans' Court.

TERM OF AUGUST, 1822.
Present, **Cresse Townsend, Ezeziel Stevens, Jacob Foster, and others, Esquires, Judges.**

William L. Stites, administrator, &c. of Elishaba Godfrey, deceased—and Samuel Hoffman, administrator, &c. of Eleanor Swain, deceased, having respectively presented to this Court attested just and true accounts of the personal estates, and also of the debts and credits of the said decedents respectively, whereby it appears that the personal estate of each of the said decedents is insufficient to pay their respective debts—and the said administrators having set forth to the Court that the said decedents died seized of real estate in the county of Cape May, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises,—

It is therefore **Ordered**, that all persons interested in the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of Elishaba Godfrey and Eleanor Swain, or either of them, do appear before this Court, at the Court-House in said county, on the **third Monday in October next**, to shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estate of said decedents should not be sold as will be sufficient to pay their respective debts.

By the Court,
Jehu Townsend, Clerk.
August 10, 1822. 88 St.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue,

On Tuesday the fifteenth day of October next,

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton,

The four following described Tracts of Land,

Situate in the Township of Millville, near the village:

- 1st. Joins Maurice River, the Rawson Survey, and other lands; contains one hundred acres, more or less, except thereout two lots said to be the property of William Charlesworth.
 - 2d. Joins Maurice River, lands of Patrick McCormick, and others, contains one acre and ten hundredths.
 - 3d. Commonly called the Herring Hole Landing, joins on Maurice River, lands of Smith & Wood, and others, contains seven acres and eighty-four hundredths, more or less.
 - 4th. A moiety or half part of a lot of land situate between the Glass Manufactory and the Iron Furnace, joins Maurice River, land of Alexander T. Moore and others, contains fifteen acres and seventy-nine hundredths, more or less.
- Seized as the property of Joseph McIlvain and Mary his wife, defendants, and taken in execution at the suit of Paul Busti, and John J. Vanderkemp, complainants, and to be sold by
- WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.
August 10.—Sept. 9. 89

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber informs his Friends, and the Public in general, that he will be prepared by the first of May, to receive **WOOL for Carding into Rolls**, and for **Manufacturing into Cloth** as heretofore;—A Building will be erected to enable him to commence

Fulling and Dressing

Cloth in September; the Cards and Machinery will be new, and no pains will be spared to give general satisfaction, to those who favour him with their custom.

Those persons who are indebted to the Subscriber, are earnestly requested to settle their accounts without delay, and save expence and trouble.—Grain and Wool received at market prices.
Enoch H. More.
Bridgeton Mills, April 15th. 68 1/2

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue,

On Tuesday the fifteenth day of October next,

Between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Hotel of Smith Bowen, in Bridgeton:

A tract of Salt Marsh,

Situate in the township of Fairfield, the remainder unsold of that tract of Salt Marsh called Backneck or Middle Marsh, and is bounded on the north by Middle Marsh Creek, on the west by Smith Bowen's line, and the Delaware Bay, down to or near the mouth of old Oyster Creek, from thence in a straight line to Back Creek—the remainder is said to contain two thousand acres, more or less.

Seized as the property of Edward Rawson, defendant, and taken in execution at the suit of Thomas M. Stout, complainant, and to be sold by

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.
August 10.—Sept. 9. 89
A FEW
GERMAN FLUTES,
With Preceptors.
For Sale at this Office.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to an Order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cape May, will be exposed to

Public Sale.

On Saturday the 2d day of November, 1822, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M. at the Inn of Robert Baremore, at Goshen, the following described Real Estate, situate in the Middle township of said county, viz.

No. 1.—A tract of Woodland, 100 acres more or less, adjoining lands of Thomas Leaming, and others.

No. 2.—Also a tract of Woodland, 69 acres more or less, adjoining lands of Sarah Hard and others.

No. 3.—A lot of arable land, with the improvements thereon, adjoining the aforesaid tracts, 11 acres more or less.

