Franklin Ferguson, TERMS.

The WEST JERSEY PIONEER is published every SATURDAY Morning, at \$1.00 per year, in ADVANCE, or \$1.25 at the end of she did it all, and she would have fifty cents the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS Will be inserted for 40 cents a folio of 100 words, for the first insertion; 20 cents for ter that the young lady was prebably to reeach subsequent insertion. A liberal deduc- ceive one dollar and a quarter for each shirt. tion will be made upon all advertisements excee ling five folios in length, and which are inserted for a longer period than three months. whole number as soon as possible. She immediately set about the task of cutting them inserted for a longer period than three months. No a lvertisement of a folio or less will be inserted a single week, for less than 50 cents. LF All letters and communications must be POST-PAID, and accompanied by the author's name, to insure attention. Office ... Brick Building, Corner of Com-

merce and Pearl Streets.

Chaire Paetry.



THE LAST GOLDEN DOLLAR.

Parodies are seldom so close to their originals as the following upon "The Last Rose of Summer," by Thomas Moore;-

- 'Tis the last golden dollar, Left shining alone; All its brilliant companions
- Are squandered and gone, No coin of its mintage Reflects back its hue-
- They went in mint julips, And this will go too!
- I'll not keep thee, thou lone one, Too long in suspense;
- Thy brothers were melted, And melt thou to pence! I ask for no quarter,
- I'll spend and not spare, Till my old tattered pocket Hangs countless and bare!
- So soon may I "foller," When friendships decay; And from beggary's last dollar The dimes drop away!
- When the Maine Law has passed And the groggeries sink, What use would be dollars With nothing to drink?

والمستنا والمستنا والمستان والمساوية والمستون المسائية والمحا MISCELLANEOUS

THE OPPRESSED SEAMSTRESS. Some people seem to have an idea that

they pay too much for everything, and it is a positive duty to employ those who will work the cheapest.

Mrs. Elsworth lived very sumptuously and her daughters dressed elegantly. We won't call them extravagant, because people who have plenty of money are not obliged to give an account to their neighbors of their expenditure. They were, however, discussing the very subject themselves, upon the damask lounges, when the servant man entered and presented the seamstress' bill. Such a nice folded paper always attracts the family's attention, and Laving looked at the bottom and

the amount, exclaimed -"Dear me, how high!"

They then proceeded to examine the contents of the bundle which accompanied the

"The work is done beautifully," said Miss Henrietta, "how superbly the lace is set ou -how splendid this is hemstitched! I declare, mother, I never intend to do any work myself again-it is so much better than I can make it look."

"But you forgot," said the mother, "that it costs a great deal to hire all our sewing for a large family, if it be done ever so cheap,' yet she felt herself that it was pleasant to have garments made.

"I wonder," said Sophia, a tall, graceful girl of sixteen, to the little waiting seamstress national rights, and, before the civilized in the entry—"what will you charge to make papa ten shirts? I have engaged to have them done by the first of May, and it is a long job, and so vexatious! I wish I could transfer them to you to finish."

The child was sent home to enquire of her mother what she would charge to make ten shirts, with full besoms, hemstitched each side, and ruffled—of the neatest fabric, and m re capable of shaking despotic thrones than workmanship to correspond. The little girl returned and artlessly re-

" Mother says as how she shall charge dollar; but if the young folks said they would not give that, rather than lose the job, she would say seventy-five cents a piece.

Amused with the simplicity which ought to have excited sympathy rather than merriment, Sophia pretended that seventy-five cents was all that she expected to give. Mr. Fuller gave only that-but she quite forgot that Mr. F's. shirts were unbleached, and very common work put in them. After some hesitation she brought them down, and doing up a large bundle, dispatched it to the seam

stress, adding-"Now my poor head and eyes are reliev-

transferred. The same seamstress once had difficultion, add the other lines of this beautiful a husband, who was a prosperous merchant— stanza: but he speculated unwisely, died suddenly, and left a widow and two small children to grapple with the hard fate of poverty and remembrance of better days. They occupied only one room, and as her only employment was sewing, it was difficult to make both ends meet with the most untiring industry.

Ellen who brought home the work, "the young lady thought she ought to get the shirts near Walnut street. When taken to the Pomade for fifty cents a piece! But, mother, she lice Station of Capt. Bennet about \$450 were surely could not have known what a slow process it is, to gather, hem, stitch, and ruffle, and do all the sewing, just for a half week's and thought it was a monstrous "baste." rent, or she never would have said so."

The mother brushed a tear away. "No, child, she never sewed for a living."

"And, mother, she told her sister that she was so glad to get rid of the tiresome work, as she said her father would never know but that clear on every shirt: what did she mean?"

Mrs. A. had heard of such deception before, but she cared not to inform her daugh-She felt her business was only to finish her by the pattern, assorting them into piles, and getting the plainer parts ready for Ellen to hem, as she was very nice in needle work as far as she had learned the art. But it was always near school time, and the poor child but little relieved her mother.

It was at that season, too, when storms succeed each other in rapid succession, and the heavens are often overcast, and as the tenement of the widow was badly lighted, it began to make sad havoe of her vision. Her eyes were weary from continued use, and when the long job was patiently accomplished, who could tell the aches and pains by which it was all the way attended. Miss Laudon, in speaking of such poor, said-

"We little think how wearily, The aching head lies down."

Long before the promised time, Ellen caried home the ten shirts.

Miss Sophia severely scrutinized them, pulling the ruffles, next looking at the gathers, then in the stitching, and finally tossing them in a heap, she added-

"Tell your mother they are worth not more than ff y cents, and I will give her that if she will receipt the bill." The child returned home with a heavy

heart, and imparted the sad information. The scamstress wept bitterly—she looked every now and then upon the picture upon "If he were but alive," she said, "we should have some protector from wrong usage." She could not but exclaim, "but my

head does ache!" as she undid another budget of work-five dollars for ten shirts. " ought," thought she, "to better vindicate my rights-but they who oppress the poor have the worst of it. Here, Ellen, take this bill for making the shirts and bring me back just what Sophia pleases to give-but say mother has toiled very hard, early and late upon

Ellen did so, and Sohia took her five dolrs from her purse, adding-"This is a great deal of money for people to spend-it will buy you a number of calico

"But mother's rent is due," said the weep-

Pshaw!-rent is nothing: make your com the room. The seamstress never closed her eyes that ight. Think you no unseen eye wil vindi-

cate her true claim? "Sophia Elsworth," said Grace Eaton where did you get that splendid fan? It is really elegant.'

"I saved it," replied Sophia, "from incney father gave me to make his shirts, but I nired them done at half-price, and he don't know it to this day." Poor girl! your fan should be used as

sergen to hide the hard spot in your heart. Prosperity never long follows in the footsteps of oppression.

TRIBUTE TO WEBSTER.

At the festival of the Sons of New-Hamp hire, which was held on the 2d ult. at Boston, Hon. Marshall P. Wilder, the President of the day, closed his introductory address. in which he alluded to the illustrious dead who were present at the last festival, by referring to him who presided on that occasion:

And last, not least, DANIEL WEBSTER, whose official relation to this body demands a gin. grateful tribute to his memory. His surpassing eloquence on that memorable night will ever remain among the choicest treasures of our memories. Who of us can ever forget the manner in which he stood up on this spot, the great champion of universal freedom and world, exhorted the Russian autocrat to respect the law of nations; and warning him if rible language: "There is something ou earth greater than arbitrary or despotic power. The lightning has its power, and the whirlwind has its power, and the earthquake has its power; but there is something among men lightning, whirlwind, or earthquake-that is the excited and aroused indignation of the whole civilized world!"-[Prolonged cheer-

ing.]
The veice that pronounced this anathema is silent, but the sentiments which it then uttered are now shaking to their very foundations the thrones of Europe. Who of us can forget his majestic form and mountain brow, as he then stood before us, the very imperso-

nation of greatness and power-"Like some tall cliff that lifts its awful form, Swells from the vale, and midway leaves the storm."

And in view of the closing hour of his life, fringed with the rosy tints of a fairer to morrow-in view of his serenity of mind, his Cristian resignation, and his hope of a glori-But let us see to whom the bundle was ous immortality—may we not, with little mo-"Though round his breast the rolling clouds were

> spread, Eternal sunshine settled on his head."

Seeing the Elephant .- A storekeeper from Folton county came to this city a day or two "Don't you think, mother," said the little since, to see the elephant. He was found on found upon him in gold and notes. He stated that he had been introduced to the elephant, Philadelphia Sun.

From the New York Organ. PROGRESS OF IMPROVEMENT.

It is delightful to see the idea extending that the condition of the worker is inseperable from the interests of the employer, and that whatever tends to promote the intelligence, comfort and general well being of the laboring classes, is sure to promote the best interests of all classes. Society is one body, and every class and every individual is a member, so that if one suffers all are sufferers.-Every honest and discreet effort to benefit the less favored classes, is especially productive of good results to all. We gave a fine illustration of this principle some months since in our sketch of the operations in Price's candle factory in London.

In an English paper now before us we have an interesting account of an immense entertainment given to three thousand five hundred persons by Mr Salt of Bradford. Mr. Salt has not only constructed a mill of immense size, replete with the best improvements of every kind, but he has surrounded t with appliances to serve the comforts of his working people, with dwellings of a substantial kind, and in short has established in connection with his mill a complete industrial community. It is an example of the practical extent to which employers have caught and applied the idea that a good condition of the worker is beneficial to the employer.

A SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.

Almost everybody has listened with sadness to the plaintive strains and saddening words of the old song—"The Miseltoe Bough," in which the story is told of a young bride who, in playful humor on her wedding day, ran to hide from her spouse, and was found, years afterwards, mouldered to ashes in a chest with a spring lock. But a San Francisco paper relates a sadder tale, which occurred in that ciy last month, and one which adds to its own horror by its reality. It says: -

" A fews days since we called attention to an advertisement of the loss of a little Spanish girl, answering to the name of Ventura. whose agonized mother was searching throughout the city for her. After looking for her in vain for several days, and coming to the conclusion that the child was dead, she went to a large trunk in her house on Thursday, I ly be attentively engaged in minding the busifor the purpose of procuring some mourning ness of other people, and these particular purchild was lost, and it is supposed that the in- tending to other people's business just so far attempting to procure them, had fallen into the business of other people, be courteous, be the trunk. The lid closed with a spring, and adroit, be patient, but above all, be not easily the little child died with suffocation. The discouraged. landlord trust you!" and so saying, she darted tales of romance fell far short in depicting the agony which the poor mother felt upon this sad discovery—and the whole story is one which tends to prove the oft repeated saying that truth is stranger than fiction.'

What People used to do Thirty Years Ago.

The Sunday Atlas says: "Thirty years ago men used to get drunk night after night with the utmost safety on brandy, and they could dy and other liquors of that time were good." Thirty years ago men used to do wonderful things; but this getting drunk on brandy night after night with perfect safety, is the most wonderful of all. It is possible howev- the wax, and then they will shine like a mirer, that the Atlas man may have performed ror. Tallow or other grease becomes rancid such a feat! This circumstance reminds us and rots the stitching, as well as the leather; of a conversation we overheard in a wholesale but the rosin gives it an antisentic quality grocery store in Front street not long since. An elderly lady, or at least one that was stout enough to be an elderly, came in, and addressing herself to the proprietor of the store

"Mr. A ____, I want a demijohn of good

"Very well, Mrs. B. you shall have it," sa'd the grocer. "But what I mean is, I want some of that good Holland gin, such as my father used to

buy, such as one can drink a good deal of."
Evidently the lady had discovered that she could not drink so much of her favorite liquor with perfect safety, as she could thirty years ago, and she thought it was the liquor that he did not, in the following emphatic and ter- had grown poor, and did not suspect that her head had grown weak. The thirty years had not passed over her head for nothing No grocer could furnish her the liquor which she craved. It was the clixer of life she needed. She had drank a good deal of that, as well as a good deal of gin, and her appetite was giving out. Well might she ask for a demijohn of liquor that she could drink a good deal of. The brandy is not so good as it was thirty years ago to too many of us. But there is no help for it. It will grow poorer and poorer.

THE BOOK OF PROVERBS. What a book it is-that of the Proverbs

Forget that we were ever obliged to repeat them mechanically in our childhood, read them as they stand in all their breadth and richness of their meaning, with our better experience of life, and nothing short of utter asonishment and admiration will be our feeling. Such gems of wisdom in such golden settings, from one who lived and died before the name of wisdom was known among the nations from whom the world's sages have since sprung! What shrewd perception of human character under all conditions and moodswhat comprehensive exhibition of life in its whole compass, and of Divine Providence in its moral aims and sure rewards punishments -what counsels to frugality, industry, moderation, prudence, benevolence, peacel varied illustrations from man and beast nature and art! How terse and polished the style! How condensed the thought! To think of reading the little book through in a day would be folly, although its lines may be run over in an hour. Each line is a sermon, and gives food for new reflection every time we

The cars now run from Cincinnati to Indianapolis in seven hours. Fare \$3.

recur to it.

FEMALE TYPE SETTERS. - The Pittsburg Dispatch, a daily morning paper, is now set up entirely by women. Two months ago, the

experiment began, and the publishers now announce its entire success. This, we believe, is the first attempt that has been made, to employ female labor on a morning paper. The Dispatch says:—Our compositors commence work about eight in the morning, have an hour for dinner, and quit at six in the evaning—but the majority can get up the amount of work required of them by four or five.— They distribute their type, and correct the proofs themselves—working upon the manuscript as well as printed copy, and nearly all of them set type as correctly as many who aspire to the name of 'journeyman' in these

In our Atlantic cities, too heavy a propor tion of the work on morning papers has to be done at night to admit of the introduction of women into this class of offices.

Extensive Maine Lumbering Operations. Preparations are being made about the waters of the Umbagog lakes for a stupendous scale of lumbering operations in that region; and over the territory extending thence to the boundary lines in the counties of Oxford and Franklin. Men of great resource and capital are at the bottom of the scheme, and who are likely to develop to the utmost the hidden forest of wealth of that part of the State. The

river. During the fall, the company previously mentioned have been engaged in dam-

precept, is no longer universally applicaple. Among all the complicated forms of human avocation and useful pursuits, there are many in which the actors must of necessity frequentapparel, when upon opening it, what was the suits are become indespensable to the present mother's horror to see lying there the decayed organization of the social and business comremnant of her own beautiful little child. - munify. "Minding one's own business" The trunk had been left open on the day the now-a-days must very often be rendered at- chasing elsewhere. quisitive little one, having seen the dresses as this attention forms part and parcel of one's uside, had taken a fancy to them, and upon own, but no further. In thus getting hold of

A correspondent of the Merchant's Magazine gives the following receipt for the prevention of wet feet, and adds that by subjecting his boots to this treatment, three pairs have lasted him six years, and are likely to last him six years longer. He says:—

I put a pound of tallow, and a half pound of rosin in a pot on the fire; when melted and mixed. I warm the boots and apply the hot stuff with a paint brush, until neither sole nor always get up next morning with perfectly so- upper will suck any more. If it is desired ber heads, from the simple fact that the bran- that the boots should immediately take a polish, dissolve an ounce of wax in spirits of tur-

but the rosin gives it an antiseptic quality which preserves the whole.

A Cow for Three Thousand Dollars.

Col. Thorne, of Washington Hollow, Duchsss Co., N. Y., lately imported a valuable Durham bull, and other stock, by the steamer Herman, which were selected without regard to cost, of the best to be found in England. The bull is stated to have cost five thousand dollars. By the Washington on her last trip, he received a cow, of the same strain as the bull, for which we are told he paid \$3,000, besides expense of her passage. This is probably the highest priced cow ever imported. She was accompanied by a two months, old calf, which cost \$750. Also a lot of South Dewn sheep, of superior quality. If they are better than those imported by Mr. Morriss of Mt. Fordham, they must be very extraordinary, but not more so than the mania now prevailing for raising the standard of cattle in this country by fresh importations of the best ever produced by English breeders. -N. Y Tribune.

Shtop the Poat .- On Monday afternoon, as we stepped on the ferry boat to cross the river, a full blooded Dutch woman, who had just arrived in the Tuscarora, and who also wished to cross over, passed through the gate and seated herself upon a bench on the slip, supposing herself to be on board. In a short time the boat started, and the woman sprang to her feet, with horror depicted in her every feature, shouting at the top of her voice:-'Shtop de poat! shtop de poat! shtop de poat! Mien Got! de poat ish proke! de poat ish proke! an ich bien lich!" Her uncontrollaale grief could not be assuaged until some one assured her the boat would soon be back, and take her to Camden.

The Most Beautiful Hand. -Two charming women were discussing one day what it is which constitutes beauty in the hand. They differed in opinion as much as in the beautiful member they were discussing. A gentle-man friend presented himself, and by common consent the question was referred to him. It brellas, to which I invite attention of customers, was a delicate matter. He thought of Paris and the three goddesses. Glancing from one Bridgeton, Oct. 22, 1853. East Commerce St. consent the question was referred to him. It and the three goddesses. Glancing from one to the other of the heautiful hands presented to him, which by the way, he had the cunning to hold for some time in his own, for purposes of examination; he replied at last;—
"I give it up—the question is too hard for me; but ask the poor, and they will tell you that the most beautiful hand in the world is the hand that gives."

ATINETT, Kentucky Jeans, cassimers, and French merinoes, cashmers of all shades and qualities; ginghams; caliones, &c. &c. all of which blue store, by the hand that gives."

ATINETT, Kentucky Jeans, cassimers, and property of all shades and qualities; ginghams; caliones, &c. &c. all of which blue store, by the hand that gives."

Oct. 22, 1853. the hand that gives." ัศ เสอดใหม่ป

Fruit Trees.

nursery, Roadstown, Cumberland co., Mrs. H. A. Burdick—Preceptress.
N. J., several thousand Fruit trees of C. MORTON, Prof. of Vocal and Inst. Music.

Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach, Apricot, and Nectarine trees. Among these are most of the standard and many of the new varieties, such as

standard and many of the new varieties, such as Northern Spy, Swaar, Roxbury, Golden Russet, Dominc, Porter, Greening; small trees of early Joe Canada Reinette, Hawly or Douse apple.

Pear Trees of Bartlet, Tyson, Beurre, Bosc, White Doyenne, Seckel. Urbaniste, &c.,

A fine lot of Cherry trees, of May Duke, Florence Napoleon Biggareau, Black Eagle, Early Richmond, Black Tartarian. nd. Black Tartarian.

Plum-Washington, Coe's Golden Drop, Jefferon, Early Golden, Magnum Bonum, Yellow Gage, Catawba and Isabella Grape Vines. A few hun-

dred larg; size Maple trees.

Also.—A few thousand Peach Trees, of thrifty growth, good size, all the best varieties, as the subscriber gives his personal attention to the Grafting and Budding of his trees he believes they will be found as correct as can be obtained at any

Vursery.

For further description we would refer to catague which will be furnished gratis to all appli-

Cants.
Orders punctually attended to; and, when required, trees will be packed in Moss, so as to carry safely to any part of the country.
Nov. 5, '53.
JAMES McLAEN.

A Great and Important Change!

VIIANGES of all kinds are of such very common occurrence at the present day, that little chain of the Umbagog lakes, with their connecting streams, will be the channel through which this lumber will reach the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad and the Androscoggin river. During the fall, the company previous connection of the present day, that little or no notice is taken of them, unless they are of a very extraordinary nature. A change of this kind took place in this town a few days since, and the inhabitants of this place and vicinity, were surprised when they heard the intelligence, that

Samuel R. Fithian,

Had taken the Old Stand, at the N. East ming the streams, and in blasting and removing rocks to insure the free possage of logs. It is said that they contemplate making a steamboat connection between these lakes by means of canals and locks. When that is means of canals and locks. When that is done the tide of pleasure as well as of business must flow freely in that direction.

"Minding one's own business" was formerly considered letting other people's business alone. This interpretation of the valuable that is done the tide of pleasure as well as of business and will dispose of, on as fair terms, as can be and will dispose of, on as fair terms, as can be apurchased elsewhere and to which he solicits the attention of buyers, knowing they will only have to visit him, to find out the truth of the above assertion.

SAMUEL R. FITHIAN.

N. B. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods at the bighest market prices.

Bridgeton, Oct. 15, 1853.

S. R. F.

Bridgeton, Oct. 15, 1853.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY. MRS. KIRKBRIDE begs leave to announce to her friends and the public gen-

MRS. MIRRIED nounce to her friends and the public gen-nounce to her friends and the public gen-erally, that she has now on hand a new and evaluation of French and English Millinery Goods Of the most fashionable style and begs her friends and all others, to call and examine before pur-Bonnets altered and repaired a st notice. No charge for showing goods. Bridgeton, N. J., Oct. 15, 1853.-2m.

