The West Jersey Pioneer

A Family Newspaper, Devoted to Morality, Education, Science, Arts, Amusements, Mechanics, Agriculture, Temperance, Domestic and Foreign News, &c.—Independent of Party or Sect.

$1.00 IN ADVANCE! BRIDGETON N. J. SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1858. VOL. X—NO 545

WEST JERSEY ACADEMY
BRIDGETON, N. J.
DAVID THOMPSON, A. M., Principal.

THE Summer Session of this Institution for boys, will open on WEDNESDAY, May 5th. Students prepared for College or for the more active duties of life.

The healthfulness of the location, and the high tone of morals which pervades the community, render this a desirable place for the education of youth.

☞ It is desirable that application for admission be made as early as possible.

For catalogues address the Principal.

REFERENCES.

Rev. S Beach Jones, D. D., Rev. Jos. W. Hubbard, John T. Nixon, Esq., Wm. B. Elmer, M. D., Bridgeton, N. J.; Rev. James Woods, D. D., Philadelphia; Theodore Frelinghuysen, L L. D., New Brunswick, N. J.; Rev. James K. Campbell, N. Y. City; Rev. E. P. Terhune, Charlotte Court House, Va.; Hon. Wm. Bigler, U. S. Senator, Pa.

March 20, 1858-tf.

J. R. BUNTING & BRO.'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.
221 & 223 *South Second St, below Dock,*
Opposite the Old Custom House,
PHILADELPHIA.

SPRING GOODS.

Just received at the Ladies Store, a large assortment of Dress Goods. Black silks from 75 cts to $1,50 per yd. very cheap.

Black Moire Antique for Mantillas, from $1,75 to $2,50 per yd

Fancy Dress silks, Challie Delaines, Challie Robes, Ducals, Lawns, Ginghams & Chintzs.

Also—Dress trimmings in great variety, New Style French Worked Collars and Sleeves, separate or in setts.

Kid Gloves, choice colors, for spring and summer wear at

March 27. TAYLOR & NEWKIRKS.

C. E. EDWARDS. J. W. EDWARDS.
EDWARDS & BRO.
SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL
DENTISTS.
CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS
MILLVILLE N. J.

D. H. SMOCK,
Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery,
BRIDGETON, N. J.
Office in the brick building S. W. cornor of Commerce and Pearl sts. Ap 10-tf.

J. R. HOAGLAND,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor, Master & Examiner in Chancery,
BRIDGETON, N J.
Office on COMMERCE ST., over the CHRONICLE OFFICE. apr3.

C. P. VANDERVEER B. F. ARCHER.
VANDERVEER & ARCHER,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS AND TEA DEALERS,
No. 3 Market Street,
RIDGEWAY HOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA.
March 14, 1857-tf.

C. S. MILLER. R. H. DARE. S. S. M'GEAR
C. S. MILLER & CO.
CHEAP FANCY DRY GOODS
AND TRIMMINGS STORE.
GROSSCUP'S BUILDING, COMMERCE AND LAUREL STREETS, BRIDGETON, N. J.

S. A. TAYLOR. M. S. NEWKIRK.
Taylor & Newkirk's
FANCY
DRY GOODS AND TRIMMINGS STORE,
COMMERCE STREET,
BRIDGETON, N. J.
Hosiery, Gloves, Laces and Ribbons of every variety, kept constantly on hand. Jan. 30.

Geo. W. H. Whitaker,
SURGEON DENTIST!
OFFICE—Commerce Street, four doors East of Pearl, opposite Presbyterian Session House. March 28, 1857.

A CARD.
J. C. KIRBY, SURGEON DENTIST, (successor to J. D. Harbert,) respectfully offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Cumberland County and the public generally.
OFFICE in the row of brick buildings, five doors west of E. Davis & Son's hotel, formerly occupied by J. D. Harbert. Mar. 28, 1857-y.

Henry Neff,
SURGEON DENTIST.
COMMERCE St., a few doors east of the Presbyterian Session Room and directly opposite the new Baptist Church, still continues to practice Dentistry in all its various departments.
Bridgeton, June 27, '57.

OLIVER S. BELDEN, M. D.,
OFFICE SITUATED ON LAUREL ST,
Opposite the First Presbyterian Church,
Having testimonials of scholarship from schools and positions of influence, I hope through a close attention to the duties of the physician to secure the confidence of the community in practice of medicine.
Bridgeton, June 12, 1858.

S. B. WOODRUFF,
No. 36 Commerce Street
DEALER IN
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware.
May 29,

J. D. HARBERT,
SURGEON DENTIST
LATE OF BRIDGETON,
No. 1330 Pine Street, near Broad
PHILADELPHIA.
N. B.—The Pine Street Omnibuses, from the Exchange, pass the door every ten minutes. May 15, 3m

N. T. PHILLIPS.
GAS FITTER
SHEPPARDS BUILDING
Next to I. A. Sheppards' store.
[illegible]

Choice Poetry.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

MARY'S REVERIE

BY LOUISE LEFORD.

I am sitting by my window,
Far from busy village din;
With the happy stars above me,
And the moonlight streaming in.

I am thinking, fondly thinking;
Over many a happy dream,
Dreamed in childhoods sunny hours
When floating down life's stream.

I am thinking, *sadly* thinking,
Of life's pleasures and its pain;
I am thinking of the loved ones
Whom I ne'er shall see again.

Some are sleeping neath the willow,
And its branches o'er them wave;
Some upon the ocean's billow,
Find a home beneath its wave.

Some have died 'neath foreign bowers,
Seeking for the bauble, fame;
And we waited long for tidings,
But none from them ever came:

One there was, a blue eyed maiden,
Wedded to her early choice;
Closed is now that eye of Heaven,
Hushed is now that silvery voice.

Some have grown estranged by absence,
Some have altered and grown cold;
And the friends that now are near me,
Seem not like the ones of old.

Tears are falling from the eye lids,
Which have often wept before;
But the spirits gentle chidings,
Bids me not in grief deplore:

Bids me seek for consolation,
In a higher world than this;
Where no "storm clouds" ever gather;
Where the soul finds perfect peace.

And I hear a gentle foot-step,
Falling softly on my ear;
Words of love and kindness greet me,
Words I so much love to hear.

And an arm is round me stealing,
'Tis my dearest earthly friend;
All my griefs are turned to gladness,
And my "reverie's" at an end.

Home in the Woods, Aug. 2d, 1858.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

HOOP QUESTION.

Some time ago, you printers know,
The paper that you sent me,
Contained some words that hit the hards
Of ladies young, and dandies;

The "Student" he; to have a spree,
Rais'd many a proposition;
But "Sally" she made very free
To comb down his ambition.

And "Nelly" too, with hoops in view,
Proved his position baseless,
And surely too before 'tis through,
Will make the "Student faceless.

To push his quill he has some skill,
But needs a little strength'ning;
For Samson's strength ne'er reach'd a length
So utterly unending.

Now if no mote was in his coat,
"Student might prove the wiser;
But 'tis believ'd, (we're not deciv'd,)
His sleeves are growing wider;

And other parts are made the marks
Of wholesome criticisms;
For up the back 'tis thought mars slack
Even than round the risbands.

No well pois'd line drawn from the spine
Upward would hardly touch it;
Now, to be big far from the wig
Looks better than so near it.

Hoops then, will do when worn in view
Of comfort and of neatness;
But modesty does blush to see
Those of such awful wideness.

And when for pride they're made so wide,
Shows who and what are lacking;
For all just such we doubt not much
Appear in satan's tackling.

Now ladies you whose views are true,
Can't fail to understand me;
Your mod'rate hoops suit men of books,
But large ones, brainless dandies.

And "Student" too, a word to you,
Be calm at my endeavor;
For ridicule is a sharp tool,
They'll feel that,—logic, never.

And now to cease and keep the peace,
Before some get offended;
Let no one stoop to name a hoop
But call the question ended.

July 21st, MILLVILLE NEUTRAL.

Prayer Meeting in a Gambling Saloon.—At Ripley, Ohio, the proprietor of a gambling saloon was recently converted, and at his request, a daily prayer meeting was organized in his rooms, and is being carried on with great animation.

Improvement.—In Chili the decimal system of weights and measures has been introduced, the electric telegraph has been established as far as Tales, besides many other local and important improvements.

Thirty miles of passenger railways are now in use in Philadelphia, and twenty-five in course of laying.

A race took place recently at St. Thomas, Canada, between a blooded race-horse and a locomotive. The former won by half a length. The distance was 80 rods.

The son of a fond father, who went to war, promised to bring home the head of one of the enemy. He wrote replied, "I should be glad to see you come home without a head, provided you come safe.

"I have his body!"

ORIGINAL.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

THE ANGEL SONG.

BY A YOUNG LADY.

The shadows of night had stretched across the plains of Bethlehem.

A company of Shepherds were quietly watching their flocks, while the world around was wrapped in silent slumbers and no sound from the adjacent city disturbed the stillness of the night.

But suddenly a throng of swift winged messengers of light came from Heaven down, and on the still night air, was borne such tones of melody as human ears ne'er heard before. The Shepherds heard it just above their heads. In silent awe and wonder they stood entranced. But still the chorus of heavenly voices moved forth their melody, singing their angel song "Glory to God in the highest—peace on earth good will to men."

Are there not other angel songs besides those sung at the birth of Christ? Are not the angels now praising God in strains of joyful music, so rapturous that all the richest melody of earth would not be as the faintest echo? "Eye hath not seen, ear hath not heard, neither hath it entered into the heart of any man to conceive." Down the corridors of heaven, ever swells the deep, the glorious anthem of praise. "Holy, holy art thou, Lord, God, Almighty."

The portals of the tomb have enclosed the forms of loved ones, and we mourn for them, forgetting they have only gone before. Oh! listen now! Hear you not their voices chanting the praises of him who died for them. They have joined the heavenly choir, learned the new song, and with golden harps are filling the sky girt vaults of Heaven with joy.

When the sinner repents and gives his heart to God, then the angels strike up their loudest strains and sing their sweetest notes of praise to God for his wondrous love and mercy, rejoicing that a soul that was dead is alive, that was lost is found.

There is angel song in the human heart, there is a music of the soul whose chords are touched by love, there are angel whisperings to the human heart that woo the soul to love, reaching every heart till it thrills with new and strange emotions. When all the trials and toils of life are past and the death angel has summoned us to leave the earth behind, how joyous then to hear the angels singing around our couch of death, and escorting us with sweetest music to bear us in their arms to our heavenly home, to join the angelic choir, and forever sing our angel song of praise.

From the New York Tribune.

THE AMERICAN ART OF TAMING HORSES.

Originally Systematized and Practiced by

JOHN S. RAREY.

Continued from last week.

HOW TO HALTER, SADDLE, AND BRIDLE A COLT.

In breaking a colt, we should first endeavor to make him conscious of what is required of him. Fettering him with a halter for the first time, placing the saddle upon his back, fastening the girths, are all matters of paramount importance, demanding the greatest degree of patience, perseverance, and an intuitive knowledge of his idiosyncracies.

Before putting a halter upon a colt, he must be rendered familiar with it by caressing him and permitting him to examine the article with his nose. Then place a portion of it over his head, occasionally giving it a slight pull, and in a few minutes he will be accustomed to these liberties, and then the halter may be fastened on properly. To teach him to lead is another difficulty.—Stand a little on one side, rub his nose and forhead, take hold of the strap and pull gently, and at the same time touch him very lightly with the end of a long whip across his hind legs. This will make him start and advance a few steps. Repeat the operation several times, and he will soon learn to follow you by simply pulling the halter. The process of saddling and bridling is similar. The mouth of the colt should be frequently handled, after which introduce a plain snaffle between his teeth and hold it there with one hand and caress him with the other. After a time he will allow the bridle to be placed upon him. The saddle can now be brought in and rubbed against his nose, his neck and his legs; next hang the stirrup strap across his back, and gradually insinuate the saddle into its place.—The girth should not be fastened until he become tooroughly acquainted with the saddle. The first time the girth is buckled it should be done so loosely as not to attract his attention; subsequently it can be tightened without inspiring him with fear, which if fastened immediately it would most certainly do. In this manner the wildest colt can be effectually subjugated by such imperceptible degrees that he gives tacit obedience before he is aware of his altered condition.

THE SHORTEST WAY TO [illegible]

Farmers often put a [illegible] punishments that they could inflict on a colt, and very injurious to a young horse that has been used to running in pastures with his head down.

A horse should be well accustomed to the bit before you put on the bitting harness, and when you first bit him you should only reign his head up to that point where he naturally holds it, let that be high or low; he will soon learn that he cannot lower his head, and that raising it a little will loosen the bit in his mouth. This will give him the idea of raising his head to loosen the bit, and then you can draw the bitting a little tighter every time you put it on, and he will still raise his head to loosen it. By this means you will gradually get his head and neck in the position you wish him to carry it, and give him a graceful carriage, without hurting him, making him angry, or causing his mouth to get sore.

If you put the bitting on very tight the first time, he cannot raise his head enough to loosen it, but will bear on it all the time, and paw, sweat, and throw himself. Many horses have been killed by falling backward with the bitting on; their heads being drawn up, strike the ground with the whole weight of the body. Horses that have their heads drawn up tightly should not have the bitting on more than fifteen or twenty minutes at a time.

How to harness the colt.

You should, by all means, have your harness made to fit your horse, especially the collar. Hundreds of horses have been spoiled by collars that do not fit as they should. A little attention to this matter beforehand will facilitate your progress very much. Take your harness into the stable; go through the same process that you did with the saddle, letting the colt examine your harness satisfactorily; then put it on carefully; and after you have it all complete, put on your lines; use them gently, as he is rather skittish, until he is used to them a little; then lead him back and forth in the stable until he does not seem to mind the fitting of the harness to his body; then take hold of the end of the traces and pull slightly at first, increasing your strength until he will pull you across the stable back and forth; then hitch him to whatever you wish him to pull.

To hitch up the colt.

This should be done with great caution, first letting him examine the buggy or sulky in his own way of examining objects; then carefully hitch him up, having everything safe, let him start the buggy empty, and pull that at first in that way; then get in, and let him take it slow, and he will not be near so apt to scare, and by degrees you will be making a good work-beast.