No. 4.—Also a lot of arable land, situate on the sea shore road, adjoining lands of Thomas Leaming and others, 3 acres more or less, together with all the landed property of **Permenas Corson**, deceased, in the county of Cape May. To be sold by an order of said Court, to satisfy the debts of the deceased aforesaid. Conditions, and a further description of the property, will be made known at the time of sale, by

William Leaming,
Sept. 16. 90rs. Administrator.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale at Public Vendue, on Tuesday the 10th day of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn of Richard Jarman, Laurel Hill—the moiety or half part of

A Dwelling House, Smith Shop, and Lot of Land,

Joins John Rose and others, contains half an acre more or less; a lot contains one acre more or less, joins John Perry and others together with all the land of the defendant. Seized as the property of Josiah Sayrs, and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Seeley, and to be sold by

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.
July 8.—Aug. 5. 84

The Sale of the above mentioned property is adjourned to Tuesday the eighth day of October next, at the place and between the hours above stated.

WM. R. FITHIAN, Sheriff.
September 16. 90

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT a Bill will be presented to the Legislature of New Jersey at their next sitting, to authorise the owners of Marshes and Swamps on Oronokon creek, in the township of Downe, to dam across, stop, and lay flood-gates in said Oronokon creek,—And also to repeal an act entitled "An act to authorise the banking and improving certain Marsh, Meadow and Swamp, in the township of Downe, in the county of Cumberland," passed February 2, 1819, and the supplement thereto, passed January 31, 1820.

88 St. Downe township, August 26.

Creditors Take Notice,

THAT we have applied to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Cumberland, and they have appointed the 9th day of November next, at 2 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Bridgeton, to meet for the purpose of hearing what can be alleged for or against our liberation from confinement as insolvent debtors.

James Abraham, Jacob Hires, Samuel Tomlinson, Jr. Preston M'Cully.
Cumberland Prison, Sept. 27th 1822. 92p

REMOVAL.

P. C. WILLMARTH,
HAS REMOVED HIS

HAT STORE,
from No. 23 to No. 131 North 3d Street, above Race Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

AT THE

Sign of the Golden Hat,

Where he offers an excellent assortment of

LOW-PRICED HATS,

ALSO,

WATER-PROOF

Imitation Beaver Hats

Which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability.

Mens HATS finished in the first style at \$2 50.

A handsome deduction made at Wholesale.

P. C. W. having received the most encouraging patronage from a candid and discerning Public, with the utmost confidence in the merits of his Manufacture, anticipates a continued and increasing custom.

February 11. 59 1/2

For Sale,

A VALUABLE FARM,

SITUATE on the upper side of and bounding on Cohansey creek, in the township of Hopewell, Cumberland county, N. J. about five miles from Bridgeton, and three from Greenwich; joining lands of Samuel Tomlinson, Lewis Tomlinson, and the heirs of Isaac Wheaton, deceased, containing 218 acres, about 100 of which is tillable land; between 50 and 60 of meadow, the whole of which is completely banked, drained and well improved—the residue is Woodland and maple swamp. The timber is nearly all white oak and hickory. There are, on said farm, a brick dwelling-house, with a well of excellent water near the door, a dairy house, a barn, and a number of out-buildings. There is also an Orchard in full bearing, of a good selection of fruit, and a young orchard of 160 trees, set out last spring. The whole is under good cedar fence, mostly post and rail.

For terms, enquire of the subscriber, residing thereon.

John Reeve.
Hopewell, 9th-Month 2d. 88 1/2

Notice is hereby Given,

TO the several creditors of **Edward H. Mulford**, of Hancock's bridge, Salem county and state of New-Jersey, that they must exhibit to the Assignees their accounts properly attested, on or before the 17th day of October next, or be barred of the benefit of their dividends.

Thomas W. Cattell, Charles Mulford, Abraham Johnson, Assignees.
Bridgeton, Sept. 10.

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

A REPORT

Of a Cause tried in the District Court of Philadelphia, April 24, 1822;

John Keen vs. Philip Rice,

Involving the right of NEW JERSEY to the

OYSTER BEDS

IN MAURICE RIVER COVE.

Price 12 1/2 Cents.

August 26.

PROPOSALS

To publish by subscription

The Third Annual Lecture.

Founded by Doct. Jonathan Elmer.

Which was delivered in November, 1820, in the Churches of Bridgeton and Greenwich—in which it is clearly proved, that the doctrine of *Particular Redemption* is taught in the Scriptures, and that it is the doctrine of the Confession of Faith and Catechisms of the *Presbyterian Church* in the United States.

