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MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1818.

PER ANNUM

THE WHIG

18. PUBLISHED

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Payable in Advance.

abscription will be received for a shorter od than six months, and unless orders are, at that time, to discontinue, an intention ntinue will be implied.

No subscriber is considered at liberty to with whis name, whilst in arrears.

Advertisements will be inserted at the usual

Course of Exchange. [COMPARED WEEKLY.]

Bank Notes at Par in Philadelphia.

BOSTON Notes, NEW YORK. City Bank Notes. NEW JERSEY. Notes of the State Bank of Jew-Brunswick, of New Brunswick, Trenton Link, State Bank at Trenton, Mount Holly, Camen, and Cumberland.

PENNSYLVANIA. Notes of the Farmers PENNSYLVANIA. Notes of the Farmers. Bank at Lancaster, Easton, Germantown, Northampton and Susqehannah Bridge Company at Golumbia, Farmers' Bank at Hulmville, and Harraburg, Montgomery County Bank at Norriston, Newhope Bridge Company, Delaware Bonty at Chester, Chester Com. at West Chester.

DELAWARE. Notes of the Bank of Delaware

Bank Notes at a Discount. U. S. Branch Bank Notes, 1 per cent dis.

EASTERN NOTES. New York State Notes generally 2 per cent.

PEN NSYLVANIA NOTES.

Reading, 21 per cent discount. Lancaster Trading Company, 21 do Silver Luke, 21 do Little York and Cha bersburg, 3 do Little York and Charbersong, 3 do Gettysburg, 3 do Green Castle, 15 do Pennsylvana, Agricultural and Manufacturing ompany at Carlisle, 10 do Swatara, 3 do Pittsburg, 4 do

Marietta, no sales. Union Bank of Pennsylvania, no sales. Northumberiand, Union, and Columbia Bank Milton, 2½ do Other banks of Pa. generally, 10 do

DELAWARE NOTES.

commercial Bank of Delaware, 8 do commercial Bank of Delaware, 8 do Branch of do at Milford, 8 do Wilmington and Brandywine, 50 do Farmers' Bank at Dover 51 do Branches at Wilmington, 8 do. & New Castle 8 do. Georgetewn, 10 do Laurel Bank 121 do

MARYLAND NOTES.

Baltimore, 11 do Manupolis and Branches, 2 a 24 do Snowhill, no sale Elkinton 30 do Havre de Grace, 3 do Gumberland Bank of Allegheny, 6 do Somerset and Worcester, no sales
Bank of Somerset, Princess Ann, do

COLUMBIA DISTRICT.

Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria

VIRGINIA NOTES.

Parmers Bank at Richmond & Branches, 2 do. Bank of Virginia & Branches, 2 do
Bank of the Valley of Winchester, 4 do
Do and branches 4 do
Notes of imphartered banks generally 8 a 10 do

Except Clarksburg, no sales. KENTUCKY NOTES.

Bank of Kentucky at Prankford and branches New Bank in that state 8 to 10 do

TENNESSEE NOTES. Old chartered banks generally 7 New Banks 8 to 10 do

OHIO NOTES. Cincinnati 7 do Chllicothe 7 do I. H. Piatt & Co Cinciunati, 41 do Marietta 6 a 7 Stubenville 6 a 7

Muskingham 6 a 7

New chartered banks 8 a 10 do Tuchartered, no purchasers.

NORTH CAROLINA State Bank, Raleigh & branches 21 do Newhern and Cane Fear 4 do S. Carolina, 2, do Georgia 2½ do Spanish Dollars 3 per cent advance.

Cumberland Orphans' Court.

september телм, 1818

MARY NEAL, and Jonathan Borden, administrators of Hugh Neal, late of the county of Cumberland, deceased, having exhibited to this Court duly attested a just, and true account of the personal Estate of said deceased, and also an account of the debts and credits, by which it appears that the personal estate is insufficient to prevail debts and the said administrators. ARY NEAL, and Jonathan Borden, administo pay said debts, and the said administrators, having set forth to this court that said deceased died seized of real estate, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, and praying the aid of the Court in the premises. It is therefore ordered, that all persons inte-

tested in the lands, tenements and real estate of said fleecased, do appear before the judges of this court on Monday, the 23d day of November fiext, and she cause, if any they have, why the whole of the real estate of said deceased, situate in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, should not be sold to pay the debts and expences which temain unpaid

By the Court,
T. ELMER, CIR. Bridgeton, Oct. 26, 1818 2m

PROCLAMATION

By ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, Gover-

nor of the State of New-Jersey. WHEREAS all men are bound to ac

knowledge their dependence upon Almighty God, and in a public manner to offer their devotions, and to express their gratitude for the protection and abundant bounties of his Providence.

I have thought proper to appoint T'HURSDAY the tenth, day of December next, to be observed in this state as a day of Public Thanksgiving and Prayer; and do accordinly recommend to ail classes of persons to convene on that day, at their respective places of public worship, and to offer reverence, gratitude and homage to Almighty God for the special protec-tion and distinguished favours which the people of this land have enjoyed; and more especially for the blessings of peace abundant seasons, and general health; which have been continued to us; and also to be seeth the Great Creator and Preserver of the Universe that he would ,take our state and nation under his special guarantee and protection, and continue to us the inestimable privileges of civil and religious freedom which we are permitted to enjoy; That he would give to our rulers and all in authority a due and proper sense of the important. duties of their stations, and enable them to act with a solemn reference to that great and final day, when the secrets of all hearts shall be unfolded: That all institutions for the advancement of true Religion, Literature and Morality, may be cherished and increased, and that the blessings of civil arid religious liberty may he speedily extended to the remotest borders of the earth.

Given under my hand at Trenton, this tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

ISAAC €. WILLIAMSON.

Sheriff's Sales.,

Py Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, on Tuesday, the twenty second day of December next, between the-hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, in the afternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the Inn'of Philip Sou. ker, in Bridgeton,

A Tract of Land,

Situate in the township of Fairfield, said to contain sixty acres more or less; joins lands of Jacob Ridgway and others. Also a House and Lot, situate in the township of Millville, lot coniains one fourth of an acre more or less, joins lands of Isaiah Dunlap, and others, with all the land of the defendant.—Seized is the property of William Newell, and taken in execution at the suit of Isaiah Dunlap, and to be sold by
DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff

At the same time and place, A FARM,

A FAKM,
Situate in the township of Maurice River, said to contain two hundred acres more or less, joins lands of James Godfrey, and others, together with all the lands of the defendant. Seized as the propery of Abel. Smith, end taken in execution at the suit of Joshua Brick and Richard Townsend, and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

At the same time, and place.

At the same time and place, A House and Lot,

Situate in the township of Hopewell, and vicinity of Bridgeton, Lot contains three fourths of

William L. Sheppard, assignee, &c. and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. At the same time and place, A House and Lot,

Situate in the township of Maurice River, and in the village of Port Elizabeth; Lot contains one fourth of an acres more or less, joins lands of Stephen Willis, Esq. with all the lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of Margaret Stigers, and taken in execution at the suit of Nathaniel Salmon, and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. November 16,1818—4t

NOTICE

Py Virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of the county of Cumberland; will be exposed to sale at 'Public Vendue, at the, Hotel, in Budgeton, on TUESDAY the first day of December next, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock, on said day, the undivided share of Benjamin Champneys, a minor, to a certain

House and Lots of Land, situate on Cohansey Creek in Bridgeton, containing about thirteen Acres; late the property of Doct. Benjamin Champneys, dec. Conditious

WILLIAM POTTER, Guardian. =ridgeton, September 28, 1818.

Bloomfield M'Ilvaine, BEING ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF THE LAW,

N the City of Philadelphia, respectfully offers his professional services to his friends in his native state, with a hope of meriting by fidelity and attention the confidence they may place in

Dwelling and Office at No. 74, South 6th Street Philadelphia, Sep. 28th, 1818-tf

Fall Goods.

STRATTON & BUCK Have Just Received,

A Large Supply of FALL and WIN TER GOODS, which, in addition to their former Stock, makes a complete and extensive Assortment-Amongst which are the Following Articles:

Superfine CLOTHS. Second Quality do.

Coarse do. Domestic do. Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Flannels, Rose Blankets, Velvets and Cords,

Coatings, Lion Skins, Habit and Pelisse Cloths, Coverlid Warp,

Bombazettes, Black Bombazines, Calicoes,

Domestic Muslins & Plaids. Bed Tickings, Carlile Ginghams, Stockings and Gloves,

Waterloo Shawls. Cotton, and Silk do. Ribbands. assorted,

Silk nd Cotton Hkfs. Cambric & Fancy Muslins. Umbrellas, &c. &c.

TOGETHER

With a General Assortment of

Groceries, Hard-Ware, China. Glass, Queens-Ware, &c.

Which have been purchased principally for Cash, and at Auction, they offer for for Cash, and at Anderson, sucy and for sale, much below the market price, either Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Country Predduce or the usual credit.

N.B. Courtry store-keepers residing at a distance from n vigation, will be supplied wholesale at Philadelphia prices.

Bridgeton, November 23, 1818.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whereas, by an act of Congress, passed on the 26th of March 1804, entitled; "An act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana Territory, and for other purposes," and an Act passed the 3d March 1805, entitled, "An Act supplementary to the act, entitled, an act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana Territory," and an act passed on the 25th of April '1808 entitled, a Art act supplemental to an act regulating the

September next for the lands contained in ranges 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17, north of the base line; and on the first Monday in November next, for the lands contained in ranges 9, 10, 11, and 12, north of the base line, excepting such lands as are, or may be reserved in said district, by law, for the support of Schools, and for other pur-poses. The sales shall continue open for two weeks and no longer, and shall commence with the first section of the lowest number of townships and ranges, and proceed in regular numerical order.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, the thirty-first day of March, one thou-sand eighteen hundred and eighteen. JAMES MONROE.

By the President, JOSTAH MEIGS.

.... Comm'r of the General Land Office

SAMUEL CARMAN, From New-Fork,

RESPECTFULL vinforms his friends and the inhabitants of Bridgeton, that he has commenced a BOOF and SROE Ma ufactory for

Ladies and Gentlemen. IN the House lately occupied by Daniol P. Straton as an Office, where he intends to keep on hand a General Assortment of fashionable

Shoes and Boots. WANTED-Two Journeymen, good works nen; apply as above November 39, 1818.