CABINETWARE. TALI SAYRE would inform his numerous customers, that he has enlarged his Stock of Cabinetware, that he has now on hand, both of his own manufacture and likewise ware manufactured

in the City, which he will sell for city prices. ALSO. ALSO,
He has the best assortment of CHAIRS that
has ever been offered in this market. He has
a good lot of Windsor Chairs manufactured in the country, which he will warrant to be equal in style and service to any ever offered in this county or elsewhere. He has also a good assortment of City manufacture, such as Windsor Chairs, Cane Seat, nahogany, walnutand birch, walnut spindle back, mahogany arm rocking chairs, Boston rockers, nurse chairs, office chairs, Childrens small chairs,

table chairs, &c. N. B. Just received, a new lot of Looking Glass-Dont forget the place, a few doors West of the Bridge, Bridgeton. BUFFALO ROBES! BUFFALO ROBES!

A Superior assortment of Buffalo Robes and HORSE BLANKETS, on hand and for sale hcap, at Nov. 12, 1853. Cheap Harness Store. NOR SALE—A one-horse Open Wagon iron

arms; has been used but little. H. J. Mulford, & Bro.

5th CALL. THERE are still a Large number of unsettled accounts on my Old Books which must be settled. Fifteen months have elapsed since they were closed; therefore, none can find fault about the consequences—if they are left with an attorney.

H. J. MULFORD.

ney. Bridgeton, Oct. 25, 1853. GILLING THREAD. AMUEL. L. FITHIAN has now on hand and offers for sale at very low prices, about 2001b superior 2 and 3 cord Gilling Thread. Fishermen and others are invited to call and examine i

whether they purchase or not. WANTED. LL the LADIES to know that I have just re-served the largest and best assortment of ONNET RIBBONS, that can be found in town. Ladies call and look at them before you get you onnets trimmed for fall and winter.

I am bound to sell cheap.
Bridgeton, Oct. 15. J. S. RICHARDSON. ARMERS and all take your Butter, Eggs and Produce to Richardson's and trade it out for some of his very Cheap Goods. The people say he sells cheaper than any one in Bridgeton, and ne sells cheaper than any one in Bridgeton, and takes all kinds of trade—especially gold dollars and bank notes. Give him a call. Oct. 15.33

It seems to me that I saw the prettiest patterns of Oil, table and floor Cloths at Richardson's

Cheap Store, that I ever saw in my life, and he sells them very low.

Oct. 15. LOTHS, cassimers, vestings and Gents. fur mishing goods, cheap at Richardson's Bridgeton, Oct. 15. Cheap Cheap Store.

DRESS Trimmings—a great variety at
J. S. RICHARDSON'S Oct. 22, 1853. Trimming Store. TEW Goods received and sold daily at J. S. RICHARDSON'S Oct, 22, 1853. Cheap Store

HATS AND CAPS. T HAVE just received from the cities of Philadelphia and New York, a good lot of Hats and Caps, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valices, and Um-

BRUSHES—sweeping, window, dust, wall, shoe and horse brushes; a general assortment as Oct. 15.

H. J. MULPORD, & BRO'S.

RICHARDSON'S

Is the place to buy goods Cheap, he keeps
Dry Goods and Groceries—his goods are fine and
Price very low indeed.
Oct. 15. Dry Goods and Groceries—his goods are fine and Price very low indeed.

Oct. 15.

CATINETT, Kentucky Jeans, cassimers, and

Price very low indeed.

CATINETT, Kentucky Jeans, cassimers, and French merinoes, casimers of all shades and Price very low indeed.

UNION ACADEMY.

THE subscriber offers for sale at his | C. ROLLIN BURDICK, A. B., -Principal.

THIS Institution located at SHILOH, Cumberland county, N. J., three and a half miles from Bridgeton the county seat, will open its first term for the year 1858-4, on WEDNESDAY, August 31st, Second Term, Wednesday, Dec. 14, and Third Term, Wednesday March 29, each continu-

ing 14 weeks.

Public examination of Classes, July 8. Anniversary Exercises, July 4, 1853.

There will be two recesses of one week each luring the year.

The Teachers flatter themselves that they can give satisfactory instruction in all the branches usually taught in Academies. Students preparing for College can here fit themselves for an advanc-

ed standing. TEACHERS CLASSES will be formed at the opening of Eall term. Those intending to teach District Schools are solicited to become members of this Department. Especial attention will be given to the common English branches and to familiar lectures and discussions on school teaching.

A class will also be formed; for Fall term, to whom lectures on Chemistry will be delivered, apply illustrated by an extensive scientific annara-

amply illustrated by an extensive scientific appara-tus, with abundant material adapted to a full delopement of the science. Good Board can be had at the Boarding Hall or

private families, on reasonable terms, \$3 50 to \$5 00. TERMS of Tuition from Incidentals Piano Music

Drawing, Crayoning, Landscape Painting
nd Painting in water colors—each
The expenses of a Student, exclusive of the Extras, need not exceed \$125 per year in the Classical or higher department.

Any Editor who will insert the above for five months from Oct. 20, shall be entitled to tuition

N. B. No Sectarian principles taught in this ichool. Hon. LEWIS HOWELL, Shiloh. Aug. 6, 1853.—3m. President. By Joseph Moore, Surrogate of the County of Cumberland.

for one student during the remainder of the year.

NABITHA B SMALLEY, the Executress named in the will of Henry L. Smalley, late of the County of New Castle, in the State of Delaware, having presented and filed in my office a copy of the said Will, exemplified under the hand and seal of Amos H. Wickersham, register for the and seal of Amos H. Wickersham, register for the probate of wills and granting letters of administration in the said county of New Castle, together with the certificate of James Booth, Presiding Judge of the Supreme Court of the said State of Delaware, certifying that the attestation of the said Amos H. Wickersham to the said exemplification, is in due form and made by the proper officer, whereby it appears that the said will has been admitted to probate by the said Amos H Wick-ersham, in the said state of Delaware, and the said Tabitha B. Smalley having applied to me to have the said will proved and recorded in this state, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, I do hereby order that cause be shown before me at my office in Bridgeton, in the county of Cumberland aforesaid, on Saturday the ineteenth day of November next, at the hour of ten in the forencon, why a duly certified copy of such will should not be filed and recorded in my office, and letters testamentary therein issued to the said Tabitha B. Smalley, and that this order be published in the Delaware Gazette, a newspa-per printed in the said county of New Castle, for the space of thirty days next preceding said day. Given under my hand this 11th day of October, 853. J. MOORE, Surrogate.

Admistrators' and Executors' Notice of Settlement.

OTICE is hereby given that the accounts of Daniel M. Woodruff, adm'r of George Souder, dec.; Enoch Mulford, adm'r of Sheppard Gandy, dec.; Benjamin F. Moore, executor of Wm. Ogden, dec.; Daniel R. Moore, adm'r of Jonathan lizzard, dec.; James B. Potter, executor of Eleanor Harris, dec.; John S. Ware, adm'r of Nancy Brown, dec.; David Cullen, adm'r of Jeremiah Weldon, dec.; Charles Dickerson, adm'r of Justice Ayres, dec.; and Shadrach R. Knapp, adm'r of Tacy Bird, dec., will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphons' Court of the county of Cumberland, on Monday the nineteenth day of December next. Oct. 15,'53. J. MOORE, Surrogate.

Administrators' and Executors' Notice. ATHANIEL Stratton, adm'r of Daniel Loder dec : Samuel Borner dec; Samuel Bowen, adm'r of Henry R. Fos-dec.; and William F. Murphy, executor o ter, dec.; and William F. Murphy, executor of Prudence Murphy, dec., hereby give notice to the creditors of said decedents that a report of the several claims and demands exhibited against the estates of said decedents, and of the amount o the other personal and real estates, will be made to the Orphans' Court of the County of Cumberland on Monday the nineteenth day of December next, at which time and place exceptions thereto may be filed.

J. MOORE, Oct. 15, 1858.

Fall and Winter Goods. FITHIAN & SON have opened and are now offering for sale a choice stock of Fall and Winter Goods to which they invite the attention of the public generally. Our stock consists in part of the following goods, viz.:

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Black, figured, and changeable Silks; merinoes, alpacas, and parametta cloths; mous de beges in great variety, from 18\frac{3}{4}\text{ to 37\frac{1}{2}}\text{ cts.}; figured, plaid, and plain de laines; pink, blue, green, cherry and canary all wool de laines; ginghams from 12\frac{1}{2}\text{ to 25}\text{ cts.}; Merrimae, Cocheco, fall river, Sprague's and Allen's prints, from 6\frac{1}{4}\text{ to 12\frac{1}{2}\text{ cts.}}\$

Shawle in every variety of style and price. Also worked collars, worked edgings and insertings; black, white and fancy colored kid gloves; cotton, silk, lisle thread hosiery of every description.

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Cloth, black and fancy cassimeres, sattinetts, Kentuckey jeans, ermine cloth, hard times, union cassimeres and velvet cords. PLANNELS!—Red, white, blue, green, and yellow flannels; scarlet, green, mode, and grey sack flannels; bleached, unbleached, and colored Can-

on flaunels.
MUSLINS.—8-4, 4-4, 9-8, and 5-4 unbleached sheetings and shirtings; 3-4, 7-8, 4-4, 9-8 and 5-4 bleached sheetings and shirtings. Also table and towelling diaper, tickings, checks, mariner's stripes, crashes, embassed table covers, linen table covers, moreens, linseys, &c.

> CASH! CASH!! CASH!!! RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

ASH paid for rags, copper, brass, pewter and lead, by E. B. MOORE,

next door to McCowan & Borden's Clothing Store; Where can also be had all kinds of Wood Ware such as tubs, buckets, wash benches, wash boards, clothes horses, ironing boards, towal rollers, step ladders, pie- boards, rolling pins, potato mashers, lap boards, clothes pins, soap dishes, &c. &c. Bridgeton, Aug. 6, 1853.—3m.

Fall Dress Goods B. POTTER, & Co., are now opening their Fall Stock of Dress Goods, in every variety

Metalities at control America, a minister

Five per cent. Saving Fund, PHILADELPHIA. Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, in 1841.

Capital Stock \$250,000.

THE Saving Fund of the National Safety Company, No. 62 Walnut Street, 2 doors above Third, Philadelphia, is open every day, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 7 P. M., and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 9 o'clock. This Saving Fund is well known as one of the best and safest represent institutions in this country, and pays moneyed institutions in this country, and pays FIVE PER CENT. interest on money put in there, from the day of deposite.

Any sum from one pollar upwards is received

and all sums large or small are paid back on DE-MAND, to any amount, without notice. This Saving Fund has Mortgages, Ground Rents and other first class investments, all well secured, mounting to half a million of dollars, for the security of Depositors.

bove Third, South side.

Hon. HENRY L. BENNER, President.

ROBERT SELFRIDGE, Vice-President. WM: J. REED, Secretary,

REFERENCES IN PHILADELPHIA. Hon. Joel Jones, late Mayor of Philadelphia. Hon. Robert M. Lee, Recorder of Philadelphia. Hon. James Page, late Post Master of Philad.

REFERENCES IN NEW JERSEY. Chs. D. Hineline, Mayor of Camden. Hon. L. F. Fisler, late Mayor of Camden. Hon. Benj. Hammell, "Charles S. Garrett, Esq. Sheriff of Camden. Hon. Wm. Pennington, late Governor of N. J.

Philadelphia, Oct. 1, 1853.-y. New Cheap Store.

HE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Newport and vicinity that he has opened a new store in Newport, where he intends keeping constantly on hand an extensive as-DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

The ladies are particularly invited to call and examine his new stock of superior fashionable goods, consisting of figured debase, Parmetta cloth, Madonsisting of ngured debase, Parmetta cioti, Madon-na, alapaca, de laines, berages, lawns, lysters, cal-icoes, hosiery &c., for fall and winter wear.

A splendid assortment of cassimers, satinetts, and vestings, of styles and patterns to please all tastes, at remarkably low prices.

GROCERIES—Such as coffee, tea, molasses,

sugar, spices, &c., fresh and good, at prices ex-tremely low.

ALSO—Crockery, hardware, and all the usual

constant determination to please, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

JOHN COMPTON.

Newport, Nov. 5th, 1853.-3m. ROCAP & POGUE. Largest, Cheapest and Best

EVER offered in Bridgeton, embracing all kinds of Useful and many Fancy articles, Toys, &c. may now be found at the old established stand of the subscribers in Commerce street, next door to the Firemen's Hall, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices, on reasonable terms, and warranted

ROOFING AND SPOUTING. Done at short notice, in the best manner, of the best material, by experienced Workmen and at Moderate prices.

And Hydraulic Rams, put up to order and war-ranted to work. One of the rams, which has given entire satisfaction, may be seen in operation on the farm of Mr. B. F. Swing, near Fairton. STOVES

of PARLOR STOVES-such as the Star, Ætna, Stanley Ensign, Cottage and other Air-tights and Radiators, together with stoves suitable for Stores, Churches, Offices, &c. ALSO Brass Kettles, Iron Pots of all sizes, Tea Kettles, Iron and Clay Furnaces, all of which the public are respectfully invited to call and examine.

N. B.—The highest price paid for old Iron, Lead,
Copper, Brass, Rags and Feathers. Also, old

FANCYAND STAPLE COLORS. YONSTANTLY on hand Pure Paris Green, chrome green, Windsor green, verdigris, Chinese and Prussian blue, ultramarine blue, Chinese, English and American vermillion, Chinese scarlet, drop lake, chrome yellow, stone and yellow ochre, king's yellows, raw and burnt sienna, terra sienna, and umber, Van Dyke brown, Venitian red, red lead and Indian red, together with a great assortment of staple colors, from which every shade of

Chocolate, Starch, Spices, Hams, Shoulders, Lard, Pork, Mackérel, and Codfish, dried Beef, Oils,

burning Fluid, Cheese, Grackers, Pilot Bread &c. very low for each by SWING & TOMLINSON. MAIL STAGE.

The subscribers, on and after Monday, Oct. 24th, will run their line of Sages in connection with the Steamers Cohansey and Maj. Reybold, leaving E. Davis & Son's Hotel every morning (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, and 91 o'clock, and arrive in Salem in time to take and 93 o'clock, and arrive in Salem in time to take
the Boats for Philadelphia. On return of the
boats to Salem their stages will be ready to convey
passengers to Bridgeton.

Passengers in Bridgeton will please leave
their names at the Hotel, Newkirk's Livery Office,
Rocap's house, or W. C. Whitekar's, (next door
to the Jail) and they will be called for at their

houses.

Passengers in Salem, for Bridgeton, will leave their names at the Nelson House. All er-

rands punctually attended to—if paid for.

JERREL & WHITEKAR, Proprietors.

H. B. ROCAP & W. C. WHITEKAR, Drivers. Oct. 29, 1853. WINTEB ARRANGEMENT. Dividing Creek Mail Line,

N and after Monday next the subscriber will leave Dividing Creek, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 61 o'clock, A. M., and arrive in Bridgeton in time to meet the 16 o'clock line for Philadelphia, via. Salem, steamer Cohansey. This offers a pleasant and expeditious mode of travel

to the city:

Returning, the same day, leaving Davis' Hote.
on the arrival of the Phildelphia Stage.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business in a part and receive a share of public patronass to merit and receive a share of public patron-

All crrands punctually attended to.

JOSHUA BRADWAY,

No. 22, 1853. Proprietor and Drivers

thorizon applies the folial transform was some or the folial and the state of the public formation of the public formation of the contraction of t

varieties of a country store on hand.
Grain, Rags; Produce, Muskrat skins and Cash taken in exchange for goods.
By close attention to business, low prices, and

Assorted Stock of Tin and Japanned Ware

as recommended, or no sale.

PATENT PUMPS, CHAIN PUMPS,

NEW PATTERNS—Vernon, Annexation, Independent, Liberty, Astor, Girard, Buck's Improved Albany, Thatcher's Hot Blast and Ætna Air-tights, adapted to burning either Wood or Coal. New and Splendi Patterns

Stoves bought and taken in exchange.
Bridgeton, Dec. 18, 1852.

fancy colors can be formed. For sale by F. G. BREWSTER Oct. 8, '53. Cheap Groceries and Provisions. UGAR white and brown, Coffee, molasses, Teas,

BRIDGETON, SALEM, AND PHILADELPHIA CHANGE OF HOUR.



BRIDGETON: Saturday Morning, Dec. 19

CIRCULATION 1300

Only \$1 00 per Year?

FRANKLIN FERGUSON, EDITORS. JOSEPH A. MILLER.

The importance of placing the President's Message, at the earliest day, before our paitems. We have no space for comment. Congress adjourned until Monday, having

no important business to transact.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Fellow-citizens of the Senate

and of the House of Representatives: The interest, with which the people of the Republic anticipate the assembling of Congress, and the fulfilment, on that eccasion, of the duty imposed upon a new President, is one of the best evidences of their capacity to realize the hopes of the founders of a political system, at once complex and symmetrical. While the different branches of the government are, to a certain extent, independent of each other, the duties of all alike, have direct reference to the source of power. Fortunately, under this system, no man is so high, and none so humble, in the scale of public station, as to escape from the scrutiny, or to be exempt from the responsibility, which all official functions imply.

Upon the justice and intelligence of the masses, in a government thus organized, is the sole reliance of the confederacy, and the only security for honest and earnest devotion to its interests, against the usurpations and encroachments of power on the one hand and the assaults of personal ambition on the other.

The interest, of which I have spoken, is in-separable from an inquiring, self-governing community, but stimulated, doubtless, at the present time, by the unsettled condition of our relations with several foreign powers; by the new obligations resulting from a sudden extension of the field of enterprise; by the spirit with which that field has been entered, and the amazing energy with which its resources for meeting the demands of humanity have been developed.

Although disease, assuming at one time the characteristics of a wide-spread and devastating pestilence, has left its sad traces upon some portions of our country, we have still the most abundant cause for reverent thankfulness to God for an accumulation of signal mercies showered upon us as a nation. It is well that a consciousness of rapid advancement and increasing strength be habitually respective governments at that place. Purassociated with an abiding sense of depend-suant to that agreement he has been released. This new league of amity and of mutual associated with an abiding sense of depend- suant to that agreement he has been released ence upon Him who holds in his hands

destiny of men and of nations. Recognising the wisdom of the broad principle of absolute religious toleration proclaimed in our fundamental law, and rejoicing in the benign influence which it has exerted upon our social and political condition, I should shrink from a clear duty, did I fail to express my deepest conviction, that we can place no scoure reliance upon any apparent progress, if it be not sustained by national integrity, resting upon the great truths affirmed and illustrated by divine revelation. In the midst of our sorrow for the afflicted and suffering, it has been consoling to see how promptly discheering to watch the strength of that comhearts, in all parts of this Union, when danger threatens from abroad, or calamity impends | the several demands of the Emperor of Aus- Asia.

Our diplomatic relations with foreign powers have undergone no essential change since the adjournment of the last Congress. With bly adjusted.

construed the first article of the convention of The condition of China, at this time, renthe 20th of April, 1818, in regard to the fish- ders it probable that some important changes eries on the northeastern coast, as to exclude will occur in that vast empire, which will our citizens from some of the fishing grounds, lead to a more unrestricted intercourse with to which they freely resorted for nearly a it. The commissioner to that country, who quarter of a century subsequent to the date of has been recently appointed, is instructed to that treaty. The United States have never avail himself of all occasions to open and exways claimed for their fishermen all the rights | the empire of China, but with other Asiatic which they had so long enjoyed without me- nations. lestation. With a view to remove all difficulties on the subject, the rights of our fishermen beyond the limits fixed by the convention of 1818, and to regulate trade between with that island. Intelligence has been rethe United States and British North Ameriwith a fair prospect of a favorable result. To ject of his visit; but it is not yet ascertained protect our fishermen in the enjoyment of how far the Emperor will be disposed to abandient to station a naval force in that quarter during the fishing season.

Embarrassing questions have also arisen between the two governments in regard to Central America. Great Britain has proposed to settle them by an amicable arrangement, and into negotiations on that subject.

A commission for adjusting the claims of our citizens against Great Britain, and those ted States, employed in running that line purof British subjects against the United States, suant to the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, organized under the convention of the 8th of the transaction of business.

boundary line between the United States and tained in that treaty, and was not concurred signated in the convention of the 15th of June, 1846, and especially that part, which separates the Territory of Washington from the British possessions on the north, should be traced and marked. I therefore present subject. the subject to your notice.

