



An Independent Family Newspaper, Devoted to Agriculture, Arts, Education, Morality, Local and General News, &c.

\$1 00 IN ADVANCE!

BRIDGETON, N. J., SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1862.

VOL. XV No. 733

### Business Directory.

**B. F. FERGUSON,**  
ARTIST,  
S. W. cor. 5th and Arch Sts., Phila.  
(Over Parrish's Drug Store.)  
Invitations, portraits, and all kinds of painting on Ivory, mounted in the most artistic manner, and the finest times. Also, portraits painted in oil, and in water-colors. Call and see specimens.

**TOWNSEND & CO.,**  
SUCCESSORS OF SAMUEL TOWNSEND & SON  
No. 39 South Second Street,  
Above Chestnut st.,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN  
VELVET, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRIES, THREE  
PLY, ENGLISH AND VENETIAN  
CARPETS.

**MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c. &c.**  
of the best English and American make,  
available.

**JAS. J. REEVES,**  
Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery,  
OFFICE ON COMMERCIAL STREET,  
(Formerly occupied by J. G. Hampton, Esq.)  
BRIDGETON, N. J.  
Bridgeton, Aug. 1, 1851.

**DR. J. SHEPPARD,**  
OFFICE ON COMMERCIAL ST.,  
In the room recently occupied by the Post Office.  
July 20, 1852.  
**Bridgeton, N. J.**

**J. B. BUNTING,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
**Furniture Warehouse**  
221 SOUTH SECOND ST.,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
BELOW DOCK.  
JOBBER PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.  
May 21, 1859-17.

**JNO. B. BOWEN M. D.**  
Respectfully offers his professional services  
to the citizens of Bridgeton and vicinity.  
OFFICE with his father, Dr. (Wm. S. Bowen),  
Corner of Commerce and Franklin Sts.  
June 15, 1851.

**H. LANSING,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
H. LANSING, having removed his regular office in  
New Jersey and Philadelphia, would offer his professional  
services to all who may see fit to consult him. All  
work warranted to give satisfaction, or no charge.  
Office in the New Building opposite the Barracks  
in all cases. A large extraction of teeth  
through the Hall adjoining the Jewelry Store, 222 1/2

**HENRY NEFF,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
CORNER OF COMMERCIAL ST. AND  
FRANKLIN ST. BRIDGETON, N. J.  
Kneels and directly opposite the Barracks  
in all cases. A large extraction of teeth  
through the Hall adjoining the Jewelry Store, 222 1/2  
I have been using electricity in extra teeth, and  
it has really proved the means of pain under the  
operation. In all cases. A large extraction of teeth  
through the Hall adjoining the Jewelry Store, 222 1/2

**F. A. GLENBACK,**  
**WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER**  
No. 26 East Commerce Street,  
BRIDGETON, N. J.  
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired.  
May 12.

**J. C. KIRBY,**  
**Surgeon Dentist,**  
Respectfully offers his professional services  
to the inhabitants of Camden, New Jersey, and  
the County and the public generally.  
Office in the room of brick building,  
5 Doors West of E. Davis & Son's Hall,  
Feb. 2, 1861.

**CHAS. E. EDWARDS,**  
**SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST,**  
OFFICE—Corner High & Spruce Sts.,  
MILLVILLE, N. J.  
Sept. 14, 1850.

**SHEPPARD & GARRISON,**  
DEALERS IN  
**Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,**  
HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANKERCHIEFS,  
and Fancy Dress Trimmings,  
Commerce Street, opposite the Clerk's Office,  
BRIDGETON, N. J.  
D. B. SHEPPARD. A. R. GARRISON.  
March 9, 1851.

**McGee, Davis & Co.,**  
**BOOT, SHOE AND LEATHER STORE,**  
No. 19, CARLE'S BUILDING,  
Bridgeton, N. J.  
June 11, 1859-17.