If you want to have a horse that will be true to pull, and that thinks he could pull a mountain, never hitch him to anything that he cannot pull, and after he is used to pulling, he just thinks that he can pull anything, because he always has, and he does not know anything about his strength beyond his experience.

The kind of bit, and how to accustom a colt to it.

You should use a large, smooth, snaffle bit, so as not to hurt his mouth, with a bar on each side to prevent the bit from pulling through either way. This you should attach to the head stall of your bridle and put it on your colt without any reins to it, and let him run loose in a large stable or shed some time, until he becomes a little used to the bit, and will bear it without trying to get it out of his mouth. It would be well if convenient, to repeat this several times before you do anything more with the colt; as soon as he will bear the bit, attach a single rein to it, without any martingale. You should also have a halter on your colt, or a bridle made after the fashion of a halter, with a strap to it, so that you can hold or lead him about without pulling on the bit much. He is now ready for the saddle.

How to mount the colt.

First soothe him well on both sides, about the saddle, and all over, until he will stand still without holding, and is not afraid to see you anywhere about him.

As soon as you have him thus gentled, get a small block, one foot or eighteen inches in height, and set it down by the side of him, about where you want to stand to mount him; step up on this, raising yourself very gently; horses notice every change of position closely, and, if you were to step suddenly on the block, it would be very apt to scare him; but by raising yourself gradually on it, he will see you without being frightened, in a position very near the same as when you are on his back.

As soon as he will bear this without alarm untie the stirrup strap next to you, and put your left foot into the stirrup, and stand square over it, holding your knee against the horse and your toe out, so as not to touch him under the shoulder with the toe of your boot. Place your right hand on the front of the saddle, and on the opposite side of you, taking hold of a portion of the mane and reins, as they hang loosely over the neck, with your left hand; then gradually bear your weight on the stirrup, and on your right hand, until the horse feels your whole weight on the saddle. Repeat this several times, each time raising yourself a little higher from the block, until he will allow you to raise your leg over his croup and place yourself in the saddle.

There are three great advantages in having a block to mount from. First, a sudden change of position is very apt to frighten a young horse who has never been handled. He will allow you to walk up to him and stand by his side without staring at you, because you have wonted him to that position, but if you get down on your hands and knees and crawl toward him, he will be very much frightened; and upon the same principle, he would frighten at your new position if you had the power to hold yourself over his back without touching. The first great advantage then is, that it gradually [illegible] which [illegible] the other necessary training. [illegible] gradually accustom him to your weight, so as not to frighten him by having him feel it all at once. And, in the third place, the block elevates you so that you will not have to make a spring in order to get on the horse's back, but from it you can gradually raise yourself into the saddle.

Subsequent Educational Lessons in Horse-Taming.—How to Subdue a Kicking Horse.

A kicking horse is the worst kind of a horse to undertake to subdue, and more dreaded by man than any other; indeed, it would not be too much to say that they were more dreaded than all the other bad and vicious horses put together. You often hear the expression, even from horse-jockeys themselves, "I don't care what he does so he doesn't kick." Now, a kicking horse can be broken from kicking in harness, and effectually broken, too, though it will require some time to manage him safely; but perseverance and patience by this rule will do it effectually. When you go to harness a horse that you know nothing about, if you want to find out whether he is a kicking horse or not, you can ascertain that fact by stroking him in the flank where the hair lies upward, which you can discover easily on any horse, just stroke him down with the ends of your fingers, and if he does not switch his tail, and shake his head, and lay back his ears, or some of these, you need not fear his kicking; if he does any or all of these, set him down for a kicking horse, and watch him closely.

When you harness a kicking horse, have a strap about three feet long, with a buckle on one end; have several holes punched in the strap; wrap it once around his leg just above the hoof, lift up his foot touching his body; put the strap around the arm of his leg, and buckle it; then you can go behind him, and pull back on the traces; you must not fear his kicking while his foot is up, for it is impossible for him to do it. Practice him in this way awhile, and he will soon learn to walk on three legs. You should not hitch him up until you have practiced him with his leg up two or three times, pulling on the traces, and walking him along. After you have practiced him a few times in this way, take up his foot as directed, hitch him to something, and cause him to pull it a short distance; then take him out; caress him every time you work with him.—You will find it more convenient to fasten up his left fore foot, because that is the side you are on. After you have had him hitched up once or twice, you should get a long strap; put it around his foot as before directed (above the hoof and below the pastern-joint); put it through a ring in your harness; take hold of it in your hand; hitch him up gently, and if he makes a motion to kick, you can pull up his foot to prevent it. You should use this strap until you have him broken from kicking, which will not take very long. You should hitch a kicking horse by himself; you can manage him better in this way than to hitch him by the side of another horse.

How to Break a Horse from Scaring.

It is an established rule in philosopy, that there is not an effect without a cause, and if so, there must be some cause for the scaring of a horse. The horse scares either from imagination or from pain. Now, it is a law of his nature, that if you will convince him that any object will not hurt him, there is no danger of his scaring at it, no matter how frightful it may be in appearance. To exemplify this, take a horse that is very easily scared at an umbrella; take that horse into a tight stable where you can have his attention, take him by the bridle, and hold the umbrella in your hand; when he first looks at it he will be afraid of it, and if he could he would soon be out of its reach, but hold it in your hand, let him look at it and feel it with his nose a few minutes, and then you can open and shut it as you please, occasionally letting him feel it with his nose, and soon he will care nothing about it.

In the same manner you can break any horse from scaring at things that may look frightful to him, logs, stumps by the roadside, or anything that you may wish to carry on him. If you wish to make a trial of this theory, just take a horse into the stable, and let him examine the frightful object a few minutes after his mode of examining things, and you will be perfectly satisfied.—We have tried horses that would not suffer you to take an umbrella on them shut, and in fifteen minutes could open and shut it at pleasure, and they will pay no attention to it. There is something peculiar in a horse (though it is because he has not the faculty of reasoning). You can take an object that he is afraid of, take it only on one side, let him examine it on that side only; do not let the other eye see it; he will be broken on one side, and, as soon as the other eye beholds it, will be afraid until he looks at it and touches it with his nose; then he will be broken on both sides.

How to learn a Horse to follow You.

Take him into a large stable or shed, take hold of the bridle or halter with your left hand, have a long switch or whip in your right, after caressing him a little put your right hand over your shoulder with the whip extending back so that you can touch him up with the whip applied gently to around his legs. Start him up a little, give him a gentle tap with the whip, walking him around the stable, saying to him, "Come along boy;" or call him by his name, taking him around the stable a few times, holding him by the bridle. After you have taken him around in this way a few times, you can let go of his bridle, saying, "Come along boy," and if he stops, stop him up gently, and in a short time he will learn that you want him to follow you; then, gradually get before him, have him to follow you around the stable in this way a few minutes, then he will understand what you want him to do. After you have taught him to follow in the stable, take him into the stable lot, learn him to follow you in that a few minutes, then go out side, and he will follow you there, and it shows that he will follow you wherever you want him to. You should never whip him, but encourage him and give him to understand you do not intend to hurt him, and he will soon like to follow you.—Men often get their horses afraid of them and keep them so, and it is their nature to keep out of danger when they apprehend it, after their manner of arriving at conclusions. The way horses arrive at conclusions is generally from experience.

How to teach a Horse to stand without Hitching.

After you have taught your horse to follow you, stand him in the centre of the stable, begin at his head to gentle him, gradually working backward. If he moves give him a gentle cut with the whip, and put him back in the same spot from which he started. If he stands, caress him as before, and continue gentling him in this way until you can get around him without making him move. Keep walking around him increasing your pace, and only touch him occasionally. Every time he moves put him back into the same place, go still farther from him, if he moves give him a cut with your whip, place him back in the same place. If he stands, go to him frequently and caress him. Do not let him stand too long, but make him follow you around in the stable. Then stand him in another place and proceed as before. After you have him so that he will stand in stable, take him out in the lot and place him there, and in a short time you can place him anywhere without hitching. You should not practice him longer than half an hour at a time.

On Balking.

If you have balky horses, it is your fault and not the horses; for if they do not pull true, there is some cause for it, and if you will remove the cause the effect will cease.

When your horse balks, he is excited, and does not know what you want him to do. When he gets a little excited; stop him five or ten minutes; let him become calm; go to the balky horse, pat him, and speak gently to him; and as soon as he is over his excitement, he will, nine cases out of ten, pull at the word; whipping and slashing and swearing only make the matter worse. After you have soothed him awhile, and his excitement has cooled down, take him by the bits; turn him each way as far as you can; pull out the tongue; sooth him a little; unrein him; then step before the balky horse, and let the other start first; then you can take him anywhere you wish. A balky horse is always high spirited and starts quick; has his pull out before the other starts; by standing before him, the other starts too. By close application of this rule, you can make any balky horse pull.

If a horse has been badly spoiled, you should hitch him to the empty wagon, and pull it around awhile on level ground; then put on a little load, and increase it gradually, caressing as before, and in a short time you will have a good horse that will work without troubling you.

HUMDROPS.

It is told of one the editors of a certain newspaper, that soon after he went to learn the printing business, he visited a preacher's daughter. The next time he went to church he was considerably astonished at hearing the minister announce as his text, "My daughter is grievously tormented with a devil."

A love-smitten gentleman, after conversing awhile with his dulcinea on the interesting topic of matrimony, concluded at last with a declaration, and put the emphatic question of "Will you have me?" "I am very sorry to disappoint you," replied the lady, "and hope my refusal will not give you pain; but I must answer—no." "Well, that will do madam," said her philosophical lover, "and *now suppose we change the subject.*"

"William," said a carpenter to his apprentice, "I'm going away to day, and I want you to grind all the tools." "Yes, sir."—The carpenter came home at night. "William have you ground all the tools sharp?" "All but the handsaw," said Bill; "I couldn't get quite all the gaps out of that!"

"Amelia for thee—yes, at thy command, I'd pluck the stars from the firmament—I'd pluck the sun, that oriental god of day that traverses the blue arch of heaven in such majestic splendor—I'd tear him from the sky and—" "Don't, Henry! It would be so very dark!"

"My Dear, come in and go to bed," said the wife of a jolly son of Erin, who had just returned from a fair, in a decidedly how come you so state, "you must be dreadfully tired, sure, with your long walk of six miles." "Arrah, get away wid your nonsense," said Pat, "it wasn't the length of the way that tired me—'twas the breadth of it!"

In speaking of a learned sergeant who gave a confused and tedious explanation of some point of law, Curran observed that "whenever the grave counseller endeavored to unfold a principle of law, it put him in mind of a fool whom he once saw struggling a whole day to open an oyster with a rolling pin."

"Hans?" said a Dutchman to his urobin son, whom he had just been thrashing for swearing at his mother, "vat's dat you're tinking so vicket apout, in de coner dare?" "I ain't tink not'n." "You lie you vagabone you—you tinks oot dam—and now I'll vip you for dat."

A gentleman was once making fun of a sack a young lady wore. "You had better keep quiet," was the reply "or I will give you the sack." "I should be most happy," was the gallant response, "if you'll give it to me as it is, with yourself in inside of it."

The Cambridge Chronicle has the following copy of an address of a letter remaining in the Post Office in this city for pre-payment:

"Mistuer Jimi fine bruthir
rale rode wate
bee his hous
Nubem Kornur
Amerisy
Mass.

Preventive of Sea-Sickness.

The Academy of Industry published in Brussels, states that a girdle worn around the body above the bowels, that is above the epigastrium, will prevent sea-sickness. It is said to operate by keeping the intestines from pressing upward against the diaphram when the ship descends from the top of a wave. The upward motion of the vessel does not cause the disgusting sea-sickness, but affords an instantaneous relief.

The journal above stated speaks of this as by no means a modern invention, but known to the monks of Palestine, who kept it secret but were well paid by selling to pilgrims embarking at Damietta for Europe, bits of paper which had touched the holy sepulchre, with directions to have them bound in this manner round their bodies. This procured a brisk sale for their papers.

Symptoms resembling those of sea-sickness are often experienced by persons of delicate nerves in riding in a carriage over a rough road, by swinging, falling, and what is remarkable, while dreaming of falling from a considerable elevation. It has been observed that ladies wearing long corsets, tightly laced, however injurious they may otherwise be to the health, are preserved by them from sea-sickness. An instance is given of a seaman who escaped this malady for many years by wearing a belt on account of some injury he had received in his side.

The region at the west recently submerged by the overflow of the rivers is now affected by miasma, caused by the decaying matter left upon the subsidence of the floods. Droves of hogs turned out upon the reclaimed lands along the Illinois shore, are dying off rapidly from an epidemic which has suddenly broken out; the health of the inhabitants is beginning to suffer.

SALARIES OF CLERGYMEN.

Some idea of the salaries received by clergymen stationed in the principal cities, may be learned from the amounts paid by some of the congregations in New York. It is stated on good authority that Henry Ward Beecher has a yearly salary of $5,000 and a parsonage rent free, and that, with his literary earnings, his income is $12,000. E. H. Chapin his $5,000 per annum, and makes as much more by lecturing. Dr. Bethune has $2,500, but is the possessor of a fortune outside of his professional earnings. Dr. Adams has $5,000. Dr. Haws has $6,000 a year and a house. Dr. Taylor has $10,000 and a fine parsonage. Rev. Messrs. Tyng, Bellows, Osgood, Cheever, and other leading clergymen, receive from $3,000 to $6,000 per annum. In many cases the salary only represents a small part of the pastor's earnings.

The salaries of the preachers attached to the Methodist Church, are extremely low. The salary paid to the hundred and seventy present at meeting of the Pittsburg Conference, was $52,552 66, excluding house rent and travelling expenses, which would average $367 90 for each preacher.

Desperate Attempt to Escape from Jail.—Edward Norton, who was serving out a sentence of 30 years imprisonment in the State Prison at Trenton, N. J., for a large number of burglaries, by some means got possession of a large knife last Wednesday, and as the keeper was going his rounds, dashed through his cell door and into the aisle, brandishing his knife. He then made for the door, but was soon surrounded by the officers, who were compelled to shoot him in the arm to effect his recapture. He was then taken back to his cell.

Nasturtium and Mignonette.—Both these plants, generally regarded as rather tender annuals, may become, by attention and care, hardy, woody shrubs. The first winter of their growth, pot them and keep in the house; in the spring transplant them to the borders, where the growth of another summer will by fall render them hardy enough to be left in the ground in future, requiring only a little protection. Thus the care during one winter changes those pretty annuals into hardy shrubs.