WINDOW GLASS BY THE BOX,

FOR SALE BY STRATTON & BUCK. From the New-York Republican Chronicle.

Traits of Indian Character.

The Editor of the Milledgeville Reflector, in his paper of November 3d, says -"We occasionally meet with traits of Indian character, so disinterested and noble, so humane and gensrous, as to produce in the civilized mind mingled emotions of astonisliment and delight. He then instances the character of Pocahon tas, who "magnanimously tendered her own life as a peace offering to the wrath of her offended father, the vindictive Pownatten," and thereby saved the life of Captain Smith, one of the first settlers of Virginia. The character of Attakullakulla is next given, who purchased Captain Stewart from the Indian who took him, by giving his rifle, clothes, and all he could command, and then by an artifice, as ingenious as humane, to save the life of Stewart, which had been again menaced, conveyed him off, and accompanied him nine days and nights, through the wilderness, and delivered him into the hands of his friends."

"The Incident we are about to relate (says the Reflector) equally with the foregoing deserves to be recorded. Duncan M'Krimmon, a resident of this town, was a Georgia militiaman, in the service of the United States, during the Seminolean war. While stationed a Fort Gadsden, on the Appilachicola, he one morning went fishing, and in attempt ing to return missed his way, and was several days lost in the surrounding wilderness. After wandering about in various directions, he was espied and captured by a party of hostile Indians, headed by the well kaown prophet-Francis - who had an elegant uniform, a fine brace of pistola and a British commission of brig. general, which he exultingly showed to the prisoner.—Having obtained the satisfaction they wanted respecting the position of the American army, they began to prepare for the intended sacrifice. M-Krimmon was pleased at a state and the ruth. mon was placed at a stake, and the ruth-less savages having shaved his head and reduced his body to a state of nudity, formed themselves into a circle and danc ed around him some hours, yelling all the while most horribly. The ynungeet daughter of the prophet (who is about 15 years age, and represented by the officers of tlie army we have conversed with, to be a woman very superior to her associates) was sad and silent the whole time—she participated not in the general joy, but was evidently, even to the affrighted prishe was compelled to witness.

When the fatal tomahawk was raised to terminate forever the mortal existence of the unfortunate M'Krimmon, at that awful moment Milly Francis, like an angel of mercy, placed herself between it and death, resolutely bidding the astonished executioner, if lie thirsted for human blood, to shed hers; being determined, she said, nut to survive the prisoner? death. A momentary pause was produced by this unexpected occurrence, and she took advantage of the circumstance to implore the pity of her ferocious father — who finally yielded to her wishes; with the in-

ton, and others, together with all the lands of the defendact.—Seized as the property of Michigan Territory, of stichigan," to be offered to real each of the united States is authorised to cause the lands in the lands district of Detroit to be offered to real each of the said lands have been surveyed; and whereas a part of the said lands have been surveyed; and whereas a part of the said lands have been surveyed. Therefore, I: JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, in conformity with the said acts, do hereby declare and make known, that public, sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of the said lands, shall be held at Detroit, in Michigan Territory, viz:

On the first Monday in July next, for the lands contained in ranges 8, 10, 11, 12, and 15, south of the base line, on the first Monday of the michigan the property of Nathan Bennett, jun. and taken in execution at the suit of James Clark, John Trenchard, jun. and William L. Sheppard, assigned for the lands contained in ranges 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17, north of the head and surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the suit of James Clark, John Trenchard, jun. and William L. Sheppard, assigned for the lands contained in ranges 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17, north of the head and to the surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the surrendered in a the surrendered in a the surrendered in a standard others that had surrendered in a the surrendered in a a proper respect for her virtues induced the commanding officer, col. Arbuckle, to relieve her immediate wants. M'Krimmon appears to have a 'due sense of the obligation he owes the woman who saved his life at the hazard of her own—he left town last week to seek her, and as far as may he in his power to alleviate her misfortunes. It is also his firm determination, we understand, if she will consent, to make her his wife, and reside, provided he can prevail to do so, within the settled parts of Georgia.

It thus appears, that rude and uncultivated minds are susceptible of the finest sensibility of the warmest attachments, of the most enviolable friendship—and that they sometimes practise virtues, which would do credit to a people the most refined and enlightened.

Late from Venezuela.

Extract from Margaritta, 22d October, 1818.
44 The establishment of the court of vice admiralty in this island has had already an happy effect, in giving a direction to commercial adventure; and as a depot for the accomodation of our public vessels, as well as merchant ships: a great number of prizes have already entered the port of La Galera, with produce of every kind, and many merchants from the An-tilles and from London, already established houses at that place. Those merchants have brought with them those articles in abundance which are most in depear to be delicient in their transactions. sters will continue the discussions here,

The duties here are very moderate, and the court of admiralty is constituted of the most experienced and respectable charac-

ters of the country.
"The court is composed of a president. and four members, one of which acts as secretary; one assessor who is the consult-

ing law officer; and a fiscal. "General Arismendi, so much distin-guished, and to whom Venezuela is so much indebted for his firmness and virtue at the period when Carthagena was evacuated, and who, with no other resources for defence than 23 musquets, had the re-solution to resist and the merited glory to defeat and expel gen. Morillo; an act of heroic constancy, which had the effect of electrising the troops under Cedeno, Sara-za, Paez, and others, and to whom the salvation of Venezuela at that period may

be justly att ibuted—
"This excellent man is the president of the court. Don Manuel Palacios is another-he was a mumber of the congress of Carracas, and went in 1812 to the United States, as minister from New Grenada, and passed thence, in the same character to France; Don Ntcholas Deguivera, the present intendant of the island, who was a member of the executive at the time of the congress of Carraccas, and had been the commandant of artillery, is another of the members; Don Francis Morales Brito, another respectable man, is another member. Don Louis Riou is a member and secretary; he was a colonel of artillery of New Grenada, and much distinguished; the assessor is Don Gaspar Marcano, an eminent civilians and Don Domingo Alzur, another eminent lawyer, who was a member of the congress of Venezuela, is

the fiscal or attorney general.

"A regulation has been established already, that it is necessary to the condemnation of a prize vessel brought before this. court, that the commanding officer of the captured ship should be present; this you will see is to guard against abuses, and to conduct judicial investigation in the presence of both parties; many other regulations in the liberal spirit of the age, are established. The port of Galera which has been selected for the admiralty court is on the north side of the island and to the leeward of the Cape Del Isla, and south of the harbor and town of the Punta del Norte; the navigation is all around free from difficulties, deep water and a sold shore, and may be entered without a pilot without any hazard, and good anchorage in 6 or 7 fathoms water, half a mile from the shore. The land is well marked, by a lof-

ty peak near the town,
"There are now, in the port of La Ga-lera, merchantmen engaged in commerces and several prizes, 54 vessels of large, size; and the island is in the best state of defence; there are 8000 men embodied and regularly disciplined, excellent troops, and well armed; and they have 4000 muskets, with an equal proportion of clothing,

in reserve.
"Colonel Montilla arrived a few days age, and General Bermudez this day, with the naval flotilla, which had been co-operating in the siege of Cumana. We learn that Dr. Roscio, so generally esteemed, has arrived at Augustura from the UV States. Every thing appears most prosperous here, as well as throughout. Venezuela, and bears the happiest aspect; and the union of all the chiefs, so long desired, is happily accomplished. Gen. Cedeno is ensured. gaged in the siege of Cumana; and Marino approaches to his support; and it is expected the supreme chief will co-operate in the same direction. Paez, Sarassa, and others are acting in the west."-Aurorg.

Valenciennes, Sept. 27.

The duke of Richelieu on his way to the congress at Aix-la-Chapelle, made a short stay at the head quarters of the English arym at Cambray. From what has transpired we are induced to believe that the army of occupation will evacuate France towards the end of October or beginning of Novems ber. This good news acquires a degree of great probability by the different measures taken in the head quarters of the allied troops which form the centre wing of the army of occupation. They already an-nounce that the British government has engaged the number of vessels necessary to take on board at Boulogne and Calais the body of the English army of about. 22,000 men. They go so for as to state. that the legion of the north in garrison to Paris, and which is remarkable for it good conduct, is designed to re-take prosession of Valenciennes, and that it will make part of its garrison.

Aix-la-Chapelle, Oct. 2. We doubt very much that the Conferences will be long, and the Sovereigns have declared their intention not to consider many of the questions which have been submitted to them. A report is in circulation that the evacuation of France, he been the subject of discussion this morning, and the departure of the Sovereigus is speedily looked for. We are assured that Gen. Woronzol's aid-de-camp has gone to view the plain in which the grand review previous to their departure is to take place on the 17th inst. near Loudon, cles in abundance which are most in de. Whence they will proceed to Brussels, mand in a state of war, and no funds appland afterwards to Paris, while their Mini-

POETRY.

THE WASHINGTON WHIG. Ode to Solitude.

Hail to thee, votress of the sylvan shade, With pensive eye and contemplative mien, The peaceful tenant of some secret glade, Some silent cell or streamlet's banks serene.

There would I court sweet friendship's soothing power, When first Aurora from her ocean bed,

Springing on high, salutes the tremblig flower, And steals the gem which ornaments its head;

There view the orient tinged with crimson blush.

Or mark the sun's first radiance on the stream Welcome the matin of the early thrush. And yield to fancy's fascinating dream.

Carather would'st thou, Solitude, Dwell in some cave of aspect rude? Or in that fair perennial vale, Defended from the piercing gale By circling hills, whose giant form. Braves the dread onset of the storm. Where zephyr sport in summer bowers. And heaven descends in balmy showers;-There couldst thou watch retiring day, Steal o'er the distant hills away; Or view the misty hands of eve Her sable veil of shadows weave.

Or when the beauteous regent of the night Leads on her train with graceful majesty; Pours from her silver urn a stream of light, And walks serenely through the spacious sky:

With thee, companion of my way, How sweet to see the moon-beams play On the dark foliage of you ancient tree; Or pause to hear the lonely nightingale, Pour forth her tender oft repeated tale, A strain of plaintive pleasing melody

coo wander, where the ocean laves His thirsty strand with never ceasing swell; Onward tumultuous rells the emerald waves That greet the shore, then sigh a short farewell

All is at rest. The swift winged curlews sleep, Rock'd on the cradle of the swelling foam; No whirlwinds lash the bosom of the deep, Naught breathes but evening airs, that wafts the wanderer home.

How soothing to the care-worn breast, This lovely hour appears; When nature wearied sinks to rest, And night dissolves in tears.