**PEDRICK & CHEESMAN,**  
DEALERS IN  
**IRON, SPIGEL,**  
**AND**  
**BLACKSMITH COAL,**  
BRIDGETON, N. J.  
SPRINGFIELD,  
ANVILS, VICES.

**ISAAC PEDRICK,** JOHN CHEESMAN  
**WILLIAM H. WILSON,**  
(SUCCESSOR TO WILSON & MERRILL)  
IMPORTER & WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS  
No. 208 Market Street,  
PHILADELPHIA, PA.  
Dealers in Drugs, Oils, Spices, Oils, Varieties,  
Chemicals for Medicine, Analytical, Photography, &c.  
Manufacturer of White Lead, Zinc, Colors, &c.  
Sole Agent and Importer in Foreign and Domestic  
Patent Medicines.

**Bridgeton Marble Works.**  
Laurel Street, near the first Presbyterian Church.  
Monuments,  
Tombs, Head-Stones and Posts.  
**GEO. W. CLAYPOOLE,**  
Bridgeton, Sept. 7, '61.

**"THE UNION,"**  
**ARCH STREET, ABOVE THIRD,**  
**PHILADELPHIA.**  
This situation is in the very center of business,  
with Passenger Railroads running past and in close  
proximity, affords to those in search of pleasure a  
cheap and pleasant mode of visiting the city  
of about the City.  
The proprietor gives assurance that "THE UNION"  
will be kept with such character as will most please  
the public, and respectfully solicits patronage from  
Citizens and adjoining Counties.  
Commenced in 1850.  
J. UPTON S. NEWCOMER.

**S. E. M'GEAR,**  
**CHEAP FANCY DRY GOODS**  
AND TRIMMINGS STORE,  
COMMERCIAL BUILDING, COMMERCIAL AND LAUREL  
STREETS, BRIDGETON, N. J.

**NOW IS THE TIME!**  
**And Grosvenor's is the Place**  
To go to for the best of the season's  
ready-made and made to order Goods and all  
of the season. Call and see for yourselves.  
Opposite Barracks.

### THE MONITOR AND MERRIMAC.

BY THE BARD OF TOWER HALL.

A ship controlled  
By rebels bold,  
The Merrimac by name,  
Came out to meet  
A Yankee fleet  
Unlooked for or shame.  
Her iron side  
The balls defied  
Which at her ribs did knock:  
They would rebound,  
With rattling sound,  
Like brickbats from a rock:  
But to attack  
The "Vermine,"  
The Monitor came out:  
She (hard-shelled too),  
In minutes few,  
The rebel ship did rout.  
These ships are best  
In iron dressed:  
But men who broodeth wear,  
Should make a call  
At Tower Hall,  
To view the armor there.

An assortment of Spring Clothing unequalled  
in Philadelphia, on hand and for sale,  
wholesale and retail, at the lowest cash prices.  
Military uniforms made to order at the shortest  
notice.  
**TOWER HALL, No. 518 MARKET STREET,**  
Philadelphia.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.

**FAUNTAINE FALLS, TOMPKINS CO., N. Y.**

Persons sensible of the beauty,  
the charm of natural scenery, may here feast  
their eyes for long, nor feel the prospect  
pall upon their gaze; for before them lay  
hills and valleys, bold precipices and gentle  
declivities, murmuring brook and noisy  
waterfall, and at no great distance a lake  
of placid surface which like a mirror re-  
flects back surrounding objects; and the  
colors of yellow and crimson painted upon  
the green of the forest are most lovely ad-  
ditions to the scene, whilst over all, the  
sun casts his mantle of silver and gold.