The New Orleans *Commercial Bulletin* states that "Baltimore is the first city in the United States that was lighted with gas, among the first that was introduced water pipes, the first in the world that introduced and put in successful operation a passenger railroad, the first city in the Union that erected a monument to George Washington, and the city where the magnetic telegraph was first commenced."

COWS AND SUGAR.—Travelling a few days in Missouri, in sections where the cows have a wide range, we heard a new enticement to bring the cows home regularly at evening.—That was, feeding them with sugar the same as you would with salt. A little handfull at evening, at the same time of day, would bring them back to the gate with a regularity as unfailing as the sun. After they are well trained in sugar eating, it may be omitted every other night. A half-dozen notable housewives assured me that the fact was well worth knowing.—*Ohio Farmer.*

Curious but instructive Epitaph.—In a New Jersey grave yard there is a plain stone erected over the grave of a beautiful young lady, with only this inscription upon it:—"Julia Adams; died of 'thin shoes,' April 17, 1839, aged 19."

Something like a Family.—An old lady lately died in Sunderland, England, upwards of a century old. She was the mother, grandmother, great-grandmother, and great-great-grandmother of one hundred and six children!

A Kansas correspondent thus sums up the result of a great battle in Kansas:

Killed	0
Wounded—scratches of the nose	2
Missing	0
Captured	8
Frightened	3,734

The West-Jersey Pioneer.

BRIDGETON

Saturday Morning, Aug. 14.

The Pioneer has a LARGER Circulation than any Weekly Paper in this State!

Only $1 00 per Year!

JAMES B. FERGUSON,—Editor.

Two Years Credit.

TWELVE PER CENT LOSS,

All persons indebted to Franklin Ferguson, on account of West Jersey Pioneer, or advertising in the same, or Job Work, previous to March 1st, 1856, and who are able to pay and do not by the 25th of July, will be made to pay as soon as circumstances will admit.

Bridgeton July 17th, 1858.

FAITHFULNESS IN OFFICIAL STATIONS.

Complaints are frequently made of the ease with which great criminals escape the just punishment of their crimes. Those who have watched the course of events for a series of years are satisfied that these complaints are not without just foundation.—Rich criminals are rarely ever punished to anything like their just deserts. It not unfrequently happens that he who steals a few cents, perhaps under the pressure of inexorable want, is compelled to undergo the disgrace of a personal imprisonment, while he who can defraud his creditors of thousands, mantains his rank in fashionable society, and can even look down with contempt upon those who have been so unfortunate as to be ruined by giving him a confidence shown to be undeserved. Gold throws a shield of protection around its posessor that can most effectually guard against all danger of imprisonment and give a license to the commission of acts, that in others not so protected, would be looked upon with a most virtuous abhorrence by the community. Public sentiment is wrong, but not to the extent of ordinary criminal practice. The community does not look upon crime as being of equal enormity in all. If the offender occupies a situation in society, his faults are covered up by a variety of extenuating circumstances, or balanced by a corresponding surplus of domestic or social virtues. We all know how much easier it is to discover virtues in a personal friend than in an opponent. Communities are composed of individuals and of course are but the embodiment of their passions and feelings. Hence the explanation of this one-sided course of justice is perfectly easy. It origina es in an amiable weakness of our nature. It would be better to modify the laws and mitigate their severity, so that all might be punished alike, rather than to have them so as to strain out the rich and favored to go free. It is not the severity so much as the certainty of punishment that prevents crime. The laws of Draco punished all crimes with death, yet they failed to prevent its commission. It would be better for the community if the comparatively few were punished less, if thereby all criminals could be punished to the same extent. Our attention has been recently drawn to the subject by recent occurrences in a neighboring city. The facts in the case of a young physician of professedly aristocratic standing and wealthy connexions, are known to many of our readers.

The Mayor before whom the complaint was entered dispatched officers in different directions, but with a posse went himself in pursuit and succeeded in arresting him in the lower part of this county. He was taken to Salem for trial and held to bail for his appearance at Court. Whether his social position and wealth will screen him from farther punishment, remains to be seen. Be that as it may, the energy and promptness with which the Mayor, Colonel Johnson has acted are worthy of the highest commendation.—His action as we learn has given the greatest satisfaction to the citizens of Salem.

Amid the corruption of officials it is extremely gratifying to us to be able to point to such an example of official integrity occurring so near us. The same promptness, efficiency and impartiality, we believe characterizes all the doings of the Colonel. But a short time since he arrested and placed in confinement a noted lawyer of Salem for intoxication. Hitherto it has been the poor and friendless only that have been placed in limbo for this offence. We most heartily congratulate the citizens of Salem in having an officer who will not distinguish officially between a lawyer and a common citizen, and who dare disregard the influences of wealth and position when used to cover the perpetration of crime. Long may he continue in the performance of that justice and equality which he has so successfully inaugurated. If the wealthy become degraded enough to appear in the streets they ought to be arrested and punished as certainly as any other loafer or debauchee. Let exact justice be meted out to all.

Petty Larceny.

On Tuesday morning last a "yaller gal" from the neighborhood of Gouldtown, was seen loitering around the window of Mr. Alexander Stratton's Store, under rather sapicious circumstances. An eye to her welfare soon discovered that she had drawn from the window a piece of lawn goods and was on her way home, rejoicing. On being overtaken and accused of the theft, she stated that she intended to pay for the goods. This not being very satisfactory she was taken to the office of Mr. Hughes, Esq., where she received a lecture and was dismissed without further ceremony.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Another of the great wonders of the nineteenth century is at length accomplished.—The hitherto impassable barrier of two thousand miles of water has been surmounted, and after repeated unsuccessful trials, perseverance and skill have overcome all obstacles, and the eastern and western hemispheres are united by a cord that with the speed of thought will flash intelligence over the unexplored bed of a vast ocean. The pulsations of European commerce will send a corresponding and instantaneous throb through three thousand miles of this mysterious artery, imparting its life and buoyancy, or clogging with its own despondent inactivity the commercial centres of America. The most important leading events of the United States will be read in the London morning papers before our own dailies have gone to press. Time and space become almost annihilated. The Liverpool merchant after sipping his coffee and reading his papers can telegraph to his New York agent while he is yet snoozing in bed and enjoying his morning nap.—Who could have imagined when the stupendous Revolution that raised America to the dignity of an independent nation and severed her connection with the old world, that ere a century had passed, the two continents would be united by a tie more powerful than adamant—the great ocean that divided them fettered, and the citizens of each, talking familiarly as it were, face to face together. Yet so it is, the giant undertaking that commenced in uncertainty, progressed in doubt and met with repeated disappointment, has at last been crowned with the most glorious, the most complete success. While the papers were discussing the extreme probability of success, the wise and sagacious gravely shaking their heads and demurely denying the possibility of the electric current passing in the unbroken line of two thousand miles, or of even the ability to lay the cable, the ships quietly met in mid ocean and proceeded with their work, and with the startling suddenness of a thunder peal, announced the work accomplished, the cable laid and intelligence sent throughout its whole length. The amazement created by the announcement was succeeded by a feeling of universal, of earnest gratification. Illuminations are being made, public meetings held, thousands of cannon fired, bells ring, and all the usual demonstrations of national joy manifested from ten thousand hilltops and towns and cities.

Important as are the commercirl advantages expected to result from connection they are but a tythe of its benefits. Its humanitarian tendencies increasing the unity of feeling among the people, and an increasing aversion to the peaceful relations of the two countries are ten-fold more advantageous.—But while we view with pride the successful result of this gigantic undertaking, we are also oppressed with a feeling of humiliation that here in the birth place of the electric telegraph, we have vast and important possessions, with no unfathomable ocean between them; and yet so disconnected that more than a month must elapse before a communication, no matter how important, can be answered. It is perfectly disgraceful, that while petty matters and personal quarels must receive the attention of Congress, a matter so important to the commercial, financial, and military interests of the country, as a telegraph to the Pacific, coolly adjourned from one session to another as though not worth a passing notice. In the approaching elections, we hope to see every congressman left at home, no matter what his party name or attachment, who opposed or voted for adjourning the question of a telegraph to the Pacific. But more of this at a future time.

The distance from Valencia, Ireland, the eastern, and Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, the western terminus of the Atlantic Cable is about 1695 nautical or 1950 common miles. The length of the cable is about 2300 miles.

The American Steamship Niagara and the British Ship Agamemnon, were engaged in laying the cable and were accompanied by the British War Ships Gorgon and Valorous as tenders. They all left Queenstown in Ireland on the 17th of July.

The Niagara arrived at the station on Friday, July 23rd, the Valorous on the 25th, the Gorgon on the 27th and the Agamemnon on the 28th. At 1 o'clock P. M., on the 29th of July, the cable was spliced and the commencement of the laying the cable made. The Niagara had a distance of 882 miles and the Agamemnon 813 nautical miles to lay.—The Niagara having 69 miles the most. At 2. 21 P. M. on the 30th, the Agamemnon had paid out 150 miles of cable. Thirteen minutes later the Niagara had also paid out 150 miles. On the 31st of July at quarter past one P. M., the Niagara had paid out 300 miles of cable, and at 2. 45 P. M., the Agamemnon the same quantity. On the 33 of August the Niagara had paid out 795 miles of cable at 8. 26 A. M., and at 11. 15 A. M. the Agamemnon had paid out 780 miles of cable. At 2. 45 P. M. on the 5th of August the Niagara anchored in Trinity Bay, having paid out one thousand and sixteen nautical miles of cable. At 2. 45 received a signal from the Agamemnon that she had paid out one thousand and ten miles of cable. We have given these details for the purpose of noticing some very interesting incidents in the progress of the ships. The Niagara had been severely criticised by the British press, and yet she was the first at the station by several days and the first to complete her work, although she had 69 miles farther to go and laid six miles more of cable. Nationally this is a very gratifying fact. A more remarkable fact however, is the regularity of the progress of the two ships.

By the statement above it will be observed that there was a difference of but 13 minutes between the ships in laying each "hundred and fifty miles of cable, of one hour and fifteen minutes in laying each three hundred miles, of two hours and forty minutes in laying, one 795, and the other 780 miles of cable, and of but a few hours in laying the whole distance. When it is reflected that the ships went in opposite directions, were built, and manned by the citizens of different countries, we must look upon it as one of the most remarkable circumstances connected with the marine history of the world, reflecting the highest degree of credit upon the skill, ingenuity, and seamanship of all engaged. From all directions we hear the liveliest demonstration of joy at the unexpected result.

Thousands of dollars are being voted to add to the splendor of the general glorification. It will long be considered as one of the most important events of the present century. Already, other lines connecting directly with the United States are talked of. The short telegraph from Trinity Bay to Boston is 1600 miles in length. Four hundred miles of this pass through a wild uncultivated country, where frequent interruptions now occur. Now that the connection with Europe is complete, this part of the route will undoubtedly be made more secure. The first communication of which due notice is to be given, is to be from Queen Victoria to President Buchanan. After his answer is received, it will be open to general communication. Already have messages been forwarded from the merchants of New York to be sent to London at a dollar a word. At this high rate it is not improbable that there will be plenty of business to do. If this embargo was placed on all our words, people would be induced to think twice, oftener than they now do before they speak once. It is highly probable that merchants will have to adopt a new and more condensed language, through which to transact business with London and Liverpool.

A SURPRISE PACKAGE.

More than two years have passed away since we were honored by a surprise party from a number of our *fair* contributors; a record of which may be found in the *Pioneer* of March 6, '56.

A short time since we were very agreeably surprised, not by a visit from any of our *fair* contributors in person, but by the reception of the same kind of gift, even more handsome if possible, than that presented in '56, by the fair ones who visited our sanctum at that time. The former token of friendship had somewhat faded and been almost worn out in the service of the recipient, though a recollection of the time when they were so adroitly presented, and the kind hearted ones who so generously bestowed them, we trust may never fade from our vision.

The package alluded to above, was brought to our sanctum by one of the most accommodating Stagemen in this region, who presented it accompanied with a "love-of-a-letter" (not a love letter) expressive of the happiness afforded in presenting the token of friendship, &c., &c.

The first impression made upon our mind at the sight of the neatly done up package, was that more of our country friends had been leaving the state of single blessedness and had sent a notice for the *Pioneer*, with such accompaniment as the printers frequently receive; but to our agreable surprise, on opening the package we found that it contained a pair of the handsomest worked slippers we ever beheld, a description of which is indescribable.

The generous donor will please accept our heartfelt thanks for those *sole* comforters, a recollection of which shall be cherished by us long after they have faded.

May the fair hands that fashioned them never grow weary in labors of charity.

Our thanks are also due the same source for several pieces of excellent poetry, composed by the Author of the Slippers, who hails from "A home in the Woods" and graces our poetic column this week with an effusion worthy the source from whence it eminated.

The Man for the Times.

All who are acquainted with Rev. A. A. Willits, of Philadelphia, are fully aware that no man is more justly entitled to the above cognomen than he. Those of our readers who had the pleasure of listening to his eloquent lectures in this place last winter, especially those who had the honor of becoming more intimately acquainted with him during his brief visit among us, will feel interested in learning anything relative to his welfare; for the benefit of such, we would announce that this distinguished Divine has lately taken a life policy of five thousand dollars in the "American Life Insurance and Trust Company" of Philadelphia, which is another evidence of his far-sightedness and a guarantee of the soundness and permanency of that Institution. It is an item worthy of remark, however, that the yearly premium on one half of the above amount, was a free-will offering from the members of his congregation, he having without their knowledge first secured a policy of twenty-five hundred dollars for the benefit of his family; his congregation becoming acquainted with the fact, had the amount doubled, thus securing five thousand dollars for the benefit of his family in case of his decease. As an evidence of what is being accomplished by men of his talents and indomitable perseverance, we give the following item, which we think entitles him to some credit. Being called upon to lecture in some of the North Western cities, last winter, he left his home in Philadelphia early on Monday morning travelled nearly eleven hundred miles, delivered four lectures, cleared two hundred dollars and returned home on Friday night, prepared two original sermons, preached them the following Sabbath to his congregation and went on lecturing the next week, as though nothing had happened.

Some persons who know nothing of his unbounded liberality, may wonder why such a man is not very wealthy, not being aware of his liberality; as a specimen of which, he contributed upwards of six hundred dollars for charitable purposes last winter.