With France our relations continue on the most friendly footing. The extensive com- publics. Our minister in Mexico has ample merce between the United States and that instructions to adjust them. Negotiations country might, it is conceived, be released have been opened, but sufficient progress has from some unnecessary restrictions, to the not been made therein to enable me to speak mutual advantage of both parties. With a of the probable result. Impressed with the view to this object, some progress has been importance of maintaining amicable relations

navigation. Independently of our valuable trade with to expect that an arrangement mutually sat-Spain, we have important political relations isfactory to both countries may be concluded, with her, growing out of our neighborhood to and a lasting friendship between them conthe islands of Cuba and Porto Rico. I am firmed and perpetuated. happy to announce, that since the last Con- Congress having provided for a full mission supply to announce, that since the last congress no attempts have been made, by unauthorized expeditions within the United States,

Congress, one million sonian Institution provided that the President to and indispensable for the exercise of this our privilege to enjoy, and will even be our most
to the States of Central America, a minister to and indispensable for the exercise of this United States, and other persons therethorized expeditions within the United States,

The report of the secretary of the Treasury odjects, under act of Congress, one million sonian Institution provided that the President to and indispensable for the exercise of this our privilege to enjoy, and will even be our most four hundred and twenty-seven thousand four of this United States, and other persons therethorized expeditions within the United States, and other persons there are all the state of the public four hundred and other persons there are all the state of the public four hundred and other persons there are all the state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons there are a state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundred and other persons the state of the public four hundre subtricted expeditions within the Culter of those colonies. Should any last time to visit enly one of these States dinances, and the candition of the various hundred and fifty-seven acres. Total amount in designated and interest in desig

our citizens and the Spanish authorities.—
Considering the proximity of that island to our shores, lying a it does, in the track of trade between some of our principal cities, and the suspicious vigilance with which for an analysis of states which would cign intercourse, particularly that with the United States, is there guarded, a repetition

of such occurrences may well be apprehended. As no diplomatic intercourse is allowed between our Consul at Havana and the Captain-General of Cuba, ready explanations cannot be made, or prompt redress afforded, where injury has resulted. All complaint on the part of our citizons, under the present arrangement, must be, in the first place, presented to this government, and then referred tion of that policy, and to use his efforts to lars, while the public expenditures for the to Spain. Spain again refers it to her local induce the Brazilian government to open to authorities in Cuba for investigation, and those authorities. To avoid these irritating and vexatious delays, a proposition has been made to provide for a direct appeal for redress to the Captain-General by our consul, in be half of our injured fellow citizens. Hitherto, the government of Spain has declined to en-

trons, has excluded our usual variety of news ter into any such arrangement. This course on her part is deeply regretted; for, without some arrangement of this kind, the good unbe exposed to occasional interruption. Our minister at Madrid is instructed to renew the liberal and enlightened views, it is hoped that proposition, and to press it again upon the consideration of her Catholic Majesty's gov-

For several years Spain has been calling the attention of this government to a claim for losses, by some of her subjects, in the case of the Angentine Confederation have yielded to the steamer Amistad. This claim is believed the liberal policy still resisted by Brazil, in isting treaty with that country. Its justice was admitted, in our diplomatic correspondence with the Spanish government, as early as March, 1847; and one of my predecessors, in his annual message of that year, recommended that provision should be made for its payment. In January last it was again submitted to Congress by the Executive. It has received a favorable consideration by committees of both branches, but as yet there has good faith requires its prompt adjustment, and I present it to your early and favorable

While at Smyrna, he was forcibly seized, ta- minister at Lima. This subject is now under ken on board an Austrian brig of war, then consideration, and there is reason to believe lying in the harbor of that place, and there confied in irons, with the avowed design to nity to the aggrieved parties. take him into the dominions of Austria. Our consul at Smyrna and legation at Constautinople interposed for his release, but their efforts were ineffectual. While thus imprisoned, Commander Ingraham, with the United States ship of war St. Louis, arrived at Smyrna, and, after inquiring into the circumstances of the case, came to the conclusion that Koszta was entitled to the protection of this ment between the agents of the United States and of Austria, he was transferred to the custhere to remain until he should be disposed of

ing a right to seize him within the limits of the terial interests of the country; whether regarded the Turkish empire, he has demanded of this ed in themselves or in connection with the government its consent to the surrender of powers of the civilized world. the prisoner, a disavowal of the acts of its acame to the conclusion that Koszta was seized aster made true neighbors of districts and cit- ure, he was clothed with the nationality of ies separated widely from each other, and the United States; and that the acts of our of fully approved by me, and a compliance with

tria has been declined. For a more full account of this transaction and my views in regard to it, I refer to the correspondence between the charge d'affaires some of them, questions of a disturbing char- of Austria and the Secretary of State, which acter are still pending, but there are good reasons to believe, that these may all be amicapolicy, therein maintained on the part of the ly adjusted.

For some years past, Great Britain has so sion occurs, be applied and enforced.

In 1852, an expedition was sent to Japan, under the command of Commodore Perry, for ceived of his arrival there, and of his having can provinces, a negotiation has been epened, made known to the Emperor of Japan the obtheir pights, and prevent collision between don his restrictive policy and open that poputhem and British fishermen, I deem it expellous country to a commercial intercourse with the United States.

It has been my earnest desire to maintain friendly intercourse with the governments upon this continent, and to aid them in preserving good understanding among themselves. With Mexico, a dispute has arisen as to the our minister at London is instructed to enter true boundary line between our territory of New Mexico, and the Mexican State of Chihuahua. A former commissioner of the Unimade a serious mistake in determining the in-February last, is now sitting in London for itial point on the Rio Grande; but, inasmuch as his decision was clearly a departure from It is in many respects desirable that the the directions for tracing the boundary conthe British provinces in the northwest, as de- in by the surveyor appointed on the part of the United States, whose concurrence was necessary to give validity to that decision, this government is not concluded thereby; but

There are also other questions of considerable magnitude pending between the two remade in negotiating a treaty of commerce and with that republic, and of yielding with liberality to all her just claims, it is reasonable

the river Amazon, particular attention has and nearly exclude foreign commercial inter-course with the states which lie upon its tribthat country is instructed to obtain a relaxadeeply interested in this attempt to secure the | ing a balance of thirty-two million four hunfree navigation of the Amazon, and it is reas- dred and twenty-five thousand four hundred onable to expect their co-operations in the and forty-seven dollars of receipts above exmeasure.

As the advantages of free commercial in tercourse among nations are better understood river, which traverses so many states and so | aue to the standard of the public exigencies. large a part of the continent. I am happy to inform you that the republic of Paraguay and subject, among others, have been negotiated with these governments, which will be submitted to the Senate at the present session.

has, within a few years past, been opened with Peru. Notwithstanding the inexhaustible been no final action upon it. I conceive that | ced in obtaining the requisite supply. Measures have been taken to remove these difficulties, and to secure a more abundant importation of the article. Unfortunately, there has tention, in due form of law, to become a citi- it, and the Peruvian authorities stationed zen of the United States. After remaining there. Redress for the outrages committed here nearly two years, he visited Turkey .- by the latter, was promptly demanded by our

> We are thus not only at peace with all foreign countries, but, in regard to political affairs, are exempt from any cause of serious

disquietude in our domestic relations. The controversies, which have agitated the causes which produced them and the passions which they had awakened; or if any traces of them remains, it may be reasonably hoped government, and took energetic and prompt measures for his release. Under an arrange- rivalry of all good citizens to testify their respect for the rights of the States, their devo-tion to the Union, and their common detertody of the French consul-general, at Smyrna, | mination that each one of the States, its institutions, its welfare, and its domestic peace by the mutual agreement of the consuls of the shall be held alike secure under the sacred

the and is now on his way to the United States. | confidence and support, into which the people The Emperor of Austria has made the con- of the republic have entered, happily affords duct of our officers who took part in this inducement and opportunity for the adoption in California, and assay office in the city of N. It is not believed to be within the intent and in the experience of more than thirty years, transaction a subject of grave complaint. Re- of a more comprehensive and unembarrassed garding Koszta as still his subject, and claim- line of policy and action, as to the great ma-

The United States have continued gradugents, and satisfaction for the alleged outrage. ally and steadily to expand, through acquisi-After a careful consideration of the case, I | tions of territory, which how much so ever some of them may have been questioned, are is not in a condition of strength and efficacy struction of these works. For the practical without legal authority at Smyrna; that he now universally seen and admitted to have commensurate with the magnitude of our was wrongfully detained on board of the Aus- been wise in policy, just in character and a trian brig of war; that, at the time of his seiz- great element in the advancement of our country, and; with it, of the human race, in freedom, in prosperity and in happiness. The of the Navy. I respectfully submit that the ficers, under the circumstances of the case, thirteen States have grown to be thirty one army, which, under our system, must always sale of the public domain, I refer you to the mon bond of brotherhood, which unites all were justifiable, and their conduct has been with relations reaching to Europe on the one side, and on the other to the distant realms of

> first, in my reliance on the wisdom and patriotism of the two Houses of Congress; and secondly, in the directions afforded me by the principles of public polity, affirmed by our fathers of the epoch of 1798, sanctioned by

Recurring to these principles, which contitute the organic basis of union, we perceive pment, exist in the respective States, which, publics, as they preceeded, so they alone are capable of maintaining and perpetuating, the

American Union. line of action in the specific and limited powers conferred on it by the constitution, chiefly as to those things in which the States have a common interest in their relations to one angreat mass of interests which belong to cultisprings of industry, all the diversified personal and domestic affairs of society, rest securely upon the general reserved powers of the people of the several States. There is the effective democracy of the nation, and there the vital essence of its being and its greatness.

Of the practical consequences which flow from the nature of the federal government. the primary one is the duty of administering with integrity and fidelity the bigh trust reby taxation, from the people, and appropriated to specific objects by Congress. Happily that of Mexico takes a different view of the I have no occasion to suggest any radical changes in the financial policy of the goverument. Ours is almost, if not absolutely, the solitary power of Christendom having a surplus revenue, drawn immediately from imposts on commerce, and therefore measured by the spontaneous enterprise and national any grave controversy now prevail, there being a general acquiescence in the wisdom of

At the close of the fiscal year ending June thousand eight hundred and eighteen acres over the fiscal year immediately preceding. balance of fourteen million six hundred and The quantity of land sold-during the second nent, and the number of States which would thirty-two thousand one hundred and thirty- and third quarters of 1852, was three hunbe made accessible by the free navigation of six dollars. The public revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1853, amounted to fifty been given to this subject. Brazil, through eight million nine hundred and thirty-one whose territories it passes into the ocean, has thousand eight hundred and sixty-five dollars. hitherto persisted in a policy so restrictive, in from customs, and to two million four hunregard to the use of this river, as to obstruct, dred and five thousand seven hundred and eight dollars from public lands and other miscellaneous sources, amounting together to sixutaries and upper branches. Our minister to Ty-one million three hundred and thirty-seven thousand five hundred and seventy-four dolcommon use, under proper safeguards, this count of the public debt, amounted to fortygreat natural highway for international trade. three million five hundred and fifty-four thouhose authorities. To avoid these irritating Several of the South American States are sand two hundred and sixty-two dollars; leavthree million five hundred and fifty-four thou-

This fact, of increasing surplus in the treasury, became the subject of anxious considemore liberal views are generally entertained ration at a very early period of my adminisas to the common rights of all to the free use tration; and the path of duty in regard to it derstanding between the two countries may of those means which nature has provided for seemed to me obvious and clear, namely: first international communication. To these more | to apply the surplus revenue to the discharge of the public debt, so far as it could judi

a degree highly satisfactory. The amount of acres. the public debt, of all classes, was, on the 4th to rest on the obligations imposed by our ex- regard to the navigable rivers within their re- of March, 1853, sixty-nine million one hunspective territories. Treaties embracing this dred and ninety thousand and thirty-seven dollars; payments on account of which have been made, since that period, to the amount of twelve million seven hundred and three A new branch of commerce, important to thousand three hundred and twenty-nine dolthe agricultural interests of the United States lars, leaving unpaid and in the continuous course of liquidation, the sum of fifty six million four hundred and eighty-six thousand deposits of guano upon the islands of that seven hundred and eight dollars. These pay-country, considerable difficulties are experienfected readily, and to the general advantage of the treasury, and have at the same time proved of signal utility in the relief they have incidentally afforded to the money market Martin Koszta, a Hungarian by birth, came been a serious collision between our citizens, incidentally afforded to the money market to this country in 1850, and declared his in- who have resorted to the Chincha islands for

of the country.

The second of the above mentioned objects importance, and the plan suggested by the Secretary of the Tacasury, which is to reduce the duties on certain articles, and to add to the free list many articles now taxed, and especially such as enter into manufactures, and are not largely, or at all, produced in the reports to be laid before you.

Country is commended to your candid and Congress, representing the proprietors of country, is commended to your candid and careful consideration.

You will find in the report of the Secretary country heretofore, are passing away with the of the Treasury, also, abundant proof of the to the United States, has, for a long course of entire adequacy of the present fiscal system to meet all the requirements of the public service, and that, while properly administered it operates to the advantage of the community in ordinary business relations.

I respectfully ask your attention to sundry suggestions of improvements in the settlegovernment, and of other reforms in the administrative action of his department, which are indicated by the Sccretary; as also to the York, heretofore provided for by Congress; and also to the eminently successful progress of the Coast Survey, and of the Light-house

Board. Among the objects meriting your attention will be important recommendations from the Secretaries of War and Navy. I am fully satisfied that the Navy of the United States circumstances, thus to contribute to the concommercial and other interests; and commend to your special attention the suggestions on this subject, made by the Secretary cleus around which the volunteer forces of I am deeply sensible of the immense responsibility which the present magnitude of the republic, and the diversity and multiplicity of its interests, devolves upon me; the dition of the Indian tribes in the interior of

In the administration of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1853, the gross expenditure was seven million nine hundred and eighty-two thousand long experience, and consecrated anew by the seven hundred and fifty-six dollars, and the overwhelming voice of the people of the Uni- gross receipts, during the same period, five million nine hundred and forty-two thousand seven hyndred and thirty-four dollars; showing that the current revenue failed to meet acquiesced in this construction, but have al- tend our commercial relations, not only with that, vast as are the functions and the duties | the current expenses of the department by of the federal government, vested in, or en- the sum of two million forty-two thousand frusted to, its three eat departments, the and thirty-two dollars. The causes which, unlegislative, executive, and judicial, yet the der the present postal system and laws, led substantive power, the popular force, and the inevitably to this result, are fully explained 1852, and of March 3, 1853, designed to se large capacities for social and material devel- by the report of the Postmaster General; one cure the cities of Washington and George great cause being the enormous rates the de- town an abundant supply of good and whole all being of themselves well constituted re- partment has been compelled to pay for mail some water, it became my duty to examine

service rendered by rail road companies.

The exhibit in the report of the Postmaster American Union.

General of the income and expenditures by ed. The best, if not the only plan, calculated the federal government has its appropriate mail steamers will be found peculiarly interted to secure permanently the object sought,

mediate action of Congress. Numerous and flagrant frauds upon the Pension Bureau have been brought to light other, and to foreign governments; while the within the last year, and, in some instances, vated men, the ordinary business of life, the nately, in others, guilty parties have escaped, not through the want of sufficient evidence to warrant a conviction, but in consequence of

From the nature of these claims, the reand the mode in which the proof is, of necesrelating to it is most desirable. During the last fiscal year, nine million

eight hundred and nineteen thousand four hundred and eleven acres of the public lands have been surveyed, and ten million three hundred and sixty-three thousand eight hundred and ninety-one acres brought into market. . Within the same period, the sales by public purchase and private entry, amounted to one million eighty-three thousand four prosperity of the country, with such indirect to one million eighty-three thousand four relation to agriculture, manufactures, and the hundred and ninety-five acres; located under products of the earth and sea, as to violate no military bounty land warrants, six million one constitutional doctrine, and yet vigorously hundred and forty-two thousand three hun-promote the general welfare. Nother as to dred and sixty acres; located under other cerpromote the general welfare. Norther as to dred and sixty acres; located under other certhe sources of the public treasure, nor as to tificates, nine thousand four hundred and will present to you, if deemed desirable, a laws, suppress insurrections, and repel invathe manner of keeping and managing it, does twenty-seven acres; ceded to the States as plan, which I am prepared to recommend, for sions, was conferred upon Congress, as means any grave controversy now prevail, there be- swamp lands, sixteen million six hundred and to eighty four thousand two hundred and fiftythree acres; selected for railroad and other
odjects, under act of Congress, one mullion something the Smith spread and indispensable for the exercise of this our privilege to enjoy, and with even be our most

movement be manifested within our limits, all the meaning the meaning of the inding at my command will be vigory of the island of Cuba, between our citizens and that Spanish authorities.—

Considering the proximity of that instant to considering the proximity of the track of the constraint to considering the proximity of that instant to considering the proximity of that instant to consider the constraint to constraint dred and thirty-four thousand four hundred and fifty-one acres. The amount received therefor, was six hundred and twenty-three

thousand six hundred and eighty-seven dollars. The quantity sold the second and third quarters of the year 1853, was one million six hundred and nine thousand nine hundred and nineteen acres; and the amount received therefor, two million two hundred and twentydollara.

The whole number of land warrants issued under existing laws prior to the 30th of September last, was two hundred and sixty-six thousand and forty-two, of which there were outstanding, at that date, sixty-six thousand nine hundred and forty-seven. The quantity of land required to satisfy these outstanding warrants, is four million seven hundred and seventy-eight thousand one hundred and

twenty acres. Warrants have been issued to 30th of September last, under the act of 11th of February, 1847, calling for twelve million eight undred and seventy-nine thousand two hundred and eighty acres; under act of September 28, 1850, and March 22, 1852, calling for in the history of this subject is the message Brazil will confirm her policy, and remove all unnecessary restrictions upon the free use of means for the gradual reduction of the reve-Of these objects, the first has been in the course of accomplishment, in a manner and to eighty-four thousand six hundred and forty rapid had been its growth, that the projected

It is believed that experience has verified the wisdom and justice of the present system, of more than one hundred millions of dollars. with regard to the public domain, in most essential particulars.

You will perceive from the report of the Secretary of the Interfor, that opinions, which have often been expressed in relation to the operation of the land system, as not being ing that instrument with sleepless vigilance a source of revenue to the federal treasury, against the authority of precedents, which were erroneous. The net profits from the sale had not the sanction of its mes plainly definof the public lands to June 30, 1853, amount | ed powers. to the sum of fifty-three million two hundred the respective classes of stocks, have been ef- and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and pact between sovereign States, uniting for spesixty-five dollars.

I recommend the extension of the land system over the territories of Utah and New its administration there have been departures Mexico, with such modifications as their pe- from the terms and intent of the compact, it

culiarities may require.

Regarding our public domain as chiefly valuable to provide homes for the industrious and to make a stern effort to conform our acthat of the reduction of the tariff, is of great and enterprising, I am not prepared to recommend any essential change in the land system, except by modifications in favor of the actual settler, and an extension of the pre-emption principle in certain cases, for reasons, and on grounds, which will be fully developed in the

the territorial domain, and charged especially with power to dispose of territory belonging years, beginning with the administration of Mr. Jefferson, exercised the power to construct roads within the territories; and there apply to improvements upon the seaboard for are so many and obvious distinctions between | the protection of foreign commerce, I submit this exercise of power and that of making to you, whether it may not be safely anticiparoads within the States, that the former has ted that, if the policy were once settled against never been considered subject to such objec- appropriations by the General Government ject, and solicitous that the Atlantic and Pations as apply to the latter, and such may now | for local improvements for the benefit of com- | eific shores of the Republic may be bound tolarge sums of outstanding arrears due to the | be considered the settled construction of the | merce, localities requiring expenditures would | gether by inseparable ties of common interest,

hospitals, custom houses, and of a new mint land, in aid of the construction of railways. prudent proprietor, and, therefore, that grants of land to aid in the construction of roads should be restricted to cases where it would be for the interest of a proprietor, under like operation of such grants thus far in advancing the interests of the States in which the works are located, and at the same time the substantial interests of all the other States, by enhancing the value and promoting the rapid be regarded with the highest interest as a nu- report of the Secretary of the Interior. A careful examination, however, will show that the nation gather in the hour of danger, re- this experience is the result of a just discrim-

I commend to your favorable consideration alleviation of which so far as relates to the the continent: the necessity of which will ap- the men of genius of our country, who, by immediate conduct of the public business is, pear in the communications of the Secretaries their inventions and discoveries in science and first, in my reliance on the wisdom and patriof War and the Interior. ments of the age, without in many instances. securing for themselves anything like an adupon this subject I refer you to the appropriearly attention the apparently slight, but really important, modification of existing laws

therein suggested. The liberal spirit which has so long mark ed the action of Congress in relation to the District of Columbia will, I have no doubt, continue to be manifested.