If always thus the scenes I view If this the bliss you give; Pll bid the busy, world adieu With thee alone to live,

ORLANDO.

From the Republican Chronicle. SONG.

Air-The Meeting of the Waters. [BY OLIVER.]

O bright is the lustre that beams from the eye Of her whose dear image my heart e'er is nigh; But ah !- when they're cast upon me, they but prove

The cold beams of friendship, unmingled with

O sweet is the smile that endimples her cheek, Of whom it were rapture-'twere painful to

But ah! -when bestow'd upon me, they but

The cold smiles of friendship, unmingled with

Can the fresh op'ning rose-bud no fragrance im patt?

Can the form of an angel be void of a heart? Can it be, that a bosom so lovely may prove, *Though open to friendship, impervious to love?

O wrong not the maid with so hasty a thought! That bosom's with sweet sensibility fraught; For the gallant young Egbert those charms ever

A smile of affection, an eye beaming love.

From the Republican Chronicle, Typographical Song.

The following Song was written by a Society, and sung with great applause at a were on opposite sides of the wall. We do convival meeting of that society. It will be not learn there had been any difference between them. Burns says, it was Mr. proper to inform those who are not ac- Fox's white vest and cravat which deceit quainted with the various implements of our profession, that the words in italics are technical terms, peculiar to the art.

OUR COUNTRY. Air - Our Country is our ship, d'ye see.

And I will tell you why-A royal botch controll'd it once Who threw it all in pi, But soon we ousted such a dunce, And all his ratting race Drave in swarms-beat their forms, Or lock d them up in chase.

Our Country's like a Printing-house.

Then free-born artists took the rule, And soon a work began, By Nature's glorious author wrote "The charter'd rights of Man." Who casts a slur on text or note. True honor never felt; Let the brute feel the foot, And trend him like a pele.

Though honest critics disagree In faults they think they find: Let half-way workmen stand aloof, For they are worse than blind,

Since WASHINGTON has read the proof. And FRANKLIN the revise, Every line is divine, Recorded in the skies.

The wretch who batters such a form, Should have a traitor's due; And find, when summon'd to the bar, The gallows stands in view. Then let the coffin be his car, The sheeps-foot ring his knell; Devil's swarm around his form, And throw him into hell.

From the Philadelphia Gazette of Saturday. Late from France.

Capt Matthieu, arrived this morning From Havre, informs, that the congress had assembled at Aix la-Chapelle, and to withdraw their 'armies from the French

We have just been favored by capt. Matthieu, with Paris papers to the 6th Oct. containing London dates to 50th Sep. from Liverpool.

The bulletin of 30th, states the health of the Queen had somewhat improved, and that the spinners at Manchester had near-

- all returned to their work. 'y The emperor of Russia, with the king of 10 o'clock at night, on the 98th Sep. and with the emperor of Austria took a trip to of grain, besides hay and other articles—
Spa the next day. The congress it was ex. the whole loss was supposed to be no pected mould assemble on the 1st Octo.

From the Democratic Press.

Mn. Binns-I 'am pleased with being able to relieve the anxiety of 'the public,' the woods. mind on the subject of the state of the health of Mr. Jerrenson.

A letter has been received from him da ted the 10th of this month, from which the following is an extract:

"Although become averse to the taking up my pen, I cannot suffer myself to be entirely forgotten by my friends, and to their recollection. I am just now re-"hope within a few days to be able to do dress and will sometimes address him

The rest of the letter relates to the future University of Virginia, which seems Legislature adopting the site recommend-conversation, eats very heartily, and en-by the Commissioners. He states that the joys good bodily health." plan will. require ten professors, and that they will exert themselves to procure "the ablest which America or Europe can furnish." He adds, that instead of "a sing;lelarge building, we make it an Acade mical College, in which every professor will have a house to himself.'

It is pleasing to see this Nestor of our worthies indulging himself in this rational solace of his old age, and hope he will live to see the University flourishing within the view of his Monticello.

Raleigh, N. C. Nov. 13 Robbers.—Some time last meek, Rt Young's store, between this place and Louisburg, was set on fire by unknown persons, while he was asleep. He did not discover the flames until the fire had burnt through to his bed. He then arose to extinguish it, when he was shot, and is since dead; he was robbed at the same time of all the money and goods he had in his store. Mrs. Fox, living near Mr. Young's store, was also robbed the same night. From the several depredations which have been committed in this neighborhood within a few months past, we are induced to helieve that there is a gang of robbers, (supposed to be runaway negrods) roving at large. We would therefore ad vise the patrol to keep a strict look-out.

Shocking Circumstance. - At East Had ourns, one of the meh who suffered in a body, before the king to the frontiers of the king to the frontiers of the kingdom. Two counsellors of state were on the eve of being impeached. One he says, by a white cat, loaded his counsellors. dam on Sunday last, a yonng man named went out in the evening For the purpose of shooting it; perceiving something moving, as he supposed, along the top of the wall, wrhich he the ught to be the white cat, he fired and shot the young man dead on the member of the New-York Typographical spot. The moon shone bright, and the men ed him.

> The New Orleans Gazette of Oct. 23, meations that the schrs. Fish and Hector, from that city where hey are owned, bound to Campeachy, had been captured by cruisers belonging to the piratical establishment at Galvezfown. The crew of the Hector have not been heard of since their capture, but the captain, and 2 men off the Fish, were put on shore near Cam-peachy, and the pirate informed the Governor that they had been smuggling on by Jardelle.—This able artist has displaythe coast, in consequence of which they ed his best manner, and the arms of the
> were put in prison where they remain. It
> United States on each piece have a fine is stated that a profitable trade which had been carried on between New Orleans and been selected with great care, or the spir-Tampico, Campeachy, and other ports on ited proprietors must have made considerthe Spanish Main, has entirely ceased in able progress lately in their art, for we consequence of the depredations of those seldom have seen any samples so perfectly

From the Goshen Patriot, Nov. 17. Distressing Accident—and a caution to huntsmen.—On Monday, the 9th instant in the early part of the evening, John C. Clare, a mason by trade, living near Middletown, in the town of Wallkill, was ac-

cidently shot by Mathew Moore. It ap- in some of the most delicate oranches of similes of pears Mr. Moore and his brother in-lay had been from home, and returning in the evening with their dogs and gins, were suddenly stopped by the barking of the dogs-around a tree some distance from them—there was not a sufficiency of light, to enable them to discover what object was concealed behind the tree, but from the circumstances of the dogs refusing to attack it, they supposed it must be a bear, and Mobre discharged his piece which was loaded with shot, reserving the fire of his brother in law until the hear should attack them — It would be vain to attempt to describe their feelings, when instead of a bear, they beheld a man spring from behind a tree, and with a deep groan fall to the ground. After they had recovered a little from the shock, they conveyed him to a house, and sent one of their first acts was an agreement for a surgeon, he bled freely, and some hopes are entertained of his recovery. Onterritory immediately.

The Dido bas \$200,000 in 5 franc pieces and shoulder, the rest lodged in a splinfor ttie bank of the U. States.

Iya part of the charge entered his breast
and shoulder, the rest lodged in a splinter of the tree. Clark, we understand, ly a part of the charge entered his breast ter of the tree. Clark, we understand had had a quarrel with a turbulent old woman in the neighbourhood, who had sworn the peace against him, and he had two days later than those per the Pacific, concealed himself behind the tree to keep out of the way of the constable who he supposed was after him.

Another Calamity.—On the evening of Friday the 6th inst. a Barn, belonging to a Mr. Eagles, near the west end of the town of Wallkil, together with its con-Prussia, arrived at Aixla Chapelle, at tents, were destroyed by fire. The barn was said to contain five hundrud bushels the whole loss was supposed to be not less than two thousand Dollars. The fire was kindled by a lad living in the fam ily, who weunderstand, has since confessed the fact, and is now in Gosten Jail It is said he had before attempted to fire

The King of England. - One of the last London papers says—" His Majesty is perfectly blind and occupies a long suite of rooms, through which he is coutinual ly strolling. deverai piano fortes and harpsichneds are placed at certain intervals, and the monarch frequently stops a therefore must occasionally recal myself them, runs over a few notes of Handel's Oratories, and proceeds on, his walk. covering from an illness of 3 months, not He dines chiefly on cold meats, and fre-'yet having left the house, although I quently standing. He has a silk plaid self to a noble duke or lord, thus hold ing a colloquy, and furnishing their answers. He suffers his beard to grow two now to occupy, him as if he was in fell and or three days. His hair is perfectly white. youthful health. He is Sanguine as to the He is quite cheerful in his conduct and

Cincinati, Nov. 10.

THE BANKS—On Tuesday last the Banks of this town came to the resolution to suspend the payment of specie.—This policy was forced upon them by the hostile attitude assumed by the bank of the United States. The Cashier of the office here, received orders last week to require immediate payment in special or U.S. notes, of the whole amount due from these Banks to that institution, and, not to receive in future, in deposit or in payment any other species of funds. This regulation extends to the payment to be made for lands in the Receiver's office, which it seems is thus far under the control of this

The directors at Philadelphia pretendl to predicate this high handed measure upon the temper and high spirit of a remonstrance from the banks of this town, against a requisition made in the month of Au gust, in which they proposed an arrange-ment to discharge their debt without draining the country of the precious me-

Paris, Sept. 18. The diet of Norway rejected, by a great majority, the propositions made by the Swedish government, the object of which was to change, some articles of the constitution. They also rejected by a majo only escaped by an equality of votes. The vote of the president decided in his favor.

Don Pedro Cevallos, Lieut. Gen. of the Spanish pavy, died at Bordeaux on the 7th of this month at the age of 63. It was he who, in the year 1794, took on board his vessels at Toulon, for the purpose of landing them at Carthagena, more than 400 persons who otherwise would have been made the victims of the commissaries, of the national convention.

Domestic Manufactures.

During a visit a few evenings ago, to the manufactory of Messrs. Bake well's & Page, we were much gratified by a sight of the splendid equipage of glass, intend-ed for Mr. Monroe's side board. It consists of a full set of decanters, wine glasses and tumblers, of various sizes, and different models, exhibiting a brilliant specimen of double flint, engraved and cut effect. The glass itself must either have pirates and that many runaway slaves pellucid and free from tinct. Upon the whole we think the present service, equal, if not superior to the elegant decanters presented to the president when he passed through Pittsburgh last year.