Long may such men live and contribute to the welfare of humanity, as their labors of love and philanthropy [illegible] which have [illegible] during the present season [illegible] Mr. E. Starn, on his farm near Cedarville. Having had secular and palatable demonstration of their quality, we "speak from the book," when we say they are unsurpassable. Our friend who is celebrated as one of the best tinkers in this part of the State, succeeds not only in raising the best potatoes, but has given us practical demonstration of his ability to excel in other productions of the soil, for which we return him our heartfelt thanks.

If our farmer friends who raise such abundant crops of fruit, melons, &c., knew the happiness they could [illegible] sisters by presenting them occasionally with [illegible] follow the example of our friend Starn and others who remember the printer with practical demonstrations of their generosity.

The "Life of Rev. Thomas G. Stewart," a volume of about 250 pages, written by his son, with an introduction by Rev. S. Ashmore Monroe, comprising a full account of the labors of that successful minister in Ohio and New Jersey, and containing a steel engraving of the man, is being published by J. B. Collins & Co., Philadelphia, and will issue in a few days. Mr. Stewart was extensively known in South Jersey, and doubtless his biography will be largely demanded. The result of seventeen years in the time and raiment was the conversion of five thousand souls, many of whom still live to read accounts of revivals in which they were received into the church. Orders for a single copy, or quantity, may be addressed to W. G. Stewart, Bridgeton N. J. Price seventy-five cents.

Gumb. Co. Alms House.

With gratification, we announce to our readers, that the trustees of our County Alms House have succeeded in procuring the services of most of the clergymen of this neighborhood, who have signified their willingness to preach at that institution on stated occasions. Heretofore, there has not been preaching at the County House as frequently as desirable, but hereafter there will be services on Sunday afternoon, twice each month. This is certainly a very commendable act on the part of the trustees in soliciting clergymen to preach there once in two weeks. We have been informed by one of the trustees, Mr. Geo. M. Swing, that the Rev. gentlemen, of this section, who have been called upon, have volunteered their services, and it is hoped that many more may do so. Certainly no minister who has had his commission from on high, will refuse to "preach the gospel to the poor," at least once a year, in compliance with request made by the officers of this worthy institution.

The first sermon under the present arrangement, will be preached by Rev. Jos. W. Hubbard, on Sunday afternoon next, the 15th inst., at 3 o'clock.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

SALLIE REVIEWED.

Mr. Editor:—As the first third of "Sallie's article is baldor dash, we will let it pass in silence, as it is beneath the dignity of a Student. Student will answer arguments, but not nonsense. It is a remarkable fact, that though the Editor is so profuse in his praise, and admiration of hoops; yet he has not presented the first argument in their favor. It is the lightning that kills, and not the thunder. When the Editor shall present arguments, then Student will notice his squibs, and not until then. Says "Sallie," "We mean to stick to the law and testimony." We thank you for this "Sallie," and assure you that if you are as good as your word, that the contest will soon be decided.

By the term economy, we mean a "frugal and judicious use of money." Says Sallie, "if the buying of one hooped skirt, saves the buying of two or three wadded and quilted ones" &c. Now before Sallie can draw her conclusion, she must prove, 1st, That there is an absolute necessity for a woman spreading herself, or her clothes, "like a green Bay tree." 2d, That hoops subserve this expansion, at a less cost than all former experiments. 3d, That the wearing of hoops diminish the number of skirts. Now Student is able to prove (yea by a hooper too) that hoops do not diminish the number of skirts worn. Would it not be very dangerous 'Sallie,' for a person to carry as much sail as you do, unless they had a good ballast below? Your conclusion like your promises amounts to nothing, says 'Sallie.' 'Again our juvenile friend objects to our wearing the same style of dress, both in Summer and Winter merely because it promotes comfort" This is a miserable dodge, 'Sallie' being foro-stalled by Student, by his answering her favorite plea for hoops, namely that they promote comfort, coolness, &c., tries to make Student appear ridiculous by answering what he never said. Come 'Sallie' you promised to "stick to the law and the testimony." Student will repeat what he said. "If hoops were worn for coolness, comfort, &c., they would only be worn in summer; but as they are worn as much in winter, as summer, it proves conclusively that they are worn only for show, display, and fashion's sake; and therefore should be abolished." Student knew that his answer to this favorite plea of the hoopers, would be a poser for them, and therefore does not wonder at 'Sallie's' trying to dodge it; poor 'Sallie', where is the Editor's sympathy, that was overflowing a few weeks since?

Is it necessary for females, in order to be pious Christians to put on long robes and disfigure their faces? Student answers no; nor to disfigure their bodies, by putting on hoops. Says 'Sallie,' since Student has shown himself a Bible scholar, possibly he can inform us." Certainly no one needs information more than you 'Sallie,' judging from your reasoning upon the text cited by Student. Says 'Sallie,' if student will read the 10th verse of the same chapter, he will find that the Apostle means the adornment of the inner, and not the outer parson." Student has read all the verses, and would say that the phrase "modest apparel" does not refer sin the mind, but to dress; it does not say wear a sack dress for instead of their being modest, we think [illegible] "If women did conform to the world &c. We ask in the name of [illegible] dress, do they not conf[illegible] fashion has ever [illegible] the blooper coming [illegible] that women [illegible] these [illegible] are either [illegible] for their authority, i. e. where are they commanded by the bible? we answer nowhere; therefore said fashions must belong to the world, and all those who follow them, conform to the world, and

See Dr. A. Clarke on Rom. 12: 2. Also Rev. [illegible] VIII: 12. Sallie tries to evade by giving it a ludicrous turn. You may blind the eyes of some, Sallie, with sophistry; but never those of a Student. You try to provoke a laugh and say:—Now if the fact of our wearing hoops should lead our brethren of weak consciences to adopt the same style of dress, i. e. hoops &c. But may not Sallie [illegible] sister, if not her brethren, by her example to wear those obnoxious things, and thereby wound the weak consciences of brethren and sisters, "and sin against Christ." Certainly she can, and doubtless she does. Says Sallie, we are sorry that Student gives the ministers such a home thrust, and Student is more sorry that there should exist a necessity for so doing. "His watchmen are blind; they are all ignorant, they are all dumb dogs, they cannot bark."—Isaiah LVI: 10th.—If some ministers have been "dumb dogs" refusing to bark," and in the past may there not be some ministers at the present time of a similar character.

"Ignoramus" thinks that Student has not studied human nature much; well, to a great extent, this is true; or else he (Student) could tell "why his (ignoramus') letter was dated, or issued from Willow Grove, in last week's Pioneer, instead of Centreville. We have taken the bible as our starting point, we intend to run our course of christian duty upon it, and make it our 'corner stone.' "Ignoramus," had better mind his compass, or he may have to make a corner, before he gets to the end of his course. STUDENT.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

Mr. Editor:—The public have for the last two years, been sickened with the most silly "twaddle," in regard to a fashion which the Ladies have seen fit to adopt, the much-abused and calumniated "hoop!" Jokes, the most silly and unmeaning have been perpetrated, until the subject—(a skeleton at the outstart) has been worn so threadbare that should one of our "would-be-facetious" individuals attempt to raise a laugh at their expense, it would be such a melancholy exhibition that he would be seriously supposed to be *non compos mentis*, and his friends would be justified in getting out a commission of lunacy.

But, after all the mass of trash that has emanated from thousands of peurile minds, it has been left to your paper the honor of publishing the most absurdly ridiculous article that has, or ever will appear upon the subject.

However, as Nellie B. has so valiently assailed and vanquished this modern "Don Quixote," I shall leave "Student" to sleep on in the grave where a "Nellie" has laid him; but I perceive there is a "Sancho Panza" in the field, who, like altrusty Squire, has hastened to the relief of his quixotical friend, and to him I would like to pay my respects.

Now Mr. "Alpha," in the first place I would like to know what right you have to complain if the ladies do choose to wear hoops? They certainly can never discommode you; for, from the tone of your remarks, I would judge that no lady would ever allow you to get near enough to her for the hoops to discommode you; but as you have stated no specific grounds for your opposition to the "great institution," I shall wait until I see what position you intend to occupy—then

"Man to man, and steel to steel,
A Chieftain's vengeance you shall feel."

As this appears to be a "free fight" and you wish to be "counted in," I shall be happy to attend to you at any time, as I am ready to do up country orders at the shortest notice.

As you appear to be a friend of the defunct "Student," I would suggest raising a tribute to his untimely fate, and for an epitaph, I think that "Stung to death by a little B.," or, "smothered to death in crinoline," would be strikingly beautiful and highly appropriate. It would serve as a warning to "school boys," in all future time to beware how they meddle with feminine hoops.

I conjure you, as a friend of humanity, (during this controversy) not to perpetrate any more poetry or Gebler stories; for your first article has thrown several into the most alarming convulsions, from which they have scarcely recovered, and I am afraid that a second dose might prove fatal.

Waiting with "vizor down and lance in rest," I remain yours impatiently, the

"UNKNOWN KNIGHT."

Philadelphia, Aug. 10th '58.

NEW FASHION.

A Love or a Bonnet.—The Fall fashions for bonnets, if the Philadelphia North American is properly informed, provide artificial fruits as a substitute for flowers. The latter will pass entirely out of use. Instead of roses, Johnny jump-ups and daffy-down dillies, the bonnets of our belles will be graced with clusters of artificial currants, fox grapes, cherries, and other fruits, hung in glass, of the least possible thickness.

The new bonnet is a unique affair, and resembles a cabbage leaf, striamed with tomatoes. The price is cheap, only twenty dollars. Young gentlemen, contemplating matrimony, will please notice.

THE STATE FAIR.

[illegible] of the [illegible] have been completed [illegible] are [illegible] circumference, is drawn, and this is arranged at one side so as to leave a [illegible] open space for all the other accessories, [illegible] seats &c.

The Frazer River Gold Excitement.

We have read a large mass of [illegible] matter and correspondence from the Chinese papers in relation to the Frazer River Region, about which [illegible] its [illegible] in the people of California are so [illegible] The great points of the [illegible] productiveness in gold and the extent of its diggings still remain to be settled. An [illegible] stories are in circulation as to the amount dug per day, but it is very certain that as yet only quite a small amount of gold has made its appearance either at San Francisco or Victoria. This, however, is accounted for to the satisfaction of the adventurers by the high state of the river, which at present puts a great restraint upon the operations of the miners. Meanwhile, it is but too evident that great risks are run by the thousands who are hastening to the new El Dorado. Provisons are enormously high, and tion on the one hand, on the other they are in great danger of being attacked by Indians. The unlucky defeat of Col. Steptoe, while it threatens Oregon and Washington with some [illegible] will be felt to be felt also in the new mining region. The reports of the [illegible] from San [illegible] the London *Times*, are of the most exciting description. The writer anticipates a rush of emigrants from every quarter of the world, civilized and uncivilized, to the new El Dorado. He advises the steamship Great Eastern to be immediately sent out to ply as a passenger and freight vessel from the Panama Isthmus along the Mexican coast to San Francisco, and thence to Vancouver's Island, where he asserts, she could easily be docked at points on the coast. President Buchanan has appointed John Nugent, editor of the San Francisco *Herald*, to go up to the Frazer river gold region and act as a kind of "Keep the Peace," and prevent the Americans from getting into "messes" with the British officials. Nugent is a hot-headed Irishman, a duellist, hates England as a cat does hot water, and is more likely to create a row than mend one. He is the same fellow who was several years ago brought before Congress on the charge of purloining a copy of the Mexican treaty from the Senate for the use of the New York *Herald*, of which paper he was then the Washington correspondent.—*Brother Jonathan*

We never yet knew a man disposed to scorn the humble, who was not himself a fit object of scorn to the humblest.

Bridgeton Prices Current.

Corrected weekly for the Pioneer.

W. Wheat	$1 30 rts.	Potatoes	80 cts.
R. Wheat	1 20 "	Butter	22 cts. per lb
Old Corn	1 00 "	Eggs	12 " " doz
New Corn	00 "	Hams	12 " " lb
Rye	85 "	Lard	12 " " lb
Oats	37 "	Pork	10 cts. per lbs

Philadelphia Grain Market.

Sales of prime to fair red at $1 20 a 125 per bushel, and $135 a 143 for White.—Rye at 80c. for old; and 66 for new. Corn 95 a 96c. Oats 42c.

MARRIED.

On the 5th inst, by Rev. E. J. Hawkins, Mr. Elisha Brower, to Mrs. Margaret Westbrook, both of Leonardville, Middleton, Monmoth county, N. J.

DIED.

At his residence in New Castle County Delaware, of Consumption, on the 27th ult., Lorenzo F. Compton, in the 28th year of his age.

In the several relations of son, brother, husband, father and friend, his many virtues will long be cherished and remembered. Quiet and unobtrusive in his manners, kind and considerate in his intercourse with others, he had drawn around him a host of friends, who attested their regard by every attention it was possible to render him in his illness, and by their sorrowing, and sympathizing attendance on his remains to "their last resting place!" Though for three weeks previous to his death, his sufferings were of the most extreme character, yet no complaint nor murmus was heard from him. In perfect possession of his faculties to the last; he was enabled to comfort his sorrowing friends with the following expressions: "The will of the Lord be done!" "I am nothing; the Lord is everything!" and in a few minutes after, calmly, serenely, and peacefully ceased to breathe. Bless the Lord, Oh! my soul! for though "a man die, he shall live again!"

In Deerfield township on the 5th inst., Miss Mary Vanmeter, aged 30 years.

Near Bridgeton, on the 9th inst., Mr. Charles H. Brewster, in the 45th year of his age.

In Bridgeton, on the 10th inst., Arabel, daughter of Harris and Elizabeth Brooks, aged 1 year and 9 months.

In Greenwich on the 4th inst., Lizzie Thompson, daughter of Dr. and Martha R. Newkirk, aged 10 months and 10 days.

In Allowaystown, on the 4th inst, at the Parsonage of the M. E. Church, Mrs. G. A. McDougall, wife of the Rev. J. W. McDougall.

At Bricksboro' on the 25th ult., Mary Smith, daughter of John S. and Eliza J. Heisler, aged 3 months.

In Bridgeton township, on the 11th inst., Mrs. Prudence Hood, aged 78 years.