Under the acts of Congress of August 31 the report and plans of the engineer who had charge of the surveys under the act first namesting, and of a character to demand the im- was that which concemplates taking the water from the Great Falls of the Potomac, and consequently, I gave it my approval.

For the progress and present condition of this important work, and for its demands, so refer you to the report of the Secretary of merited punishments inflicted; but, unfortu- far as appropriations are concerned, I refer War. you to the report of the Secretary of War. The present judicial system of the United States hus now been in operation for so long the provisions of limitation in the existing a period of time, and has, in its general theomoteness of the tribunals to pass upon them, ly the public confidence, that if modified in wide expanse of our country are to be placed any respect, it should only be in those partic- in closer connection for purposes both of desity, furnished, temptations to crime have ulars which may adapt it to the increased exbeen greatly stimulated by the obvious diffi-culties of detection. The defects in the law posed in it by the Constitution, especially in apon this subject are so apparent, and so fatal zation of the courts is now confessedly inade- which lie on the opposite sides of the Rocky the application of the public funds, as drawn to the ends of justice, that your early action quate to the duties to be performed by them; in consequence of which, the States of Florida, Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas and California, and districts of other States, are in effect ex- aid it has afforded, through appropriations for cluded from the full benefits of the general mail favilities and other purposes. But the system, by the functions of the circuit court general subject will now present itself under those States, or parts of States.

> ing in regard to the judicial tribunals, I United States. therefore commend to your consideration this The power to declare war, to raise and sup-

appreciating its successful progress thus far, becessary links, the enterprise and energy of and its high promise of great and general use our people are steadily and boldly struggling

I have omitted to ask your favorable con-States, amounting to one million seven hundred and fifty-four thousand five hundred dol
The surveys before alluded to were designlars, because independently of the grounds | ed to ascertain the most practicable and ecoapplication of the federal revenue for works tirely inadequate to the accomplishment of son to hope the object sought might be found. the objects sought.

has, nevertheless, been the basis of much po- that much and important information will be litical discussion, and has stood as a deep gra- aided to the stock previously possessed, and rayed itself, from time to time, against the rapid progress of expenditures from the na-tional treasury on works of a local character within the States. Memorable as an epoch three hundred and sixty acres; making a total 1830, which met the system of internal imof twenty-five million three hundred and provements in its comparitive infancy; but so appropriations in that year for works of this character had risen to the alarming amount

> difficulty of bringing back the operations of the government to the construction of the constitution set up in 1798, and marked it as and still further increased in time of war .an admonitory proof of the 1 ecessity of guard-

Our government exists under a written comcific objects, and with specific grants to their general agent. If, then, in the progress of is, and will ever be, proper to refer back to the fixed standard which our fathers left us, tion to it. It would seem that the fact of a principle having been resisted from the first by many of the wisest and most patriotic men of the republic, and a policy having provoked constant strife, without arriving at a concluits most earnest advocates, should suggest the inquiry whether there may not be a plan likely to be crowned by happier results.

Without perceiving sound distinction, or intending to assert any principle as opposed to improvements needed for the protection of internal commerce, which does not equally power of the Federal Government upon the not, by modes and means clearly legitimate

If that can be regarded as a system, which meaning of the Constitution, that the power has at no time so commanded the public judgto dispose of the public domain should be ment as to give it the character of a settled government. It is, I trust, not necessary to used otherwise than might be expected from a policy, - which, though it has produced some works of conceded importance, has been attended with an expenditure quite dispropor- favor, will lead me to disregard those lights, tionate to their value, -and has resulted in or to depart from that path, which experience squandering large sums upon objects which have answered no valuable purpose,—the in- ant with the glow of prosperity and legit terests of all the States require it to be aban- mate constitutional progress. We can afford doned, unless hopes may be indulged for the to wait, but we cannot afford to overlook the future which find no warrant in the past.

With an anxious desire for the completion citizens with sincere interest. I have deemed it my duty to ask at your hands a deliberate re-consideration of the question, with a hope bright with promise, and the future full of permanent and substantial interests of the active intelligence, the past can never be withcountry, your wisdom may prove equal to the task of devising and maturing a plan, which. applied to this subject, may promise some-thing better than constant strife, the suspension of the powers of local enterprise, the exciting of vain hopes, and the disappointment

of cherished expectations. In expending the appropriation made by the last Congress, several cases have arisen in equate reward. For many interesting details relation to works for the improvement of harbors, which involve questions as to the right ate reports, and especially urge upon your of soil and jurisdiction, and have threatened conflict between the authority of the State and general governments. The right to construct a breakwater, jetty, or dam, would seem necessarily to carry with it the power to protect and preserve such constructions. This can only be effectually done by having jurisdiction over the soil.

But no clause of the Constitution is found, on which to rest the claim of the United States to exercise jurisdiction over the soil of a State except that conferred by the eighth section of the first article of the Constitution. It is then submitted, whether, in all cases where constructions are to be erected by the general government, the right of soil should not first be obtained, and legislative provision be made to cover all such cases.

For the progress made in the construction

of roads within the territories, as provided for in the appropriations of the last Congress, I

There is one subject of a domestic nature, which, from its intrinsic importance, and the many interesting questions of future policy which it involves, cannot fail to receive your ry and so much of its details, become so fa- early attention. I allude to the means of commiliar to the country, and acquired so entire- munication, by which different parts of the Mountains.

That the government has not been unmind ful of this heretofore, is apparent from the being devolved on the district judges in all aspects more imposing and more purely national, by reason of the surveys ordered by The spirit of the constitution and a due re- Congress, and now in the process of complegard to justice, require that all the States of tion, for communication by railway across the the Union should be placed on the same foot- continent, and wholly within the limits of the

to supply All experience affirms that, wherever private enterprise will avail, it is most sideration for the estimates of works of a local wise for the General Government to leave to character in twenty-seven of the thirty-one that and individual watchfulness the location

which have so often been urged against the nomical route for a railroad from the river Mississippi to the Pacific ocean. Parties are six thousand eight hundred and seventy-six of this character, inequality with consequent now in the field making explorations, where injustice is inherent in the nature of the prop- previous examinations had not supplied suffiosition, and because the plan has proved en- cient data, and where there was the best rea-The subject of internal improvements, not to be expected that all the accurate knowclaiming alike the interest and good-will of all ledge desired will be obtained, but it is hoped ven line of division between statesmen of that partial, if not full reports of the surveys eminent ability and patriotism. The rule of ordered will be received, in time for transmisstrict construction of all powers delegated by sion to the two houses of Congress, on or bethe States to the general government has ar- fore the first Monday in February next, as required by the act of appropriation. The magnitude of the enterprise contemplated h aroused, and will doubtless continue to excite a very general interest throughout the country. In its political, its commercial, and its military bearings, it has varied, great, and increasing claims to consideration. The heavy expense, the great delay, and, at times, fatality attending travel by either of the isthmus routes, have demonstrated the advantage, which would result from inter-terri orial communication by such safe and rapid means as In that message the President admitted the a railroad would supply.

If the principle is a railroad would supply.

These difficulties, which have been encoun-

tered in a period of peace, would be magnified But whilst the embarrassments already ercountered, and others under new contingercies to be anticipated, may serve strikingly to exhibit the importance of such a work, neither hese, nor all considerations combined can have an appreciable value, when weighed against the obligation strictly to adhere to the Constitution, and faithfully to execute the powers it confers. Within this limit and to the extent of the interest of the government involved, it would seem both expedient and proper, if an economical and practicable route shall be found, to aid, by all constitutional means, in the construction of a road, which will unite, by speedy transit, the populations of the Pacific and Atlantic States. To guard against misconception, it should be remarked that, although the power to construct, or aid in the construction of, a road within the limsion which can 'e regarded as satisfactory to its of a territory is not embarrassed by that question of jurisdiction which would arise within the limits of a State, it is nevertheless held to be of doubtful power, and more than doubtful propriety, even within the limits of a territory, for the general government to undertake to administer the affairs of a railroad, a canal, or other similar construction, and therefore that its connexion with a work of this character should be incidental rather than primary. I will only add at present, that, fully appreciating the magnitude of the subas well as of common fealty and attachment to and proper, raise the fund necessary for such the Union, I shall be disposed, so far as my Numerous applications have been, and no doubt will continue to be, made for grants of of their commerce might require. trated by those, whose opinions and exposi tions constitute the standard of my political faith in regard to the powers of the federal say, that no grandeur of enterprise, and no present urgent inducement promising populir has proved to be safe, and which is now radi-

> ark of our security. It is no part of my purpose to give promiof the works which are regarded by all good nence to any subject, which may properly be regarded as set at rest by the deliberate judgment of the people. But while the present is that, animated by a desire to promote the demand and inducement for the exercise of out useful lessons of admonition and instruction. If dangers serve not as beacons, they will evidently fail to fulfil the object of a wiso design. When the grave shall have closed over all who are now endeavoring to meet the obligations of duty, the year 1850 will be recurred to as a period filled with auxious apprehension. A successful war had just terminated. Peace brought with it a vast augmentation of territory. Disturbing questions arcse, bearing upon the domestic institutions of one portion of the confederacy, and involving the constitutional rights of the States .-But, notwithstanding differences of opinion and sentiment, which then existed in relation to details and specific provisions, the acquiescence of distinguished citizens, whose devetion to the Union can never be doubted, has given renewed vigor to our institutions, and restored a sense of repose and security to the public mind throughout the confederacy .-That this repose is to suffer no shock during my official term, if I have power to avert it, those who placed me here may be assured. The wisdom of men, who knew what Independ-

ence costs,-who had put all at stake upon the is-

sue of the revolutionary struggle,-disposed of the struggle to which I refer, in the only way consistent with the union of those States, and with the march of power and prosperity which has made us what we are. It is a significant fact, that from the adoption of the Constitution until the officers and soldiers of the revolution had passed to their graves, or, through the infirmities of age and wounds, had ceased to participate actively in public affairs, there was not merely a quiet acquiescence in, but a prompt vindication of the constitutional rights of the States. The reserved powers were scrupulously respected No statesman put forth the narrow views of casuists to justify interference and agitation but the spirit of the compact was regarded as sacred in the eye of honor. and indispensable for the great experiment of civil liberty, which, environed by inherent difficulties was yet borne forward in apparent weakness by a power superior to all obstacles. There is no condemnation, which the voice of freedom will not pronounce upon us, should we prove faithless to this great trust. While men inhabiting different parts of this vast continent can no more be expected to hold the same opinions, or entertain the same sentiments, than every variety of climate or soil can be expected to furnish the same agricultural products, they can unite in a common object and sustain common principles essential to the maitainance of that object. The gallant men of the south and the north could stand together during the struggle of the Revolution, they could stand together in the more trying period which succeeded the clangor of arms. As their united valor was adequate to all the trials of the campand dangers of the field so their united wisdom proved that their sons, whose blood mingled so often upon the same field, during the war of 1812, and who have more recently borne in triumph the flag of the country upon a foreign soil, will never permit alienation of feeling to weaken the power of their united efforts, nor internal dissentions to paralyze the great arm of freedom, uplifted for the vindication of self-government.

I have thus briefly presented such suggestions as seem to me especially worthy of your consideration. In providing for the present, you can hardly fail to avail yourselves of the light which the experience of the past casts upon the future.

The growth of our population has now brought us in the destined career of our national history, to a point at which it well behooves us to expand our vision over the vast prospective.

The successive decennial returns of the census since the adoption of the Constitution have revealed a law of steady progressive development, which may be stated, in general terms, as a duplication every quarter-century. Carried forward, from the point already reached, for only a short period of time as applicable to the existence of a nation, this law of progress, if unchecked, will bring us to almost incridible results. A large allowance for a most incridible results. A large allowance for a direct seement of the diminished proportional effect of emigration would ma's Seed Drill, which although patented last becomes us to economise, and I would advise you not very materially reduce the estimate, while the October, has already drawn a premium of increased average duration of human life, known to have already resulted from the scientific and hygienic improvements of the past fifty years, will tend to keep up through the next fifty, or perhaps hundred, the same ratio of growth, which has been thus revealed in our past progress; and to the inlaboring masses from eastern Asia to the Pacific than we can possibly give. side of our possessions, together with the probable accession of the populations already existing in other parts of our hemisphere, which, within the period in question, will feel, with yearly increasing force, the natural attraction of so vast, powerful, and prosperous a confederation of selfgoverning republics, and will seek the privilege of being admitted within its safe and happy bosom, transferring with themselves, by a peaceful and healthy process of incorporation, spacious regions of virgin and exuberant soil, which are destined

millions of our race. These considerations seem fully to justify the presumption, that the law of population above stated will continue to act with undiminished effeet, through at least the next half century; and good and prime Reds, mostly Southern, at \$1,50, that thousands of persons who have already arriv- affoat. ed at maturity, and are now exercising the rights of freemen, will close their eyes on the spectacle of more than one hundred millions of population embraced with the majestic proportions of the American Union. It is not merely as an interesting topic of specu ation that I present these views for your consideration. They have important practical bearings upon all the political duties we are of government has worked on what may be termed a miniature scale, in comparison with the development, which it must thus assume, within a future so near at hand, as scarcely to be beyond the present of the existing generation.

It is evident that a confederation so vast and so varied, both in numbers and in territorial extent, in habits and in interests, could only be kept in national cohesion by the strictest fidelity to the principles of the Constitution, as understood by those who have adhered to the most restricted construction of the powers granted by the people and the States. Interpreted and applied according to those principles, the great compact adapts itself with healthy ease and freedom to an unlimited extension of that benign system of federative selfgovernt, of which it is our glorious and, I trust, immortal charter. Let us, then, with redoubled | Co. N. J. vigilance, be on our guard against vielding to the temptation of the exercise of doubtful powers even under the pressure of the motives of conceded temporary advantage and apparent temporary ex-

The minimum of federal government, compatible with the maintainance of national unity and efficient action in our relations with the rest of the world, should afford the rule and measure of construction of our powers under the general clauses of the Constitution. A spirit of strict deference to the sovereign rights and dignity of every State, rather than a disposition to subordinate the States into a provincial relation to the central authority, should characterize all our exercise of the respective powers temporarilly vested in us as a sacred trust from the generous confidence of our constitu-

In like muner, as manifestly in lespensable condition of the perpetuation of the Union, and of the realization of that magnificent national future adverted to, does the duty become yearly stronger and clearer upon us as citizens of the several States to cultivate a fraternal and affectionate spirit, lang tage and conduct, in regard to other States, and in relation to the varied interests, institutions, and habits of sentiment and opinion, which may respectively characterize them. Mutual forbearance, respect, and non interference in our personal action as citizens, and an enlarged exercise of with the day of Dedication. the most liberal principles of comity in the public dealings of State with State, whether in legislation or in the execution of laws, are the means to perpetuate that confidence and fraternity, the descale, could not long survive.

In still another point of view, is an important practical duty suggested by this consideration of the magnitude of dimensions, to which our political system, with its corresponding machinery of government, is so rapidly expanding. With increased vigilance does it require us to cultivate the cardinal virtues of public frugality and official integrity and purity. Public affairs ought to be so conducted that a settled conviction shall pervade the entire Union, that nothing short of the highest the entire Union, that nothing short of the highest tone and standard of public morality marks every part of the administration and legislation of the ISAAC A. SHEPPARD. part of the administration and legislation of the general government. Thus will the federal system, whatever expansion time and progress may give it, continue more and more deeply rooted in the love and confidence of the people.

That wise economy, which is as far remove from parsimony as from corrupt and corrupting extravagance-that single regard for the public good, which will frown upon all attempts to approach the treasury with insiduous projects of private interest cloaked under public pretexts-that sound fiscal administration, which in the legislative department, guards against the dangerous temptations incident to overflowing revenue, and in the executive, maintains an unsleeping watchfulness against the tendency of all national expenditure to extravagance, -while they are admitted elementary political duties, may, I trust be deemed as properly adverted to and urged, in view of the more impressive sense of that necessity, which Harmony Academy for Rend is directly suggested by the considerations now

presented. Since the adjournment of Congress, the Vice President of the United States has passed from the scenes of earth, without having entered upon the duties of the station, to which he had been called by the voice of his countrymen. Having occupied, almost continuously, for more than thirty years, a seat in one or the other of the two houses of Congress, and having, by his singular purity and wisdom, secured unbounded confidence and universal respect, his failing health was watched by the nation with painful solicitude. His Boss to the country, under all the circumstances, had been justly regarded as irreparable.

In compliance with the act of Congress of March 2, 1853, the oath of office was administered to him on the 1853, the oath of office was administered to him on the poolal, favor by accompanying their purchases 24th of that month, at Ariaine estate, near Matanzas, with the cash as frequently as convenient.

The the identity of Cubes but, his strength gradually dependently as convenient.

Dec. 10, 58, CONRAD MEZGER. in the island of Cuba; but his strength gradually de-

clined, and was hardly sufficient to enable him to re-turn to his home in Alabama, where, on the eighteenth day of April, in the most calm and peaceful way, his

long and eminently tiseful career was terminated. Entertaining unlimited confidence in your intelligent and patriotic devotion to the public interest, and being conscious of no motives on my part which are not in- Chairs, Tubs, Pails, pots, pans, Dishes; a quantity separable from the honor and advancement of my of Rag Carpet, Barrels, &c. country, I hope it may be my privilege to deserve and secure, not only your cordial co-operation in great public measures, but also those relations of mutual confidence and regard, which it is always so desirable to cultivate between members of co-ordinate branches of

FRANKLIN PIERCE. Washington, D. C., December 5, 1858.

Our attention has been called to the draught of new village recorded in the County Clerk's office. in Maurice River Neck, to be called HEISLER-VILLE. It contains a Methodist Chtrch and number of respectable dwelling houses, &c. The indications of the times are onward.

We invite the attention of Farmers to the advertisement in another column of Mum-Twenty Dollars at the Maryland State Fair and a premium of Ten Dollars and diploma at the Pennsylvania State Fair, besides premiums at other county fairs. Such a succession of premiums awarded by agriculturists fluence of these causes may be added the influx of themselves is a much better recommendation

> Further particulars can be given by applying at this office.

Bridgeton Prices Current.

powerful, and prosperous a confederation of self-	Corrected every Friday.
governing republics, and will seek the privilege of being admitted within its safe and happy bosom, transferring with themselves, by a peaceful and healthy process of incorporation, spacious regions of virgin and exuberant soil, which are destined to swarm with the fast-growing and fast-spreading millions of our race.	Oats 87 Pork 8 Pork 8 Pork 8 Pork 8 Pork 12 to 14 Pork 13 to 14 Pork 14 to 14 Pork 15 Pork 15 Pork 16 to 14 Pork 17 to 14 Pork 17 to 14 Pork 17 to 14 Pork 18 to 14 Pork 1
millions of our rice.	

The demand for Wheat continues active, and with light receipts. About 5000 bushels prime Pennsylvania White sold at \$1,60, and 5 and 6000

Corn is dull, with more offering, and 5 and 6000 bushels sold at 68 a 70 cents for new, and 77 cents for old yellow. Rye is very scarce, at 95 and 96 cents for prime Pennsylvania. Oats in fair demand, at 43 cents for good Delaware, and 46 a 47 cents for Pennsylvania. In Groceries there is not rod, which at the same time is a certain guide for much doing, owing to the firmness of holders, who driving straight. and demanding full rates for Coffee and Sugar .-called upon to perform. Heretofore, our system P. ovisions-The market remains inactive, and prices are still unsettled.

MARRITO.

In Philadelphia, on the 1st inst., by Rev. J. N. Folwell, JEREMIAH DUBOIS to HENRIETTA P. SEE-

On the 7th inst., in Greenwich by the Rev J. M. Challis, Mr. SAMUEL WATSON, to Miss PHEBE M. BACON, daughter of Mr. William Bacon, dec.

At Marlboro, on the 17th of November, by the Rev. D. Clawson, Mr. Theopholis D. Ayans, of Marlboro, to Miss Ruth Dare, of Greenwich.

At Port Elizabeth, on the 3d inst., by Rev. Edwin Waters, Mr. SAMUEL L. DONLEY, to Mrs. Eli-ZABETH KANE, both of Heislerville, Cumberland

MINE OF

On the 19th ult . CHARLES OGDEN, Jr., of Fair field, in the 28th year of his age.