By the Rev. Jonathan Freeman.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

July 1, 1822.

BOOKS

For sale at this Office.

Dr. Green's Discourses delivered in the College of New-Jersey.

The Pulpit made free.

Dejms Refuted.

Farewell Letters, by William Ward of Sarumore.

Bartons Poems.

Subscriptions will be received at this Office for the following works.

WESLEYAN REPOSITORY, Published in a Magazine form, monthly, at Trenton, by W. S. Stockton

MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE AND SCIENCE, conducted by Robert Walsh, Jr. and published by E. Littell, Philadelphia.

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

Warrants, Subpoenas,

And a variety of other blanks,

For Sale at this Office

Prices Current at Bridgeton.

Corrected Weekly for the Whig.

Wheat, per bushel, \$1 25

Rye, do. 75

Corn, do. 75

Oats, do. 57 1/2

Wheat Flour, per cwt. 4 00 to 4 50

Rye do. 2 50 to 3 00

Butter, per pound, 14 to 15

Lard, do. 10

Hams, do. 13 1/2

Pork, do. 8

Wool, do. 40 to 50

Feathers, do. 50

Potatoes, per bushel, 40 to 50

Onions, do. 75

Beans, do. 3 1/2 to 4 00

Apple Jack, per gallon, 40 to 45

Oak Wood, dry, per cord, 37 5 4 00

do. green, 3 25 to 3 50

Hickory 5 00 to 6 00

Philadelphia Prices Current.

Corrected Weekly.

Bacon and litch,	per lb.	50	to 0 8
Beans,	bushel	1 25	0 1 50
Beeswax,	barrel	10	12
Birds, run of Kith,	M.	6 50	
Birds, American,	lb.	14	18
Butter, lump,	"	12	14
Do. salt, insp.	"	12	14
Candles, tallow dip.	"	12	27
Coffee, W. I. fine gr.	"	26	27
Do. 2d quality.	"	27	28
Do. Java.	"	25	26
Do. mixed qual.	"	12	14
Cheese,	"	12	14
Cider, best,	barrel	5 50	
Feathers, American,	lb.	32	35
Flax, clean,	"	6	6 50
Firewood, hickory cord	"	4 00	5 50
Do. oak	"	3 60	4 50
Do. pine	"	7 50	
Do. gum logs	"	4 25	
Flour, wheat, barrel	"	3 62	
Do. rye	"	6 7	
Do. corn meal	"	7 75	
Glass, wind	"	1 40	1 45
8 by 10,	100 feet,	85	93
10 by 12	"	80	85
Grain, wheat	bushel	40	45
Do. rye	"	25	30
Do. corn	"	10	12
Do. oats	"	95	100
Do. bran double	"	165	170
Do. sheet	"	128	130
Do. hoop, large	"	140	
Do. do small	"	125	130
Do. rod	"	80	90
Do. hollow ware	"	0 9	0 10
Land	lb.	0 9	0 10
Lumber, 1000 feet	"	16	
Boards, yel. pine, 1 to 2 inch	"	25	30
Do. do heart, 1 inch	"	25	30
Do. white pine, panel	"	15	20
Do. do common	"	15	20
Scantling, pine, 1000	"	15	20
Do. heart do	"	14	15
Do. sap do	"	7	9
Lath, oak	"	25	25
Oar, rafters	"	12	20
Timber, pine	"	22	25
Do. inch spruce	"	17	21
Do. oak	"	4	4 25
Shingles, cedar 3 ft.	"	70	
Do. cyp. 22 inch	"	38	
Staves, pine, w. o. 1200	"	30	
Do. hhd. do	"	20	24
Do. do red oak	"	18	24
Do. barrel, w. oak	"	38	55
Headings, oak	"	25	
Hops, slaved	"		
Do. rough	"		
Mackerel,	barrel	0 38	0 40
Molasses, sug. house, gal.	"	35	38
Do. West India	"	7	12
Nails, cut, all sizes	lb.	6	7
Oil, sperm,	gall.	75	80
Peas,	bushel	13	14
Pork, Jersey	barrel	3 50	
Rice, new crop	cwt.		
Shad, southern	barrel		
Salt, fine	bushel		
Do. ground	"	6 50	
Seed, clover,	"	80	90
Do. herd grass	"	3 50	4 00
Do. Timothy	"	6	16
Segars, Spanish,	1000	1 75	
Do. American	"	9 50	
Shot, all sizes	cwt.		
Spirits, viz.	"		
Brandy, Peach 4th pf. gall.	"	80	90
Do. Penna. 1st pf.	"	65	75
Gin, Philad. dist. do	"	41	45
Rum, New England	"	38	40
Whiskey, rye	"	32	34
Do. apple	"	38	40
Starch	lb.	7	8
Sugar, New Orleans	cwt.	12 50	13 00
Do. loaf	lb.	17	18
Do. lumps	"	15	
Tallow, country	"	10	
Tobacco, Virg. manu.	"	9	14
Do. do caven.	"	7	32
Do. do spun fine	"	23	30
Do. do large	"	15	
Wax, bees, yellow	"	36	37
Do. white	"	55	60