In Bridgeton, on the 11th inst., Albert E. son of Wm. and Margaret Loper, aged 11 months and 11 days.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

The Committee appointed to make the arrangements for the exercises connected with the erection of the monument to the memory of the late Rev. E. Osborn, on Saturday the 21st day of August next, respectfully announce, as the general order of exercises on that day, vis:

1st, Statement respecting the monument and inscriptions, by Hon. John T. Nixon.
2d, Singing.
3d, Prayer.
4th, Eulogy, by Hon. L. Q. C. Elmer.
5th, Singing.
6th, Address by Rev. Nathaniel C. Burt.
7th, Other addresses may be expected.
8th, Singing and Benediction.

The public are respectfully invited to attend. Services at the Old Stone Church at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By Order of the Committee.

REV. JAMES BOGGS, Chairman,
CHARLES F. DIVER, Sec'y.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, will be exposed to sale at

PUBLIC VENDUE,

On SATURDAY, the 11th day of September next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Public House of [illegible] in Bridgeton, the following described property, to wit:

[illegible] HOUSE & LOT

[illegible] Bridgeton, Fronting on [illegible] Street, about [illegible] long the same more or less. "A good old great house."

Seized as the property of David Gordon, taken in execution at the suit of Thomas Gordon.

To be sold by J. FITAIAN,
Aug. 14 5t Sheriff.

MEETING AT WILLOW GROVE.

The second quarterly meeting for Willow Grove charge, will be held at Willow Grove on Saturday and Sunday August 21 and 22 inst. The services will consist of a sermon on Saturday morning at seven o'clock, by Rev. S. Y. Monroe, Presiding Elder of Bridgeton district. Quarterly Conference immediately after the public services. A love feast on Sunday morning, to commence at nine o'clock. A sermon at 11 o'clock, by the Pastor. Subject—"The Christian Ministry, his labor and success. We assure all our friends who may favor us with their presence, a hearty welcome. A. MATTHEWS, Pastor.

TEACHERS INSTITUTE!!

Pennington July, 21st, 1858.

An application having been made to me by the legal number of teachers of the county of Cumberland, asking that a "Teachers Institute" be held in and for said county, I do therefore appoint Monday the 23d day of August next at [illegible] Hall, as the place for holding the said Institute.

JOHN H. PHILLIPS, State Supt.

The session will commence at 2 P. M. on the day appointed, and close on Friday as usual. A [illegible] is requested. Instructors [illegible] A lecture each evening. JOHN D. THOMSON.

August 14, 2t. Conductor.

NOTICE!

THE Bridgeton and Millville Turnpike Co. have declared a dividend of [illegible] Payable on and after the 10th inst. By order of the Board. CHARLES F. SLAER.

Aug., 14th 1m. Treasurer.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of the County of Cumberland to me directed, will be exposed to sale at

PUBLIC VENDUE,

On SATURDAY, the eighteenth day of September next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Public House of David Gordon & Son in Bridgeton, all that certain

[illegible] HOUSE AND LOT OF LAND,

Situate in the township of Fairfield county of Cumberland, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake in the centre of the main street of Cedarville, opposite the mouth of the lane leading to the Saw Mill, thence North 21 deg., East up the main street 7 rods and 2 links to a corner, also a corner of B. D. Bateman's Lot thence South 81½ deg., East 5 Rods and 10 links to a corner of said Bateman's Lot, thence north 68 3-4 deg., East 1½ rods and 14 links to a stone in the road leading to the Saw Mill, thence down said road, south sixty-five and a-half deg., west, 21 rods and 5 links to the place of beginning, containing 1½ acres more or less.

Taken as the property of Harris Brooks, et-al defendant, and taken in execution at the suit of Charles Hughes, complainant. To be sold by

J. FITHIAN,
Aug. 14 5t Sheriff.

Acknowledgement of Deeds,

CONVEYANCING AND BLANKS.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Gov. Wm. A. Newell, to take the acknowledgement and proof of Deeds, may be found at the Surrogate's Office, Bridgeton, ready and willing to accommodate all who may call. Also, Write Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages Leases, Wills &c. at a short notice. On hand and for sale Blank Deeds, Mortgage Bonds, Bills of Sale and Justice Blanks.

☞ Don't mistake the Office.

H. R. MERSEILLES,
Aug 14 2m Surrogate's Office.

CUMBERLAND ORPHAN'S COURT,

OF THE TERM OF AUGUST, A. D. 1858.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

F. F. PATTERSON, and E. R. Humphries jr. Administrators of William Null, deceased, having exhibited to this Court, under oath a just and true account of the personal estate and debts of said decedent, whereby it appears that the personal estate of said decedent are insufficient to pay his debts, and requested the aid of the Court in the premises: It is ordered that all persons interested in the land, tenements and real estate of said decedent, appear before the Court at the Court House in Bridgeton, on the 11th day of October next, to show cause why so much of the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate of said decedent should not be sold, as will be sufficient to pay his debts, or the residue thereof, as the case may require.

By the Court. H. R. MERSEILLES,
Aug. 14 2m. Clerk of Court.

Cumberland Orphan's Court.

EXECUTOR'S & ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO LIMIT CREDITORS.

ELMER DANZENBAKER, Administrator with the Will, of Jacob Danzenbaker, dec., by direction of the Surrogate of the County of Cumberland, hereby gives notice to the Creditors of said decedent, to bring in their debts demands and claims against said estate, under oath or affirmation within nine months from the date hereof, or be forever barred of any action therefor, against said administrator.

H. R. MERSEILLES,
Aug. 14th 2m. Surrogate.

CUMBERLAND ORPHAN'S COURT.

AUGUST TERM, 1858.

RULE TO LIMIT CREDITORS OF INSOLVENT ESTATES.

JOHN WITHEREL, Administrator of Ephraim K. Potter, late of the county of Cumberland, deceased, having represented to the Court, on oath that the personal and real estate of the decedent is insufficient to pay the debts of the said deceased, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, it is hereby directed and ordered by the Court, that the said John W. Potter, administrator aforesaid, give public notice to the creditors of the estate, to exhibit to said Administrator, under oath or affirmation, their claims and demands against the estate within nine months, by setting up such notice in five of the most public places in the County, for the space of two months, and also by advertising the same, for the like period of time, in the West Jersey Pioneer, a newspaper printed in this State; or be forever barred of his or their claim against said estate.

H. R. MERSEILLES,
Aug 14 2m Surrogate.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

EUPHEMIA GILMAN, Executrix, named in the Testament and last Will of Daniel Gilman, late of the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, dec'd having presented and filed in my Office, a copy of the said Will, exemplified under the hand and seal of Charles Carrigan Register for the Probate of Wills, in and for the City and County of Philadelphia, whereby it appears that the said Will, have been admitted to probate by said Register, in the State of Pennsylvania; and the said Euphemia Gilman having applied to me, to have said will proved and recorded in this State, pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, I do hereby order that cause be shown before me, at my office, in the town of Bridgeton, Cumberland County, N. J., on Wednesday the 15th day of September next, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, why a duly certified copy of such Will should not be filed and recorded in my office, and Letters Testamentary thereon, be issued to the said Euphemia Gilman, and that this Order be published in the West Jersey Pioneer, a Newspaper published and printed in said county, for the space of four weeks next preceding said day.

Given under my hand this 10th day of August, A. D. 1858. H. R. MERSEILLES,
Aug 14 4m Surrogate, Surrogate of the County of Cumberland.

THE FARMER'S POCKET BOOK, Practical Agriculture; A Guide to cultivate all the Field Crops, including an exposition of the Nature and Properties of Manures, and the Principles of Tillage, Drainage, Irrigation, Hedges, Fences, Barns, Stables, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Bees, Rural Implements, Management of the Farm, Cultivation of Fruit, Flowers, Kitchen Garden, Essay on Manures, How to Make Them, [illegible] Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Bees, Rural Implements, Management of the Farm, Cultivation of Fruit, Flowers, Kitchen Garden," [illegible] Price 75 cts.] The [illegible] Farmer" to [illegible] Farmers" [illegible] Them [illegible] FOWLER & WELLS, 308 Broadway New York. Aug 14 1t

A Card to the Public

I have passed the Board of Examination at Buffalo in New York and Philadelphia in July last, as a Macropathist Physician, I intend to persue the Electro Magnetic Practice in future for all diseases that is curable through Electricity. WILLIAM F. WHITAKER.

Bridgeton, July 31 1858.

UNION ACADEMY.

GEO. E. TOMLINSON, A. M. Principal.
MISS MARY G. PITHIAN, Preceptress.

THE Academic year of '58 and '59 is arranged as follows:—

Fall Term will commence Monday, Aug. 23d and close Nov. 24th.

Winter Term will commence Monday, Nov. 28, and close March 18th.

Spring Term will commence March 16th, and end June 20th.

Each Term will continue twelve weeks.

The reputation of this Institution is established. It has been in successful operation ten years, and during that time has more than realized the expectations of its founders. No pains will be spared to make its future an advancement upon its past progress. The object will be to develop as fully as possible the capacities of the Student—to draw out instead of pouring in—and secure such a training as shall make him a practical scholar and thinker. Especial attention will be given to COMPOSITION and ELOCUTION. In this age, every person, whatever his position, should be able to express his views, if necessary, in a manner that will do credit to himself and justice to his cause. This subject has been too much neglected in our institutions of learning.—Daily exercises in composition and Declamation will be required as a regular study of those whose advancement will warrant the outlay of time.—Frequent Lectures will be given to the students. Those preparing for College will receive especial attention. The Chemical and Philosophical apparatus in possession of this Academy, it is believed, are more ample than in any other Institution of its kind in the State.

The Academy is pleasantly situated at Shiloh, Cumberland Co., N. J. The place is easy of access and removed from many of the temptations incident to a Student's life in large towns and cities.

TERMS—Tuition in the common English branches, $3 50 per Term; Latin, Greek, French, German and higher Mathematics, $6—00 per Term; instruction in Piano Music, with use of instrument, $10 00 per Term.

For further particulars, address the Principal, or REV. W. B. GILLETTE, or HON. LEWIS HOWELL, President of Trustees.

Shiloh, N. J., July 31 1857.

Farm for Sale.

A FARM situate on Maurice River, containing Sixty Acres, 40 of which is tillable, in a good state of cultivation, suitable for Truck or grain.

The ballance consisting of 20 acres of good meadow. The buildings are good.

A well of excellent water, together with many other advantages which may be seen by viewing the premises. For further particulars address

J. B. FERGUSON,
Pioneer Office,
July 31 1mo Bridgeton, N. J.

Bridgeton Woollen Factory.

THE Subscribers having made arrangements for doing an extensive business the present season, at their old established

WOOLLEN MANUFACTORY,

In Bridgeton N. J., invite Farmers and others to their facilities for manufacturing, which are probably superior to any other in the State.

Having introduced the latest improvements into their establishment, for the manufacturing of Twilled all Wool goods for Over Coats, Blankets, Flannels, Satinetts, Stocking Yarn, Carpet yarn, &c., inducements are here offered to those that wish to have their wool manufactured unsurpassed by any other establishment.

WOOL CARDED INTO ROLLS,

And coloring neatly and expeditiously executed and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers before parting with their Wool are requested to call at the Factory and learn our prices, as we intend to pay the highest cash price for wool.

N. B.—Wool sent by any of the Bridgeton stages will be manufactured and returned according to order.

May 15, '58. R. & J. DUBOIS.

NOTICE.

THE Directors of the Millville Bank have ordered the balance of the Capital stock of the Bank to be taken as follows: Five dollars for each share on the first day of June five dollars for each share on the first day of July five dollars for each share on the first day of August five dollars for each share on the first day of September and five dollars for each share on the first day of October, and the balance on the first day of November next ensuing.

JOHN F. WOOD, Cashier.

Millville, July 31st, 1858.

NEW SCHEDULE OF PREMIUMS

UNITED STATES JOURNAL

PUBLISHING HOUSE.

ENCOURAGED by the UNPARALLELED SUCCESS of our novel and extraordinary Premium Offers in the circulation of the long established and popular Pictorial monthly, the UNITED STATES JOURNAL, and in the addition of valuable Books, we now announce our new programme of premiums for the season of 1858 and 1859, embracing the celebrated Air Union, Series of twelve, presented and spoken of in the Journal of last March; Gold Watches, High Jewelry of all kinds, Gold Pens, etc., adhering to a scale of liberality surpassing all previous efforts.

Our Jewelry is composed exclusively of the richest first-class articles, warranted to be solid gold, or presently as represented, and every person selects his own premium. Ours is the only Publishing House that offers Premiums on this plan, or that furnishes this class of jewelry.

The following is a list of a few articles, with the amount of the club for which it is given as a premium, and the postage required for its delivery by mail:

Splendid Detached Lever, Enameled Dial, eighteen carat Gold Watch, warranted a perfect time keeper	80 00	20c.
Elegant Lepine Enameled Dial, 18 carat Gold Watch	50 00	20c.
Large Double Slide Gold Pencil, not a gold Pen, warranted to be solid gold throughout	8 00	20c.
Beautiful Gold Pencil, warranted to be solid gold throughout	3 00	20c.
Gold Pencil, Gold Watch Key, and Tooth Pick combined	3 00	20c.
Extension Silver Case Pencil, warranted same as silver coin and Gold Pen	2 50	20c.
Rich Gold Band Bracelet	4 00	20c.
Fancy Gold Mosaic Bracelet	4 00	20c.
Silver lined Gold Locket, engraved and strung	1 00	20c.
Set of Gold Cameo Ear Drops	6 00	20c.
Set of Gold Coral Ear Drops	6 00	20c.
Gold Cameo Pin for Lady	5 00	20c.
Gold Florentine Pin for Lady	5 00	20c.
Gold Bar Cluster Pin for Gentleman	5 00	20c.
Set of Gold Cameo Studs	2 00	20c.
Set of Engraved, Lined Gold Studs	2 00	20c.
Set of Gold Carnelian Sleeve Buttons for Lady and Gentleman	4 00	20c.
Superb Rose Gold Ring, solid sixteen carat gold, richly chameled	4 00	20c.
A Miss's Ring, solid sixteen carat gold, set with stone	4 00	20c.