The deceased was esteemed by all who knev im, for his integrity of character and usefulness as a citizen of the community in which he lived. In the early part of the illness which terminated his life, he manifested a deep interest in his eternal welfare, and gave good evidence of a preparation for the change that awaited him.

On board the ship Banawha, as first Mate bound to Monte Video, S. America, on the 2d of July last, of seven days severe ilness, Joseph T. TINDALL, aged 24 years and 10 months son of Andrew and Priscilla M. Tindall.

DEDICATION.

THRIBITY M. E. CHURCH, Fayette street, Bridgeton, will be Dedicated to the worship of Almighty God, on December 25th, (Christmas,) Eishop Scott will preach at 101 A. M. L. R DUNN, of Paterson, at 3 P. M. Services also at 7

Pie chers and people of contiguous charges are invited to attend.

SAMUEL M. HUDSON, Pastor

N. B.—A series of religious meetings will be held in the above named Church, commencing Ome Mollar Reward.

OST.—On Sunday Morning the 4th inst., going from Milltown to the first Presbyterian Church, a CORNELIAN BRACELET. The finder cay of which a mere political union, on so vast a will receive the above reward, by leaving it at this Bridgeton, December 10, 1853.

SPECIAL MEETING. Special meeting of the Directors of the Mutu-Al Fire Insurance Company will be held at E. Davis and Son's Hotel, Bridgeton, on Monday Dec. 12th, at 21 o'clock. P. M. Dec. 10, 1853. HENRY B, LUPTON, Sec'y.

Building Lots for Sale. HYHREE Building Lots on the West side of Wal-

Bridgeton, Dec. 10, 58.-4w.

ESTRAY. PLMER Danzenbaker, Herring Row, records one brindle steer and one white heifer, each ed to be coming three years old. Marked a op off the right ear and slit in the left. Charles Wheaton, Jr. Back Neck, records one red steer, coming two years old, spotted face, spike horns—no ear mark.

Cedarville, Dec. 7, 'b3.

Clerk of Fairfield.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

PRICE REDUCED. have received by a late arrival a cargo of Pe ruvian Guano which I will sell at a reduced price for cash, or in exchange for Grain and Poatoes. Farmers would promote their interest by securing a supply for their spring crops.
R. G. BREWSTER.

Bridgeton, Dec. 10, 1853.-2m. HIS Large and roomy Academy pleasantly lo-cated on Bank street, Bridgeton, will be rent

d for a term of years, to any competent Teacher There being but one Classical School for young nen, or Boarding School for young ladies, in the County of Cumberland, it is presumed, such schools, is much needed at Bridgeton and would receive adequate support. Apply to H. R. MERSEILLES,

Bridgeton, Dec. 10, 1853. Sec. of Trustees. Again in the Field.

THE subscriber would announce to the citizens of Bridgeton and vicinity that he has again ed the Butchebing Business, and is now repared to supply them with fresh Mear from his wagon at their own residences, or at his house in Pearl street. His customers will confer an es

VENDUE. Will be sold at Public Sale, on Wednesday, the 14th day of December, 1858,

T the late residence of James Tomlinson, dec., in the township of Greenwich, a variety of HOUSEHOLD GOODS, such as Beds. Bedding and Bedsteads, Tables,

Stock and Farming Utensils, Consisting of one pair of Horses, one pair of Mules Consisting of one pair of Horses, one pair of Mules, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, a variety of Gearing, Lumber and Covered Wagons, Shelvings, Horse Rake, Ploughs, Harrows, rakes, forks, hoes, &c.

AY and Grain! A quantity of Clover Hay, Wheat growing, (by the acre;) Wheat and Oats by the bushel, together with all the Personal Property of said deceased.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.; conditions at Sale by

CHARLES H. TOMLINSON. Greenwich, Dec. 3, 1853. Administrator.

The One Idea, I'S beginning to prevail that to make sure of neat and comfortable suit of clothes, you should see them all made up, before you purchase them. Hence, arises the establishment of Clothing Stores and the decline of Tailor Shops. The peo ple want to be certain of what they are going to have and they wish to make good use of their me to buy at my store; where owing to certain advantages, I can afford to sell at lower prices than you can get clothing elsewhere. My stock consists of Over Coats just received. Sack, Dress and Frock Coats; Vests, Pantaloons, under clothing; Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet-Bags and Umbrellas.

MORRIS HAAS

East Commerce Street. CITIZENS OF NEW JERSEY, Patronize Your Own State. ALEM & BRIDGETON Despatch Stage Line.
Through in six hours, from Bridgeton to Phidelphia, connecting with the new, safe and

plendid Steamer MIANTONOMI!

This Line will leave Davis & Son's Hotel, Bridgeton, on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 43 o'clock, A. M., and the first pier below Arch street, per Steamer Miantonomi, on Mondays and Saturdays at 1½ o'clock, P. M., and Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock, A. M. Rep Persons leaving their names at Davis & Son's Hotel, Bridgeton, will be called for at their residence. All errands will be punctually attended to as the driver will travel up and down in the Boat. MINOR C. HARVEY, Jr. Driver. December 10, 1853.-tf.

Farmers Look Here. WHE Subscriber is now manufacturing and o cring for sale, a new and superior kind of Seed Drill, which pussesses the following advantages over all others now in use: 1st. By having the guiding wheel in front, it bears the weight of the machine so as to relieve

while it facilitates turning by means of the long 2d. The tongue being hung by a universal joint admits a deviation right and left by the horses, as the inequality of the ground too often occasions without thereby dragging the machine ing blank or unsown curvatures in the field.

the horses from supporting so great a burden,

3d. The shifting rods regulating the cylinder and the booted shovels, are so constructed that one, two, or all the shovels can be raised or let down in a moment, and at the same time opening or shutting off the grain. The cylinder revolves with the wheel by means of cog wheels, attached to a shifting rod, so as to unlift it in a moment, when the drill can be driven and no grain wasted. When sowing, it can be a-dapted for large or small grains, which pass in a regular stream. All clogging from chaff or white reads is prevented by means of iron pegs in the re-

volving groovs, which pick them out the moment

sent themselves. There is also a clock-work attached which strikes the moment an acre is sown, and exhibits the fractions of the acre accurately; thus it will measure a field and declare the amount sown. Al together it is just the thing to draw the admiration of all who behold it, and hence upwards of 150 will be called for. machines have already been ordered, though it has so recently taken the field for competition with the many excellent seed drills already in use. JACOB MUMMA, Putentee. Mount Joy, P. O., Lancaster Co, Pa.

Beauty, Health, and Cheapness. AMUEL L. FITHIAN has on hand and for sale a large lot of Zinc Paints as follows viz. Pure c White No. 1, 2 & 3, Brown Zinc, Black Zinc,

Zinc Dryer and Demar varnish. The Zinc Paints in their improved state have now been in use for a number of years and fully tested side by side with the Best Pure White Lead and has in every instance proved to be superior to White Lend both in Color, Durability, Beauty, and Cheapness. From experiments it has been found that 100 lbs best White Zine will cover when applied in three coats on new work as much surface as 1662-3 lbs White Lead Pure, and will cover as well which makes the Zinc over 60per ct cheaper than

It is equally applicable to inside or outside work or for the bottom of vessels or in any other place where paint is necessary. The reasons above given, we think should satisfy any one of the Superiority of the Zine paints but should any yet doubt, we should be pleased to have them give us a call and we think we can fully satisfy them of their superiority for Beauty, Durability, Health & Cheapness.

SAMUEL L. FITHIAN.

Dec. 10, '53 Opposite E. Davis & Son's Hote'.

Harness Maker. THE subscriber has established himself at CE-DARVILLE, where he will carry on the bu siness of HARNESS MAKING. He will furnish those who may favor him with their eustom, with Plated, Brass and Japanned mounted, and with Stage, Wagon and Cart Harness, either double of

single. He will make to order Horse Collars of sizes to suit. He has also on hand Whips of various inds.

JOSEPH R. MAPES. Cedarville, December 3, 1853.-3m.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

MITCHELS, Smiths and other Geographys Comstocks and Parkers Philosophy; Davies, Greens and Colburns Algebra; Kirkham's, Bul-lion's, Browns, Smiths, and Wells' Grammar; Bullions, and Andrews Lattin Grammar; Familiar Science, Emersons, McGuffys, Sannders, Comleys, Porters and other readers; Davies, Smiths, Vodges, Emersons, Greenleafs, Roses, Bennetts and Colburns Arithmetics, together wite a general as-sortment of School Books, Blank Books, Stationary &c., &c. For sale by F. G. BREWSTER. Bridgeton, December, 3, 1853.

NOTICE. A LL persons having demands against the estate of Charles Odden, Jr., dec., will preent them for examination and settlement to

HARRIS OGDES, &. Fairton, Dec. 3, 1853.-2w* MAUL & BROTHER, FFER for sale at the lowest rates,

bbls. strictly prime New Orleans Molasses, 5 hhd. do do Tr 2 '' Muscava do Trinidad do. 20 sacks Java, Maracaibo, Rio, Laguira and Cape 1 tierce best Carolina Rice.

20 bbl. pulverized and refined Sugars. 5 hhd. West India do. 10 chests Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Souchong and Oolong Teas, with Cheese, Raisins and a full assortment of other Groceries. Greenwich, Dec. 10, 1858.

Wanted Immediately, ANDS to chop second growth oak and pine wood, near James River Virginia, at 50 cts. Good boarding to be furnished on the spot at \$1.75 or 2.00 per week full employment quaranteed for one year if desired, and passage furnished free to any who engage for three month

ALSO.—Four or five lads or young men (not less than 15 years of age) to work on a farm in the same vicinity, one or more of them to attend the market at Norfolk, Virginia, wages &c as can be agreed upon, according to capacity.

Enquire soon of Levi Eldridge, Esq. No. 7 North wharves, Philadelphia, or of D. B. Moore, Commerce street, Bridgeton, N. J.

December, 8, 1858.—8t.*

ADIES, Misses and Childrens Boots and Shoes, all kinds; Mens, Youths and Boys, heavy and fine Pegg'd Brogans; Gum Shoes, Buskins &c.

A full assortment, for sale by Oct. 22, 1853.

HYMN BOOKS,

CONSTANTLY for sale. Methodist Hymns, Baptist Phalmost, Presbyterien Psalms and Hymns and Pacies, Palmost, The Have, Charisten ALSO.—Four or five lads or young men (not less

or more.

FOR SALE. Enquire of.

Bridgeton, Nov. 19, 1858.

List of Letters Remaining in the Post Office, in Bridgeton,

N. J., Dec. 1, 1853. B. Ann E. Bacon, Joseph Bacon, Iredell Butch r, John Barr, John Berton. C. Abner S. Conell, Alice Cunningham, Anthony Canon, Wm. Cummins, James Copley, H, Con-over, Bridget Chimbrel. D. Bridget Dox, Joseph Downam, (2) F. C. Doughten, John Dougherty.

F. Avery B. Fifer. in Griner, Angeline Grey. G. Ellen Griner, Angeline Grey.
H. Solomon Hofheimer, R. Harker, S. R. Hand,
Wesley Homer, Jr., Rachel M. Heritage, (2)
J. Jonathan Joelin.
L. Wm. H. Lamb, Wm. Loyd, Anna Francis
Loyd, Phebe Leake, Timothy H. Lincum, W. L.

Libzenberg, John Loper. Jr. M. William Madara, I. N. Marr. O. Jacob Ott, Geo. W. Ott. R. Isaac Ridgeway, Nathan Riley, Simeon Randell, Thomas Rogers, Jno. Robinson, Sam'l. Robeson, Margaret Solly, Lewis R. Souder, Joseph Swing, James Sharp.
T. Beriah I. Taylor, Wm. Thomas, Wm. Ja

W. Jno. Wainwright or heirs, Jno. Winship, Lewis McWilliams, Rachel L. Woodruff. HENRY SHEPPARD, P M. In the course of human events it becomes neces

sary to let the citizens of Bridgeton and the sur-rounding country know that Bridgeton is fast be-coming the metropolis of West Jersey, if she is not While in the keen strife of trade there are many whose finer feelings become callous by the real collision of interest, there are many noble spirits to be found, who keep the generous impulses of the heart sensitively alive to the call of humanity and whose practical philanthropy is constantly best means of promoting the public

These feelings prompt to new enterprises, such for instance as the new Auction, Furniture and Commission Store established by our worthy towns men. PARVIN & CO.

Farm for Sale.

Will be Sold at Public Sale on Thursday the 15th day of December next,

At E. Davis & Son's Hotel Bridgeton, At two o'clock, P. M. the Farm on which the subscriber formerly lived, situate in Stoe Creek town-ship, about one mile West of Roadstown and five Said Farm contains 100 acres, in a good state

of cultivation The Improvements consist of a large Dwelling House nearly new, two stories high, with four rooms on each floor and a llar under the whole, with well of excellent water at the door, a good Barn and Wagon House. There is on the farm a thrifty young Orchard of 200 trees of superior fruit, and also two acres of Woodland.

The property lies within a mile and a half of one of the best Marl Beds in the county. It is also within a short distance of several good Mills, Churches and School Houses. Persons desirous of viewing the premises, will be shown the same, by Martin O.t, now residing

T the same time and place, a Lot of BUSH A LAND of about fifteen years growth, situate in Lower Alloways Creek, Salem county, near Jericho, containing six acres, more or less Conditions made known on the day of sale. LEWIS M. BROOKS. Oct. 22, 1853.

Salem Standard please copy and send bill to

Winter Arrangement. Port Elizabeth, Millville and Bridgeton STALES.

On and after Monday, the 5th of December, the above Line will leave the Hotel of Wm. J. Royal, Port Elizabeth, every morning (Sunday excepted) at 7½ o'clock, and A. Wescott's Hotel, Millville, at 8½ o'clock. Returning, will leave E. Davis & Son's Hotel, Bridgeton, at 2 o'clock, P. M., and A. Westcott's Hotel, Millville, at 4 o'clock. Passengers leaving their names at either of the

will be called for.

Persons from different places, by being at the Hotel in Port Elizabeth, by the time above men ioned, can visit Bridgeton and return the same day While the Millville Bridge is taken up, this line will only run between Millville and Bridgeton. All errands thankfully received and punctually attended to. SAMUEL BISHOP, Proprietor and Driver.

Port Elizabeth, Dec. 3, '53.

TEACHER WANTED ANTED, a female teacher to take charge the PRIMARY DEPARTMENT of the Bridgeton School. An examination of applicants will be held at the School House on Bank st. on Saturday the 17th day of Decembe. next, at two o'clock P. M. H. B. LUPTON, Sec. of Trustees.

Bridgeton, Nov. 26, 1853.-4t.

OTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of New Jersey at its next session, for and in behalf of the several owners of a tract of Banked Salt Mursh Meadow situate on Jones' Island, in the township of Fairfield and County of Cumberland to incorporate the Company, assuming the name of the "Jones' Island Banking Company."

Fairfield, Nov. 21st 1853.

NOTICE. OTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of this State at the next session for a charter for a Bank at Millille with a capital of \$100,000.

Millville, N. J. Nov. 26th 1853. ESTRAY. TNE red steer, supposed to be three years old last spring. No ear mark. Natural mark—thite on the tip of his tail—recorded in the township book of Fairfield and in possession Levick, Jones Island. WILLIAM HARRIS, Clerk of Fairfield Township. Cedarville, Nov. 23d, 1853.-3t.

NOTICE. OTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of this State at sugar bowls, cream cups, fluid lamps, jars, cup on for an Alteration in the Act Incorporating The Town Hall Association of Bridgeton Cumberland County, passed February 28 1849. Bridgeton, Dec. 3, 1858.

WOHN MIXNER, posts a red and white spotted Bull coming two years old, with a white face J. B. DAVIS, Clerk of Hopewell. Hopewell, Nov. 26, 1858. WANTED.

good blacksmith. To a steady man well acquainted with country work, an excellent SAMUEL R. HAND. Pleasantville, Cum. Co. N. J. Nov. 26, 1858.

HARMONY ACADEMY. THE Winter term of this school will commen on Monday, 21st of November, consisting of November (November (Nov welve weeks. November 16, 1853.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. NE Hundred hands to make Coats, Pants and Vests. Steady employment will be given to hands.

S. P. KIRKBRIDE. good hands. Bridgeton, Nov. 12, 1853.-6w.

WANTED, FIFTEEN or Twenty Cord Wood Cutters, whom Seventy-Five cents per cord, in cash, be paid. NATHANIEL STRATTON. Millville. Nov. 12, 1858.-6w.-*.

Wanted, Y the subscribers, two Journeymen Tailors to whom the best of wages will be given by McCOWAN & BORDEN, Commerce st., Bridgeton Nov. 5, 1858.

BOOTS AND SHOES. ADIES, Misses and Childrens Boots and Shoes,

Baptist Psalmist, Presbyterian Psalms and Hymns and Parish Psalmody, The Harp, Cherister, Union Hymn, Songs of Zion, and songs for the little ones at home. Also the Presbyterian Confession of Faith, at depository prices by Dec. 8, 1858. F. G. BREWSTER.

Auction Mart and Commission Store. THE subscribers would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Bridgeton and its vicinity that they have taken the large and commodius rooms opposite the Fireman's Hall and have open-

Commission and Furniture Auction Store where they will hold sales on ... Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, F Household, Furniture, Hardware, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes together with a variety

of miscellaneous goods.

Private sales every day and evening through the week. The public are invited to give us a call as we will take pleasure in showing our goods.

Persons declining housekeeping and having Furranged in the most conspicuous manner, and if of price. required circulars will be sent, giving notice on what day the sales will take place

Goods of every description taken on commiss and sold at public or private sale. As we intend to devote our time and attention to the business we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction.

PARVIN & CO. Bridgeton, Nov. 26, 1853.

Cumberland Circuit Court. Joel Davis vs. Simon Woodruff-Domestic Attach-

ment.
Rebecca Chabot vs. Lewis Davis-Foreign Attach TOTICE is hereby given that the plaintiffs in the above stated attachments, and other liters who have applied to us, or the Court, according to the statute, are required to meet at the office of Hugh R. Merseilles, at Bridgeton, on the 10th day of December next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive their distributive shares of the monies arising from the sale of the defendants' pro-

DAVID POTTER, HUGH R. MERSEILLES, Dated Oct. 29, 1853.

perty, taken in the above stated attachments.
HENRY SHEPPARD,

BOOKS! BOOKS!

supply of Books published by the Book con-A cern of the M. E. Church, will be kept on sale at the Hat Store of J. Bunt, West Bridgeton, mong which may be found a number of very popular and instructive memoirs and biographies o Eminent Ministers and christian men and women Wise's Counsels to young men do. to young women. Do. do. to young women. Do. Bridal Offering. Stevens Memorials of Methodism.

The Successful Merchant, a work of peculiar in The Village Blacksmith. Methodist Disciplines and Hymn Books in variou styles of binding. lethodist Almanac. Family and Pocket Bibles The public are respectfully invited to call and see them. Persons designing to make Holiday presents to their friends, may here find something olid and useful as well as entertaining. Prices as low as at the depositories in Philadel

phia and New York.

Bridgeton, Nov 26, 1853. HOUSE FOR SALE.

IN HE subscriber offers at private sale the Dwelling House in Warren st., in which he now re-The building is two stories high with 20 feet front and 30 feet deep, and is well built in modern style, with the latest improvements, and is nearly new. There is a kitchen attached 12 feet by 16. The House is suitable for a large family or for boarders and is in a very pleasant neighborhood and near the Public Scho

There is also a small Barn on the premises. For further particulars enquire of CHARLES LANNING. Bridgeton, Nov. 26, 1853.

Oct. 1853. NARLSTON, Manchester and imported Ginghams, tickings, shirting stripes, checks, mus-ins bleached and unbleached; canton flannels col. and white, gloves, Hosiery and trimmings. A. STRATTON For sale cheap, by

DARMELLAS—A good assortment of these desirable goods, in all colors-b.ue, green, red, brown, drab. tan—at all prices from 25 cts. up. For sale cheap, by TERY pretty plaids, tarton plaids, for dresses, may be found at the Blue Store. A. STRATTON. For sale cheap, by

OOKING GLASSES at all prices, from 121 A to \$5.00. For sale by A. STRATTON. Green and Black and Imperial Teas. STRATTON confidently invites the atter STRATTON confidently invites the attention of lovers of this wholesome beverage to his superior teas, imported and packed by Jenkins & Co., formerly of China. For delicacy of flavor, these Teas are unsurpassed by any for sal

here. Try them. Oct. 15. DROWN, white, crushed Sugars; New Orleans Molasses, syrup molasses; laguira, Rio and ava Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, &c., fresh and gen-A. STRATTON. uine, tor sale by

Bridgeton, Oct. 15, 1858. SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! STRATTON would invite the attention o his numerous customers, to his Stock of his numerous customers, to his Stock of Shawis,—blue, green, mode and white centres. Plain Shawls with deep rich borders, small palm leaf shawls, plain shawls, heavy blanket shawls, broche shawls, long and square shawls of every color and price, for sale cheap at the Blue Store.