It affords us most sensible gratifica-tion that the patriotic liberality of Mr. Monroe, will give us the opportunity of of blank commissions, similar to those said tants are a being known to the world, as proficients to be issued by Artigas; some copies or fac another.

manufactures; as regards cloth, iron warand common productions in glass, we con sider our reputation as long established we may now calculate upon increasing this reputation by the addition of the branch of chrystal glass, since such a man as James Monroe looks to Pittsburgh for this article. We cannot forbear congrat-ulating Messrs Blackwell & Page on the occasion; their meritorious struggles are at length crowned with success; may the policy to be adopted by our government be such as, at no very distant day, to easure them that reward which their urbanity enterprize and industry merit, and may the "glass that sparkles" on the president's board, operate as a talisman on our representatives. to stimulate them to unremitting exertions in favor of manufactures .- Pitts. Gaz.

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

We have received Barbadoes papers to the 11th ult. The following is the only article which we find worth extracting:-From the Bridgetown, (Barbadoes) Mercury, of October 6.

Intelligence from Angustura.

Extract' of a letter 'trorn that place, dated 13tb Sept. 1818:-" We have this moment received official accounts from Gen. Paez, of his, having surprised a large party of 'Spaniards at the village of Bual. near San Carlos, and taken or destroyed the whole;—the commanding officer was made prisoner: "No se escapo uno," he says: he further advises that Morillo's head quarters were at San Carlos, on account of the revolt of the Province of Coro (which had always been faithful to Ferdinand), and their having taken Carora. Maracaybo is said to have also shaken off the Spanish voke. Gen. Morrillo's situation is truly desperate; for, as soon as the weather will allow, he will be attacked on all sides by an overwhelming force. We have received immense supplies of arms and ammunition from America; and the greatest harmony prevails amongst us, and respect for foreign nations.

BOSTON, NOR. 23.

Cap. Pelham, from Havanna, who are rived here yesterday in 🗖 days; informs thot it was reported, though not beiievad by many, that the frigate La Pique, which sailed from that port on the 19th October tor England, and several American ves-sels, were lost on Florida. Brigs Vengador, with 400, Brilliante Africano, with 254; San Josef, with 403; ship Jupiter, with 337; schr. Astrea, with 118; schr. Circassiana, with 180; making in all 1692 slaves, all from the coast of Africa, arrived' at Hayanna in 2 days, the 29th October and 1st. November:

The Chickasaw Treaty.

Extract d abtter from Governor Shelby, dated, Treaty Ground 19th Oct. 1818. The Indians. hove heen very litigious

and slow in their decisions; the business which might have been done in two or three days, it has taken twenty days to effect. The treaty, however, is this moment concluded upon and signed by all the chiefs, id presence of 3,000 of the nation; by which all the lauds west of the Tennessee, in the states of Kentuky and Ten. nessee, are ceded to the United States for the sum of 300,000 dollars, payable in fifteen annuities, of 20,000 dollars eachbesides presents to sundry chiefs of 7 or 8 thousand dollars. These sums may seem large at first view but the country obtained is of immense importance to the two states in which it lies, as well as to the strength and defence of the nation.

In Tennessee, it is believed, there will be upwards of four millions of acres unappropriated. This will soon raise an immense sum to the General Government; great part of the land being of the best quality.

From the Baltimore Federal Gazette, Nov. 21.

A deep laid scheme of Fraud has been detected in this city and some of the parties concerned in it imprisoned. As the subject is now before the grand jury it is not thought advisable to make a full statement of the circumstances until the, investigation shall be completed.

So far we can at present state, that the Forgery of a number of checks on different banks in this city; has, been traced to the above mentianed association, which has existed in this city for more than a year. We congratulate our fellow citizens on the certainty of having this nest of villains exposed and punished.

Among the persons arrested and now in confinement, charged with being concerned, and probably the principal in the above scheme to defraud, is George Howell, who has passed here by the designation of Dr. Howell; he is stated to be a man of extensive acquirements and polished manners and, report says, that he was some years ago in the Penitentiary in New-York as a

punishment for a similar offence. This Doctor Howell was, a short time since, employed in soliciting charitable donations, as he stated, for the use of an unfortunate and distressed French family and succeeded in obtaining the signatures of a number of respectable citizens, as donors, ou a paper which he carried about containing a pathetic represensation of the distress and misfortunes of this pretended family which it is now known did not exist. The use which such a man might make of the names thus obtained, is obvious; and we take this opportunity of cau, tioning our fellow citizens against signing their names without due preçaution, on

Among the articles found in the posses-sion of Dr. Howell, there were a number

and a seal with arms (as is supposed) engraved on; it,

> From the Washington City Gazeta; JUDICIARY.

The Supreme Court of the Cining States consists of-Chief Justice-John Marshall, of Virginia ssociate Justices-

Bushrod Washington, of Virginia, William Johnson, of South Carolina Brockholst Livingston, of New Jeisen Thomas Todd, of Virginia, Gabriel Davall, of Maryland, Joseph Story, of Massachusetts, Attorney General-William Wirt, of Fig. ginia.

DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

Minister, plenipotentiary at London Hon. Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, at his post. Minister plenipotentiary at Paris-Hon-Albert Gallatin, of New York-now in

London, for the purpose of negociating a commercial treaty. Minister plenipotentiary at Madrid-Hon. Geo. W. Erving, of Massachu-

setts, at his post. Minister plenipotentiary at Stockholm, Vacant.

Minister plenipotentiary at St Peters burg-Hon. George Washington Campbell, of Tennessee-(information of his arrival at his post has not yet reached the United States.)

Minister plenipotentiary at the Nether lands-Vacant

FOREIGN MINISTERS, RESIDENT NEAR THE UNITED STATES.
From Great Britain-His excellency

Charles Bagot. From France-His excellency Hyde de Neuville. From Prussia-His excellency Fred

Greuhm. From Spain-His excellency Luis de

From the Netherlands-His excellency Viscount de Quabeck From Portugal-His excellency Sierra de Correa-(The above ministers are all in

Washington.) From Russia—His excellency tika, said to be at Aix-la-Chapelle, on his route to the United States.

The new Austrian minister to the U. States has been two years a commissioner of that power at St. Helena, watching Bonaparte; and at the last dates was in England, making preparations to embark for America.

Raleigh (N. C.) Nov. 13. Daring Negroes .- A company of daring runaway Negroes infest this vicinity, and have done considerable mischief. One of them has been apprehended and lodged in our jail, who has some articles with him, which had been taken from Robert Young's Store, 8 or 10 miles on this side, of Lewisburgh, which these villains, some nights ago first set fire to, which bringing out the proprietor (who waked from his sleep by the fine) while he was in the act of endeavouring to put out the fire, they shot and mortally wounded him; and during the time which it took him to creep to a neighboring house, they robbed his Store. Young, after suffering greatly from his wounds for some days, died. They had the same night, entered the house of the Widow Fox, a short distance from thence and breaking open a desk, carried away two Half Eagles, which was all the money in it. If they should attempt to pass these pieces of gold, it may lead to a discovery.

Mobile, Oct. 27.

The sloop Washington, 14 days from Havanna, was one of the cartels employed to transport the Spanish garrison from Pensacola to Havana. Owing to contrary winds she was driven to Campeachy, where she found the Peggy, another of the transports and proceeded thence for Havana, and in co. On the passage, was boarded by an independent cruizer, who treated the captain and crew of the Washington politely, but took ten blacks belonging to the Spanish passengers, and a harrel of rum. The cruizer then boarded the Pegry, capt. Hall, and hung governor Mussot at the yard-arm until he confessed where his money was, which they found and took, amounting to 8000 dollars, and also all the blacks on board. The Peggy had not arrived at Havana, when the Washington left there ington left there.

It behaves the public to keep a strict look

out for these daring marauders.

From France and England.

By the Tybee, Capt. Barker, we have eceived, says the New York Gazette, late French papers and Bell's London Weekly Messenger of the 4th of October-

An important communication had been received in London from Spain; from which it appears that the Russian interest predominated over the councils of the Spanish cabinet, but by the timely zeal of the English minister there, that interest had been put down; that the Spanish King had dismissed his minister; all proscription is to be limited in its powers.

It is said that the ex-empress Maria Louisa has prevailed on her father that Emperor of Germany to support the proposals which are to be made at the Congrass, to remove Napoleon to a climate. more congenial to his health.

Alderman Atkins is elected Lord Mayor of London.

A Liverpool paper states that the cele-brated Abraham Thornton had arrived in that town for the purpose of emigrating to the United States.

Misapprehension.—The reason why disputes decommonly last a long time, is, because the dispe-tants are a long time without understanding one

THE WHIE.

BRIDGETON, NOVEMBER 30, 1818.

Melancholy Accident.

On Tuesday, the 17th inst. while John Campbell, Esq. residing at Buckshootum. in this county, was engaged in burning some brush and grass on a small piece of ground situated about 40 or 50 rods from his dwelling, two of his children, one a girl of about 5 years of age, the other a boy of 2 years, attempted to go to their in the most public and solemn manner father; in the act of which, the clothes of called on the Almighty to witness, that the little girl caught fire and were nearly no malice shall mislead, no fears deter, no the little girl caught fire and were nearly the little girl caught fire and were nearly reward or affection influence you from a all consumed, before any assistance could just and impartial fulfillment of the imbe given. The child attempted to run to the house, when she was met by one of the family, who by throwing her down, and naturally gives rise unto, you will please Pressing upon her clothes, extinguished to retire. And may that Great Being who the fire: but the assistance came too late; she only survived about eight hours,—She was burnt in a dreadful manner from the bottom of the chest, to the top of the head. The youngest escaped unhurt.

The following charge was delivered by the Grand Jury.