General Advertiser.

WHISTLER & SEELEY,
No. 226, Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Respectfully inform their friends & the public that they continue to do Tailoring work in a fashionable and complete style, equal to any in the city. They keep constantly on hand, Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Drillings, Seersuckers, And a variety of new & fashionable Summer and Winter Clothing, Which will be furnished on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms. They warrant all work done by them to be executed in the best manner, or not taken. Gentlemen residing in the country, by leaving their orders, will have their work forwarded with promptness and despatch, agreeably to directions; the box enclosing them being furnished at a very moderate price.

Subscriptions are received for the following works at the Office of the Whig:
London New Monthly Magazine, Philad'a Saturday do. Presbyterian do. Hackwood's Edinburgh do. Eclectic Repository, North American Review, Miliburg Quarterly Review, Silliman's American Journal of Science and the Arts, (quarterly) Brookes' Gazetteer, (now publishing) American Farmers' Magazine, to be published at Morristown, N. J. And most of the religious and literary works of eminence now published in the United States.

By the President of the United States.

Whereas, the President of the United States is authorized by law to cause lands to be offered for sale: Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known that the public sales shall be held as follows, viz: At the Land Office at Terre Haute, in Indiana, on the first Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 17 and 18, in range 1, east of the 2d principal meridian line 17 and 18, in range 1 to 9, west do At the Land Office at Vandalia, in Illinois, on the third Monday in July next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13 and 14, in ranges 1 and 2, east of the 3d principal meridian line 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 3 and 4, do At the same place, on the third Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in ranges 5, 6 and 8, east of the 3d principal meridian line 11, in range 7, do At the Land Office at Palestine, in Illinois, on the first Monday in August next, for the sale of Townships 6, 7, 8 and 9, in ranges 9, 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, in range 14, west of 2d do 8 and 9 12 and 13, do At the same place, on the first Monday in September next, for the sale of Townships 10 11 12 and 13, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line 10 11 12 and 13, in ranges 12 13 and 14, west of 2d do At the same place, on the 1st Monday in October next, for the sale of Townships 14 15 16 and 17, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line 14 15 16 and 17, in ranges 12 13 and 14, west of 2d do At the same place, on the 1st Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 18 19 20 and 21, in ranges 9 10 and 11, east of 3d principal meridian line 18 19 20 and 21, in ranges 13 and 14, west of 2d principal meridian line 18 19 and 20 in range 12, do do 18 19 and 20 11, do do 17 18 19 and 20 10, do do At the Land Office for the Northern district of Louisiana, at the town of Ouachita, on the first Monday in November next, for the sale of Townships 15 16 17 18 and 19, in ranges, 1 2 3 4 and 5, west of the meridian line At the Land Office at the Seat of Justice of the county of Independence, in the Arkansas territory, from the sale of such lands of the United States as are situated in the following described townships and ranges and which have been excluded from the lottery of the lands appropriated for satisfying warrants for military services, viz: On the first Monday in August next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz: Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 20 in range 4 east of the 5th meridian line 1 2 3 4 5 and 6 2 do 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 3 do 1 2 10 11 12 13 and 14 4 do 12 5 do 1 2 3 9 13 14 15 18 19 and 20 1 west do 20 1 west do On the first Monday in September next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz: Townships 1 2 18 19 & 20, in range 2, west of the 5th meridian line 1 15 16 17 18 19 and 20 3 do 1 10 11 13 14 15 16 & 19 4 do 1 2 9 10 11 12 13 and 16 5 do 1 2 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 13 and 18 6 do On the first Monday in October next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz: Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 and 20, in range 7, west of 5th meridian line 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 15 16 17 18 19 & 20 8 do 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 and 20 9 do 12 18 19 and 20 10 do 19 10 do On the 1st Monday in November next, for the sale of such of the above described lands as are situated in the following townships and ranges, viz: Townships 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 and 11, in range 10, west of the 5th meridian line 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 & 10, range 11 do 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 and 10 12 do 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 and 9 13 do 3 4 5 6 7 and 8 14 do 4 5 and 7 15 do 5 6 and 7 16 do 6 17 do Each sale will commence with the lowest number of section, township, and range, and proceed in regular numerical order.