Among the Engravings are:

The Signing of the Death Warrant of Lady Jane Grey, from the celebrated painting by Daniel Huntington. 22 inches long by 17 inches wide	1 00	12c.
The Trapper's Last Shot, from the great painting by W. Ranney	1 00	12c.
The Angler's Daughter, from the great painting by Landseer	50	9c.
Sparking, from the painting by F. W. Edwards	50	9c.

(For full Schedule, see our Catalogue.)

The UNITED STATES JOURNAL contains sixteen large folio pages, ably edited and profusely illustrated. Price only 50 cents a year.

Our Catalogue contains over 1,000 of the most useful, entertaining, and popular works of the day.

Any person sending us 50 cents or more, either for the JOURNAL or for Books at the lowest prices, is entitled to the same amount in any of the premiums of his own selection from the schedule. He is also entitled to extra Premiums amounting to $1, and extra Books or Journals amounting to $1 for every club of $10, thus receiving for $10, Books or Journals amounting to $11, and Premiums amounting to $11. The amount to prepay postage on the Premiums, should accompany each order.

Every reader is invited to form a club, and we wish to arrange with some person at every Post Office, to act as local agent and correspondent, who will be richly paid therefor.

Specimens and Catalogue sent free on application.—Send on a few subscriptions at once, and select your premiums from the above, or when you receive the catalogue.

J. M. EMERSON & Co., Publishers,
405 Broadway, New York.

FARMERS ATTENTION!!!

THE best article in the world for raising wheat is Leinau's Super Phosphate of Lime, at $40 per ton, or 2 1-4 cts. a lb., by the barrel.

Analysed and recommended for the Wheat and Grain Crops, by Professor Charles T. Jackson, Chemist of the United States Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

It will repay the outlay 50 to 100 per cent, and will not burn the seed by coming in contact as Guano does. Try it—Prove it.

G. A. LEINAU, Proprietor.
No. 21 South Front Street,
Philadelphia city, Pa.

Or of my Agents, throughout the country.

Analysis can be seen at my Office. Cash Mailed with the order, will receive prompt attention.

A liberal discount to Storekeepers who buy to sell again.

Pamphlets can be had at my Office. G. A. L.

July 15, '58, 3mo.

GUANO!! GUANO!!!

THE Subscriber still continues to keep a full supply of

No. 1 Peruvian and Pacific Ocean Guano,
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
AND LAND PLASTER,

Which he will sell in any quantity at the lowest market price.

Persons having accounts with the subscriber that are due, either Note or book account, are requested to settle them without delay, at the office in Laurel street.

ROBT. G. BREWSTER.

July 10 8t

Economy is Wealth.

AND the surest way of economizing is to buy your Lumber, Hardware, &c., at WHITEKAR, ROBESON, & CO'S Cheap Lumber and Hardware depot.

It is acknowledged by all that we sell the best article at the lowest price, and what everybody says, must be true. We think we need not say any more, but we will make Extra inducements to those who are so unfortunate as not to possess the needful. So we would urge you to give us a call—Cash or Credit, we are determined to satisfy you.

June 29 tf.

A PRIZE FOR EVERYBODY!

WHO SUBSCRIBES FOR THE

New York WEEKLY PRESS

A BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED
FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY PRESS is one of the best literary papers of the day. A large Quarto containing TWENTY PAGES, or SIXTY COLUMNS, of entertaining matter, and ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED every week.

A GIFT WORTH FROM 50 CENTS TO $1000 WILL BE SENT TO EACH SUBSCRIBER ON RECEIPT OF THE SUBSCRIPTION MONEY.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy for one year, and 1 gift	$2 00
Three copies one year, and 3 gifts	5 00
Five copies one year, and 5 gifts	8 00
Ten copies one year, and 10 gifts	15 00
Twenty one copies one year, and 21 gifts	30 00

The articles to be distributed are comprised in the following list:

1	United States Treasury Note	$1000 00
2	do do do	500 00 each
5	do do do	200 00 each
10	do do do	100 00 each
10	Patent Lever Hunting Cased Watches	100 00 each
20	Gold Watches	75 00 each
50	do do	60 00 each
100	do do	50 00 each
200	Ladies' Gold Watches	35 00 each
200	Silver Hunting Cased Watches	30 00 each
500	Silver Watches	$15 00 to 25 00 each
1000	Gold Guard, Vest and Fob Chains	10 00 to 20 00 each
1000	Gold Pens and Pencils	5 00 to 15 00 each

Gold Lockets, Bracelets, Broaches, Ear Drops, Breast Pins, Cuff Pins, Sleeve Buttons, Rings, Shirt Studs, Watch Keys, Gold and Silver Thimbles, and a variety of other articles, worth from 50 cents to $75 00 each.

On receipt of the subscription money, the subscriber's name will be entered upon our books and the gift forwarded within one week to him, by mail or express, post paid.

All communications must be addressed to

DANIEL ADEE, PUBLISHER
211 Centre street, New York.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership existing between Samuel Rose, and Preston Lippincott, as Rose & Lippincott, was dissolved on the 25th of March last. Any person indebted to the above firm will make immediate payment to the subscriber.

PRESTON LIPPINCOTT.

Millville, July 24 3w

Ready Made Clothing at

No. 12 Commerce Street, Carll's Building, a few doors East of the Bridge, Bridgeton N. J.,

BRILLIANT CARDS and unprecedented offers, unparalleled in the annals of history as to prices of Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

BATES & CO.

FALL OF FASHION

Continues to be the Grand Theme for admiration, and will be so long as goods are sold at such extremely low prices as we are now offering to the public. We claim anything before offered in brilliancy and astonishing every one in quality, almost surprising all who see the goods, and the wonder is how we can do it. We say we can, and we do, and the reason is, we buy for cash, and we have arrived at a system of economy of distribution, and due and diligent application to business, that is a settled conviction—a conviction growing upon us, that we have arrived at the point of perfection in our business, and we can and do sell a large amount of goods at a small profit, and we do so.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock, and we will be happy to show our goods, and we will be happy to sell them, if we can make it for your interest to purchase.

WM. H. JOHNSON, UMBRELLAS.

Also, a large assortment of Umbrellas from 75 cts. to $1 each, and black Parasols from 75 cts. to $1 each.

N. B. Cash paid for Rags.

April 10, 1858. C. S. MILLER & CO.

To Farmers and Dealers

HARTSON is still alive and kicking at the old stand, where he is ready to supply his customers and almost everybody else with Stoves, Tinware, Japanned Ware, Brass Mounted Shovels and Tongs, Brass, Japanned and Stage Mounted Bronzes and Stage Furniture, Silver Mounted Bronzes and Stage Furniture, Brass, Japanned and Stage Furniture, Tinware, Stoves, Furnaces, Hollow Ware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Guns, Fishing Tackle, Sporting Goods, Gas Fixtures, Lamps, Chandeliers, Gilt Cornices, Mantles, Looking Glasses, Plain and Fancy Rocking Horses, Fancy Goods, Toys, Dolls, Cradles, Baby Jumpers, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Mattresses, Feathers

HEADQUARTERS,

Cheapest Boot & Shoe Store in Bridgeton!

Wholesale and Retail.

THROUGH the solicitation of numerous friends, I am induced and have made arrangements in combination with my own manufactured work to keep on hand Philadelphia, New York and Eastern manufactured Boots & Shoes, such as Ladies', Misses and Children. Also, Gentlemen, Boys and Youth's Boots & Shoes of all grades, and at prices so low that no one will find fault with. As I am a practical boot and shoe maker, I have the advantage over a great many in selecting good work that will give satisfaction to all. I shall sell all of my city made work as a very limited small profit, so that it will be an inducement for the public to call and buy.

Ladies can get made boots and shoes with heels or without, of all description, cheaper than can be bought elsewhere for the same money; Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes at very low prices. As I have commenced receiving Eastern made work in connection with my own manufactory, I shall sell cheaper than any other store in Bridgeton, according to quality of work. Farmers, mechanics and working men in general will do well to call on the subscriber, as I intend to keep on hand fine and coarse Boots and Shoes of all kinds So they can be suited without much trouble.

THOMAS P. WILLIAMS.

Bridgeton, Oct. 7, 1857.tf

Bowen, Rocap, and Co.

LUMBER & HARDWARE.

BOWEN & ROCAP, having associated with them in the Lumber & Hardware business, William Dare, are now ensabled still more extensively, to increase their former stock, and offer to the public every variety of Lumber that can be found in any of the yards in this State, together with an assortment of every kind of Hardware used in building purposes.

Among their stock of Lumber can be found

115,000 feet Hemlock Scantling,	
150,000 " White Pine Boards,	
40,000 " " & Black Oak	
80,000 " Cedar Pickets,	
10,000 Fence Railing,	
80,000 Brick,	
75,000 Cypress Shingles,	
80,000 Cedar "	
100,000 Plastering Lath,	
60,000 White Pine Flooring,	
60,000 Virginia "	
20,000 Cedar Siding,	
200,000 Sawed Chestnut fence posts,	
100, White Oak, do	
10,000 Sap Pine Boards,	

to which the attention of those persons in build is invited. Farmers and others wanting lumber of any description, would probably save much valuable time, and considerable money by calling upon us and learning our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY

of every description can be obtained of us at unprecedented low prices of the best quality.

Our facilities for purchasing Lumber and Hardware cannot be surpassed in this section of the State, as our stock is bought under our own inspection, we flatter ourselves that our customers will find our prices satisfactory, and our prices satisfactory, and our articles giving them the utmost satisfaction.

MARTIN BOWEN,
EPHER G. ROCAP,
WILLIAM DARE.

July 11, '57.

Farmers, Housekeepers, & the whole World—Attention!!

WILLIAM POO still continues at his new store, next door to the Post-office, in Commerce st., in the Tinware and Stove Business and intends to keep on hand and for sale at the very lowest prices STOVES! of all the various kinds and styles manufactured in the United States, both for Churches, Offices, Parlors, Bed-rooms, kitchen, Dining Room and Chambers, and will warrant them to be exactly what they are sold for. All sizes of 10-plate stoves, with or without boilers.

TIN WARE

In all its variety: on hand, or manufactured to order and warranted.

HOUSEKEEPERS

Are requested to call and examine his articles, having almost every article that is desirable in the Kitchen Department. Knives and forks of the best quality always for sale. Fluid lamps of all sizes and kinds and at all prices. Brittanir Tea Pots, Table and Tea poons, Ladles, &c.

Roofing and Spouting

Done at short notice, in the best manner, of the best material and finished at the time agreed upon.

Lightning Rods copper. and plated with silver, recommended as the best in use. The platina points also furnished if required.

Employing none but competent workmen, customers can rely upon having their work done in a proper manner; having no botches about his establishment, no fears need be entertained as regards the work not being done scientifically. Having had many years experience in the business, he flatters himself that all who deal with him will be satisfied as to the quality of the work, cheapness, elegance and durability.

Feb. 28, '57.

BUY your Cook Stoves of WESTCOTT & KENNEDY and save Two Dollars. They sell

Cookstove, No. 7 for	18,00
" " 8 "	21,00
" " 9 "	24,00

They have but one price.

Corn Cribs.

We have in our yard, plenty of Lumber to make corn cribs. Come along and get it.

Oct. 21. H. J. MULFORD & Bro.

Steam Dyeing & Scouring ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. E. W. SMITH, No. 28 North Fifth street, between Market and Arch, Phila. Piece goods of every description dyed to any color. Ladies' wearing apparel of every description, dyed in the most fashionable and permanent colors, and finished in a superior style. Merino, Cashmere and crape Shawls, table and piano covers, carpets, Rugs, &c., scoured. Pongee and silk dresses re-dyed all colors, and watered equal to new.

N. B.—Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned or dyed on reasonable terms. Dec. 12-1y.

TRAEVELLING LINES.

Philadelphia and New York Lines—Summer Arrangement.

THE Camden and Amboy Railroad and Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad Co.'s Lines from Philadelphia to New York and Way Places, will leave as follows, viz: Fare.

At 1½ A. M. from Kensington Depot, via Jersey City, [Mail.] $2 25
At 6 A. M. via Camden and Jersey City, N. Jersey Accommodation, 2 25
At 6 A. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 2 25
At 7 A. M. via Camden and Jersey City, Morning Mail, 3 00
At 10 A.M. by steamboat Trenton, via Tacony and Jersey City, Morning Express, 3 00
At 2 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, C. and A. Express, 3 00
At 5 P. M. via Camden and Jersey City, Evening Mail, 3 00
At 8 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 1st Class, 2 00
At 8 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 2d Class, 1 50
at 6 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 1st Class, 2 00
At 3 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 2d Class, 1 50
at 6 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 1st Class, 2 00
At 6 P. M. via Camden and Amboy, Accommodation, 2d Class, 1 75

☞ The 5 o'clock P. M. Line runs daily; all others Sundays excepted.

Place of departure of all lines, except 1½ A. M. Walnut Street wharf.

Express Lines stop at principal stations only.

For Belvidere, Easton, Flemington, at 6 A. M. and 4 P. M.

☞ For Bethlehem, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, via. the Lehigh Valley Railroad, at 6 A.M.

For Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Montrose, Great Bend, &c., at 6 A. M., via Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

For Freehold at 6 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Mount Holly at 7 A. M. and 2½ and 5 P. M.

WAY LINE—For Bristol, Trenton, &c., at 2½ and 4 P. M.

WAY LINE—For Palmyra, Riverton, Beverly, Burlington, Bordentown, &c. at 3 P. M

Steamboat Richard Stockton for Bordentown and intermediate places, at 2½ P. M.

Steamboat Trenton, for Tacony, carrying New York and Way Lines, 10 A. M., 11½ A. M., and 4 P. M.

☞ Fifty pounds of baggage only allowed each passenger. Passengers are prohibited from taking anything as baggage but their wearing apparel. All baggage over 50 pounds to be paid for extra. The company limit their responsibility for baggage to one dollar per pound, and will not be liable for any amount beyond $100, except by special contract.

WM. H. GATZMER, Ag't C. & A. R. R. Co.
R. B. MORRELL, Ag't Philada. Tr. R. R. Co.

BRICK.

WE are manufacturing, and have now ready for sale, Brick of the following kinds,

SALMON ARCH,
LIGHT RED, DARK RED,
PAVING.

Either at the Yard or delivered. Having experienced workmen, we can furnish a good article at low prices, we invite all who are wanting Brick to give us a call either at the Yard or at H. J. Mulford a Bro., Hardware Store.