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury,

No good American, even in a small degree acquainted with the history of the world, but must rejoice; that his lot is cast in this land of freedom. For although for wise reasons, the love of Country is born with us and strengthens with our growth, yet, surely an inhabitant of the lemperate zone may rationally prefer his situation to the frozen regions of Lapland, or thp burning deserts of Arabia. And although the productions of the earth, which under a warmer sky in an Asiatic climate, are so rapidly brought to perfection. We are abundantly compensated in being releas-ed from the most dreadful apprehensions, when the Heavens withhold their rain and the whole vegitable kingdom is parch-eit into dust, under the sufficiating rays of a vertical sun. Then famine spreads its desolating power and, whole countries ex hibit but one melancholy picture of horror and dismay. If the spot we call our home may thus, for substantial reasons, be justly preferred for the temperature of its air and climate, how much more greatly may we rejoice on a comparison of political sitvation with other countries. There the will of perhaps a single despot, gives the law to millions, whose property, families and lives, are dependent on his nod. Is he stimulated by some imaginary insult; -his avarice excited by the hopes of plunder, or his ambition awakened by the idea of conquest, he issues his mandate, and his miserable subjects are compelled to become the ministers of his wrath. Rapine, cruelty, and murder march in his van, ruin and desolation mark his rear. In this country we tremble not at the frown of any tyrant, nor bend our knees in impious adoration of our fellow man. Happy in a government established by the free will of an unlightened people, we acknow-ledge no superior but the laws; these laws founded on the broad basis of equal jus-tice, spread their mild influence over all ranks in society, and are at once our boast and our security. Are they oppressive or burthensome in their operation, they are instantly repealed. Do the representa-tives appointed to regulate our affairs prove ignorant or corrupts—our public officers tyrannical or unjust, they are speedily displaced, and are amenable to to the known laws, they have dared to violate. Our agriculture, our commerce and our manufactures, are shackled by no restrictions, but such as the public good requires. Our dwellings are emphatically our castles, in which we lay down in se-

curity, and rise up in peace.
I am confident, gentleme ntlemer so obvious and important; stand not in need of argument or example, to illustrate them. The mind of every good citizen is feelingly alive to them, and they will re-ceive his ready assent. But does this abundance of our blessings require nothing in return from us?—most assuredly it does. Gratitude to the Supreme Disposer of all good, should be the constant inmate of every breast. We should be founded industriously cultivating harmony in socie ty-discouraging vice-inculcating obedience to the laws, and respect for those, who, for the time being, are appointed to enforce them. This is the plain path of duty, and it is only by stedfastly pursuing it, in our different stations, that we can rationally hope for a continuance of the happiness by which we are surround-

But if, on the contrary, we become ne-glectful of these great duties, if the bonds which now so firmly unite us in security are broken asunder, if crimes are unblushingly avowed, and offenders go unpunished; if the laws are violated with impunity, and become, for want of energy in the ex ecutors, contemptible, that security of person and property, which now swells with eelight the bosom of every good Husband, Father, and citizen, will be no more. Anarchy with giant strides will pervade our land, and we shall inevitably become the prey of some daring individual, sink beneath his iron grasp from the exalted station of the sons of freedom, to the ab-ject state of slaves, nor shall our chil-dren's children free themselves from the disgraceful thraldom we have basely be-

nary spectre of a visionary faucy; it has a jealousy of the influence of the only is most unhappily been realized in every age felt; an influence which it is admitted most unhappily been realized in every age of the world, he pages of whose history, bears the faithful record of the melancholy

Our government being founded on the opinions of the people, its strength and durability is altogether dependent on their virtue, whilst they shall retain a proper sense of the duties it requires; and by rigidly adhering to them, are just to them-selves and their country, we may safely hid defiance to all the enemies of our happiness, at home or abroad. It is no small part of the duty of American citizens, that you, gentlemen of the Grand Jury, here this day taken upon you. You have, portant task assigned you. Under the very serious impressions which such an appeal

CONGRESSIONAL.

Extract of a letter to the Editor, dated Washington, November 24,1818.

"Since the commencement of the ses-Judge Rossell, on the opening of the sion, at which time there was a large quocourt in this place on the 24th inst. It ruin present in both houses, additional is published at the unanimous request of members have been daily arriving, so that the Grand Jury House particularly is perhaps nearly as full as it everis. The attendance of all the members at one time, can never be reasonably expected—out of upwards of 180members, it would indeed be singular if some were not prevented from occupying their scats by sickness, or other unavoidable hindrances. The members, with very few exceptions, have the appearance of extraordinary good health, and generally unite in representing the past season to have, been more than usually healthy and productive. The crops of Indian 'corn, perhaps, were never more abundant in this country:the price of the article is, notwithstanding, respectable in the principal markets. That in a condition for exportation, commands

> This city is annually rendered more pleasant and inviting, by the additional buildings, and improvement of the streets which are constantly going on. Its progress is quite as rapid as could be reasonably calculated, when it is considered, that Alexandria & Georgetown, the two other towns in the district, have the chief advanttage of the commerce of the place. The price of building lots has, within two or three years, advanced beyond measure. I am convinced, (the present disposition to occupy them to the contrary notwith standing.) that the rapid advance which has lately been witnessed, must, soon receive a check;—I even doubt, whether the present prices can lone be sustained.— The plot of the city is large, there is yet an abundance of vacant ground, and ra-ther than give the enormous sum of eighty Cents or One Dollar the square foot, pur chasers will be inclined to go a little back from the busy part of the City; such situations being quite as eligible for a numerous class of Citizens.—The Additional public Offices authorized to be built by an Act of the last Session, are in a state of Forwardness, and are expected to be fit for occupancy by next spring.—The old Capitol is not, however, so far finished, as ta admit the Congress within its massy walls.—Some were sanguine enough at the adjournment in April last, to calculate upon occupying it this winter—Il no unexpected obstacles had occurred it would not have been ready, and the circumstance of a "turn out" of about forty Stone Cutters for more wages, in consequence of which, their services were lost for 5 or 6 weeks, has left the building more incomplete than otherwise it would have

Our Commissioners-Buenos Ayres.

Accompanying the President's Message were the separate reports of Messrs. Rod-ney and Graham, two of the South Arnerican Commissioners, and a mass of Doc uments in relation to the present condition and political prospects of the Government of Buenos Ayres, and some of the other States in that quarter, which have been printed.—These papers occupy more than 150 large octavo pages.—Judge Bland's report, who was the other Commissioner, and who, it will be recollected, went over land to the Pacific side of the Continent, and did not return to this country till very recently, has not yet been re-ceived.—This report is stated to be very voluminous and will probably be published in a book form .- From what has already been published, considerable information, new to most of the people of the U. States, may be collected particulary in relation to the existing manners, and taste of the public feeling, and improvement in Commerce, refinement; and literature in the City of Buenos Ayres, which appears to be the center, from which diverges in all directions those principles, and that zeal and fervor in the cause of civil liberty, which the Revolution has generated, or rather which precede it.—There are several newspapers published, and exten-sively read in Buenos Ayres. The Constitution of the United States and of the severs) states, and most of our important state papers are printed, and freely circulated.—There is a very respectable College, with a Library of upwards of twenty thousand volumes, many public and pri vate schools of inferior note; and a spirit of enduiry and improvement is every where observed. - As you recede from the city however, the inhabitants of the country are more under the faffuence of super queathed them, as an inheritance, but stition; and have profited less by their through rivers of bleod. This is no imagi- change of circumstances.—In some places

they possess, and which has been materially acquired by their superior zeal and sacrifices in the great cause in which they

are emkarked. The present form of government is merely provisional, and a congress was in session when our commissioners came away, deliberating on the subject of the formation of a permanent constitution; how soon they will succeed in effecting the object, is uncertain; and whether it will be framed on our federative principle, or a more consolidated system will be preferred, is uncertain;—as it is understood there are advocates for both in the congress. The most unfortunate fact communicated, however, is the continued, and inveterate hostilities carrying on between the government of Buenos Ayres, and gen. Artigas, the proud, bold and high minded chieftain of the Banda Oriental and Entre Rios, on the opposite side of the La Plata. The several efforts which have been made on the part of Buenos Ayres to bring about a reconciliation have hitherto proved abor-tive.—It does not appear, that the independency of this country has been formally acknowledged by any of the European powers, yet their friendship and trade is courted by several of them, particularly Great Britain, who keep up a naval force in that quarter, and neglect no opportunity of securing a market for their manufac-ture.s They receive from the United States, lumber of all kinds, furniture of every description, coaches and carriages of all sorts, codfish, mackarel, shad, and herring, leather, boots and shoes, powder, munitions of war, naval stores, ships and vessels; particularly those calculated for their navy or privateers; in return for which hides, jerk beef, tallow, furs, peltry, &c. are received.

Revolutionary Claims.

A bill has been introduced, founded on resolution of Gen. Harrison, for authorising twelve additional clerks for the War Department. It is proposed to employ the chief of these clerks, if not the whole of them, in the Pension Office, the business of which has vastly accumulated since the passage of the act of last session, for the relief of the poor and indisent officers and soldiers of the Revolutionary War, so much so, that upwards of 12,000 applications under said law, remain in theoffice, at this time, unacted upon.

Michigan Territory.

Mr. Johnson, of Kentucky, has intro duced a bill for extending the right of suf-frage, in the Michigan Territory and authorising them to elect a 'delegate to con.

Bankrupt Law.

Mr. Hopkinson has introduced a bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy in the United States. It will no doubt be recollected, that this subject was matter of considerable discussion last winter, at which time the bill was rejected, whether it will now experience a different fate, is

The unfinished business.

A long list of orders of the day, were left at the close of last session unacted upon: by a resolution of the 17th of March past; those items of business come up now in the-same order in 'which they would have been considered, bad no adjournment taken place. The list has been ta-ken up, and there is sufficient matter in it labouriously to occupy the attention of congress, until new reports shall be introduced by the committees. I calculate that the present will be a busy session, but that much of the time will be employed on subjects of a private or less public interesting character. According to a printed list before me, there are no less than 169 bills, reports and resolutions of last session now on the files.

The Rev. John Clark is elected Chaplain to congress, on the part of the senate.

MARRIED,

On the 11th inst. by the Rev. Jonatan reeman, Mr. John Dare, to Miss Rachel Watson, all of this place.

On the 28th inst. by John Mulford, esq Mr. David Miller, of Salem, to Mrs. Sally Long, of Bridgeton.

On the 17th inst. at Fairfield, by the Rev. Ethan Osborn, Mr. Hansell Shep-pard, to Miss Ann Fithian, all of that place.

On the 25th inst. by Stephen Willis, esq. Mr. Samuel Brown, to Miss Hester Howell, all of Maurice River township.

On the 19th inst. in Hopewell, by Hosea Snothen, esq. Mr. Adam Rudolph, to Miss Susannah Sickler, both of Upper Alloways Creek, Salem county.

NOTICE

THE Public is hereby forwarned against harboring or employing Margaret John-ston, in the 17th year of her age, and James Johnston, aged 14, or either of them, Coloured Children, who have been unlaw-fully taken from me, the subscriber; out of Salem county, and carried into Cumberland, against my consent, as I am deter mined to put the law in force against any person or persons harboring or employing them, or either of them.