The lands reserved by law for the use of schools, or for other purposes, will be reserved from sale.

Give under my hand, at the city of Washington, this 14th day of March, 1822.
JAMES MONROE.
By the President:
JOSIAH MEIGS,
Commissioner of the Gen. Land Office.
March 25—wtNov1
Printers who publish the laws of the United States will publish the above once a week till the first Monday in November next, and send their accounts (received) to the General Land Office.

Cumberland Orphans' Court,
June Term, 1822.

Ephraim Padgett, administrator of John Deford, deceased, & Sarah Dare, administratrix of Gabriel Dare, dec'd, have severally exhibited to this Court duly attested, an inventory of the personal estates of said decedents, and also an account of the debts and credits by which it appears that the personal estates of said decedents are insufficient to pay their just debts and expenses, and setting forth that said decedents died several seized of real estate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises— It is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the lands, tenements and real estates of said decedents, do appear before the Judges of this Court, on the first day of September Term next, and shew cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estates of said decedents, situate in the County of Cumberland aforesaid, should not be sold, as will be sufficient to satisfy the debts and expenses which remain unpaid.

By the Court,
T. ELMER, Clerk.
July 8. 80 Smo.

SADDLE, BRIDLE, Harness, Collar & Whip MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public in general that he has removed from the Pole Tavern, in Salem county, to

LAUREL HILL, BRIDGETON.

Opposite the Store of Bacon & Tomlinson, where he intends keeping on hand a general assortment of Saddlery and Harness, Which he will dispose of at the most reasonable prices; and by his experience in the business he is warranted in saying they shall be equal in neatness and durability to any made in Philadelphia.

All orders will be thankfully received, and attended to with despatch. Country Produce of every kind will be taken in payment.

Andrew Holdzkom.
April 22. 70 Gno.
N. B.—One or two APPRENTICES are wanted to the above business, about the age of fourteen or fifteen years.

SALE OF LANDS.
WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC SALE,

On Thursday the 17th day of October next, at the Inn of Joseph Cooper, in the Upper Township, in the County of Cape May, the several Tracts of Land hereinafter mentioned, situate in the township of Weymouth, in the county of Gloucester, formerly belonging to Seth Hand—

1. One-half of 300 Acres, Woodland and Marsh, known by the name of the "Mickle Property."
2. 166 Acres of Cedar Swamp, known by the name of the "Benezet Swamp."
3. One-fourth part of a Saw Mill and Mill Seat, on Gibson's Creek: called Steelman's Mill.
4. 40 Acres of Woodland, adjoining lands of Joseph Ingersoll.
5. 85 Acres of Woodland, on Turkey-Hoe, joining lands of John Williams.
6. 85 Acres of Land and Marsh, on Gibson's Creek.
7. 25 Acres of Land and Marsh, in Ragged Point Tract.

The subscriber is authorized to sell the same under the Insolvent Laws of New Jersey, being the Assignee of the above named Seth Hand. Sale will commence at two o'clock, P. M.

The Creditors of said, Seth Hand, are desired to meet at the Inn above mentioned, on the day of sale, at one o'clock, P. M. to settle the terms of sale.

A more particular description of the property, and the terms of sale, will be given on the day of sale.
JEREMIAH HAND,
Middle township, Cape May, Sept. 16. 90 ts.

ADJOURNMENT.—The land of James Moore, which was to have been sold this day, is adjourned to the 10th day of October next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, P. M. at the Inn of Philip Snoder, in Bridgeton. DAN SIMKINS, late Sheriff. WM. R. FITZMAN, Sheriff.
September 16. 90 3t.