Oak and Pine Wood wanted.

May 15 tf. I. W. MULFORD & CO.

Bridgeton & Philadelphia Packet

SLOOP ELLEN.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that having met with such encouragement the past season, he will still continue to run the sloop ELLEN between Bridgeton and Philadelphia, as a regular Packet, making regular trips.

Leaving Bridgeton on Saturday, and the upper end of the Farm, at Arch Street, Philadelphia, on Wednesday at 12 o'clock, (noon) until further notice.

Freight of all descriptions correctly and punctually attended to, and return of produce promptly made.

For freight or passage, apply on board or to Abraham Hewes, Camden.

[illegible] April 24, '56.

N. S. LAWRENCE'S

New Paper, Printers' Card and Envelope WAREHOUSE,

No. 405 Commerce Street, Philadelphia.

Cash buyers will find it to their interest to call. Jan.9-y.

Flour, Feed and PROVISIONS.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public that he still continues at his old stand, next door to the Surrogate's Office, and has constantly on hand

FLOUR AND FEED

in any quantity, which he will deliver to customers at their residences, at the lowest cash prices

VEGETABLES, and a variety of other eatables always on hand and constantly receiving. The public are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.

DANIEL JOSLIN.

Bridgeton, Jan. 30, '58-tf.

FINE SEGARS.

A Choice selection of imported Segars of the best brands, at F. DARE'S Drug & Variety Store, Bridgeton, N. J.

July 5.

GROCERIES!

MOLASSES, white and brown sugars, Rio, Laguira and Cape coffee.

SALT.—Fine salt, dairy and Turks Island salt, for sale by WILSON SILVERS

Bridgeton, Nov. 8, 1856.

BREWSTER & CO.

Successors of the business of the late Francis G. Brewster,

At the old stand in Commerce street, Bridgeton, respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage from the friends and customers of the old house, and the public generally.

Having recently renewed the stock of their various goods in their line, are now ready to supply their friends and the trade with pure and genuine Drugs chemicals, Patent Medicines, Paints, oils, varnishes, glass, dye-stuffs, spices, perfumery, confectionaries, Books & Stationary

All orders confided to them will be executed promptly and satisfactorily.

Bridgeton, Nov. 22, 1856.

F. Dare's Drug & Medicine Store.

N. W. Cor. of Commerce & Cohansey Sts.

FOR SALE—Louden's Carminitive Expectorant, pile remedy, &c., Collin's camphorated ginger, Townsend's sassaparrilla, Swaynes syrup wild cherry and other medicines.

Hoofland's German bitters, Tobias' Hunt's Mustang and other liniments.

Wrights, Smiths, Townsends and other pills, and all the valuable popular medicines, also, a large and choice lot of perfumery, hair oils, colognes, fancy soaps, fine extracts, balm of a thousand flowers, bandoline, &c.

Bridgeton, July 5. FRANKLIN DARE.

MOLASSES.

JUST received and for sale, New Crop New Orleans, and Pensylvania Steam syrup, Molass of the very best Quality by

SWING & TOMLINSON.

Feb, 7, '57.-tf

WALL PAPER.

YOU will find a new and handsome assortment of Wall Paper, of various styles, patterns, and prices at the new store in

PROSPERITY ROW,

A few doors west of the bridge. Also, Paints, paint oils, varnishes, paint brushes, carriage trimmings, and brushes of various kinds.

☞ A great variety of Fancy articles constantly on hand at prices to suit the times.

BENJAMIN T. WARE.

Bridgeton, March 13, 1857.

KEEP YOUR FENCES GOOD.

JUST received at the Lumber Depot of Whitekar Robeson & Co., 3 8½ and 4 foot pailing and Pickets at a low figure, Also hemlock railing, white oak and Chesnut posts, a good article.

April 4, '57.

M. W. APPLEGATE.

HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER & GLAZER, Pearl street, Bridgeton, directly under the Pioneer Office.

WANTED.

A boy from 16 to 18 years of age to learn the above business. April 4, '57.-tf.

Watches & Jewelry.

NOW opening the most extensive and finest assortment of Watches & Jewellery ever offered in West Jersey. Breast pins and Ear rings of surpassing beauty and astonishing low prices.—Gold Watches, $25 and upwards; Silver watches—Quarters; $6; Lepines, $10; Levers, $13; one very fine Duples watch, a superior article. Vest, fob and curb chains of very fine gold. Gold and silver pencils with gold pens, keys, hooks, finger rings of almost every pattern; sleeve buttons, studs, armlets, &c., all selling very low at

April 5. W. H. THOMPSON'S.

BRICK, BRICK!

Having purchased of James English his interest in the brick yard, we are now ready to furnish Brick of different kinds, such as Salmon, Hard, Red and Paving, in quantities to suit purchasers. Having experienced workmen, we expect to furnish a good article at reasonable prices. All in want of brick will please give us a call at H. J. Mulford & Bro.'s Hardware store, or at the yard.

We want Oak and Pine Wood in exchange for either Brick, Lumber, Hardware or Cash.

I. W. MULFORD & Co.

Bridgeton, July 18, 1857-tf.

Lumber Notice.

We are now receiving lumber of various kinds and qualities, which we are determined to sell on as favorable terms as the market will allow us to do, amongst which is 500,000 Plastering Laths, 100,000 ft. Carolina, Georgia and Virginia flooring. 500,000 ft. assorted Hemlock scantling, 500,000 ft. White pine boards, of all the various grades, some of which is is perfectly dry, and fit for immediate use.

The lumber will be sold for cash, at any time that may be agreed upon, at the time of purchase.

Oct. 3, 1856. H. J. MULFORD & BRO.

C. & J. P. LANING,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CAN be found on Laurel St., in the shop, over the Flour and Feed Store of R. P. Sutton. Contractors for Houses and Building of all kinds. Jobbing of all kinds in our line promptly attended to.

N. B. 8 by 10 Sash, painted and glazed, always on hand and all other sizes made to order at the shortest notice. Window Shutters and Revolving Blinds, Pannel and Batten Doors, and window frames and Collar window frames, constantly on hand or made to order.

P. S. Particular attention paid to Sharpening Saws.

CHARLES LANING,
May 1 tf. JOHN P. LANING.

REMOVAL.

G. H. LEEDS, having removed from Bridgeton to MILLVILLE, will continue the CLOCK, WATCH and JEWELRY business at his stand opposite Westcott's Hotel, Millville.

From his thorough knowledge of, and long experience in the business, he has no hesitation in saying that he can repair all kinds of time-keepers in the best manner. Oct. 31.

NOTICE.

THE largest stock of Cameo goods in West Jersey, is at W. H. Thompson's. Cameo breast pins very low; Cameo ear rings, good assortment; gold stone breast pins; gold stone ear rings; gold stone studs; painting breast pins and ear rings; Mosaic breast pins and ear rings; jewelry; silver ware; clocks, accordeons, &c., very cheap at

Mar 14. W. H. THOMPSON'S.

QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED

Where can N. Orleans Molasses be bought the lowest?
Answer—at the cheap grocery store, No. 7 Franklin st.
Where can the cheapest sugar and coffee be bought?
Answer—at the cheap grocery store, No. 7 Franklin st.
Where can you buy the best and cheapest spices?
Answer—at the cheap grocery store, No. 7 Franklin st.
Where can you buy Fluid and coarse salt the lowest?
Answer—at the cheap grocery store, No. 7 Franklin st.
Where can you buy the best Tobacco and all kinds of Groceries the lowest?
Answer—at the cheap grocery store, No. 7 Franklin st.

Dec. 10. J. M. MOORE.

DUCALS, LAWNS, CHALLIES.

A nice assortment of these seasonable goods for sale, opposite E. Davis & Sons hotel.

May 25, '57. ALEX STRATTON.

Curb Stones.

THE Subscriber has on hand and for sale, a large lot of handsome

CURB,
FLAG,
GRASS WALK,
GUTTER,
COPING.
VAULT COVER.

And all other kind of North River Stone, which shall be sold cheap for CASH, or approved credit.

G. W. CLAPPOOL.

May 1, 1857.-6m.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!

HARD TIMES GONE PAST!!

Something New at Porchville.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has resigned the

WHEELWRIGHTING BUSINESS,

at Porchtown, Gloucester Co., N. J. where he hopes by strict attention to business and the wants of his customers, to gain a share of Public patronage.

Plantation Wagons, Carts, Sulkeys, Wheelbarrows, Cultivators, Corn Harrows, &c., &c. Old Work repaired and new made to order at the shortest notice, in the best manner, of good materials and at the lowest Cash prices.

Persons leaving work with him can depend upon having it finished in the manner and at the time agreed upon.

Lumber and Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work at market prices.

May 1 3m. HOZEA NICHOLS.

Richard's Himself Again,

AND has just returned from the city with a good assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting of Black Silks, Challis, beautiful styles Double Width Lawns, Prints, Bellaines, Bleached and Unbleached muslins, Also Stella and Cashmere Shawls new styles. Also a good assortment of boots and Shoes,

GROCERIES,

Such as Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Teas, Fish, Pork, Hams, Shoulders, Lard, &c., &c., &c., &c.

A superior lot of Cedar Siding, Cedar Shingles, white pine boards, scanting, Plastering and Shingling lath, Plastering hair, Nails. Also a good assortment of Hardware Queensware, Patent Peruvian Guano, and Allen & Sharpe's superior phosphate of Lime, which will be sold at Philadelphia prices.

All of the above goods will be sold very cheap for Cash or reasonable credit, or in exchange for country produce or coon skins—give us a call.

Porchville May 21, '57. R. D. BATEMAN.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocery and Provision Store,

Brick Building, S. W. cor. Commerce & Pearl sts.

The subscriber respectfully to announce that he has just opened a fresh and well selected stock of groceries and provisions, lately purchased them at the lowest cash prices, and intends to sell at the same, and solicit a continuance of that liberal patronage heretofore bestowed. The following are a few of the articles for sale:

White and brown sugar	by the lb. or barrel.	
Raw and roasted coffee	" "	bag,
Green and black tea	" "	chest,
White and brown soap	" "	box,
Moulds and dipped candles	" "	"
Fresh and tub butter	" "	tub,
Fresh and salt pork	" "	gwt.
Hams and shoulders	" "	whole,
Dried Beef	" "	piece,
White and codfish	" "	barrel,
W. India & N. O. Molasses	" "	gal. barrel,
Mackerel, Nos 1, 2, and 3, by the 1-4, 1-2 or		

Bridgeton, Jan. 9. GEORGE DONAGHAY.

PLOUGHS AND CASTINGS.

PROUTY & MEARS, centre Draught Ploughs, Corn do, castings of the different sizes; Beaches do; Cowan do; Peacocks do; Share Bolts, and Wrenches.

June 13, '57. H. J. MULFORD & BRO.

Light, Light!

Fresh camphine and burning fluid, from the best manufactory in the city. Also, a great variety of fluid and camphine LAMPS, for sale by BREWSTER & Co.

Bridgeton, Nov. 22.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JUST rec'd at Isaac A. Sheppard's Store, a large stock of Boots and Shoes, Such as Gentlemen's Boots, Gentlemen's Congress Boots, Gentlemen's Lace Boots, Gentlemen's Slippers, Ladies light Morocco Boots, Ladies Black do, Ladies Congress Gaiters, Ladies slippers, Children's lace Boots, and Children's slippers. All of which we are selling at a very low price. May 22

JUST RECEIVED a superior lot of Carolina J. Hooping, cannot be excelled in quality, and prices to suit. Also, a good lot of Cedar Siding. Give us a call, we will satisfy you in regard to price. WHITEKAR, ROBESON & CO.

Ap 10

HATS, HATS.

JUST received at Isaac A Sheppard's store, a large stock of Men and Boys Palm Leaf Hats, Leghorn, Brown Canton, Colored Leghorn, and common straw Hats. May 22

WINTER ARRANGEMENT!

BRIDGETON AND PHILADELPHIA MAIL LINE—The proprietors would respectfully inform the travelling community, that they still continue to run the old mail line between Bridgeton & Philadelphia, as follows: Leave E. Davis & Sons' Hotel daily, at 8 o'clock A. M., passing thro' Deerfield, Pole Tavern, Pineville, Mullica Hill, Carpenter's Landing, and arrive in Woodbury in in time to take the 12½ o'clock train of cars.

Returning—leave the Ridgeway House, upper side of Market street, Philadelphia, at 8, and Walnut st. wharf at 9 o'clock, to take the cars for Woodbury, arrive in Bridgeton at 1½ o'clock.

Passengers by leaving their names at Mr. Davis' Hotel, Bridgeton, at the Ridgeway House or at Newkirk's Arch street ferry house, Philadelphia, or in Camden, at Parson's Hotel, will be certain of accommodation.

All errands and business entrusted to our care will be punctually attended to.

N. B.—Enoch Pancoast having purchased the interest which Jeremiah Hann formerly owned and drove, it will now be known as the firm of

Nov. 22, 1856. LLOYD & PANCOAST, Proprietors and Drivers.

CEDAR SIDING.

THAT will give satisfaction to all that will buy at our Lumber Depot.

March, 28, '57. WHITEKAR, ROBESON, & Co.

SALT.

Hay Salt by the sack or bushel. Also Turks Island and Dairy Salt, for sale by R. J. FITHIAN,

June 20, '57. Broad and Franklin Sts.

James Mitton.

No. 129 Chestnut street, (first door below second) Philadelphia, dealer in

TEA AND COFFEE.

Exclusively; in store and constantly receiving choice selections of Fine Teas, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Aug. 29. '57.-1y-w.

SAVING FUND.

FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST.

National Safety Trust Co.

OFFICE,

Walnut street, south west cor. of Third st. PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania.

MONEY is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal

The office is open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 8 o'clock.

Hon. HENRY L. BENNER, President.
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, V. Pres't.
WM. J. REED, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. Henry L. Benner,	F. Carroll Brewster,
Edward L. Carter,	Joseph B. Barry,
Robert Selfridge,	Francis Lee,
Samuel K. Ashton,	Joseph Yerkes,
C. Landreth Munns,	Henry Dilfenderffer.

Money is received and payments made daily without notice. The investments are made in real estate mortgages, ground rents, and such first class securities as the charter requires.

March 20, 1858.

Pop goes the Weasel!