KEEP OUT THE COLD TALANNELS.—My stock of Flannels is very large—red, white and yellow, real Welch flannels, sack flannels, blue, grey, drab and other colors, for sale cheap by
Oct 22, 1853.

ALEX. STRATTON.

CHINA AND QUEENSWARE. THIHE subscribers have received an extensive as sortment of Queensware, China, White Stone China, &c. Tea sets and Dinner sets, in blue, brown, marble, white and fancy styles; plates, cups and saucers, covered dishes, long dishes, deep dishes, to match; pitchers and basins, bowls. mugs, common plates, and dishes of all kinds

spittoons, &c. GLASS WARE. plates, &c.

STONE WARE. Stone jars, jugs, butter pots and pitchers of all Oct 22, 1853. J. B. POTTER, & Co. WORSE Fleams, brushes and cards; brass and

iron curry combs; horn and iron mane ombs, for sale by H. J. MULFORD & BRO. Oct. 22, 1853. APPLES. Nassortment of New York Apples, by the bar-rel or bushel. Also, new bunch Rasins and Frankerries, for sale by F. G. BREWSTER.

DERSONS having unsettled accounts with the tirm of Bocap & Lanning, will please call on lmer G. Rocap and settle the same without delay Bridgeton, Oct. 29, 1858

NOTICE.

FLANNELS WHITE welch and gunze flannels; white, red, yellow, grey, blue, plain and twilled flan-nels, all prices from 184 to 75 cts. per yard. Also superior Bay State sack flan pink, blue, grey, and plaids—for sale by Oct. 1, '53. J. B. POTTER J. B. POTTER & CO.

HENRY NEFF. SURGEON DENTIST. Office continued at the Old Established Stand on Com

merce street, opposite the Post Office. Having practiced DENTISTRY successfully in Bridgeton, the past six years, I would take this opportunity of presenting my sincere thanks to my numerous patrons, and announce that I shall continue to perorm all operations in Surgical and Mechanical Gum Teeth inserted.

Silver " 25.
Plugging Teeth and all other operations on qually low terms.
Bridgeton, Feb. 5, 1858.-y.

H. J. MULFORD & BRO. rdmare and Lumber Merchants, S. E. Cornei Commerce and Atlantic Ste., Bridgeton, N. J. FEP constantly on hand a general assort ment of Lumber, sash, doors, window frames, saleined plaster, cement, plastering hair, building hardware, housekeeping hardware, tools, eathery, farming hardware, tools, eathery,

Profiting by Small Profits. Store and Stock Enlarged for Fall Business.

THE subscriber having enlarged his store, and greatly increased his stock of Goods, is now red to serve all his old, and as many new customers as may favor him with their patronage with every variety of

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, At his Real One-Priced Store, Commerce st., S. Side Where may also be found an extensive variety of cloths, cassimeres, vestings, and trimmings, selected with especial reference. mings, selected with especial reference to season and styles. The subscriber's long expe-rience as a Practical Clothier, and the personal su-pervision extended over clothing manufactured in his establishment, enables him confidently to asniture to dispose of, by leaving word at our store, can have it sent for, conveyed to the store and ar-

FURNISHING GOODS. Cotton flannel drawers, muslin, striped, and linen bosomed shirts, collars, suspenders, neck and pocket handkerchiefs, cravats, comforts, &c. Persons furnishing their own goods can have them made up as usual, at moderate charges, and

fits warranted ing also done at all times and fair prices. Don't forget the "ONE-PRICED STORE," merce st., south side, near the Post Office.-To charge for calling. Bridgeton, Oct. 8, '53. D. B. THOMPSON.

A New Place to Save Money, BY BUYING FOR CASH.

THE subscriber announces to his friends and the public that he has taken the stand lately occupied by Jer. H. Lupton, Commerce st., next door east of the Post Office, and opened with a varied assortment of LADIES' AND GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES, Selected with especial reference to the mar-

slippers, &c.; and gents' fine and coarse boots, brogans, walking-shoes, &c. Also, GUM OVERSHOES Of superior quality and latest styles. All of which will be sold at a low price for CASH.

ket and season. Ladies' misses' and children's plain and fancy gaitors, buskins, ties,

Repairing done at short notice and reason-Bridgeton, Oct. 8, '53-3m.

ALEX, STRATTON has in store and for sale Cheap, a Large assortment of DeLaines.
Rich Plaid DeLaines. Gay Fig'd. do, Neat do. do.

In all colors. Sept. 3. New Fall & Winter Goods. UST received a new Stock of goods partly consisting of Cloths, Cassimers, Satinetts plain d twilled, Flannels. Kentucky Jeans, Calicoes,

prices, by STRATTON & BRO, Sept. 17, '53. Next door to E. Davis' Hotel. De Lains and De Beges. New assortment of fig'd and plain DeLains of all prices from 10 cts. to 50 cts.

of all prices from 20 DeBeges of all shades and prices, by
STRATTON & BRO. TEW and very fine assortment of Imported and Domestic Ginghams and Calicoes, by Sept. 17. STRATTON & BRO.

TRATTON & BROTHER, have just received new lots of Embossed Table Covers. Sept.17 QUEENSWARE. TUST received and opened, a new assortment of Queensware, consisting of China Tea and Dinner setts of new patterns and very pretty, which an be had at the lowest prices, a STRATTON & BRO. Sept. 17. Next door to E. Davis & Sons Hotel.

WALL PAPER. STRATTON & BRO., next door to E. Davis & Son's Hotel, have just received a large assortment of Wall Paper, consisting of entirely new Sept. 17, '53.

New Goods for Fall. LEX. STRATTON is now receiving his Stock of Goods for Fall sales; consisting in part of De Beges, De Laines, Dark Prints, Ginghams, Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinetts; to which he would invite the attention of buyers. All of my goods have been bought on the most reasonable terms, and I am now prepared to offer ducements to buyers. Persons will find it to their dvantage to call early, as they thereby secure the

choicest styles. 183 ct. De Beges.
All wool de beges, de beges for 183 cts. Alex. Stratton is now receiving at the Blue Store, a large lot of these desirable goods.

Sept. 3. DARK PRINTS, n all colors, for sale, Cheap at the Blue Store, by

A. STRATTON. would invite the attention of buyers to my Stock of Fall Goods that I am now receiving. They have been selected with great care and I am prepared to sell them very low.

A STRATTON, Btue Store opposite E. Davis & Son's Hotel. Bridgeton, Sept. 3, '53. WATCHES—Good English and Swiss Levers, for sale at low prices by for sale at low prices by
G. HOWARD LEEDS.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!! VANKEE Clocks, good and cheap, for sale by Dec. 25. G. HOWARD LEEDS. Dec. 25. BUILDING Hardware, direct from the manufacturers, for sale low, by

FITHIAN, WHITEKAR, & Co. Sept. 24. Heart Cyprus Shingles from 6 to \$25 per thou'd White Cyprus All of which have been shipped to us direct from he manufacturers and are of the best quality.

FITHIAN, WHITEKAR, & Co. For sale by BLACK SHAWLS. CUPERIOR Black, Bay State, Long and Square

Shawls, for sale by Nov. 5, '53. J. B. POTTER & CO. PLEASE TO READ THIS.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED. TO Sell Pictorial and Useful Works for the Year 1854. Wanted, in every section of the United States, nctive and enterprising men, to engage in the sale of some of the best Books published in the Country. To men of good address, possessing a small capital of from \$25 to \$100, such inducegents will be offered as to enable them to make

from \$3 to \$5 a day profit. The Books published by us are all useful n their character, extremely popular, and com-mand large sales wherever they are offered. For further particulars, address, (postage paid,) ROBERT SEARS, Publisher, 181 William Street, New York.

NEW BOOKS. JUST received a new supply of Books and tracts, published by the American Tract Society of New York, and by the American Sabbath School Union of Philadelphia, and the Presbyterian Board f Publication, all of which are sold at their prices. Ten dollar and other Libraries furnished to Sabbath Schools at depository prices, with numbers and catalogues. Also a large assortment of Mis-cellaneous and school boooks, for sale low by F G. BREWSTER.

Bridgeten, Nov. 12, 1853. FAMILY BIBLES. A Large variety of plain and gilt edge quarto and Pocket Bibles, at very low prices, for sale by F. G. BREWSTER.

THE subscriber would inform the public, that he has purchased one of Eraber's Patent Wheat Drills And is now prepared to Drill in Wheat for those who may wish his services, at short notice and on reasonable terms. ROBERT P. SUTTON. Hopewell township, Sept. 17, 1858.—2m*

Notice to Farmers!

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. ook at interest and comfort, and then look those beautiful Buffalo Robes and Fancy Furs, Boas, Victorines and Muffatees, that are going at so fast a rate and at such great bargains, and you will make a wise choice.

Take a peep at those Hate, at

The Miss Whitaker's OF CEDARYHLE, would say to the public in general, that they have on hand, a handsome and varied assortment of

Fall and Winter Millinery Goods, Comprising Velvets, Silks, Satins, Tuffted Silks, Feathers and French and American Flowers, &c. N. B. Ready-made Bonnets constantly on hand. Cedarville, Oct. 22, 1868.

SHAWLS. DROCHA square Shawls, in green, white, canary, red, &c. Bay state square and long Shawls, in drab, green, red, marcon, grey and other shades. Terkerri and cashmere Shawls, new styles for Fall just received and for sale by J. B. POTTER, & Co. Sept. 17, '53.

TUST received, over 500 pairs BOOTS & SHOES

of various descriptions; beautiful new styles, Sept. 24. and Cheap, at C. CAMPBELL'S. NAMELED and Brass Preserving Kettles, at Sept. 17. H. J. MULFORD & BRO. POTATOE RIDDLES, potatoe drags, brier hooks, brier scythes, hay knives. straw do., ost spades, manure forks, fork handles, plough

H. J. MULFORD & BRO'S NO BUILDERS .- Front door, rim, mortice, rural, western, city, american, night, closet, locks. Blakes, stop, rural, cottage, case; drop, rim, mortice and square latches. Hinges, screws, bolts, knobs, buttons, window springs, sash locks, door springs, door bells, and a general assortment of building hardware, may be found at the right prices, at H. J. MULFORD & BRO'S

castings, wrenches, &c. &c., at

prices, at OUSEKEEPERS.—We have now a large and well selected stock of table cutlery, among which may be found buck, bone, horn, and coco handled dinner and dessert knives, carvers, butter knives, steels, &c. We have some very nice white handled dinner and desert knives, butter knives, carvers and steels, also table and tea spoons, coffee mills, sad irons, mince meat choppers, shovels and tongs, pokers, coal scoops, coal kettles, and a good stock of hardware in general. H. J. MULFORD & BRO.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES. UP'R black, brown, green, blue, and grey cloths—all qualities.

CASSIMERS.

French black and fancy cassimers; plaid, striped, figured and plain cassimers, tweeds, &c., just received and for sale by J. B. POTTER & CO. Oct. 8, '53. Spoons and Butter Enives.

LARGE assortment of silver and double plated table, tea, dessert; salt, and mustard spoons, butter knives and dining forks, warranted and twilled, Flannels. Rentucky seams, Calicocs, by DeLains, &c. &c., which will be sold at the lowest prices, by STRATTON & BRO, Sent. 17. '53. Next door to E. Davis' Hotel. BREASTPINS.

NEW and splendid styles—a large assortment.
Those with coral setts and the landscape engravings are decidedly the prettiest. Ladies are invited to call and see them.

Oct. 1, '53. W. H. THOMPSON. Few more of those superior Plastering Laths for sale by FITHIAN, WHITEHAR & Co. Oct. 1, '53.

UNS! GUNS! From \$2 25 up, for sale by Oct. 1,'53. FITHIAN, WHITEKAB & Co. TEMLOCK Scantling and white pine boards, at their usual low prices, by t. 1,'53. FITHIAN, WHITEKAR & Co. Good News for all Mankind!

Clothing---Ready Made Clothing! WHOLESALE and Retail Clothing and Gentlemen's Function HENRY RAU'S tlemen's Furnishing Store, west of the bridge, where you may find a newly opened assort-ment of Fall and Winter Ready Made Clothing not to be surpassed by any clothing house in New Jer-His prices are very low, so as to give poor and rich a chance to buy and keep warm. Coats, pants, vests, and underclothing of all sorts, and warranted to be well made and to fit excellent.

Call soon and look for yourself HENRY RAU'S New and Cheap Clothing Store, West Bridgeton; next to H. J. Mulford & Bro's. Oct: 1, '53:

Look Here! Look Here! The Public Good is our Desire. HATS! HATS! CAPS! CAPS! It is well known that S. C. Dare has sold hats and caps cheaper than ever was sold in Bridgeton before; and I suppose t may not be doubted for a moment that I, having purchased his new and cheap stock, do intend to sell a little cheaper than he; but you must fetch along the quills-don't say charge it, for I shall

not do it. So give me a call when you have got "Sell goods cheap and the people will buy. WM. B. STATTON, East of the bridge. Oct. 1, '53.

ON HAND. The subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally that he has a d assortment of Harness on hand, made by hand and not by machinery. For harness that will stand To drive through Jersey sand, Must be made by hand.

Saddles, collars, whips, trunks valices, carpet bags, with all other articles in his line, that he will oll as cheap as any man in New Jersey.
Oct. 1, '53, rd ENOCH SAYRE. Oct. 1, '53. pd NEW FALL GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received in store a variety of Dry Goods, for the season, such as Cassimers, black French Cloths, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, plain and twilled fiannels. Berege de Laines, Shawls, Muslins &c., which will be sold at the lowest prices. SWING & TOMLINSON. Fairton, Sept. 10, 1853. TURKS ISLAND SALT.

Cargo of Superior
COARSE SALT, Just landed and for sale by

1858. J. B. POTTER, & Co. CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! Charles C. Grosscup's

Young's Grocery Store. This is the place that every person will find it to their interest to call; having enlarged my Store and increased my Stock of Goods more than double, my old customers and as many new ones as will take the pains to call, will now find one of the most extensive Stocks of READY MADE CLOTHING

W HOLESALE and RETAIL Cheap Clothing Store and Gents. Furnishing Store, 3d

loor West of the Bridge and next door to N. K.

better goods for less money than they can get in Bridgeton or Salem. Oct. 22, 1858. MOTICE. THE Trustees of the Cumberland Alms House will receive sealed proposals for the furnish-

f December, 1853. Subject to the approval of the trustees; said persons giving security for the faithful performance of said contract. CHAS. B. FITHIAN, STEPHEN MURPHY, J. B. DAVIS, Trustees.

UGUST, 29. Sloop Mary, Capt. Riley, White Pine Boards and Plastering Laths, for FITHIAN WHITECAR & Co.

FITHIAN WHITECAR & Co. Bridgeton, Sept. 10, 1858. SPECTACLES. THE place to get good and cheap, silver, plated and steel Speciacles, to suit your eyes, is at

G. H. LEEDS' Clock & Watch Store, Commerce St., North side. A good assortment of glasses on hand. Bridgeton, Aug. 20, 1858. BURT'S Cheap Hat Store.

ARRIVED.

EPT. 1, Sloop Top Gallant, Capt. Henderson Brick, Shingles, Boards, Laths, &c., for Theo. E. Harris, Fairton, from

CLEARED.—Aug. 27, Sloop Top Gallant, Capt.
Henderson. White Pine Boards and Shingles
for John L. Sharp, Maurice River, from
FITHIAN WHITECAR & Co.

In West Jersey, and that is not all, I will sell them ing said house with 3500 lbs. of beef, until the 7th f Nov., 1853; and 6000 lbs. of pork, until the 5th

1853, Fall and Winter Goods. J. B. POTTER & CO.

RE now receiving their Stock of Goods for A Fall Sales, comprising the newest and most esirable styles of Foreign, Fancy and Domestic Dry Goods, to which they invite the attention of their customers and the public.
SILKS. Very superior black Sllks, black watered Silks, India Silks, rich change-

able Silks, and Turk Satins, figured Silks, plain grode nap, and Florence Silks—all colors. SHAWLS. New styles Cashmere and Thibet shawls, white, green, red, blue, &c. square and long wool shawls, drabs, reds, marcons, green, &c.; also, brocha shawls, all colors.

DE LAINES. Rich styles light and dark de laines, plain and gay styles, from 121 to 25 cents, comprising a very extensive assortment --Also, all wool plain blue, pink, canary and cherry

GINGHAMS. Dark French ginhams, Scotch, Lan caster and domestic ginghams-all PRINTS. Merrimac, Cocheco, and British madder prints—blue, pink, red, ca-nary, green black and every variety

of style from 61 to 121 cents.
Embroideries, French worked collars, frilled colars, collarettes, sleeves, flouncings, dgings, and insertings. GLOVES. White, black, and fancy colored kid gloves; white, black, and colored ilk, Lisle thread, & Filoselle gloves. HOSIERY. White, black, mixed and slate cotton

hose; black silk, wool, and Cashmere hose; men's mixed and white hose; and half hose; children's cotton and wool hosiery, all colors and qualities. FLANNELS. Red, white, yellow, grey, blue, and green flannels; gauze flannels; blue, pink and grey sack flamels; Canton nuels-all colors. DOMESTICS. Bleached muslins, 3-4, 4-4, 5-4 and 10-4 bleached sheetings and shirtings 3-4, 4-4, & 5-4 unbleached sheetings,

tickings, drillings, checks, bagging, grain bags, &c., &c. All wool, wool filling, and Venitian carpets; floor oil cloths, rugs, &c .-Together with a general stock of new goods, all of which will be sold very low for eash, or in exchange for Grain, Produce or Cord Wood. J. B. POTTER & Co.

Sept. 17, 1853.

FOR THE LADIES: Fail and Winter Fashion.

NFLUENCED by the prevailing law of Fashion the subscriber continues as heretofore, to present new fashions at the opening of the various Seasons. Taste demands that these fashions shall possess new combinations and exhibit aspirations after new forms and embodiments of the useful and beautiful. The increase of his business affords the most gratifying evidence of the kind appreciation in which his previous efforts have been held. His present offering is a DRESS GAITER for Fall or Winter, in the first style of elegance and distinction—being composed of rich and durable materials. While his principal fashion will undoubtedly be acceptable to the general taste, yet in order to gratify all, the subscriber has prepared a variety of styles, so that every one, old and young, plain or gay, can select that most becoming for themselves. The Paris style of Gaiter will commend itself for its dress appearance, it being de-

The subscriber therefore can confidently invite the attention of his friends and the public, to his establishment, giving them the assurance that he is fully enabled to offer articles of his own manufacture, at lower prices and of better quality, than are usually met with. It will ever be his aim to maintain for his goods the distinguished mark of superiority and relative Cheapness, which alone render them worthy of commendation and appro-

Ladies. Misses and childrens Gaiters and other work, always on hand.
THOMAS P. WILLIAMS. Bridgeton, Sept. 17, 1853.

From New York City.

HAVE just returned from the crowded metropolis, where I not only visited the beautiful Crystal Palace, but also numerous Clothing Emporiums, where I have selected a new and choice assortment of goods, for the Fall and Winter Trade. I am now ready for my customers, both in Bridge-ton and surrounding country. Gentlemen from Deerfield, Millville, Fairfield, Stoe Creek and Hopewell, as well as those who reside in the other townships and adjoining counties, are invited to come in and inspect my goods, as I can sell at mo-derate prices and lower than Clothing goods can be procured elsewhere, in this county. I now of-fer at fair prices, a lot of fine Broad Cloth Overcoats, made according to the latest styles and by good workmen. Also, beautiful dress and frock coats, vests of all descriptions, single and double, plain and gay, white and black, red, yellow, green, blue, indigo or violet, all made with the design to suit the eye and protect the person, together with pantaloons of all sizes and descriptions, bosoms, cravats and shirt collars.

MORRIS HAAS, East Commerce St., next to Dare's Building .. Bridgeton, Oct. 22, 1853.

W. H. THOMPSON. Has just received a large assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches and Jewelry of every description. Silver and Plated Ware, Viz: Table, ten, desert, salt and mustard Spoons; butter knives, forks, &c. Plenty of Clocks and Fancy Pime Pieces, of numerous varieties and patterns also, a few new style Porte Monnaies.

Bridgeton, Sept. 3. W. H. THOMPSON.