BENNETT & WALTON,
No. 37, Market Street, Philad'a.

PROPOSE TO PUBLISH, BY SUBSCRIPTION,—
BROOKES'S
General Gazetteer Improved,
Or, a new, and compendious

Geographical Dictionary;

Containing a description of the Empires, kingdoms, states, provinces, cities, towns, forts, seas, harbors, rivers, lakes, mountains, capes, &c. in the

KNOWN WORLD:

With the government, customs, manners, and religion of the inhabitants; the extent, boundaries and natural productions of each country; the trade, manufactures and curiosities of the cities and towns; their longitude, latitude, bearings and distances, in English miles, from remarkable places; and the various events by which they have been distinguished:

INCLUDING
The Constitution of the United States, the ordinance of 1787, and the Constitutions of the respective States;

Together with a succinct account of at least fifteen hundred cities, towns and villages in America, more than have appeared in any foreign edition of the same work; in which the numerous mistakes & deficiencies of European Gazetteers, respecting this country, are corrected and supplied.

Illustrated by a neat colored Map of the United States.
ORIGINALLY WRITTEN
By R. Brookes, M. D.

The fourth American, from the London edition of 1819, with additions and improvements

BY WILLIAM DARBY,
Member of the New-York Historical Society, Author of a Map and Statistical Account of Louisiana; Emigrant's Guide; and a Tour from New-York to Detroit.

IN order to render this edition in a peculiar manner valuable to an American reader, the publishers have employed William Darby of this city as editor, to collect and insert the names of such remarkable places on this continent, adjacent islands and elsewhere, as have not hitherto found a place in any gazetteer extant; to remedy such articles as are erroneously or defectively stated, in the original work: and in fine, as far as practicable, to comprise all the places worthy of notice in the world.

So many changes have taken place in Europe in the course of the last 8 or 10 years, as to render necessary a careful digest of the present limits of most states in that quarter of the world.

It must be obvious that in an age of active enterprise, discoveries, improvements and changes in objects of Geographical Science will be so rapid, and unceasing in their operations, as in a few years, to render defective or obsolete any System of Geography, however perfect they may be at the time of publication. It must also be more than apparent that the correctness of these observations apply with particular force to America; in one section of which, a widely extended revolution is daily developing, as objects of Geographical and Historical record, names of places, very imperfectly or entirely unknown to science, previous to the occurrence of the events which have given them a title to literary attention: and in another quarter, the energies of a free and enterprising people are effecting revolutions on the face of nature, with a celerity and an extent which has no parallel in the progress of human affairs.

The publication of the work has hitherto been delayed in order to procure the census of 1820, which has not yet been completed. The publishers however confidently hope to receive the necessary document, and present the work to their patrons, in the course of the ensuing season, in a form worthy of their acceptance: but the Gazetteer will not be put to press before the returns of the census are obtained, collated, and the various articles digested according to its results.

The Post Office list will be carefully arranged up to the present time, and the mark P. O. placed before the description of all places containing a Post Office.

No comment can be necessary to elucidate the advantages which must be comprised in a portable volume, in which will be concentrated the proposed improvements and additions.

TERMS.
The work to be comprised in one octavo volume of about 900 pages, printed on good paper, and to be illustrated by a new and neat colored Map of the United States, projected and engraved for the express purpose, to contain the political subdivisions, made up to the period of publication.

Price, neatly bound, Three Dollars and 50 Cents, payable on delivery.

52 December—1821

TO HOUSEKEEPERS
And Storekeepers.

The following articles can be obtained at No. 130, Market street, S. W. corner of 4th and Market, Philadelphia—upon very reasonable terms:

Looking Glasses,
Of every size, and all kinds of frames.

Brass Andirons, Shovels and Tongs, and Fenders,
Knives and Forks, Tea Trays,
Walters and Bread Baskets,
Table Castors,
Britania Tea and Coffee Pots,
Coffee Mills, Bellows,
Candlesticks, Lamps,
Snuffers, &c. &c.

With a great variety of other articles, suitable for housekeepers.