James Jonson.

November 30, 1818

Notice is hereby given,

THAT we have made application to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Cumberland, and they have appointed the ninth day of January next, at the Court House in Bridgeton, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, to hear what can be alledged for or against our likewither from confinements aircel. against our liberation from confinement as insolvent debtors.

James Clark, Mark ⋈ Seeds.

mark. Cumberland, November 30th, 1818—3t

A Family Book. THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By A. FINLEY, cooner of Chesnut and Fourth Streets, Philadelphia, Price S1.

The Nurse's Guide;

Or Family Asistant, and companion for the Sick Chamber;

CONTAINING

Friendly Cautions to those who are in Health; with ample directions to Nurses, and others, who attend she Sick, Women in Childbed, &c.—By Robert Wallace Johnson, M. D. Second improv-

contents.
Contents.
Chapter 1.0 four persons. 2d. of our press, 3d of our Diet in a State of Health. 4th. Directions to Nurses. 5th of Things to be asserved relations to Nurses. 6th concerning the tions to Nurses. 5th of Inings to be asserved relating to the Sick Chamber. 6th, concerning the Bed, and Shifting the Patient. 7th copious directions for preparing the various Diet for the Sick, 8th of Administering Medicine—Preparations for Clysters, and of the Treatment of Scalds and burns. Appendix—containing additional instructions for the Nurses of Fever Hospitals.

ALSO,

ALSO,
A series of Engravings, explaining the Course of the Nerves, with an address to Young Physicians on the Study of the Nerves—nine 4 to plates, with copious explanations, By Charles Bell, Surgeon. Price bound \$6 50.

An Atlas Classica, folio, coloured Maps, selected from Wilkinson's Classical Atlas for the use of Seminaries in the United States—bound \$6.50.

And, Pthird Improved 'Edition' of Mayo's An. ent Geography sacred and profane. \$1 50. Philadelphia, Nov. 19, 1818.

FOR SALE.

127 Acres of Wood Land,

SITUATE within half a mile of Hoffman's Mill, in the township of Maurice River, about three miles from Dorchester and Lessburg Landings. The timber on said tract is of an e cellent quality, will cut twenty Cords per acre ond to be sold separate, or together, with the aoil, to suit purchasers, on a reasonable credit,

Benjamin B. Cooper.

Bounty Land. GENERAL LAND OFFICE, 16TH NOVEMBER, 1818. **NOTICE:**

The Lands in the Missouri territory north of the river Missouri) appropriated for military bounties have been surveyed, and the distribution of them by Lot will commence on the first Monday in

may send their notifications to me, with

"To be located in Missouri north, and thie patent 'sentto the Post Office at Messourh A. B."

C. D." " Witness,

The Lottery for Military Bounty Lands on the rivers St. Francis and Arkansas will not be ready for aeverai months— Soldiers who wish to have have Lands there may retain their notifications till

further notice is given. JOSIAH MEIGS.

Commissioner of the Gen'l Land Office. Printers who publish the Laws of the Uniteb States, will publish the above once a week till January next, and then send their accounts to the Land Office for pay-

Nov. 30, 1818—tJ

PUBLIC SALE.

IN Pursuance of an Order of the Cohrt of Common Pleas of the county of Cumberland, N. J. will be sold the 31st day a December ensuing, between the hours af 12 and 5 in the afternoon,

containing 3 acres and 3 quarters, more or less, having thereon a one story frame Dwelling-House. Sold as the Property of William Williams; an absent debtor.

Jonathan Dallas, ? Audi-Stephen Willis, \ \ tors. November 30, 1818—ts

Three Dollars Reward.

OST from Flax Point Landing, on Stoe Creek
in the township of Greenwich, a light BAT.
TEAU, with a staple and part of a chain in her bow, wherewith she was fastened; a staple and ring about the middle of her stern on the inside, a foot board fore **and** aft on the timbers in the bottom, of about a foot in-width; there is a small piece broken off the edge o, one of her. bottom boards, believed to be on the starboard side about her middle, and she is without a skag. The above reward will be paid by either of the Subscribers for information of her, so that she can be got.

Charles Bonham. Thomas E. Hunt.

November 34 1818.

NOTICE. Wood-Cutters and Carters WANTED,

Apply to John Compton, Dividing Creek, or 1chabod Compton, Maurice Town. November 30, 1818.

Six Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber on he 29th of October last, JOHN THOMP SON, an indented apprentice to the farming business, about 17 years of age. Who-ever will apprehend said boy, and return him to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, but no charges.

William Davis. Bacon's Neck, Nov. 25th, 1818.

Bridgeton Prices Current

(CORRECTED WEEKLY.) Nov. 30, 1818.

1		100	From	, Te
, 1	ARTICLES.	Per	Q cre	8 cts
:	D. 4400	16	25	1
1	Butter,			
į	Candles, dipt.	do	184	, r.
1	mould,	do	25	1
1	Cheese,	do	10	16
d	Chocolate,	do	25	100
١	Cotton.	do	31	1 200
	Coffee,	do	33	374
	Cider, best,	bbl	3 57	
1	FISH, Shad,	do	12 00 1	5 00
	Mackarel, •	do	12,00	15 00
S	Flax,	lb	12	15
, 1				
1	Flaxseed,	bush		6 0Ó
1	FLOUR, Wheat super.	CW1		
1	Rye, -	do	\$ 00	3 50
1	Buckwheat,	qb.	3 00	8 50
1	GRAIN, Wheat,	bush	1 90	2 00
١	Rye, -	do	90	1 00
١	Indian Corn,	do	56	80.
ı	Cats,	do	33	373
ı	Hams,	lb.	183	20
ı	Hog's Lard	do	18	20
.		do	371	50
ŀ	Madder,		70	75
١	Molasses, West India,	gal		
١	Sugar-House,	do	1.00	75
I	Onions,	bush	· 50	
į	Pork,	lb	16	184
١	Potatoes,	bush	371	50
i	Rice,	· Ib	8	
١	Salt, fine and coarse,	bush	- 80	1 00
١	Sugars,	lb	14	17
۱	SPIRITS, Jamaica best,	gal	1 25	1 50
Į	Common Spirits,	do	1 00	, W
ŧ	Gin, Holland,	do	L. 50	
ł		do	1 00	
ı	Common, -			
١	Brandy, Cognac,	do	2 25	1 50
١	Common,	do	1, 25	
١	Peach,	do	1 25	1 50
ı	Whiskey, Apple,	do :	873	1 00
ı	Rye.	(di)	75	
1	WINES, Lisbon, -	do	1 50	7.
1	Port,	do	2 50	10.5
1	Madeira,	do	3 00	0 00
ı	Malaga, -	do	100	1 50
1	WOOD Ook	cord	4 00	4 50
ı	WOOD, Oak,			
1	Hickory, •	do	1 6 00	6 50

The Custom House

Is removed to a new building a few doors south of the place where it was late-

Office Hours-From nine in the morniug till three in the afternoon.

Bridgeton, November 23, 1818.

Tobacco, Snuff, and Segars.

BUCK & FITHIAN

Have lately laid in a stock of

Soldiers who have received from the Department of War, notifications that their Warrants are lodged in this Office, may send their notifications to me, with Virginia Twist

TOBACCO, 1st quality. Spanish and SEGARS.

Maccouba, Rappee, and SNUFFS. Scotch

Snuff Boxes, and Tonca Beans.

N. B. BUCK & FITHIAN having added to their extensive Assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.

The Stock lately owned by Dr. Francis G. Brewster, flatter themselves that his former customers will favor them with their custom.

B. & F.'s time being entirely devoted to this business, no attention shall be wanting on their part to entitle them to the patronage of the public.

Bridgeton, November 23, 1818.

Sheriff's Sales.

A Lot of Land,

Situate in the township of Maurice River, adjoining lands of Benjamin Ackley, Catharine Shaw and Jonathan Burden, and 5 o'clock in the atternoon of said day, in the county of Cumberland, at the inn of Philip Sou der, in Bridgeton,
A Tract of Land,

Situate in the township of Millville, said to con-tain two thousand seven hundred acres more or less, joins lands of Buck, Potter & Cooper, and Maurice River Alsa, a Tract between Little Robbin Branch, and Parvin's Branch, joins Maus rice River, containing one hundred acres more or less. Also, a Lot in Millvill, joins the Main and Third streets containing half an acre more or less. Also, a Lot containing twenty-five acres more or less; including the Burnt Mill and Dama situate near the House of John Sheldon, together with all other lands of the defendant.—Seized as the property of John Sheldon, and taken in execution at the suit of George Cake; John Johnston, Binjamin B. Cooper, David C. Wood and others, and to be sold by

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. September 28th, 1818-4t

The above sale is adjourned until Tuesday, the 24th of November, at the above place, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock P. M.

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff. November 2d, 1818.

The sale of the lands of John Shaldon is further adjourned until Saturday the 5th day of December next, at the Inn of Philip Souder in Bridgeton, between the hours of 12 and 5 P. M.

DAN SIMKINS, Sheriff.

November 30, 1818.

NOTICE. -

DURSUANT to an order of the Orphans'.
Court of the county of Cumberland will be exposed to sale, at Public Vendue, at the Inn o-Lewis Hoyt in the town of Fairton, on Saturday, the 6th day of February next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day,

A House and Lot,

Situate in the township of Fairfield on the main road leading to Greenwich, formerly occu-pied by Erben Ulxon, near what is called the Old pied by Erben Dixon, near what is called the Old Farm Landing—The Lot contains about three Acres:—ALSO, the undivided third part of a LOT OF CBDAR SWAMP, situate in Buck-shootum, containing 4 Acres.—Late the proper-ty of Erben Dixon deceased. Con ditions at sale by MATTHIAS BURCH,

November 30, 1818.

WEEFAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 17th of February, 1818, entitled an act making provision for the establishment of additional Land Offices in the territory of Missouri," the President of the United States is authorised to direct the public lands which have been surveyed in the said territory, to be offered for

Sale:
Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of cer-tain lands in the territorry of Missouri, shall be held in Franklin, in said territo-

ry, viz: On the first Monday in January next for the sale of

Townships No. 46 to 52 in-clusive and fract'l town-ship 53 48 to 52 and 2 20

fract'l township 53 48 to 52 £1 22, On the first Monday in March next, for

Townships 48 to 55 inclusive, in ranges 14 & 25 48 to 50 26 & 27

On the first Monday in May next, for the sale of Townships 51 to 54 inclusive, in ranges 11 & 21

51 to 56 53 to 56 excepting the lands which have been, or

may be, reserved by law, for the support of schools, and for other purposes. Each sale shall continue open as long as may be necessary to offer the lands for sale

and no longer, and the lands shall be offered in regular numerical order. Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this 17th day of July, one thousand eight hundred a nd eigh-

JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JOSIAH MEIGS. Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Printers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, will pun-lish the above once a week till the first of May next and send to ir hills to the General Land Office for payment. July 27, 1818-tM

A Map of the above Lands may be had (previous to the sales) at the General Land Office, and at the Land Offices in the

Missouri territory. The Map is now engraving for JOHN GARDINER,

Chief Clerk in the General Land Office.

By the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, by an act of congress, passed on the 17th of February, 1818, en titled "an act making provision for the establishment of additional Land Offices in the Territory of Missouri," the president of the United States is authorised to direct the public lands which have been surveyed in the said territory, to be offer

in the Missouri territory, shall be held as term of September last, by the Sheriff of the said follows, viz: At St. Louis, in the said ter-county of Comberland. fitory, on the first Monday in August. October, December, February and April next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of St. Louis. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale, commencing with the most eastern ranges west of the fifth principal meridian line, and proceed-

ing westerly.

At the seat of justice for Howard County, in the said Territory, on the first Monday, in September and November next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of Howard County. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale: The first to be in a square form, and to include the seat of justice of said county, as nearly in the centre as the situation of the surveys will admit, and the second immediately east of the first, and in the same the lands which have been or may be reserved by law for other purposes.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred

and eighteen. JAMES MONROE.

By the Pres dent. JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office

Printers of Newspapers who are authorised to publish the Laws of the United States, will insert the above once weck till April next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

NOTICE. E the subscribers Commissioners appointed by Elijah Townsend, John Dickinson and Cresse Townsend, Esquires, Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Cape May, to make partition of a certain Tract of Ce-dar Swamp, whereof, Jeremiah Hand, esq. and Philip Hand, died seized, situated in the Upper Philip Hand, died seized, situated in the Upper Tromiship, in the county of Cape May, into two equal parts or shares, and having proceeded to divide the same, into two parts or shares—we give notice, that we will attend at the house of Robert. Baremore, innkeeper, in the Middle Tromiship in said county, on SATURDAY the 19th day of December next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to allot by ballot the same according to law.—Dated October 30th, 1818.

A aron Learning

Aaron Leaming, Ephraim Hildreth, Joshua Hildreth. November 9th, 1818-3t

BLANKS FORSALE At the Office of the Whig.

By the President of the Uni-By the President of the United States.

WHEFEAS, by an act of Congress passed on the third day of March, 1815, entitled " an act to provide for the ascertain ing and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the Creek Indians and for other purposes," the President of the United States is authorised to cause the lands, acquired by the said treaty, to

be offered for sale, when surveyed:
Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the Alabama territory, shall be held at Cahaba, in the said territory, on the first monday in January next, and shall continue for three weeks, during which time will

he offered for sale Townships number'd 9 to 16 inclusive in range 5 9 to 16 10 to 16

except such lands as have been reserved by law for the support of schools, and for other purposes. The land shall be offered for sale in regular numerical order, com-mencing with the lowest number of section, township and range.

10 to 16

in

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the 17th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen. JAMES MONROE.

By the President:

JOSIAH MEIGS.

Commissioner of the General Land Office Printers who are authorized to publish the laws of the United States will publish the above once a week till the first of January next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

July 27-1J. for payment.

Old Establishment.

THE Manufacturing Establishment in Bridge ton is still continued in operation. The sub scriber thankful for past favors, again invites his former patrons, and the public in general, to favor him with a continuance of their custom, and no pains will be spared, to give satisfaction to those who may employ him. The delay which has heretofore taken place in the Fulling business, is in a great measure removed, having this Summer past erected an additional fulling stock, on at improved plan. The workmen are experienced hands, at the different branches of the business; the Clothier, by long experience and attention, has arrived to that perfection in colouring and finishing cloth, that few scriber thankful for past favors, again invites his

perience and attention, has arrived to that perfection in colouring and finishing cloth, that few have attained in this country.

Cloth left or forwarded to the Mill will be than fully received, and dressed agreeable to order, as soon as possible, and in the neatest mander, as soon as possible, and in the heatest man-ner. Cloth sent by the Bridgeton and Cape May Stages, will be immediately attended to, and re-turned when finished, agreeable to order, with-out any additional expense to the owners. Wool received for manufacturing into Cloth

Spinning or Carding into rolls; Woollen Yarn received for Weaving, and Cotton and Linen Yarr

ceived for Weaving, and Cotton and Sharing for colouring permanent blue.

1 havea good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Sattinetts on hand, which will be sold low for cash, or barter for Grain or Wool.

Enoch H. More.

Bridgeton, Sep. 21st, 1818-tf Homestic Attachment.

OTICE is hereby given that a writ of attachment issued out of the ment issued out of the court of Common Pleas, of the county of Cumberland, at the sui surveyed in the said territory, to be offerded for sale:

Therefore, I James Monroe, president of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the Missouri territory, shall be hald as the same was duly served and returned to the term of Sentember last by the Shoriff of the said.

EBEN. SEELEY, Clerk.

D. ELWER, Attorney. October 5th, 1818—2m

Cuniferland Orphans' Court.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1818.

ONATHAN SOCWELL, Guardian of Ruth
Chard, Wm. J. Chard, Mary Ann Chard,
John W. Chard, Charlotte Kimsey and Betsey Wards have no personal estate, and praying a decree for see of part of their real estate for their support and maintenance.

It is ordered, that all persons interested in the

lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estates, of said Minors, do appear before the Judges of this Court, on the first day of November term next, and show cause, if any they have, why so much of the real estates of said minors should not be sold as will be sufficient for their support and maintenance.

By the Court,

T. REMER, Clk. October 19, 1818-2m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT:

April 27th, 1818. Notice is hereby given, that the several acts of limitation, heretofore passed, and which barred the allowanceand settlement of certain evidences of public debt, have been suspended for two years, by an act passed the 18th of April, 1818, of which

the following is a copy.

WM. H. CRAWFORD,

Secretary of the Treasury. N ACT to authorise the payment of certain cer-

tificates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre centatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of an act entitled "an act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and so much of the act entitled "an act respecting loan office and final settlement certificates, indents of omce and man settlement certificates, indents of interest, be, and the same is hereby, suspended for the term of two years, from and after the passing of this act, a notification of which temporary suspension of the act of limitation shall be published by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the information of the holders of thesaid cer-tificates, in one or more of the public papers in each of the United States.

each of the United States.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all certificates, commonly called loan office certificates countersigned by the loan officers of the state respectively, final settlements certificates, and indents of interest, which at the time of passing this act, shall be outstanding, may be presented at the Treasury, and, upon the same being liquidated and adjusted, shall be paid to the respective holders of the same, with interest, at six per cent from the date of the last payment of interest, as endorsed or said certificates. erest, as endorsed on said certificates.

Sec 3. And be it further enacted. That for carrying this act into effect, the sum of eighty thousand dollars, be appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not other-

wise appropriated.
April 13, 1818—Approved.
JAMES MONROE

Trodauty Department, Washington, April 10th, 1818.

Notice is hereby Given O THE Proprietors of the old six per ce Stock, that the last payment on account of the Principal and interest of the said Stock, will become due on the first of October next, ensuing the date hereof, and that the same will be paid on that day, at the Treasury and at the Loan Offices, having such Stock standing on their books to the Stockholders or to their attornies, upon the surrender of the original certificates of the said Stock

said Stock. It is further made known for the information of the Proprietors of said old six per cent. Stock residing in foreign parts, that in order to obviate as far as practicableany inconvenience which might result by reason of loss at sea or ofher wise, it will be advisable to retain correct copies of their certificaates authenticated by a Notary

Public duly appointed. Wm. H. Crawford,

April 16.-tht1(Secretary of Treasury

To all whom it may concern. NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 8th day of June last, a Note to the amount of forty five dollars was fraudently obtained from the subscriber, in favour of John Wilsey, in Dorches ter, the public are therefore cautioned agains taking an assignment on said note, as I am deter

taking an assig..... mined not to pay it. Benoni Muncey. Leesburg, July 20th, 1818-tf

CEDARVILLE Woollen Factory.

THE Subscribers ever mindful of past favors ask of their customers, a continuation of the same, and of the Public in general that patron age and support which is indispensible to the wel-fare of the establishment.

The Woollen business in all its branches will continue to be carried on, and no reasonable endeavors omitted to accommodate and please those who may call upon them

Elmer & Bateman, John E. Jeffers.

ELMER & BATEMAN have on hand, at the Factory, an extensive supply of broad and nar-row Cloths, Cassimers and Sattinetts, of various colors and different qualities which they would be gled to dispose of by wholesale or retail at erate prices.

The highest market price given for wool of all descriptions in exchange for Cloths, or work done at the Factory.
Cedarville, May 25th, 1818—tf

WOOLLEN MANUFACTORY.

THE SI-bscribers having taken the large and commodious Distillery of John Wood, esq at his Grist Mill, near his residence, in Stoe Creek, on the main road leading from Salem to Bridgeton, inform their friends and the public, that they intend converting the same into a WOOLEN MANUFACTORY, to be called,

Stoe Creek Factory.

The Machinery will be in complete operation on, or before the first day of May next, and tile Subscribers ready to receive wool of all descrip tions, which they will Manufacture into Broad and Narrow CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SAT TINETTS, of a superior quality, and at the low est prices. *COLOURS WARRANTED*.

Fulling, Dyeing and Dressing of all descriptions of Wool, and Woolen CLOTH will be done with despatch, aid in the best manner, agreeably to order. Wool for carding, or Manufacturing, or Cloth for Dressing, will be received at the Factory, and at the Inn of James Slierron, Salem; at which place wool will be salled for any will be returned according to the conduction of the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for any will be seturated according to the salled for a salled for a

Saled for, and rolls returned every MONDAY.

As none but good and experienced workmen will be employed to execute any branch belonging to the Manufacturing of Woolen Cloth in the above Factory, the Subscribers flatter themselves that they will be able to give general sa-tisfaction to those, who may think proper to employ them.

John S. Wood, John E. Jeffers.