SPECTACLES! A very large assortment of silver, plated, ger-man silver and steel spectacles to suit every body. Spectacles as low as 20 cents complete in a case at Beidgeton, Sept. 3. W. H. THOMPSON'S.

COME AWAY AND BUY! DEACHES have gone, and the apple crop is a failure, consequently you are saving your lose change, and if you could only remember to make use of it at my store it would be greatly to your advantage, as you can now get a nice, neat coat, a pretty vest, or a shirt collar for a trifle .-Come and look at my assortment of pantaloons, my

HE subscribers have just received a large stock of Sugars, which they offer at the following low prices: good brown sugar, 61 cts. best brown 7 cts. pure white, 8 cts. SWING & TOMLINSON.

Fairton, Sept. 10, 1853. HEAR! HEED!! A LL persons owing me previous to the first day of April, 1853, are earnestly requested to

call and pay me without delay. NATHANIEL FISH. August 27, 1853.-3m.

FOR SALE,
With a general assortment of choice Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, &c.
Persons wishing to purchase will send their orders direct to the proprietor, at the Fairview Nurseries, Moorestown, N. J. Trees will be delivered at Philadelphia without

charge.

Catalogues may be had at the Pioneer office. Moorestown, Sept. 17, '53.-3m"

Mrs. Sarah S. Husted,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Bridgeton and vicinity, that she will attend at funerals and prepare the dead for burial, at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Residence in Jefferson street, near the Steamboat landing. Bridgeton, July 2, 1853-3m.

CLOCKS. The largest and best assortment of Clocks in (these ports) may be seen at th (these ports) may be seen at Ch. H. LEEDS!
Clock and Watch Store, Commerce street East of the

Bridgeton, March 12, 1853. POTATO Drags just received at Sept. 17, H. J. MULFORD & BRO.

RE-OPENED. Snyder's Combined Side and Skylight Daguerrean Rooms, Firemen's Hall, Bridgeton, N. J.

J. M. SNYDER

Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Bridgeton and vicinity, that he is prepared to take LIKENESSES, In every variety of style, size, &c. Now is the time to secure a Likeness

of yourself and friends, with all the truthfulness and beauty of life. Call at once and secure a picture while so favorable an opportunity is offered. I intend to remain a short time. Pictures set in lockets, breast pins, finger rings or fine cases and warranted satisfactory.

Daguerreotypes, Paintings, &c. copied and in many instances superior to the original picture.

Particular attention will be paid to family and SNYDER.

Sep. 3, 1853. Daguerrean, Firemen's Hall. GEO. W. H. WHITAKER, DENTAL SURGEON. especctfully informs the inhabitants of Bridge ton and vicinity, that he has succeeded J. C. Harris in the Dental profession, in the office occu-

pied by him, in Commerce St., Bridgeton, N. J. Having been extensively engaged in the manufacture of Porcenin cectar of every description, he is prepared to supply any deficiences, perfectly corresponding to supply any deficiences, perfectly corresponding to supply any deficiences, useful in mastiin color and natural appearance, useful in masti-cation and speech, of his own manufacture, insert-ed upon Gold, Silver, or Platinum Plates. Decayed Teeth filled with Gold or Staniel Foil. Especial care and attention will be devoted to this the quality as any other house in the City. most valuable and highly important operation for invite all to give us a call. preserving the natural Teeth.

Extracting, Cleaning: Correcting Irregularities of the Teeth, and treatment of Diseased Gums, performed in a careful and scientific manner. ETHER administered when desired. G. W. II. W. is a graduate of Hudson S. Burr, M. D., Dentist, of Philadelphia, whose recommen-

dation and others of Philada., Cincinnatti, Colum bus' &c., where he has been engaged, he submits Bridgeton, Jan. 8, 1853.

NEW CHEAP GOODS. has purchased the entire stock and fixtures of the old established store at the Head of Greenwich where he intends keeping constantly on hand an

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and igured debase, parmetta cloth, madonna, alapaca, deLanes, Berages, Lawns, Lusters, Tissues, Silks, Satins, Calicoes, Hosiery, &c., &c., for full and winter wear. A splendid assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Satinetts and Vestings, of styles and patterns to please all tastes, at remarkably low

GROCERIES Such as Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Sugar, Spices, &c., fresh and good, at prices extremely low. -Crockery, Hardware, and all the usual varieties of a country store on hand. GRAIN taken in exchange for goods and the

eash not refused By close attention to business and low prices he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.
CHARLES L. WATSON. Greenwich, Aug. 27, 1853.

Marmess! Marmess!! Harness that will show, Harness that will go; Harness that is low. REAT excitement in Bridgeton for a few days

The public are assured that there is nothing in West Jersey like it. For example, we take a side of leather and put it into the machinery, and in a few hours it comes out most beautiful silver plated Harness all neatly stitched and varnished, ready to put on the horse. ALSO, Brass mounted Harness, double

ALSO, Brass mounted Hand single. Japanned, Stage, wagon and cart Harness made to order Horse collars of all sorts, sizes, varieties and prices, constantly on hand or made to order. Cart, Coach and Switch whips for sale cheaper than oats. A large and varied assortment of Trunks, Valeeces, Carpet bags and satchels on hand at Philadelphia retail prices.

Ladies, mens and boys riding saddles, for sale All orders punctually attended to and work warranted to give satisfaction by ENOCH HANTHORN.

Next door to D. B. Thompson's Clothing Store. New Marl Beds.

TITIE subscribers would respectfully announce to the public that they have just opened a new

SUPERIOR WARL. In Stoe Creek township, near Davis's Mill and on the North side of the road near Reuben J. Ayres' dwelling, where they will be prepared to supply marl of a very superior quality in any quantity, and at prices as low as any other bed on Stoe Creek As the deposit of marl is more than twenty feet in thickness and we only take fourteen feet from the top, we shall sell none of the bottom marl so much dreaded by the farmers. The first ten feet of this mark, contains in great abundance the Perna Maxillata so highly spoken of by Professor Rodg-ers the state Geologist in his report published some years since. Farmers are earnestly requested to give us

call and test for themselves the superior quality of this marl. REUBEN DAVIS Jr. REUBEN J. AYRES. Stoe Creek Sept. 10, 1353 .- tf

DAVES AND CULEN. Dealers in Lamps, Lanterns and Chandeliers. N. E. Cor. of Fourth & Cherry sts., Phila. AVING enlarged and improved their Store, and having the largest assortment of Lamps Philadelphia, they are now prepared to furnish

PINE OIL, CAMPHENE, BURNING FLUID, Ethereal Oil, Phosgene Gas and Lard Oil; Lamps Lanterns, of all paterns, Fancy Hotel & hall lamps, Come and look it my assortment of plantations, my new 'bangups' and sacks, and you will be astonished to find in what a profitable way your change can be expended.

Oct. 22, 1853.

East Commerce st.

S U G A R S.

Aloohol, and (the only true) Phssgene Gas, they are found to the package of t can furnish these articles at such prices that Merchants will find it to their advantage to buy. Call before going elsewhere, if you want bargains. Also the Safety Fluid Lamp for salc. Philadelphia, Oct. 1, 1853.

CARPET STORE.

The subscriber having neatly fitted up his store in Commerce street, opposite Charles E. Elmer's, where he has just received and opened a handsome variety of Fall and Winter Carpets,

of various fashionable styles and prices. His stock comprises Ingrain Carpets, all wool Venitian, do. Step. do. Step. do. do. Rag and list Carpets of various qualities and ALSO, YOCOA and grass matting, oil cloths, door mats and Rugs.

From a thorough acquaintance with the business he is enabled to buy his stock so as to sell at

he lowest retail prices. Weaving done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. JOHN R. GRAHAM. August 27, 1853.

MARBLE YARDS

THE subscriber thankful for the favors extended toward the late firm, takes this opportunity that he will continue to have a large assortment of Tombs, Grave Stones, &c., which he will sell on the most reasonable terms.

RES MARBLE WORK in all its branches executed is per order. GEO. W. CLAYPOOLE,

Commerce Street, East of the Bridge. Bridgeton, N. J., Oct. 1, 1858. SATTINETS.

Plack, blue, grey, cadet, brown, figured, plaid, and fancy Sattinets, of all qualities, from 44 cts. to \$1 00 per yard. Having received a large supply at low prices, we can offer them cheap.

Also, Jeans, cushmaretts, plaids, &o., for boys' wear.

J. B. POTTER & CO. Wear. Oct. 8, '53.

Nims Patent Window. full sized Window can be seen at the Sash Factory of A. F. EVRINGHAM, in Bridgeton,

first door East of the Bridge, Mechanics and the public are requested to examine for themselves, as it combines cheapness, durabllity and simplicity. It will recommend it-self and wheever introduced meets with public favor. It does away with parting beads and stops. The sash will remain in any nosition, and wherever you leave them—no weights, cords or pulles are required; by simply turning a screw on the inside, the sashes can be removed without taking off any. casing or marring the paint. No wind or weather can get in, it is always tight in wet or dry weather, the jambs yield when the sash swells and when they shrink they are always tight, yet always loose, in fact it only has to be seen to be appre-A. F. E., sole proprietor of Nim's Patent for

Cumberland County.
Bridgeton, March 5, 1853. Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware. Mo. 58, Market St., above Second Street, South sids,

PHILADELPHIA. THE subscribers L. C. VOUTE & I. R. GROFF successors to S. R. Warrington & Co., would call the attention of their Cumberland, Salem and Cape May County friends and acquaintances to their well selected stock of Gold and Silver Lever, A. Escapement, Lepine and Vertical Wate'ies. Silver Table, Desert, and Tea Spoons and Forks, Ladles, Butter Knives &c., &c., of their own manufacture and warranted standard Silver. Also a general assortment of plated opocas, Forks, Ladles, Butter Knives &c., plated on germine albata; with a general assortment of Gold Jowelry, which they are determined to sell as low, according to

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired. VOUTE & GROFF. We do not assert that we will sell cheaper, than our neighbors, and make no assertions which we cannot carry out, but do say; those who buy and sell for Cash, can sell lower than those who do not. V. & G. Philadelphia May 21, 1853.

Jorden. Godfrey and Goff. Mouse Carpenters and Builders.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the public, that they have this day, April THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Greenwich and vicinity that prepared to execute work in a neat and workman 26th, 1853, entered into joint partnership and are like manner. Suitable materials furnished in all cases, if required. Also, that Charles Godfrey, jr. will collect all moneys and discharge all just de-THOMAS R. JORDEN, mands on the firm. CHARLES GODFREY, jr. WALTER S. GOFF.

Bridgeton, May 7, 1853.-4# JUST RECEIVED.

DY PACKET from Philadelphia, some new D styles Challi DeBeges, Barage BeLaines and very pretty selection of prints in tan colored grounds. Some handsome 4-4 prints in grounds, for 123 cts. Great bargains in MAUL & BRO'S. plain white Bareges, at

New Spring Goods. SAAC A. SHEPPARD, has just opered, a Fresh supply of Spring Goods, which will be sold for Cash, at a small advance upon cost price. The Fol-owing are a few of the articles that may be found

at his Establishment, Viz.

Fancy and plaid, dress silks, splendid wide blk silks, Mouselin de'laines, chally de'lains, all wool french challies, berege de lains, embroidered robes, lawns, ginghams, english and american prints.
ALSO. Plain and fancy cassimeres, black french cloths, cashmerett's, italian cloths, satinnetts kentucky

eans and a good assortment of cotton goods suitable for mens and boys wear. ALSO. A good assortment of domestic goods, consisting f bleached and unbleached muslins, tickings, table diapers, crash, towell diapers, cotton drillings

ozuabargs, check, mariners stripes, &c. &c.

Bridgeton April, 23, 1853. CLEAR THE TRACK; DEFIANCE TO ALL COMPETITION!! THE subscribers beg leave to offer their sincere thanks to the citizens of Bridgeton and vicinity, for the very liberal patronage that I as been bestowed upon them and would again desire to call attention to their extensive and very supe-

Ready Made Clothing. Consisting of superfine black, brown and blue Frock and Dress Coats, business coats, sacks, attees and monkey jackets. Superior black sa-

tin, fancy silk and cloth vests. Superior black and fancy cassimer and satinett pants. The above goods are all of their own manufacture. They are made of the very best materials, cut in the most tasty and fashionable style and made up in the most durable and workmanlike manner and will be sold as cheap as can be bought in Philadel

phin or elsewhere.

They would also state that they have just receive ed direct from Philadelphia, a large and very su-perior assortment of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings of English. French and American manufac ture, of the latest and most fashionable styles for Fall and Winter, which they are prepared to make up to order, in the most fashionable and elegant style of art and at prices which they are confident cannot fail to give satisfaction even to the most astidious.

They have also on hand an extensive and very superior assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods: such as shirts, collars, suspenders, gloves, neck ties, cra, ats, silk and linen pocket handkerchiefs, silk and merino under shirts and drawers, coat links and hosiery, which they will sell at the

ery lowest city prices. All who are in want of anything in our line, are cordially invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we can assure them they will not go away dissatisfied, as we are determin maintain the reputation which this establishment has always had of being the cheapest, best and nost fashionable in West Jersey. Persons urnishing their own goods can have

them made up in the most fashionable manner and warranted to fit. Cutting out done at the shortest notice McCOWAN & BORDEN,

cessors to J. D. Weldon, directly opposite to J. Potter & Co. Store. Sept. 17, '53. B. Potter & Co. Store. Sept. 17, '53.
N. B. Wanted, a Boy 15 or 16 years of age, t learn the trade.

Fall & Winter Millinery. Mars. Hammah Paulin, TOULD respectfully announce to the Ladies of Bridgeton and vicinity, that she still continues at the old stand, in Prosperity Row, a few doors West of the Bridge, where she has just

opened a new and fashionable assortment of Fall and Winter Millinery, fashions, suited for the secson.

Bonnets made and trimmed in the most fashion-

ble styles. Repairing done casonable terms. airing done at the shortest notice and or Bridgeton, Sept. 10, 1853. Carriage Making.

HE subscriber would respectfully announce to his friends and the public, that he still continues at the Old Stand, formerly occupied by Elwell & Ware, near Bowen's Livery Stable, where he will be prepared to manufacture Of the most approved styles and patterns; such as Ruggies, Rockaways, Jenny Linds,

Square hories and Market Wagons. Attention will also be given to Repairing. By strict attention to business, he hopes to mer-t and receive a liberal share of public patronage. SMITH M. WARE.

Bridgeton, July 23, 1853.-3m WANTED. 10,000 BUSHELS Wheat, 10,000 do. Corn, for which the market price will be paid.

N. K. YOUNG. Bridgeton, August 27, 1853. STILL Greater Improvements in Grain Drills.
MOORE'S Patent Seed and Grain Planter, For sale by ROBT. BARBER, sole Agent Bridgeton, July 2, 1863.

SPLENDID French Merinoss, fancy colors, also Parametta cloths at J. S. RICHARDSON'S Oct. 22, 1853.

New Drug and Candy

ESTABLISHMENT. THE subscriber would call the attention of his friends and the public to his New Store (corner of Commerce and Cohance) sts.,) where he is offering a fresh stock of DRUGS, consisting of all the articles against kept, together with Potash for making a second of the sec naking soap, and many other new items in the line. MEDICIMES.

Including the common and patent atticles of the day. FRUITS,—both domestic and Imported. STATIONERY. Coolscap, Letter and other papers, steel pens, lates, pencils, School Books, &c.

FANCY ARTICLES. Such as Hair brushes, port monies, fans, Pocket Knives, TOYS &c., in endless variety. Perfumery, Colognes, Fancy soaps, hair oils &c., &c. Also,

CANDIES,
F his own manufacture, Camphine and burning fluid, Paints, Oil, Turpentine, & Varnish. Having been engaged in the business in its va-rious branches for the last 16 years, he hopes to rious branches for the massive receive, a share of public patronage.

FRANKLIN DARE.

Bridgeton, April 9, 1853.

S. P. KIRKBRIDE Has a Lot of CLOTHING on hand, such as Dress, Frock and Sack Coats—Vests, &c., which he will sell for half price, for the sake of closing out the lot. Call and see and learn the ALSO, A good supply of Cloths, Cassimers both fancy and plain, Vestings, Trimmings, &c., which will be nade up to order in the best style and warranted

to suit or no go.

Country Produce and Wood taken in exchange. Garment Cutting done in double quick time. S. P. KIRKBRIDE. Bridgeton, Nov. 26, 1851.

PAINT YOUR HOUSES. UST received a large supply of fresh, pure white and brown Zinc Paint and pure white Lead, both of which are pronounced by the Paint-ers in Bridgeton, the best article they have ever nently qualified to fill the positions assigned them. lead, and is said to possess several advantages over tt. One superior property is, it will not mildew, but will remain white for years. For sale on as favorable terms as can be purchased elsewhere, by

An orancies usually taugut in Female Seminaries to an be successfully pursued in the Institute, viz: the formula of the common and Higher English and Mathematics, Ancient and Modern Languages, Including French, German, Italian and Spanish; Drawing and Paint-F. G. BREWSTER,

Sept. 24, 1853. DASKETS .- A good assortment of willow bas-D kets, consisting of Clothes baskets assorted Market baskets with or without covers. do. do. do. do.

do. do. do. do. do. Work For Sale by ROBERT J. FITHIAN, Corner of Broad and Franklin Streets, West Bridgeton March 19, 1853.

do.

do.

QUEENSWARE. UST received, a general assortment of Queens ware, including White Granite Dining Sets, hite and colored Tea Sets, &c. Also, a great variety of Glass ware.
March 26, 1853. ISAAC A. SHEPPARD.

ARPETS-The subscriber would call the at-) tention of buyers, to his assortment of Rag, Venitian and Ingrain Carpets. Also 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 Canton Mattings. March 26, 1853. ISAAC A. SHEPPARD. KID GLOVES,

HEAPER than the Cheapest.—But one quality kept, and those the best French Kid. These Gloves are equal if not superior to any Glove in Bridgeton, and notwithstanding some of the dealers in the article say I can't do it. I will sell them at the same old price, 69 cts. a pair. If you want a first-rate Glove call at J. FITHIAN'S Cheap Dry Goods Store.

SHOES AND BOOTS. TENS and boys Fine and Coarse boots Mens Buck, Taylor Ties, Congress Gaitors, Enamel ice boots, &c. Ladies Jenny Linds, Buskins, and a general assortment of shoes and boots of all and prices, for sale by

Fairton, May 14. SWING & TOMLINSON. New Enterprise. TITHE subscriber would respectfully aunounce to the citizens of Cumberland County, that

he has opened an IRON STORE, In Laurel Street, Bridgeton, two doors which makes the Zinc over 60per et cheaper than South of Fithian & Son's Store Where he designs keeping constantly on hand, a general assortment of Iron and Steel, together with Pasps, Files, Bolts, Malleable Castings.

Blacksmiths Coal, and all kinds of stock needed by blacksmiths in their business, which he will self at prices as low as can be purchased else-A liberal share of public patronage is solicited.
ISAAC PEDRICK.

Bridgeton, June 4, 1853.-tf. JEWELLRY! JEWELLRY!! CAMUEL L. FITHIAN, has for sale at his Drug 3 & Variety Store Commerce St. Bridgeton, a arge assortment of Jewellry consisting of Gold rings, Gold fob and vest chains, Gold pins and Gold pencils, with a variety of articles too tedious to enumerate. Call and examine for yourselves.

Bridgeton, May 14, 1853.-6t. HEAVE POWDERS. ATTERSALL'S Heave Powders for the radiand permanent Cure of Heaves Broken Wind, Coughs, Colds, Glanders, and all diseases which affect the Mucous Membrane of the Lungs Wind pipe, throat and head of the Horse. Also to expel Botts, and worms loosen the hide, improve the appetite and keep the animal in good condi-F. G. BREWSTER.

tion. For sale by F. C Price \$1.00 per. package. Bridgeton, May 28, 1853 NOR the Complete Cure of Corns & Warts Warranted to remove Corns and Warts in from five to fifteen minutes it is done with perfect Ease. Indian vegetable Tooth Ache remedy warranted to cure Tooth Ache in Two minutes.

Try it and if you are not satisfied return it to

the agent and receive your money.
Wm. BROOKFIELD Agent. Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork. THE Public can be accommodated with Meat of all kinds, at all hours, in large or small quantities; fresh-kiled every day. My menus and the public are respeatfully invi-

ted to test its quality. CHRISTIAN COOK. LIME! LIME!! LIME!!! THE subscribers have now ready for Delivery Comprising a choice collection of Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, &c., of the latest styles and will be sold, either for Cash or on Time, at their RILEY & MULFORD.