C. P. WAYNE,
4th and Market Street, Philada.
Sept. 16. 90 3t.

SILAS W. SEXTON,

Fashionable Clothier and Merchant Taylor,
No. 28, MARKET STREET,

Between Front and Second streets, south side, two doors east of Letitia Court, PHILADELPHIA.

HAS now on hand a general assortment of the new made Clothing, consisting of close Coats, Surtouts, Frocks, New Market and Great Coats, Cloaks, Pantaloon, Vests, Shirts, Hose, Suspenders, & Handkerchiefs, Round Jackets, Pea Jackets, Plannel Shirts and Drawers, Cravats, &c. and a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for Cash. Also, super super Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, made up in order in the most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen are requested to call and give his establishment a trial, when no doubt they will find it to their advantage to call again. All orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

52 6m. December 24, 1821.

For Sale at this Office,
A FEW COPIES OF
THE
VISION
OF
BUTLER NEWCOMB,

Of Fairfield township, Cumberland county, New Jersey, and Deacon of the Baptist Church at Dividing Creek.

Price 12 1/2 Cents.
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,
THE ECLECTIC REPERTORY,
FOR THE YEAR 1821.

ALSO,
The Presbyterian Magazine,
From No. 1 to No. 14.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office.

Executions, Summons,
Mortgage & Warrantee Deeds,
Common & Judgment Bonds,
Constables' Sales,
Attorneys' Blanks, &c.

Bank Note Exchange
CORRECTED WEEKLY.

U. S. Branch Bank Notes, 1 p. c. dis.
Banks in New Hampshire, 2
Boston Banks, 1 do.
Massachusetts Banks generally, 1 1/2 do.
Rhode Island Banks do. 2 do.
Connecticut Banks do. 14 do.

NEW YORK BANK NOTES.

All the city Bank Notes, par.
Jacob Barker's Exchange Bank, no sale.
Albany Banks, 1 p. c. dis.
Troy Banks, 1 do.
Mohawk Bank in Shenectady, 1 do.
Lansingburg Bank, 1 do.
Newburg Bank, 1 do.
Newburg branch, at Ithica, 2 do.
Orange county Bank, 2 do.
Catskill Bank, 1 do.
Bank of Columbia at Hudson, 1 do.
Auburn Bank, 1 do.
Columbia receivables, 1 do.
Utica Bank, 2 do.
Ontario Bank at Utica, 1 do.
Plattsburg Bank, 3 do.

NEW JERSEY NOTES.

New Brunswick Bank, 1 p. c. dis.
State Bank at Trenton, 1 do.
All others, par.

PENNSYLVANIA NOTES.

Philadelphia Notes, par.
Farmers Bank at Lancaster, par.
Lancaster Bank, par.
Easton, par.
Germantown, par.
Northampton, par.
Montgomery County, par.
Harrisburg, par.
Delaware county at Chester, par.
Chester county at West Chester, par.
Newhope Bridge Company, 1 do.
Farmers Bank of Reading, 1 do.
Susquehanna Bridge do. 1 do.
Farmers Bank of Bucks county, 1 do.
York Bank, 2 do.
Chambersburg, 1 do.
Gettysburg, 1 do.
Carlisle Bank, 1 do.
Swatara at Harrisburg, do.
Pittsburg, do.
Northumberland, Union, and Co. do.

Lumbia Bank at Milton, 15 do.
Silver Lake, no sale.
Greensburg, 10 do.
Brownsville, 10 do.
Other Pennsylvania Notes, no sale.

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Bank of Del. at Wilmington, par.
Wilmington and Sandywile, par.
Commercial Bank of Delaware, par.
Branch of do. at Milton, 3 do.
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MARYLAND NOTES.

Baltimore Banks, 3 d.
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Havre de Grace, 1 do.
Elkton, par.
Annapolis, 1 do.
Branches of do. 1 do.
Hagerstown Bank, do.
Bank of Carolina, 12 do.

VIRGINIA NOTES.

Richmond and Branches, 1 do.
N. W. bank of Va. at Wheeling, 5 do.
All others, 1 do.

Columbia District Banks, generally, par.
Franklin Bank of Alexandria, no sale.
North Carolina, 8 do.
South Carolina, 5 do.
Georgia, generally, 3 do.
Bank of Kentucky and branches, 5 do.
OHIO—Cincinnati, 5 do.
Most others, no sale.