N. B. THE Subscriber having been engaged in the Manufacturing business, for fifteen years past, principally in the State of New-York, and being particularly acquainted with the Woolen Manufacture, with the attention he intends to bestow to it together with the excellent workmanship of the Machinery to be employed, flatters himself he will be able to execute the work as well, if not superior to any done in this State.

JOHNE JEFFERS.

Stoe Creek, March 30, 1818.

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at the Office of the Whig, A VOCABULARY

FAMILIAR PHRASES, IN FRENCH AND ENGLISH.

Calculated for the Use & Beginners BY E. FRIEDERICI-

Bridgeton, August 31.

WAR DEPARTMENT.
PENSION OFFICE, MARCH 26, 1818.
Rules and regulations for substantiating

claims to pensions, to be observed under Bridgeton.

the Law of Congress of the 18th of Also five other pieces of Land, in Salem coun

March, 1818, viz:
The commissions of officers, and the discharges of the regular soldiers of the army of the Revolution, (if in existence) applying for pensions under the above act, will, in every instance, be furnished to the War Department; and the signatures of the respective Judges, certifying in these-cases, must be attested by the seal of the Courts where such Judges preside. The person applying for pension to declare, under oath, be-fore Judges, that, from his reduced circumstan-ces, he needs the assistance of his country for support.

Approved, J. C. CALHOUN.

Orchard Grass Seed OF AN EXCELLENT QUALITY,

FOR SALE,

November 2d, 1818---, ff

For sale by Richard Wood. Greenwich, 9th mo. 28, 1818

The entire Works of Robert Burns; IN 4 VOLUMES .- Price \$5 50. Enquire at the Office of the Washington Whig

PPROVED GE

HICH ARE CELEBRATED FOR THE CURE OF MOST DISEASES TO WHICH THE HU-MAN BOBY IS LIABLE.

Prepared only by the Sole Proprietor,

T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON WHIG, BRIDGETOWN, N.J.

DR. ROBERTSON'S Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Price One Dollar Fifty Cents DR. ROBERTSON'S CELEBRATED

Gout and Rheumatic Drops. PRICE TWO DOLLARS

> DR. ROBERTSON'S INFALLIBLE

Worm Destroying Lozenges A Medicine highly necessary in all Families.
Paice 50 Cents

DR. ROBERTSON'S Patent Stomachic Bitters. PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

'DR. DYOTT'S Anti-Bilious Pills. For the Prevention and Cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers. Large boxes, 50 Cents-Small do. 25 Cts.

> DR. DYOTT'S Patent Itch Ointment.

Price 50 Cents. DR. DYOTT'S Infallible Tooth-Ache Drops.

The Circassian Eye Water, Price Fifty Cents per Bottle, with full Directions for Using.

for Using.

DR. TISSOTT'S Gout and Rheumatic Drops.

> Price Two Dollars. MAHY'S.

Renowned Plaister Cloth,

Approved and recommended by all the most eminent Physicians of the city of Phi ladelphia.

Lee's (New-London) Anti-Bilious Pills, Turlington's Balsam, Godfrey's Cordial. Bateman's Drops. Anderson's Pills. Hooper's do. Essence of Peppermint. Haarlem and British Oil. Well's Patent Compressed Blacking. Bayley's Patent Blacking Cakes. Walkden's best British INK POWDER, &c.

May 11,1815.

NOTICE. DURSUANT to the last Will and testament of Azariah More, Esq., deceased, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 21st day of December ensuing, about fourteen acres of TIMBER-LAND and about fourteen acres of TIMBER-LAND and SWAMP, in lots, being part of the Plantation, llate of said decased, situate in Stow Creek township, county of Cumberland;—Also, fifteen acres of Cleared Land enclosed, with a well of mater, in the township of Hopewell, adjoining lands of Thomas W. Peck, John More, and others. At the same time and place, a Lot of CEDAR SWAMP lying on Green branch, in the county of Salcin, containing three or four acres. Vendue to begin at one o'clock, P. M. when the conditions will be made known and attendance given, by

dance given, by

LEWIS MORE,

Executors. October 19, 1818-3t

TO LET,

POR a term of years, the Grist and Saw Mills on Dividing Creeks in Combandary on Dividing Creeks, in Cumberland county, formerly occupied by the Lore family:—the repairs are now nearly completed, and the Mills will be let with the improvements thereunto be-

longing:
Also for sale, or barter for lands in the Wes ern Country, a House and Lots situate in

Also two good Horses for sale. For particulars and terms enquire of the subscriber, near Dividing Creek Bridge.

Abel F. Randolph.
October 5th, 1818—3t

FULLING & DYEING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken that noted stand for the above business, known by the name of Irelan's Mills; and that he intends to carry on Fulling and Dyeing, in its various branches.—Those who favour, him with their custom, may depend on more atten-tion being paid to their business, and at the shortest notice, than has heretofore been done. All orders and directions will be punctually a

Cloths will be received, at the Hotel in Bridge ton, and returned when finished.

Peter T. Whitak r. July 20th, 1818-10t

MASONIC ALMANACKS For 1818, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Of Letters remaining in the Post office at Bridgetown, W. N. J. October 1st, 1818.

A. Wilson L. Ackley, 2. B. William Bateman, 2 George Bacon, John-Bennett, Edner Bateman, Henry Bitters, Enoch

C. Rev. John or David Clark, Jonathan Cook, Rev. John Creamer, Alfred Copeland, Henry

Crawford. D. Capt. Joseph Dickinson, Thomas Daniek; David Dave, Mary Dave, Mertilla Davis, Hannah

E. Benjamin Elmer, Rosanna Erwin, Mrs. T. Elme E. Hannah Facemire, Eliza Fisier, Nancy

G. Jeremiah Genning, Pierce Gould.
H. Cornelious Hulic, John Hanthorn, Thomas Harland, Andrew Hunter, Robert Harris, Edith

I. Matthew Irvine, Esq. Thomas L. Judge,

M. Robert Magee, Rowen More, Zalma Mul-ford, Hannah Moore, Elizabeth Mall, Esther Mower, Miss. Dianna M. N. James Nichols.

P. Ann Patton, Millican Price.

R. Joshua Reeves, Thomas Ross, John Boss, Andrew Rocap, Aaron Riley, 2. Eliza Reed. 2.

Mrs. Stevens, Mr. Seeley, Eliza Smith.

Persons calling for Letters, will please to mention that they are advertised.

CURTIS OGDEN, P. M.

NOTICE.

HE accounts of Thomas H. Ogden, surviving Executor of Dayton Newcomb, deceased, Jacob Ware, Jun. administrator of Jacob Ware, deceased, Mary Bateman, and John Webb, administrators of Nehemiah Bateman, deceased, will be reported to the Orphans' Court, to be holden at Bridgeton, on Monday the 23d day of November next at 10 c'clock A. M. at which time and place, any person or persons interested time and place, any person or persons interested in the settlement of said Estates, may appear and show cause if any they have why said accounts Price Fifty Cents per Bottle, with full Directions should not be allowed and confirmed. T. ELMER, Surrogate.

Sep. 28th, 1818-2m

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Orphans' Court of the county of Cumberland, will be sold at Public Vendue, at the Inn of Philip Souder, Bridgeton on Wednesday the 25th day of November next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, in the afternoon of said day,

A Lot of Land,

in the township of Deerfield, containing about two and a half acres; and a Lot of Cedar Swamp, on Black Water late the property of Jacob Tul-lis, deceased.—Condition at sale by

David Garrison, Guardian. October 19, 1818-4

HENRY & SAMUEL ECKEL HAVING taken the TAN-YARD, formerly Win. S. Brooks' (West side of the Greek,)
BRIDGETON: respectfully inform their-friends
and the public hi general, that by an attention
and assiduity to business, they will endeavour to

CASH

merit a share of public patronage.

WILL BE GIVEN FOR SLAUGHTER HIDES, CALF, AND SHEEP SKINS.

THEY HAVE FOR SALE, SPANISH SOAL LEATHER

OF THE FIRST QUALITY.

Bridgeton, Sept. 7 .- tf. FOR SALE, A Valuable Farm and Tavers

Stand, SITUATE in the township of Fair-SITUATE in the townsnip, or range of the Main Road from Bridge of the Main Road from the former place. The Parm consists of 220 acres, thirty-five of which is the township of the Main Road of the results of the Main Road from Bridge of the Main Road from Road from Bridge of the Main Road from cleared land, thirty-five timbered, and the re-mainder bush land, and valuable Swamp—which swamp may be converted into excellent meadow. The improvements are a good Dwelling-House, Spring-House, Barn and other out buildings. Spring House, Barn and other out buildings, with a well of good warter.—This being the only public house on the road from Bridgeton to Buckshutum, the probability is, the business will rapidly increase; as it is the general rouge to Port Elizabeth, Cape-May, &c. being preferred as the shortest and by far the best road in this country. For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

A hundran Caming

Abraham Garrison.

November 16, 1818-tf

BOARD. HIVE or six gentlemen can be accommodated with suitable BOARD and LODGING, at

the Bee-Hive Inn. John Newkirk.

Laurel Hill, Nov. 16, 1818. Six Cents Reward.

AN away from the Subscriber, on the 2d of November, AARON FITHIA V, an indented apprentice to the Farming Busines, about 47 years of age. Whoever will apprehend said boy and return him to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, but no charges.

Elijah D. Rîley.

Three Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 4th inst, an indented ad to the cordwaining business; named DAVID WHITAKAR, about 16 years of age, large of his age, dark hair and complexion; had on when he went away a light-Drab Coat, grey Trowsers and Royam Hat, part worn. Whoever will take up said boy and de liver him to me or in the jail in this county shall receive the above reward with reasonable charges. It is supposed he is in Pittsgrove, Sa-

lem county.

N. B. All persons are forbid harboring said boy at the peril of the law. William Newkirk.

November 9, 1818-3t

Matilda Jaquett. K. Sar.h H. Kinsey.

L. Jonas Long.

O. Kelley Ohare.

S. George Soucler, William Sayre, Ichabod Simpkins, Joshua Squirewood, David Sheppard, (of Shiloh) E. C Swain, Samuel Steward, William Smith, Abraham Sayre, 2. Jane Stevens,

T. Messrs. M'Keer & Tagert, Lewis Tomlin-

W. Isaac Wynn, Abner Woodruff, David Whitekar, Benjamin Woodbury, 3. Jacob Ware, William Waithman, Achsa Welsh, Mary

Bridgeton, October 5th, 1818-4t