Accompanying a small creek through  
the country in the town of Ulysses, where  
all things on the way have the ordinary  
appearance, I pass several mills situated  
successively upon it. On coming to a  
small rise of ground the stream takes the  
nearest course through the ravine, while  
I follow the road, which makes a digression  
around the obstruction, expecting in all  
confidence soon to meet the creek and  
accompany it on the other side of the  
hill. But when I came around, I could  
not believe from appearances before me  
that the "deceitful brook" had then and  
there leaped the ledge unseen and was  
slily flowing on in a channel some 40 feet  
lower down than it had been before. Al-  
though I did not concern myself to know  
the certainty of this at the time yet since  
in conversation with some persons ac-  
quainted with the characteristics of this stream,  
I was assured of the fact that it does do  
that provoking trick. Further on is a  
formidable yawning gulf with carving  
sides lined all along with stones.

In the middle of one large hollow lay  
the wall stood a mass of ice, cast by  
nature plumb beside the dark wall and  
reaching from top to bottom of the dis-  
mal gulf. This appearance was like a  
pale ghastly monster, just arisen from its  
opened grave, and standing by the wall in  
its winding sheet, waiting to be taken up;  
or else like a petrified corpse left down  
there far on end, and then forsaken before  
being prostrated in this dreary sepulchre.

From various places along the precipices  
hung other massive icicles in white beard.  
Ice clusters, or in separate, heavy, lurid  
points as if denoting some awful doom be-  
low. Here a table rock or a ledge jutted  
over the deep chasm; there a heavy tick-  
et darkens the deep and narrow ravine  
and conceals the diminutive current.—  
Tall aged forest-trees imprisoned deep in  
your cramped place of the lowly valley, are  
doomed there to grow and develop them-  
selves, without the helpful breeze or the  
influence of any morning and evening rays;  
while others above them in as help-  
less a condition, remain rooted so far up  
in the activity, as with all their towering  
only to reach their uppermost branches as  
high as the aired verge where other trees  
stand in a more dignified position, skirting  
the open field. Passing on into the thick  
forest, I came suddenly upon two elegant  
Summer houses standing in the forest di-  
rectly in front of the charming little Fall.

Here are swings and seats under the oaks,  
for the accommodation of visitors. But  
these, now all cushioned in snow, seem  
uninviting. When the fresh-fallen snow  
lies deep in the groves, and breezes come  
free from the North, is the time to resort  
here for refrigeration. Here the sly  
creek may be seen in its feat of leaping  
down to another gulf of double the depth  
and formidableness to that from which it  
comes forth. Through another ridge of  
ground as before, the brook again keeps  
the shortest course concealed under ice  
and snow, confined in an unapproachable  
ravine whose banks rise 170 feet. No  
owner is it through the hill than its chan-  
nel is covered across square into, and (one  
part being gone), from two arteries the  
lively fluid particles in endless sequence  
wets down the steep, glittering as they  
pass the openings in the icy lattice,  
work which but half veils the beauty of

the falling stream. There is now a pear-  
ly casing formed by the frozen spray  
pendent over the verge of the Fall, which  
seem to restrain the wayward creek, sets  
it trim and keeps it plumb in its new  
course. The long straight, pending bars  
of ice that line it for a time on the start  
while the water gets under way, now ter-  
minate and pointing on, intimate the di-  
rection (in the air) that the impetuous  
current is still to keep for the distance of  
70 yards, or 210 feet. When the creek  
pours out its full flood from between the  
bases of the two acclivities, then the front  
of this very singular and high fall presents  
the picture of one long narrow strip of  
white imbued upon the dark work of the  
bold abutments in the dim cavern. Be-  
yond here the rotund valley is covered in  
a glistening mantle of snow, while ever-  
green forests border it on the eminences  
around. Further on the lengthened ravine  
has a crooked verdant strip of foliage  
flourishing between its snow-crowned  
verges.

At present the slope of the ravine seems  
to indicate a speedy rushing out of the  
rebellion, and restoration of peace and  
prosperity to our country.

Movements of this kind of army  
are about being instituted which will  
electrify the whole of  
Yours, &c.  
RUGEL.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.  
**Eighth Pennsylvania Cavalry Troop E.**  
Camp Seminary, Va., March 8.