Awake! arise! and then go at once to the new Hat and Cap store of Wm. R. Sutton, where you can get one of those new style of Hats that I have just been getting in for the fall trade. I have just returned from the city with a very nice assortment of fall and winter Hats and Caps of all the newest styles, all of which I will sell you at a bargain. So all you that want good and cheap hats and caps, please step up to the Captain's office, and we will be glad to supply you with one, at the new hat store of

Oct. 3. Wm. R. STATTON, next to the Post office.

Cumberland Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

BRIDGETON, N. J.

SECRETARY'S REPORT MARCH 1858.

THEY have now outstanding 3,717 policies amounts insured.

Premium notes deposited	$4,812,621
Cash funds	591,282
	4,507

N. B. All policies become void upon sale or alienation of the property insured—and in six months after the death of the insured—subject to confirmation or renewal agreeably to By Laws.

DIRECTORS.

Benjamin Sheppard, Greenwich; Dr. George Tomlinson, Roadstown; Isaac West, Esq., Shiloh; Dr. Leonard Lawrence, Cedarville; Daniel L. Burt, Esq., Fairton; James Coombs, Esq., Pittsgrove; Dr. Wm. S. Bowen, Bridgeton; David P. Elmer, do.; Isaac A. Sheppard, do.; Nathan L. Stratton, do.; Uriah D. Woodruff, do.; D. A. P. Randolph, do.; Jonathan Elmer, do.; Lewis McBride Esq., do.; James Stiles, Esq., do.

BENJAMIN SHEPPARD, President.

HENRY B. LUPSON, Secretary.

Executive Committee—David P. Elmer, Isaac A. Sheppard, Lewis McBride, Jonathan Elmer.

AGENTS AND SURVEYORS:

Peter G. Ludlam,	Millville.
Dect. James Leper,	Millville.
" R. Willetts,	Port Elizabeth.
" Maurice Beesley,	Dennisville.
Thos. VanGilder Esq.,	Tuckahoe.
Reuben Townsend,	Court House.
Richard D. Edmunds,	Cold Spring.
Abram B. Shaw, Esq.,	Mays Landing.
James Gordon Esq.,	Pittsgrove.

[illegible] March 6, 1858.

[illegible] Cape Cow[illegible]

PLOWS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS.

A very large stock, of the latest, and the best improvement. Farmers will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Jan. 6, '58. [illegible]

GROCERIES.

Prime Rio and Laguira Coffee, Roasted and Green; Brown and White Sugars; Molasses, from 37 1-2 to 50 cents; Green and Black Teas; and all other articles of Groceries, for sale at the new cash grocery by

ALEXANDER STRATTON.

Jersey Hams.

NEW Sugar Cured Jersey Hams, just received at Donaghay's Grocery and Provision Store, two doors from S. W. cor. Commerce and Pearl sts., Bridgeton, N. J. Jan. 31.

READ THIS.

Port Elizabeth, Millville & Bridgeton Stage.

THE Subscriber having purchased the old Line of Stages of Mr. Pancoast, will leave Port Elizabeth every morning (Sundays excepted) at 6½ o'clock, and Millville at 8 o'clock, and arrive in Bridgton in time to take the 10 o'clock stage for Philadelphia. Those who wish to visit Bridgeton can have four or five hours there and return the same day. RETURNING, will leave E. Davis & Son's Hotel, Bridgeton, at 2 o'clock, and Millville at 4 o'clock.

Passengers from Dorchester, Leesburg, or its vicinity by being at Port Elizabeth by 6 o'clock, will be accommodated by this Line, and all passengers from Millville can be accomodated. All errands thankfully received and punctually attended to.

ORLANDO GIBBON,
Jan. 7, 1857. Proprietor & Driver.

WINDOW GLASS assorted sizes, Fresh Spices, Potash, Soda and concentrated Lye—Just received at F. DARE'S Drug Store, next door to Potter's Store.

Bridgeton, Sept. 27, '56.

ATTENTION HOUSEKEEPERS;

Westcott & Kennedy.

THE subscribers have purchased the entire stock, right and title of Robert Newton, in the

Tin Ware and Stove Business,

Inform their friends and the public that they have taken sole charge of the concern, and hope to receive a good share of patronage. They intend to carry on the business in a different manner, thereby giving satisfaction to purchasers. Their stock consists of

STOVES

Of all the various kinds, styles, patterns, both for Churches, Offices, Parlors, Bar-rooms, Kitchens and Dining-rooms, and warranted to perform as expected or the money refunded. All sizes of 10-Plate Stoves, with or without boilers.

TIN WARE

In all its variety on hand, or manufactured to order and warranted.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

Are requested to call and examine their articles having almost every article that is desirable in the Kitchen Department. Knives and Forks of the best quality always for sale.

Fluid Lamps of all sizes and kinds and at all prices, Brittania Tea Setts, Table and Tea Spoons, Ladles, &c.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING,

Done at short notice, in the best manner, of the best material, and finished at the time agreed upon LIGHTNING RODS!

Of copper and plated with silver, recommended as the best in use. The Brittania points also furnished if required.

The subscribers have determined to give their whole attention to the business, and by the experience of thirteen years of one of them in the practical part of the business, their facilities are unsurpassed in this County. None but the best workmen are employed and satisfaction guaranteed.

ENOS WESTCOTT,
EBENEZER KENNEDY.

Bridgeton, Feb. 14, '57.-y

GROCERIES.

Prime New Orleans Molasses.	
Fine Syrup	do
West India	do
Refined and Brown Sugars,	

Coffee, Tea, Spices &c., cheap at

June 20, '57. R. J. FITHIANS, Broad and Franklin Sts.

LUMBER.

70,000 feet white pine boards, which we will sell at a price so low that any one in want of Lumber cannot help but buy. Give us a call, it gives us pleasure to show our lumber,

Aug. 23. BOWEN & ROCAP.

Wondrous, Wondrous,

HOF'S summer Challies selling at 12 1-2 cts.

May 22 at C. S. MILLER & CO.'S

CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

JUST opened for Spring sales the handsomest stock of CLOTHS you ever seen, got up in extra nice style, partcity made and partly of our own make, you can have either, just as you wish, call and see it, for it will do you good, and you will get suited for very little money at

GROSSCUP'S

Where all the people go for bargains Ap 10

LIGHT! LIGHT!!—Very superior Lard and Whale Oils at reduced prices, to suit the hard times,—for sale by

SAMUEL L. FITHIAN,
apr3. Sign of the Big Mortar.

FLOOR Oil Cloths 3-4, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 wide, on hand and for sale by

SWING & TOMLINSON.

Fairton, Nov. 15, '56

PAINTS.

JUST arrived—white lead, zinc, white paint, oil, spt. turpentine, dryers, Chrome Green, Chrome Yellow, Prussian Blue, raw and burnt umber, Terra de Sienna, and a general assortment of paints and painting materials, brushes &c.

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT.

For the protection of the outsides of buildings &c. from Fire and the weather, is unsurpassed, and for its durability and extreme cheapness is well worth public attention. For sale at

FRANKLIN DARE'S

Cheap Drug and Confectionary store Bridgeton,

March, 28, 1857.

MENS AND BOYS WEAR

COTTONADES, Cashmeretts, Linens Drap De Etat, Summer Cloths and other material for mens and boys wear, for sale by ALEX STRATTON.

The 10 O'clock Line!

Through in Five Hours!

THE 10 o'clock line of Stages, will leave Bridgeton, every morning, (Sundays excepted) at 9 1-2 o'clock and connect with the 2 o'clock train of cars at Woodbury, arriving in Philadelphia at 2 1-4 o'clock.

Leave Philadelphia, at Mackey Williams' Hotel, (Ridgeway House,) at 10 1-2 o'clock, and Walnut St. Wharf at 11 o'clock, taking the cars to Woodbury.

N. B. All errands carefully attended to.

JEREMIAH HANN,
June 6, '57. HENRY PIERSON.

HOVER'S LIQUID HAIR DYE.

The testimony of Prof. Booth and Dr. Brinkle having previously been published, the following is now added:

From Prof. McCLOSKEY, ormerly Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Female Medical College of Pennsylvania, and late Professor of Surgery in the American College of Medicine, &c.

Philadelphia, Nov. 27th, 1857.

MR. JOHN E. HOVER:—A trial of your LIQUID HAIR DYE, will convince the most skeptical that it is a safe, elegant, and efficacious preparation. Unlike many others, it has in several instances proved serviceable in the cure of some cutaneous eruptions on the head, and I have no hesitation in commending it to those requiring such an application. Very respectfully,

J. F. X. McCLOSKEY, M. D.

HOVER'S WRITING INKS, including HOVER'S WRITING FLUID, and HOVER'S INDELIBLE INKS, still maintain their high character, which has always distinguished them, and the extensive demand first created, has continued uninterrupted until the present.

Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE Street, above FOURTH, (old No. 346) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention.

d26 JOSEPH E. HOVER, Manufacturer.

WHEELWRIGHTING AND PLOUGH MAKING.

The undersigned having taken the Shop at Warren ve, between Laurel and Pearl sts, and opposite M. Bowen & Bro.'s Livery stable, are prepared to accommodate all who may favor them with their custom.

[illegible]

FARMERS,

ECONOMY IS WEALTH!

The best economy is to purchase the Super Phosphate and Phosphoric Acid manufactured by the Cumberland Chemical company, in Cumberland, Md., and sold in Bridgeton by the undersigned, who will also keep on hand a supply of other fertilizers, such as Guano, Poudrette, Plaster, &c., &c.

[illegible] Agent.

Look Out for Bargains,

[illegible] WILLIAM [illegible]

Have a new Clothing Store [illegible] Dollars cheaper than any other clothing store in Millville, and warrant my goods to wear as well as any other store. Call and see for yourselves, at the Sign of the Big Mortar.

[illegible]

SHINGLES, SHINGLES.

AS we have purchased a large lot of Shingles for CASH, we want to sell them either for Cash or Credit, at very low prices.

April 10. H. J. MULFORD & Bro

Manning's Unrivalled Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter.

Star Corn Shellers, Horse Powers, Threshers, Grain Fans, Root Cutters, Farmers Boilers, &c., in large variety. ROAS, SPANGLER & Co.

Jan. 6, '58. No. 627 Market St. below 7th.

Just Received and for Sale,

ENGLISH ISLAND Molasses of superior quality, at 75c per gallon; also, new crop N. O. Molasses, brown and white sugars; also some new styles imported Calicos, Delanes, Brilliants, &c.

SWING & TOMLINSON.

Fairton, March 21.-tf.

60 DOZ. Knives & Forks, Pocket Knives—just received ap8 at H. J. MULFORD & BRO'S

PROUTY Ploughs, Beach's do., Prouty & Beach's Castings, hoes, rakes, forks, shovels, spades, scythes, straw-cutters, riddles, &c., &c.

ap8. at H. J. MULFORD & BRO.'S.

TAR FOR SALE

ap8, at H. J. MULFORD & BRO.'S.

A Fresh Supply.

JUST RECEIVED THIS DAY A NEW SETT OF CLOTHS & CASSIMERES,

Cheaper than ever offered—See the Prices!!!

Good Bl'k Dee Skin Cassimeres at	$1 per yd.
Good Fancy at	80c " "
Cloths, double width,	87½ " "

Just come and see, and if we don't sell to you, it will not be my fault.

COME, COME, COME,
At the SIGN OF THE EAGLE, and get a new suit!

March 13. JOSEPH BURT.

Millville Lumber Yard.

MULFORD & WILSON,

Have just landed

200,000 ft. Hemlock Joice.	
50,000 ft. 2-3,—12—14 & 16.	
50,000 ft. 2-4—12—14—16.	
50,000 ft. Hemlock Boards.	
50,000 ft. 4-6, 5-6 & 6-6 Hemlock, 12 to 30 ft.	
50,000 24 inch Cedar Shingles.	
150,000 " Cypres "	
100,000 Plastering Lath.	
25,000 Shingling Lath.	
100,000 White Pine, $18 to $40.	
25,000 Yellow Pine inch Boards.	
20,000 Plank, 2 inch.	
50,000 ft. White Oak Sills & Posts.	
20,000 Brick.	

The best assortment of Ploughs in the County, price $2.75 and warranted to give satisfaction or returned. MULFORD & WILSON.

Millville, June 7, 1857.-1y.

GRIND, GRIND.

TURNED Grind Stones superior article, also self adjusting brass that any one can hang without employing a mechanic

March, 28, '57. WHITEKAR, ROBESON & Co.

MARL, MARL!

JOHN G. HUMMELL, JR., WOULD inform the Farmers, and all others in want of MARL, that he is now prepared to supply them with a good quality. His Marl bed, near Shiloh, is accessible in all kinds of weather, and those who purchase marl of him may depend on getting a good article, for forty cents a load in the pit, or fifty cents on the level. A liberal discount for cash. For further particulars call on the subscriber. May 16-tf.

Just Arrived,

300,000 Feet of Lumber, now arriving at the lumber and hardware Depot of WHITEKAR ROBESON, & Co., consisting of

Hemlock Scantling,	
Hemlock Fence Boards,	
Lehigh Hemlock boards,	
White Pine boards and plank	
White pine Flooring boards,	
Oak and hemlock shingling lath,	
Plastering Laths,	

Also—60,000 Philadelphia Brick salmon red, arch and paving. We are also receiving a well selected stock of Hardware, such as Farming Implements, Building and House furnishing Hardware, Mechanics Tools, Cutlery &c. Paints, oils, varnishes, calcined plaster, rosendale cement, oakum, rope &c., always on hand, which we offer at the lowest figure.

Quick sales and Small Profits is our motto.

Bridgeton, May 23, '57.

GINGHAMS, CALICOS, LAWNS.

MERRINACK and other good style calico, Lancaster and Earlston Gingham, English, French and Scotch Lawns, for sale by ALEX. STRATTON.

TOWN HALL.

TO RENT by the day, evening or week, a large, well lighted, well ventilated HALL, seated with settees capable of accommodating 500 persons. This Hall is the largest in the place. For terms apply to ISAAC A. SHEPPARD,

May 10. West of the Bridge, Bridgeton.

WEST JERSEY R. R. CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

ON and after Wednesday, April 7th 1858, the Cars of the West Jersey Railroad Co. will leave daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA,

At 8 and 11 A. M and 1, 3, and 6 P. M.

LEAVE WOODBURY,

At