Bridgeton, Jan. 15, 1853. TRUCK! TRUCK!! TRUCK!!! CASH! CASH!! CASH!!! HE subscriber is prepared to pay Cash for all kinds of Truck to Farmers, bring it along to

the Cheap Cash Store. GEORGE DONAGHEY. Next door to Kr. Riley's Cooper Shop Commerce St. Bridgeton, July 9, 1853. VARNISHES.

OACH Body, running gear, cabinet, map and damer varnishes, japan and zine dryers, litharge, linseed oil and spirits turpentine. Also, paint and varnish brushes in great variety, for sale Sept. 15, '53. by F. G. BREWSTER, Druggist WINDOW SHADES: - a good assortment of

W Oil colored Window Shades, paper Shades &c. Table Oil Cloths, Door Mats, &c., at J, FITHIAN'S Cheap Dry Goods Store.

A lot of very superior Anvils on hand and for Sale at the Bridgeton Iron Store, in Laurel Street, near Commerce. ALSO—a few sett of very superior turned hick-I. PEDRICK. ry Spokes. Bridgeton, Aug. 6, 1858. CUTLERY. YOT A TELE

NIVES and Forks, (dinner and dessert) carv-ers, steels butter knivés, butéher knivés, bréad knives and cooks knives. A good stock, at Sopt 17. H. J. MULFORD & BRO. W 60D Saws and Chopping Axes, at 8 334 Sept. 17. H. J. MULFORD & BRO.

Cumberland Mutual Pire Insurance Company. CONTINUE to effect insurances upon property of various kinds, as heretofore, upon the strictly mutual principle, and offer a perfectly safe insurance at whatever it may cost to pay lose and expenses of the Company. The economy

attending it being fully shown during 9 years of its operations.

They have now outstanding 2528 policies \$2,618,000 insuring the amount of. Premium Notes deposited

Cash funds Benjamin Sheppard, Dr. Leonard Lawrence; Francis G. Brewster. Jacob Harris, Dr. J. W. Ludlam, Jonathan Elmer, Daniel L. Burt, Esq.,. D. A. F. Randolph, Dr. Wm. S. Bowen, Isaac West, Esq, Lewis McBride, David P. Elmer, James Stiles, Esq. Isaac A. Sheppard,

Nathan L. Strattor BENJAMIN SHEPPARD, PRESIDENT. HENRY B. LUPTON, Second AGENTS AND SURVEYORS:

Doct. James Loper, Millville,
"Joseph Butcher, Mauricetown,
"Reuben Willetts, Port Elizabeth, "Maurice Beesley Dennisville,
Thomas VanGilder, Esq. near Tuckahoe,
Abraham L. Izzard, Esq., Mays Landing.
John A. Clement, Leeds Point.
James Coombs, Esq., Pittsgrove.
Bridgeton, June 4, 1853.

Pennington Female Institute. THIS INSTITUTE, located in the village Pennington, Mercer county, N. J. (directly opposite the Conference Seminary) will close its present Scolastic year, on the 12th day of JULY next. The next session will commence on the PART DAY of SEPTEMBER, following.

Extensive arrangements have been made for the ensuing year, and no efforts will be spared to make the Institute stand (as it has stood) in the first RANK for educational advantages and literary ex-cellence. The subscriber will have associated with himself as PRINCIPAL CHARLES W. BUNN, A. B. an experienced teacher and graduate of Yale ers in Bridgeton, the best article they have ever used. Zinc is now taking the place of white All branches usually taught in Female Seminaries in all their varieties, together with Music o the Piano, Guitar, Melodion, or Scraphine. The success of the Institute during the past year has enabled those interested in its affairs, to put the

Terms for Tuition, &c., LOWER than any Scholar-ship Terms offered in New Jersey. TUITION in all the Common and higher English branches, including Board, Room Rent, Furniture, Bed and Bedding, and Fuel, TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS per quarter, or ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS per year; and for the HIGHEST branches pursued, including the above only THIRTY FIVE DOLLARS per quarter or ONE HUNDRED and FORTY DOLLARS per year .-Washing and Light extra. Payments quarterly in A. P. LASHER. Authorized Director of the affairs of the

JOSEPH BUNN, Proprietor. Pennington, June 11, 1853.-my 18-d& wtf WILLIAM BBROOKFIELD'S Carminative Balsam.

Directed by one of the best Doctors in the United States, (Old wchool.) certain, safe, speedy and effectual cure for Adventery, diarrhoea, cholera morbus, cholic, acidity of the stomach, cholera infantum, or summer complaint of children and all other diseases of the stomach and Bowels. This remedy is pre-pared from roots, barks, and flowers. Hundreds an be called on and testify to this medicine in Bridgeton. It appears to take hold when all others fail. The best quality Port Wine, Fourth-proof Brandy, Jersey made Apple Jack, fourth-proof, expressly for medical use. For sale by Bridgeton, July 30, '53. Wm. BROOKFIDLD.

Beauty, Health, and Cheapness. AMUEL L. FITHIAN has on hand and for sale

a large lot of Zinc Paints as follows viz. Pure line White No. 1, 2 & 3, Brown Zine, Black Zine, Zinc Dryer and Demar varnish. now been in use for a number of year's and fully tested side by side with the Best Pure White Lead and has in every instance proved to be superior to White Lead both in Color, Durability, Beauty, and Cheapness. From experiments it has been found hat 100 lbs best White Zinc will cover when applied in three coats on new work as much surface as 66 2-3 lbs White Lead Pure, and will cover as well

It is equally applicable to inside or outside work or for the bottom of vessels or in any other place where paint is necessary. The reasons above given, we think should satisfy any one of the Superiority of the Zinc paints but should any yet doubt, we should be pleased to have them give us a call and we think we can fully satisfy them of their superi-ority for Beauty, Durability, Health & Cheapness. SAMUEL L. FITHIAN.

April 23, '53 Opposite E. Davis & Son's Hotel VEGETABLE CATTLE POWDER. Valuable Article for Cattle, Horses and Swine. This Article has been successfully used in thousands of cases. For sale genuine by Price 25 cts. F. G. BREWSTER. Bridgeton, May 28, 1853.

Double Buckets, Well machines, perfectly safe for any child to draw and free from all poisonou unlities of Lead Pipe, or Brass or Copper.

Pumps: decidedly the easiest safest and best ntrivance, for drawing water from deep wells, for Charles S. Fithian or Robert Barber. Bridgeton, May 21, 1853.

NO POISON.

MAUL & BROTHER. AFFER for sale at the lowest rates, 0 bbls. strictly prime New Orleans Molasses,

5 hhd. do do Trinidad do. 2 " Muscava do do. 20 sacks Java, Maracaibo, Rio, Laguira and Cape Coffees. 1 tierce best Carolina Rice. 20 bbl. pulverized and refined Sugars. 5 hhd. West India 10 chests Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Souchong and Oolong Teas, with Cheese, Raisins and a full assortment of other Groceries.

Greenwich, May 14, 1853. HEAD QUARTERS. The subscriber thankful for past favors, respect fully informs his friends and the Public, that he continues at the

OYSTER SALOON. NITTED up for his use under the Hat & Cap Store of Joseph Burr, in Prosperity Row, Commerce Street, (West of the Bridge,) where he will keep constantly on hand. OUSTERS

In Every Style, By attention to business and studied efforts to please, he hopes to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage formerly bestowed by a generous *** Families supplied with superior Oysters all times and on reasonable terms.

BENIA PARVIN.

Bridgeton, Dec. 18 1852. The Sloop PHEBE, Capt. DAVID P. MULFORD, Will commence her regular trips on Mon DAY next, Feb. 21st, and will, until further notice continue to leave Bridgeton on Monday and Arol Street Wharf, Philadelphia, on Thursday of each All orders for Freight will be thankfully

ceceived and punctually attended to, by
Capt. D. P. MULFORD,

Bridgeton, Feb. 19, 1853.-2m.
N. B. Thankful for the liberal patronage be-

stowed the past season, he respectfully solicits a share of the business of the present season. THE subscribers have now on hand and are pre pared to furnish at their usual low prices, an extensive stock of every thing used in the con-struction of building such as Oak and Hemlook Scantling, white pine boards and plank, Cedar siding, Cedar, white pine and cyprus shingles, oak and hemlock shingling lath. Bangor and Calis plastering laths, window sash, white lead and zino

paints and hardware of every description.
FITHIAN WHITEKAR & Co. 150,000, Bangor Laths, 300,000, Calis Lathe. FITHIAN, WHITEHAR & Co.

The Public Good Demands That Citizens of the same community par tronize each other.

HE Great and increasing domand for ou Goods, the cheapness of our Wares and the great an numerous advantages derived by their use, convince us at once of the fact that all who seek comfort and convenience will at once try the plan we recommend. In hot weather we wish to avoid the penetrating and pixeing rays of a Summer Sun. This is related and closely connected with the necessity of keeping cool, and to keep cool we must invisibly KEEP SHADY, and to do this we have must invifibly Krep Shahr, and to do this we have only to recommend you to call at once upon the undersigned and order through him a sufficient number of those

Handsome and superior made VENETIAN INSIDE BLINDS. ALSO-French Chip Blinds, Shade Trimmings and Fixtures which he is in daily receipt of.

THE citizens of this place and the sur rounding country are already acquainted and fully understand the quality and style of the article furnished by him, having been enga-ged in the Sale of the same for the past three years, upon such principle as will enable him to sell from ten to twenty per cent less than those who reside in Philadelphia, who are compelled to sell high in order to meet their extra rents. N. B .- Blinds painted and Repaired Equal

Thankful for past favors, the undersigned hope to merit a continuance of the same.

J. M. MAUL. Commerce street. 1 door West of the Surrogate Office, Bridgeton, N. J. Nov. 27 1852,

DENTISTRY. NHE undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of BRIDGETON and vicinity, that he has removed from his former location to the Brick Row in COMMERCE Street, next doors to G. H. Leeds, Watchmaker, where, having comple ted his arrangements, he is now prepared to per-form all operations on the Teeth: such as, Scaling, Filling, Extracting and Correcting Irregulariti of Teeth, according to approved Scientific princi

> Especial attention is solicited to his MINERAL TEETH. Which are made and inserted with strict regard to the Characteristics of

Strict regard to the Characteristics of Nature—both in Color, Form and Translucency—as also in their proper adaptation to the mouth being essentially useful for the purposes of Mastication and Articulation All Operations Surgical and Mechanical warran ted in every respect. Any advice pertaining to the Profession ill be cheerfully given, and Specimens of Work-

manship exhibited on application to

JOSIAH D. HARBERT, Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist. Bridgeton, March. 31, 1852.-y

New Store and New Goods! THE subscriber having repaired and newly arranged the Old Store, at the corner of Broad and Franklin street, has received and is now opening an entire new stock of goods, suitable to the wants of the public, consisting of DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &c. ND having purchased his goods on the very best terms flatters himself that he can sell at chaser, either for cash or in exchange for Country of the public.

ROBERT J. FITHIAN, Corner of Broad and Franklin Streets March 19, 1853. LIGHT. CAMPHINE, Burning Fluid, Superior Lard Oil, Whale do., Mould and Dip Candles, For sale by ROBERT J. FITHIAN. April 2, 1853. corner of Broad and Franklin sts.

CHEAP CASH STORE! Next door to Mr. James Riley's Coope Shop, Commerce & reet. Groceries and Provisions. THE subscriber; thankful for the patronage be-

stowed on him since he commenced in the above business, begs most respectfully to assure his friends and the public, that he shall continue to sell at prices which an inspection cannot fail to A fresh supply of Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Vinegar, Soap, Caudles, Hams, Pork, Shoulders, Fine Lake Shad at 8 cents per pound.

" Mackerel 4, 5 and 61 " Haddock 4 "Herring 3 ... Always on hand a supply of Fresh and Gosher BES. A call is solicited.
WANTED-50,000 dezen EGGS, for which the Highest Cash price will be paid.
GEORGE DONAGHEY.

Bridgeton, March 26, 1853 -tf. GROCERIES. OLASSES from 25 to 37½ cts. per gallon.
Coffee, from 10 to 12 cts. per pound.
Sugar, good for 6¼, 8 and 10 cts. per lb.
Tea, at various prices.
Cheese, Crackers, Soda Biscuit, Ginger Nuts,
Pork, Lard, Mackerel, Cod Fish, &c. &c.
ALSO—A General Assortment of SPICES war-OLASSES from 25 to 371 cts. per gallon.

ranted Pure. ROBERT J. FITHIAN.
April 2, 1853. cor. of Broad and Franktin sts. Brewster's Pectoral Mixture,

For Coughs & Consumption.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he continues to manufacture in Bridgeton, N. J., Brewster's Pectoral Mixture for coughs, asthma, bronchitis, measles cough, sore throat, hoarseness, night sweats and incipient con-Brewster's Cholera Mixture, for cholera morbus diarrhoea, bowel complaints, cholic and Asiatic

cholera.

Brewster's Embrocation, for sprains, bruises rheumatism, stiffness or weakness of the joints and limbs, neuralgia, gout, headache, tooth ache &c. Also, an invaluable remedy for spavin, stiffness, strains, lameness and galls of horses.

Brewster's Celeorated Eye Water, for sore, weak, aflamed and diseased eyes.

The above Medicines have been very extensively used. The sales are constantly increasing, which is strong evidence of their superior properties.

out the country. Prepared only by F. G. BREWSTER, Druggist & Apothecary. Bridgeton, N. J., Sept 17, 1853. PORT MONNAIES. JUST received about one hundred different pat-terns of French, English and American Port Ionnaics, the greatest variety ever offered in this market, some entirely new patterns, which for style and price cannot fail to suit any taste.

They are for sale in most of the Stores through

For sale by F. G. BREWSTER. Bridgeton, Sep. 10. 1853. New Goods & New Fashions. TOSEPH BURT will offer his new style of Hats for Fall and Winter, for sale on Saturday the 27th of August, which will not fail to please. Particularly those finished with the looking-glasses and daguerrectypes inside for young gents. NEW STYLES OF KOSSUTH AND CHIL

DRENS FANCY HATS.

ALSO .- A new style of caps, brown and black

ogether with a large assortment of Umbrellas, Carpet Bags, &c.

JOSEPH BURT,

West side of the creek, at the old stand, sign of the Red Hat and the red white and blue.

Bridgeton, August 27, 1853. JUST RECEIVED.

A lot of Zinc White Paint. Also, White Lead and other paints, turpentine paint oil, varuishes, lard oil, &c., at FRANKLIN DARE'S, New Drug & Confectionary Store. Bridgeton, Aug. 19, 1853

Window Sash and Frames. 0,000 lights 8 x 10 Window Sash. 1,000 iights 3 x 10 window Sash.

1,000 " 9 x 12 "

100 Window Frames for 12 light
and 8 light Sash ii iii a

As these Sash and Frames were made by competent workmen, out of Dry stuff. Our friends will have another opportunity of obtaining "good goods," at our uniform low price.

Aug. 6, '53. H, J. MULFORD & BRO.

POR SALE A Furniture Car and a Light Wa-gon Bedy, new and in good order, by JAMES P. MAYHEW, Cabinet Maker. Roadstown, April 2, 1863.

BRIDGETON Cheap Stove Depot!

THE largest and best assortment of Stoves in Bridgeton, are now offered, Wholesald & Rotal, at R. BARBER'S Store, let door East of the Bridge, sign of the ETNA STOVE.

Among the numerous Patterns of Stoves may be found the celebrated ETNA Cooking Stove for wood or coal; for the superiority of which, (over other stoves) numerous testimonials can be furnished. Also, the Complete Cook, Cooks Favorite, Keystone Cook, Waverly Parlor Stoves for wood or coal

the above Stoves are MANUELLE by me, and WARRANTED. Persons purchasing the above Stoves will avoid the unnecessary trouble and delay of getting any of the plates renewed, that may burn out or crack, as I reserve all my patterns, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of all the plates of every size and can repair them at a trifling ex-

Persons purchasing Stoves manufactured in New York, Philadelphia or elsewhere, experience great inconvenience and expense in replacing the plates, which they will not be subject to in buying Stoves Manufactured near HOME. I also have on hand the Girard Cook, American Union, Improved Buck, Star Air-tight Parlor Stove, Star Radiator for coal, Abby Franklin Parlor Stove for wood open front.

TOVE PIPE and a general assortment of TIN
Ware, constantly on hand and for sale.

Best German Lead for Stove Blacking.—

Also, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of all kinds .-The celebrated Eagle Plough self-sharpener with steel extending point; Beaches self-sharpening Plough; Owen and Peacock's do. Sheers, Points, Handdrills and Mouldbeards in Setts or by the Iron; Moore's celebrated Seed Drills. McCormick's Reaping and Mowing Machine, Corn Shellers, Fan Mills, Cultivators, &c. Country Produce taken in exchange for ROBERT BARBER. N. B. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Lead, Feathers.

"A PENNY SAVED IS TWO-PENCE CLEAR." THOSE who heed the above maxim will do well

to notice that the subscriber continues to ufacture at his OLD STAND-Commerce Street, DJOINING the Bridge, South side, all kinds of Window Sash, Shutters, Revolving Blinds, enitian, Pannel and Batten Doors, Door and Window Frames &c. upon terms that make it an inducement to persons building, to give him a call.

WINDOW SASH,

8 x 10, 10 x 12, and other sizes, common and extra thickness, glaized and painted, or without, Constantly on had or made to order at prices that cannot fail to give sutisfaction. LIGHT JOBBING done at short notice, and All Orders, by stage or otherwise thankfully received and promptly attended to

Bridgeton Stove Works IRON FOUNDRY.

mprovid Etna Cook Stove for Wood or Coal 4 sixes Complete " Cook's Favorite Empire Cook 2 " Franklin " Key Stove " Churck Stove Bar-room " for coal 4

Nine-plate Wood Stoves, plain top boiler jog back

| Kettles. The subscriber has a great variety of patterns for Machinery and having a l'attern maker constantly employed, is prepared to make patterns for light and heavy castings and furnish the same at cassonable prices.

ALSO—Constantly on hand and for sale, Flougl s

Stoves repaired at short notice. Cash paid for Scrap Iron. A liberal deduction will be made to these

Bridgeton, March 10, 1852.-y

Build your Houses of Brick! The only safe Insurance against Fire. 150.090 Ericks, Asserted kinds, and of the best quality, are now ready for sale at the Kiln. by

ENGLISH & MULFORD. Kilm. by ENGLISH & MULFORD.

These Bricks are as large as any frem Philadelphia or Wilmington, and will compare in quality ith bricks from any place.

Bridgeton, Sep. 4, 1853.

VARIETY STORE. William Brookfield, Agent. A NNOUNCES to his friends and the public, that he has a fresh supply of Tibbit's Pain Killer or Embrocation, Drs. Cullens Indian Vegetable Panacea, Isaac Thompson's Eye Water S.W. Cooper's Worm Powders and Pills; Steelling's Jayne's, Swayne's and Fitches Medicines; Roger's Compound Syrup of Liverworth Tar and Pills; Thompson's Syrup Tar, Hooffand's Celebrated German Bitters, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Toman Bitters, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, To-bins' Venetian Liniment (no relief no pay), Hunt's Liniment, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, S. A. Pearson's medicines, John Hooper's Female Pills, Anderson's or the famous Scot's Pills, Jackson's Pills, Pepson medicine, Hobensack's Worm Syrup, B. H. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, Smith's Worm Syrup, Jackson's Pile embrocation, Cholera medicines, and Essences Oils and Drugs of all kinds. Being thoroughly acquainted with the above medicines and many others, (having sold them for several years, and watched their effects in many cases,) I am prepared to make a selection of the kind best adapted to the cure of the different dis-cases. And as, as much of their efficacy depends upon the mode of administering them as upon the Medicines themselves, it is important to know how

For sale at the old stand, Commerce St. West of the Bridge. ALSO,

ALSO,



The Subscribers respectfully inform the Public that they have purchased of N. K. Young the SLOOP ELLEN. further notice.

Errands of all kinds punctually sttended to.

JACOB KANDLE, JAMES CAM. Bridgeton, March 19, 1858.-8m.

Sloop CHIEF, Capt. C. Woodruff, Will make regular trips between Bridgeton and

Bridgeton; March, 12, 1858. SUGAR cured HAMS for sale by Fine 4, '53. R. J. FITHIAN, Droad and Franklin street.

Wool, &c. taken in exchange for Ware. Bridgeton, Sept. 18, 1852.-y

A liberal share of patronage is respectfully so-

A. F. EVERINGHAM Bridgeton, Oct. 2, 1852 .-- y

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