**Camp Correspondence.**  
MY DEAR SIR:—I regret exceedingly  
the implied promise in my last that I  
would write for your paper. Not that I  
feel at liberty to suppress any information  
which could be of interest to the many  
kind hearts of your country that beat  
nobly in unison with the patriots who has-  
tened at their country's call, to exchange  
the quiet of domestic happiness for the  
exposure and temptation of "camp life,"  
offering themselves willing sacrifices to  
the cause of liberty, right, and a common  
humanity. But I have seen with regret,  
that in the numerous "camp correspond-  
ence" with which almost every public  
journal of our State teems, there are many  
important movements of our troops unlaw-  
fully exposed, through heedlessness in the  
writer or an undue haste to be first to  
communicate "thrilling news."

There is, however, a matter connected  
with the army of which we may properly  
speak through the columns of any and  
every paper in the land. A matter for  
which I have looked in vain through all  
correspondences. A matter, too, of the  
utmost vital importance to every man in  
the army, as well as one that is, or should  
be, dear to the hearts of every loyal citi-  
zen. I mean the religious privileges, am-  
ply provided for, and extended to the men  
of the 1st N. J. Brigade through the un-  
tiring energy of efficient, active, live  
Chaplains, with which we are happily  
blessed.

Frequent religious services have been  
steadily held in each of the regiments con-  
stituted with the Brigade, not only upon  
Sabbath, but when circumstances war-  
ranted it, there have been evening set  
apart for prayer meetings, conversational  
meetings, Bible classes, &c.

By these means we may confidently be-  
lieve, in many cases the mind has been  
diverted, the heart won from the contam-  
inating evils consequent upon the life in  
camp, and many, who would otherwise  
have fallen into the snares of the destroy-  
er, have maintained their christian integ-  
rity, living proofs of the utility of any  
measure for abolishing the present system  
of Chaplaincy in the army.

Christian Associations have been organ-  
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felt willing to avail themselves of it, in  
Lectures, Essays, Discussions, &c.

Thanks to the practical kindness of  
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their substance, we have been bountifully  
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The testimony of all who have visited  
the various encampments of the "Army  
of the Potomac," warrant the belief that  
the spirit and interest prevalent in the N.  
J. Brigade, is but a fair index of the re-  
ligious interest throughout our whole  
force.

Yet, with all that has been done, and  
all that can be done, to stay the tide of  
evil, there is an amount of dissipation,  
and abandoned depravity found in the  
camp that cannot possibly be conceived  
of by one who is not an eye-witness; by  
one who does not mingle daily with the  
soldiers, and learn how their leisure  
hours are passed. Many hundreds of  
young men who have left happy homes  
and yearning hearts, having cast off all  
restraints of church and family, in their  
fancied security, have met the tempter in  
an evil hour, are now sadly fallen, and  
readily plunging into the wild rounds of  
dissipation and debauchery. If they ever  
return to their friends it will be but as  
the wrecks of their former hopes of use-  
fulness and honor.

And this thing will continue just so  
long as men (?) are authorized by the  
Government to furnish whiskey to the  
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Thanks to the practical kindness of  
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The testimony of all who have visited  
the various encampments of the "Army  
of the Potomac," warrant the belief that  
the spirit and interest prevalent in the N.  
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force.

Yet, with all that has been done, and  
all that can be done, to stay the tide of  
evil, there is an amount of dissipation,  
and abandoned depravity found in the  
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one who does not mingle daily with the  
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the spirit and interest prevalent in the N.  
J. Brigade, is but a fair index of the re-  
ligious interest throughout our whole  
force.

Yet, with all that has been done, and  
all that can be done, to stay the tide of  
evil, there is an amount of dissipation,  
and abandoned depravity found in the  
camp that cannot possibly be conceived  
of by one who is not an eye-witness; by  
one who does not mingle daily with the  
soldiers, and learn how their leisure  
hours are passed. Many hundreds of  
young men who have left happy homes  
and yearning hearts, having cast off all  
restraints of church and family, in their  
fancied security, have met the tempter in  
an evil hour, are now sadly fallen, and  
readily plunging into the wild rounds of  
dissipation and debauchery. If they ever  
return to their friends it will be but as  
the wrecks of their former hopes of use-  
fulness and honor.

And this thing will continue just so  
long as men (?) are authorized by the  
Government to furnish whiskey to the  
soldiers.

At present the slope of the ravine seems  
to indicate a speedy rushing out of the  
rebellion, and restoration of peace and  
prosperity to our country.

Movements of this kind of army  
are about being instituted which will  
electrify the whole of  
Yours, &c.  
RUGEL.

For the West Jersey Pioneer.  
**Eighth Pennsylvania Cavalry Troop E.**  
Camp Seminary, Va., March 8.

**Camp Correspondence.**  
MY DEAR SIR:—I regret exceedingly  
the implied promise in my last that I  
would write for your paper. Not that I  
feel at liberty to suppress any information  
which could be of interest to the many  
kind hearts of your country that beat  
nobly in unison with the patriots who has-  
tened at their country's call, to exchange  
the quiet of domestic happiness for the  
exposure and temptation of "camp life,"  
offering themselves willing sacrifices to  
the cause of liberty, right, and a common  
humanity. But I have seen with regret,  
that in the numerous "camp correspond-  
ence" with which almost every public  
journal of our State teems, there are many  
important movements of our troops unlaw-  
fully exposed, through heedlessness in the  
writer or an undue haste to be first to  
communicate "thrilling news."

There is, however, a matter connected  
with the army of which we may properly  
speak through the columns of any and  
every paper in the land. A matter for  
which I have looked in vain through all  
correspondences. A matter, too, of the  
utmost vital importance to every man in  
the army, as well as one that is, or should  
be, dear to the hearts of every loyal citi-  
zen. I mean the religious privileges, am-  
ply provided for, and extended to the men  
of the 1st N. J. Brigade through the un-  
tiring energy of efficient, active, live  
Chaplains, with which we are happily  
blessed.

Frequent religious services have been  
steadily held in each of the regiments con-  
stituted with the Brigade, not only upon  
Sabbath, but when circumstances war-  
ranted it, there have been evening set  
apart for prayer meetings, conversational  
meetings, Bible classes, &c.

By these means we may confidently be-  
lieve, in many cases the mind has been  
diverted, the heart won from the contam-  
inating evils consequent upon the life in  
camp, and many, who would otherwise  
have fallen into the snares of the destroy-  
er, have maintained their christian integ-  
rity, living proofs of the utility of any  
measure for abolishing the present system  
of Chaplaincy in the army.

Christian Associations have been organ-  
ized in three of the four regiments, thro'  
the instrumentality of which a means of  
improvement has been afforded to all who  
felt willing to avail themselves of it, in  
Lectures, Essays, Discussions, &c.

Thanks to the practical kindness of  
those who have willingly contributed to  
their substance, we have been bountifully  
supplied, gratuitously, with interesting and  
profitable reading matter.

The testimony of all who have visited  
the various encampments of the "Army  
of the Potomac," warrant the belief that  
the spirit and interest prevalent in the N.  
J. Brigade, is but a fair index of the re-  
ligious interest throughout our whole  
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Yet, with all that has been done, and  
all that can be done, to stay the tide of  
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the wrecks of their former hopes of use-  
fulness and honor.

And this thing will continue just so  
long as men (?) are authorized by the  
Government to furnish whiskey to the  
soldiers.

nothing, and my wife and I make enough  
to keep us in food and clothing. We are  
very thankful, very thankful to God, sir,  
that we came here."

"How, sir, can you be thankful that  
you were compelled to give up all your  
property, leave a pleasant home, and live  
in a cellar?"

"Oh, sir, it is because we have found  
Jesus Christ since we came here, or rather  
he has found us, and we are more hap-  
py and content than when we lived in  
our pleasant southern home! For





